

# CSE344 -- MIDTERM 28/04/2025

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STUDENT NO: 210104004010

- Introduction
- System Architecture
- Testing with Multiple Scenerios & Valgrind
- Project Development Steps with source codes
- Challanges that I faced & My Solutions
- As mentioned in Teams
  - My aim for Midterm is 80+/100 haven't faced any problem.

### Introduction:

This project focuses on the design and implementation of a robust client-server based simple banking simulator, targeting full compliance with the advanced requirements for full credit. The system enables fundamental banking operations, such as account creation, deposits, and withdrawals, by employing inter-process communication (IPC) and process synchronization techniques.

The main server, representing the core of the bank, is responsible for managing account information, updating the transaction log, and maintaining database consistency. It operates exclusively on the bank database to ensure data integrity. For every client connection, the server dynamically spawns a dedicated teller process. These teller processes validate and process client requests, interacting with the main server through shared memory and semaphores instead of traditional pipes, thus ensuring high-performance and synchronized operations.

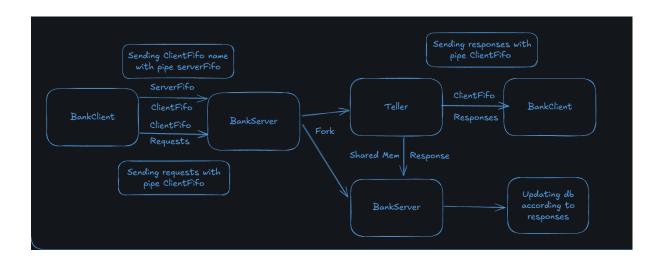
Communication between clients and the main server is established through a server FIFO, while each teller communicates back with its respective client through a client-generated named FIFO. Special attention is given to handling signals and ensuring that both clients and tellers can gracefully handle unexpected terminations without jeopardizing server stability.

To achieve full credit, the teller processes are created not through a simple fork() system call but by implementing a custom Teller function that launches a process executing a specific function with provided arguments. Additionally, teller-server interactions use shared memory regions combined with semaphore synchronization for data exchange and transaction coordination.

Extensive testing, including simultaneous operation of up to 20 clients, has been conducted. Careful memory management and leak checks were performed to ensure system reliability. A comprehensive makefile, complete test plans, and multiple client scenarios demonstrate that the system meets all specified requirements efficiently and robustly.

.

## 2.System Architecture



## **Testing with Multiple Scenerios & Valgrind**

(at the end I will enter the non valgrind version for BankServer because its quite hard to detach logs properly)

TESTING WITHOUT PROBLEM with PDF's test cases 1by1.

```
challegicality-/pyckes Programing/murrows valgrind /BarkCarver Adabank
= 25525— marrows, a Program State Content of State Con
```

Valgrind output is shows there is no leaks on no purposes

#### Giving Client02.file as entry

```
| Cobatgholate ServerFIFO Name... | Copyright (C) 2002-2022, and DND GPL 2016 And ServerFIFO Name... | Copyright (C) 2002-2022, and DND GPL 2016 AND DND GPL 20
```

