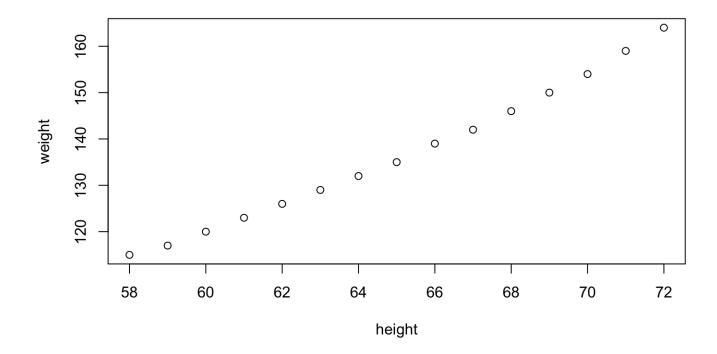
Clase 4.0 Análisis

Marcos Rosetti y Luis Pacheco-Cobos Estadística y Manejo de Datos con R (EMDR) — Virtual

· Regresión sencilla, una relación de una variable predictora y una variable de respuesta.

```
plot(women)
```



```
lm(weight ~ height, data = women)
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = weight ~ height, data = women)
```

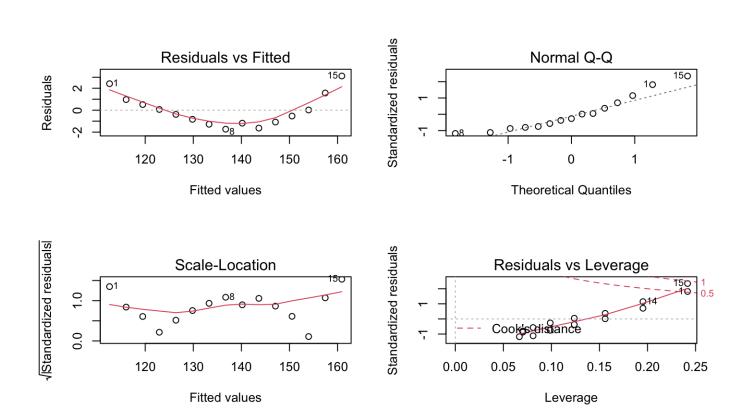
· Detalles de la regresión.

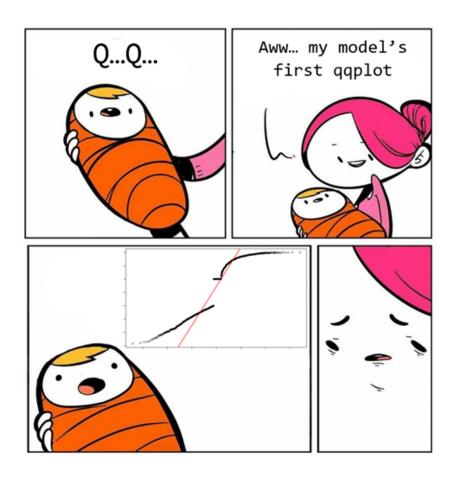
```
m1 <- lm(weight ~ height, data = women)
summary(m1)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = weight ~ height, data = women)
##
## Residuals:
     Min 10 Median
                              30
                                    Max
## -1.7333 -1.1333 -0.3833 0.7417 3.1167
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -87.51667 5.93694 -14.74 1.71e-09 ***
## height 3.45000 0.09114 37.85 1.09e-14 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.525 on 13 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.991, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9903
## F-statistic: 1433 on 1 and 13 DF, p-value: 1.091e-14
```

Residuales ¿son homoscedásticos?

```
par(mfrow = c(2, 2))
plot(m1)
```





· Regresión múltiple, la relación de más de una variable predictora y una variable de respuesta.

```
movies <- read.table("movies.csv", sep = ",", header = T)
head(movies)</pre>
```

```
Ganancias CostoProd CostoPromo LibrosVendidos
##
## 1
         85.1
                    8.5 5.100000
## 2
        106.3
                   12.9 5.800000
                                              8.8
                   5.2 2.100000
10.7 8.399999
        50.2
                                             15.1
        130.6
                                             12.2
                   3.1 2.900000
      54.8
                                             10.6
## 6
         30.3
                    3.5 1.200000
                                              3.5
```

```
# Notoa: solicita a los facilitadores el conjunto de datos "movies.csv"
```

1 variable predictora.

```
lm.mov1 <- lm(Ganancias ~ CostoProd, data = movies)
summary(lm.mov1)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Ganancias ~ CostoProd, data = movies)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
              10 Median
                             30
                                    Max
## -13.136 -9.029 -3.689 3.208 29.723
## Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 15.513 11.603 1.337 0.217989
## CostoProd 7.978 1.223 6.522 0.000184 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 14.26 on 8 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.8417, Adjusted R-squared: 0.8219
## F-statistic: 42.54 on 1 and 8 DF, p-value: 0.0001838
```

· 2 variables predictoras.

```
lm.mov2 <- lm(Ganancias ~ CostoProd + CostoPromo, data = movies)
summary(lm.mov2)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Ganancias ~ CostoProd + CostoPromo, data = movies)
##
## Residuals:
                10 Median
       Min
                                 30
                                         Max
## -15.4168 -2.5696 0.8052 2.1200 11.0463
## Coefficients:
             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 11.848
                          6.765 1.751 0.12334
## CostoProd 4.228 1.153 3.667 0.00800 **
## CostoPromo 7.436 1.806 4.117 0.00448 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 8.241 on 7 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9537, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9405
## F-statistic: 72.14 on 2 and 7 DF, p-value: 2.131e-05
```

· 3 variables predictoras.

```
lm.mov3 <- lm(Ganancias ~ CostoProd + CostoPromo + LibrosVendidos, data = movies)
summary(lm.mov3)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Ganancias ~ CostoProd + CostoPromo + LibrosVendidos,
      data = movies)
##
##
## Residuals:
                 10 Median
       Min
                                   30
                                           Max
## -12.4384 -3.1695 0.8499 3.5134 9.6207
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                7.6760 6.7602 1.135 0.2995
## CostoProd 3.6616 1.1178 3.276 0.0169 *
## CostoPromo 7.6211 1.6573 4.598 0.0037 **
## LibrosVendidos 0.8285 0.5394 1.536 0.1754
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 7.541 on 6 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.9668, Adjusted R-squared: 0.9502
## F-statistic: 58.22 on 3 and 6 DF, p-value: 7.913e-05
```

· Comparando el modelo 1 contra modelo 2.

```
anova(lm.mov1, lm.mov2)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##
## Model 1: Ganancias ~ CostoProd
## Model 2: Ganancias ~ CostoProd + CostoPromo
## Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1 8 1626.27
## 2 7 475.37 1 1150.9 16.947 0.004478 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

· Comparando el modelo 2 contra modelo 3.

```
anova(lm.mov2, lm.mov3)
```

```
## Analysis of Variance Table
##

## Model 1: Ganancias ~ CostoProd + CostoPromo
## Model 2: Ganancias ~ CostoProd + CostoPromo + LibrosVendidos
## Res.Df RSS Df Sum of Sq F Pr(>F)
## 1 7 475.37
## 2 6 341.20 1 134.17 2.3594 0.1754
```

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