#### Giving Client03.file as entry

```
iting for clients @ServerFIFO_Name...
Received 5 clients from PIDClient25388
Teller PID25380 is active serving Client01..Welcome back Client01
Teller PID25390 is active serving Client02...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              ==25221==
Reading Client02.file...
2 client to connect.. creating clients...
Connected to BankServer...
Client01 connected..withdrawing 300 credits
Client02 connected..depositing 20 credits
                      Waiting for responses...
Client01 served.. account closed
Client02: served.. BankID_03 new balance: 20
exiting...

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total heap usage: 1 allocs, 1 frees, 1,024 bytes allocated
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= All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
       5389== For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
5389== ERROR SLMMARY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)
Teller PID25391 is active serving Client03...Welcome back Client03
                     == == HEAP SIMMARY:
== in use at exit: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
== total heap usage: 73 allocs, 73 frees, 222,646 bytes allocated
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             ==
== All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
     25390== For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
25390== ERROR SUMMARY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)
Teller PID25392 is active serving Client04...Welcome back Client04
                  I-= HEAP SIMMARY:
I== in use at exit: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
I== total heap usage: 92 allocs, 92 frees, 292,312 bytes allocated
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 ==25388=
Reading Client03.file...
5 client to connect.. creating clients...
Connected to BankServer...
Client01 connected...uithdrawing 30 credits
Client02 connected...depositing 2000 credits
Client03 connected...depositing 2000 credits
Client04 connected...withdrawing 300 credits
Client05 connected...withdrawing 20 credits
                       ---
--- All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
  =Z5391==

=Z5391== For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s

-Z5391== ERROR SUMMARY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)

- Teller PID25393 is active serving Client05...
==25392=

=25392= HEAP SUMMARY:

=25392= in use at exit: 0 bytes in 0 blocks

=25392= total heap usage: 112 allocs, 112 frees, 366,074 bytes allocated

=25392=

=25392= All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
  -25392== For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
-25392== ERROR SUMMARY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)
   -25939--- HEAP SUMYARY:
-25393--- In use at exit: θ bytes in θ blocks
-25393--- total heap usage: 133 allocs, 133 frees, 443,932 bytes allocated
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     =25388== HEAP SLMMARY:

=25388== In use at exit: 0 bytes in 0 blocks

=25388== total heap usage: 1 allocs, 1 frees, 1,024 bytes allocated
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  ==25388= In use at exit: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
==25388=
==25388=
==25388= All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
==25388=
                     == All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
    25393== For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
25393== For Dists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
25393== ERROR SUMMARY.00 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)
ient01 within
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   ==25388=
=-25388= For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
==25388= ERROR SUMMARY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)
cbolat@cbolat:~/System-Programming/MIDTENY$
```

```
==25993== 1n use ar eXX: 0 gyes in 0 clocks
==25993== total heap usage: 133 allocs, 133 frees, 443,932 bytes allocated
==25993== All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
==25993== for lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
==25993== For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
==25993== FORROR SUMMANY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)
Client01 withdraws 30 credits... updating log...
Client02 deposited 2000 credits... updating log...
Client04 withdraws 300 credits... updating log...
Client04 withdraws 300 credits... updating log...
Client05 withdraws 20 credits... updating log...
Client05 withdraws 20 credits... updating log...
Client06 withdraws 20 credits... updating log...
Lient06 withdraws 20 credits... updating log...
Lient07 withdraws 20 credits... updating log...
Lient08 withdraws 20 credits... updating log...
```

#### NO Leaks at all

(CTRL+C) signal send to BankServer after all these 3 Jobs

```
Waiting for clients @ServerFIFO_Name...

^CSignal received closing active Tellers...

Removing ServerFIFO... Updating log file...

AdaBank says "Bye"...

==25255==

==25255== HEAP SUMMARY:

==25255== in use at exit: 0 bytes in 0 blocks

==25255== total heap usage: 153 allocs, 153 frees, 521,771 bytes allocated

==25255==

==25255== All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible

==25255==

==25255== For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s

==25255== ERROR SUMMARY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)

cbolat@cbolat:~/System-Programming/MIDTERM$
```

#### Log File after execution.

```
MIDTERM > = AdaBank.bankLog

1  # Adabank Log file updated @Sun Apr 27 22:14:33 2025

2  # BankID_01 D 300 W 300 0

4  BankID_02 D 2000 W 30 D 200 W 300 1870

5  BankID_03 D 20 20

6  BankID_04 D 2000 2000

7  ## end of log.

9
```

#### Output without valgrind for seeing graceful output.

```
n-Programming/MIDTERM$ ./BankServer AdaBank
  cbolat@cbolat:~/System-Programming/MIDTER% ./BankServer Ada
AdaBank is active...
Bank database loaded with 4 accounts...
Waiting for clients @ServerFIFO Name...
Received 3 clients from PIDClient25788
- Teller PID25789 is active serving Client81...
- Teller PID25791 is active serving Client82...
- Teller PID25791 is active serving Client83...
Client81 deposited 380 credits... updating log...
Client82 withdraws 30 credits... updating log...
Client83 deposited 2800 credits... updating log...
Client83 deposited 2800 credits... updating log...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     ning/MIDTERM$ ./BankClient Client01.file
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        cbolat@cbolat:~/System-Programming/MIDIERMS
Reading Client01.file...
3 client to connect. creating clients...
Connected to BankServer...
Client01 connected..depositing 300 credits
Client02 connected..withowaking 30 credits
Client03 connected..depositing 2000 credits
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              Waiting for responses...
Client01 served..account closed
Client02 something went WRONG :Account not found.
Client03: served..BankID_06 new balance: 300
exiting...
cholat@cbolat:~/system-Programming/MIDTERM$ ./BankClient Client02.file
Reading Client02.file...
2 client to connect..creating clients...
Connected to BankServer...
Client01 connected..withdrawing 300 credits
Client02 connected..depositing 20 credits
...
  Waiting for clients @ServerFIFO_Name...
- Received 2 clients from PIDClient25820
-- Teller PIDZ5821 is active serving Client01...
- Teller PIDZ5822 is active serving Client02...
Client01 withdraws 300 credits... operation not permitted...
Client02 deposited 20 credits... updating log...
Waiting for clients @ServerFIFO Name...

- Received 5 clients from PIDCLient25846

- Teller PID25847 is active serving Client01...Welcome back Client01

- Teller PID25848 is active serving Client02...

- Teller PID258549 is active serving Client03...Welcome back Client03

- Teller PID25856 is active serving Client04...Welcome back Client04

- Teller PID25851 is active serving Client05...

Client04 withdrams 30 credits... updating log...

Client05 deposited 2000 credits... updating log...

Client04 withdrams 300 credits... updating log...

Client05 withdrams 200 credits... updating log...

Client05 withdrams 200 credits... updating log...

Client05 withdrams 200 credits... updating log...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ...
Waiting for responses...
Client01 something went WRONG :Account is closed.
Client02 served.. account closed
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                exiting... 
 • cbolat@cbolat:~/System-Programming/MIDTERM$ ./BankClient Client03.file
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     • bolat@cholat:-/System-Programming/MIDTERM$
Reading Client03.file...
5 client to connect..creating clients...
Connected to BankServer...
Client01 connected..withdrawing 30 credits
Client02 connected..depositing 2000 credits
Client04 connected..gopositing 200 credits
Client04 connected..withdrawing 300 credits
Client05 connected..withdrawing 20 credits
  Waiting for clients @ServerFIFO Name...
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        ...
Waiting for responses...
Client01: served.. BankID_08 new balance: 2000
Client02: served.. BankID_08 new balance: 2000
Client03: served.. BankID_02 new balance: 2040
Client04: served.. BankID_02 new balance: 1740
Client05 something went WRONG :Cannot withdraw from a new account.
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        exiting...
cbolat@cbolat:~/System-Programming/MIDTERM$
```

#### Client tries to connect but no bankserver running

```
cbolat@cbolat:~/System-Programming/MIDTERM$
```

#### **Testing 20 Client properly**

```
Clientid connected...dithdrawing 156 credits
Clientid connected...depositing 1580 credits
Clientid connected...depositing 2580 credits
Clientid connected...
```

Valgrind output is shows there is no leaks & data races on no purposes

```
in use at exit: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
  ==26193==
  ==26193== total heap usage: 370 allocs, 370 frees, 1,377,991 bytes allocated
  ==26193==
  ==26193== All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
  ==26193==
  ==26193== For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
  ==26193== ERROR SUMMARY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)
  ==26194==
  ==26194== HEAP SUMMARY:
               in use at exit: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
  ==26194==
  ==26194== total heap usage: 419 allocs, 419 frees, 1,570,537 bytes allocated
  ==26194==
  ==26194== All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
  ==26194== For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
  ==26194== ERROR SUMMARY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)
  Client01 deposited 5000 credits... updating log...
  Client02 withdraws 1250 credits... operation not permitted...
  Client03 withdraws 350 credits... operation not permitted...
  Client04 withdraws 475 credits... operation not permitted...
  Client05 deposited 3200 credits... updating log...
  Client06 withdraws 650 credits... updating log...
  Client07 deposited 180 credits... operation not permitted...
  Client08 withdraws 1200 credits... updating log...
  Client09 deposited 10000 credits... updating log...
  Client10 withdraws 2000 credits... operation not permitted...
  Client11 withdraws 85 credits... operation not permitted...
  Client12 deposited 720 credits... updating log...
  Client13 deposited 2800 credits... operation not permitted...
  Client14 deposited 450 credits... updating log...
  Client15 withdraws 580 credits... operation not permitted...
  Client16 withdraws 125 credits... updating log...
  Client17 withdraws 320 credits... operation not permitted...
  Client18 withdraws 3500 credits... operation not permitted...
  Client19 deposited 1850 credits... updating log...
  Client20 withdraws 750 credits... operation not permitted...
  Waiting for clients @ServerFIFO_Name...
  ^CSignal received closing active Tellers...
  Removing ServerFIFO... Updating log file...
  AdaBank says "Bye"...
  ==26132==
  ==26132== HEAP SLIMMARY.
  ==26132==
              in use at exit: 0 bytes in 0 blocks
  ==26132==
             total heap usage: 467 allocs, 467 frees, 1,763,064 bytes allocated
  ==26132== All heap blocks were freed -- no leaks are possible
  ==26132==
  ==26132== For lists of detected and suppressed errors, rerun with: -s
  ==26132== ERROR SUMMARY: 0 errors from 0 contexts (suppressed: 0 from 0)
♦ cbolat@cbolat:~/System-Programming/MIDTERM$
```

#### (Without valgrind for graceful output)

```
Adding to a training and the programme / MUNITORS . / NameServer Adding to a training state of the state of t
```

#### **LOG FILE**

```
MIDIENM > # AdaBank.bank.bog

| # Adabank Log file updated @Sun Apr 27 22:31:32 2025

| # BankID_01 D 300 W 300 0 |
| BankID_02 D 2000 W 30 D 200 W 300 D 200 W 300 D 3200 W 650 W 1200 D 720 W 125 D 1850 D 3200 W 650 W 1200 D 720 W 125 D 1850 9330

| BankID_03 D 20 D 450 D 450 D 450 920 |
| BankID_04 D 2000 2000 |
| BankID_05 D 300 300 |
| BankID_06 D 2000 2000 |
| BankID_07 D 20 20 |
| BankID_08 D 2000 2000 |
| BankID_09 D 5000 5000 |
| BankID_09 D 5000 5000 |
| BankID_10 D 10000 10000 |
| BankID_11 D 10000 10000 |
| BankID_12 D 10000 10000 |
| BankID_12 D 10000 10000 |
| BankID_12 D 10000 10000 |
| # end of log.
```

#### Client04.file

```
N deposit 5000
BankID_01 withdraw 1250
BankID_01 withdraw 350
BankID 01 withdraw 475
BankID_02 deposit 3200
BankID_02 withdraw 650
BankID_01 deposit 180
BankID_02 withdraw 1200
N deposit 10000
BankID_03 withdraw 2000
BankID_01 withdraw 85
BankID_02 deposit 720
BankID_01 deposit 2800
BankID_03 deposit 450
BankID_01 withdraw 580
BankID_02 withdraw 125
BankID_01 withdraw 320
BankID_03 withdraw 3500
BankID_02 deposit 1850
BankID_01 withdraw 750
```

# ALL scenerios are commentarized so searching // test case X is ease to find where I changed. Test Case 1: Client Close while writing ServerFIFO

```
**Cobalgebolat:-System-Programming/MUDIENG* valgrind ./RankCareer Adabank**
**207555=**Copyright** (C) 2002-2022, and GNU GPL** (b. b) Julian Secard et al.**
**20755=**Copyright** (C) 2002-2022, and GNU GPL** (b. b) Julian Secard et al.**
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**20755=**Copyright** (C)
```

#### No Deadlocks & Memory Leaks

# Test Case 2: Client gets signal after reading 1 response

```
### STATION - For Lists of detected and suppressed errors, renum with: s
### STATION - SHOWER STATION CONTEXT (Suppressed: 0 from 0)
### STATION - SHOWER STATION CONTEXT (Suppressed: 0 from 0)
### STATION - SHOWER STATION CONTEXT (Suppressed: 0 from 0)
### STATION - SHOWER STATION CONTEXT (Suppressed: 0 from 0)
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### STATION - SHOWER STATION CONTEXT (Suppressed: 0 from 0)
### STATION CONTEXT (Suppressed
```

### Without Valgrind for graceful output.

```
### Address is settle serving (Lienter).

### Address is resisted (Lienter).
```

It didn't deadlock. Updates log file properly because request is received succesfully but response delivery is failed.

# Test Case 3: Server gets SIGTERM while tellers sending the responses.

# Test Case 4: Tellers gets SIGTERM while sending the response.

## **Project Development Steps:**

#### 4.1. Initial Setup

First, a basic project structure was established, separating client, server, and shared components into different modules. Common header files were prepared to define shared types such as ClientRequest, ServerResponse, and BankAccountLog. This allowed consistent communication between processes and simplified data management.

#### 4.2. FIFO Communication Design

Named FIFOs (First-In-First-Out special files) were used to facilitate initial communication between clients and the server. A global server FIFO (ServerFIFO) was created, where clients would send their own FIFO names. Upon receiving a client's FIFO name, the server opened the corresponding FIFO to read transaction requests.

#### 4.3. Shared Memory Architecture

Shared memory segments were utilized for detailed communication between the server and tellers. For each client request, the server created a unique shared memory segment, transferring the request information and account state. Semaphores were employed to coordinate the exchange of information, ensuring that the teller process would not proceed until the server had fully prepared the shared memory.

#### 4.4. Teller Process Creation

For each client request, a teller process was forked using the Teller function. Depending on the transaction type (deposit or withdrawal), the server triggered the appropriate teller function (deposit() or withdraw()), passing the shared memory reference. Teller processes were responsible for validating the request, updating the shared memory, and sending a response to the client's FIFO.

#### 4.5. Synchronization and Timeout Handling

Semaphores were critical for synchronizing the server and teller processes. sem\_request\_ready and sem\_response\_ready were used to notify when a request or response was ready. A timeout mechanism was also implemented using sem\_timedwait to prevent the server from indefinitely waiting for a teller that might become unresponsive.

#### 4.6. Database and Log Management

A dynamic in-memory database was designed to maintain all active bank accounts. Functions such as init\_database, find\_account, ensure\_capacity, and write\_log were implemented to manage account operations. After each successful transaction, the server updated the in-memory database and immediately flushed changes to a persistent log file to ensure data durability.

#### 4.7. Signal Handling and Cleanup

Signal handlers were carefully designed to handle termination signals (SIGINT, SIGTERM) both for the server and the teller processes. Resources like FIFOs, shared memory segments, and file descriptors were properly released during termination to avoid memory leaks, dangling FIFOs, or orphaned shared memory regions.

#### 4.1. Initial Setup

```
#define SHM_NAME_TEMPLATE "/shm_bankreq_%d"
#define SHM_SIZE sizeof(SharedMemoryData)

typedef struct {
    ClientRequest request;
    ServerResponse response;

    BankAccountLog account;

    sem_t sem_request_ready; // server → teller
    sem_t sem_response_ready; // teller → server
} SharedMemoryData;
```

```
TRANSACTION_DEPOSIT,
   TRANSACTION_WITHDRAW
} TransactionType;
   pid_t client_pid;
   TransactionType type;
   int amount;
   char bank_id[MAX_BANK_ID_LEN];
   char client_fifo[MAX_FIFO_NAME_LEN]; // FIFO name for server response
   int client_id;
   int new account;
} ClientRequest;
   int success:
   int new_balance;
   char message[128];
   char bank_id[MAX_BANK_ID_LEN];  // Assigned bank ID if a new account is created
} ServerResponse;
   char bank_id[MAX_BANK_ID_LEN];
   int current_balance;
   int is_invalid_account;
   char operations[MAX_TRANSACTIONS][8]; // Operations like "D 300", "W 100"
   int op_count;
   pid t teller pid;
                                        // PID of the Teller handling the request
} BankAccountLog;
```

#### 4.2. FIFO Communication Design

#### 4.3. Shared Memory Architecture

```
SharedMemoryData* create_shared_memory(const char* shm_name, int create) {
    int shm_fd;
     if (create) {
         shm_fd = shm_open(shm_name, O_CREAT | O_RDWR, 0666);
         if (shm_fd == -1) {
             perror("shm_open create");
         if (ftruncate(shm_fd, SHM_SIZE) == -1) {
             perror("ftruncate");
close(shm_fd);
         shm_fd = shm_open(shm_name, O_RDWR, 0666);
         if (shm_fd == -1) {
             perror("shm_open open");
return NULL;
     void* ptr = mmap(0, SHM_SIZE, PROT_READ | PROT_WRITE, MAP_SHARED, shm_fd, 0);
     if (ptr == MAP_FAILED) {
         perror("mmap");
         close(shm_fd);
     return (SharedMemoryData*)ptr;
// If is_child = 1, only unmap memory; otherwise unlink shared memory
void destroy_shared_memory(const char* shm_name, SharedMemoryData* shm_ptr, int is_child) {
     if (shm_ptr) {
         if (is_child) {
             munmap(shm_ptr, SHM_SIZE);
             shm_unlink(shm_name);
```

#### Start & end of teller process

```
// Handle withdraw request
void* withdraw(void* arg) {
    char* shm_name = (char*)arg;
    g_shm_name = shm_name;

    SharedMemoryData* shm = create_shared_memory(shm_name, 0);
    if (lshm) {
        free(shm_name);
        _ exit(1);
    }
    g_shm = shm;

        fere (shm_name);
        sem_destroy(&g_shm->sem_request_ready);
    }
    g_shm = shm;

    // Setup signal handlers
    signal(SIGINT, handle_teller_signal);
    signal(SIGISRM, handle_teller_signal);
    sem_wait(&shm->sem_request_ready);
    // Setup signal (SIGUSRI, handle_teller_signal);
    // Setup signal (SIGUSRI, hand
```

#### Start & end of shared memory usage

#### 4.4. Teller Process Creation

```
pid_t pid;

if (req->type == TRANSACTION_DEPOSIT) {
    pid = Teller(deposit, strdup(g_db.shm_name));
} else if (req->type == TRANSACTION_DIPOSIT) {
    pid = Teller(deposit, strdup(g_db.shm_name));
} else if (req->type == TRANSACTION_DIPOSIT) {
    pid = Teller(deposit, strdup(g_db.shm_name));
} else {
    fprintf(stderr, "Invalid transaction type.\n");
    sem_destroy(&shm->sem_request_ready);
    destroy_shared_memory(g_db.shm_name, shm, 0);
    continue;
}

if (pid == 0) {
    // Child process: call the function and exit func(arg);
    exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
} exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
} else {
    fprintf(stderr, "Failed to create teller process.\n");
    sem_destroy(&shm->sem_request_ready);
    sem_destroy(&shm->sem_request_ready);
    sem_destroy(&shm->sem_request_ready);

    sem_destroy(&shm->sem_request_ready);
    destroy_shared_memory(g_db.shm_name, shm, 0);
    sem_destroy(&shm->sem_repose_ready);
    sem_destroy(&shm->sem_repose_ready);
    destroy_shared_memory(g_db.shm_name, shm, 0);
    continue;
}

strcpy(g_shm_names[teller_pid_count], g_db.shm_name);
    g_teller_pids[teller_pid_count], g_db.shm_name);
    g_teller_pids[teller_pid_count] = pid;
}
```

#### 4.5. Synchronization and Timeout Handling

The communication flow is structured as follows:

#### Client → Main Server (via ServerFIFO):

The client initiates communication by sending the name of its ClientFIFO to the main server through the ServerFIFO. This informs the main server that a client wants to establish a session.

#### Client → ClientFIFO:

After notifying the server, the client writes its transaction requests (deposit, withdraw) into its own ClientFIFO. The requests are not sent through ServerFIFO but through the ClientFIFO created specifically for this session.

#### Main Server → ClientFIFO:

The main server, upon receiving the ClientFIFO name, opens the corresponding ClientFIFO for reading. It continuously reads transaction requests from the ClientFIFO written by the client.

#### • Main Server → Teller (via Shared Memory):

Each transaction request read by the server is placed into a shared memory segment associated with the client. The server then signals the appropriate teller process by posting the sem\_request\_ready semaphore to indicate that a request is ready for processing.

#### Teller → Main Server (via Shared Memory):

The teller process waits on the sem\_request\_ready semaphore. Once it is posted, the teller reads the request from shared memory, processes the transaction logic (e.g., balance update, account validation), and writes the result back into the shared memory. It then signals the server by posting the sem response ready semaphore.

#### Teller → Client (via ClientFIFO):

After processing the request, the teller sends the transaction result directly back to the client by writing into the ClientFIFO. The main server does not send any transaction result directly to the client; it is entirely handled by the teller.

#### 4.6. Timeout and Signal Handling

#### Client-Side Timeout:

Clients implement timeout handling to detect unresponsive scenarios and terminate safely if they do not receive a response within a specified duration.

#### • Server-Side Timeout/Interrupt Handling:

The server monitors client activity. If a client or a teller disconnects unexpectedly, the server ensures that shared resources (e.g., FIFOs, shared memory) are properly cleaned up.

#### • Teller-Side Handling:

Tellers also handle client disconnections and server signals. They release allocated shared memory and semaphores when interrupted to prevent resource leaks or zombie processes.

#### 4.7. Synchronization Primitives Used

#### Shared Memory:

Used for efficient, low-latency communication of transaction data between the server and teller processes.

#### Semaphores (sem\_t):

- sem\_request\_ready: Signaled by the server to notify a teller that a transaction is available.
- sem\_response\_ready: Signaled by the teller to notify the server that processing has completed.

#### Signals:

Custom signal handlers for SIGINT and SIGTERM allow clean process termination and consistent resource deallocation. SIGUSR1 is also used for server's termination to teller then teller to client.

#### 4.8. Database and Log Management

Write log function for insteresting solution of deadlock while using semaphores with shared\_memory.

```
int write_log(BankDatabase* db, const char* log_path) {
          signal(SIGTERM, handle_termination);
          signal(SIGINT, handle_termination); // Set up signal handlers for making sure logging is more
          int fd = open(log_path, 0_WRONLY | 0_CREAT | 0_TRUNC, 0644);
             perror("Failed to open log file for writing");
              signal(SIGINT, handle_signal);
              signal(SIGTERM, handle_signal);
          time_t now = time(NULL); // Get current time
          if (now == -1) {
             perror("Failed to get current time");
             close(fd);
             signal(SIGINT, handle_signal);
97
              signal(SIGTERM, handle_signal);
L09
L10
         dprintf(fd, "# Adabank Log file updated @%s\n", ctime(&now));
          for (int i = 0; i < db \rightarrow count; ++i) {
             BankAccountLog* acc = &db->accounts[i];
              if (acc->is_closed) { // if account is closed, log it with a comment
                 dprintf(fd, "# ");
             dprintf(fd, "%s ", acc->bank_id);
for (int j = 0; j < acc->op_count; ++j) {
                  dprintf(fd, "%s ", acc->operations[j]);
             dprintf(fd, "%d\n", acc->current_balance);
         dprintf(fd, "\n## end of log.\n");
25
          if (close(fd) == -1) {
              perror("Failed to close log file after writing");
              signal(SIGINT, handle_signal);
              signal(SIGTERM, handle_signal);
          signal(SIGINT, handle_signal);
          signal(SIGTERM, handle_signal); // Restore original signal handlers after writing
```

#### 4.9. Signal Handling and Cleanup

Temp signal\_handler on write\_log for making it more atomic.

```
// Signal handler to set termination flag
void handle_termination(int signo) {
    if (signo == SIGTERM || signo == SIGINT) {
        // Set global termination flag to 1 after logging depending
        is_terminated = 1;
    }
}
```

After each execution I check that flag for termination process on purpose.

```
write_log(&g_db, LOG_PATH);
if (is_terminated == 1){ // if signa
    handle_signal(SIGTERM);
}
```

#### Tellers signal handler

If it received SIGUSR1 from server it means server is going to shutdown so it send sigusr1 to inform about that termination to client.

#### cleanup\_and\_exit() for termination of server

```
// Clean up resources and exit the program
void cleanup_and_exit(int status) {
   printf("Signal received closing active Tellers...\n");
    int i = 0;
   while (i < teller_pid_count) {</pre>
        kill(g_teller_pids[i], SIGUSR1);
        waitTeller(g_teller_pids[i], &status);
        ++i;
    printf("Removing ServerFIFO... Updating log file...\n");
    destroy_shared_memory(g_db.shm_name, NULL, 0);
   write_log(&g_db, LOG_PATH);
   close(g_db.server_fd);
    free_database(&g_db);
    remove_fifo(SERVER_FIFO_NAME);
   printf("%s says \"Bye\"...\n", g_db.bank_name);
   exit(status);
```

#### Signal handler for server

```
// Signal handler to trigger cleanup
void handle_signal(int signo) {

keep_running = 0;

cleanup_and_exit(0);

}
```

#### 5. Challenges that I Faced & My Solutions

#### 5.1 Synchronization Issues Leading to Deadlocks

#### Challenge:

One critical issue encountered was ensuring that the teller only sends a response back to the client after the main server successfully completes the database update and log file writing. Initially, this synchronization was attempted using additional semaphores, but it introduced complexity and potential new deadlocks.

#### Solution:

Instead of relying solely on semaphores for signaling the completion of database operations, the database update and log writing sections were restructured to be as atomic as possible. Database update and Teller's responses are not synchronized but after that atomic attempt I am pretty sure that I cannot face any other problem except for system call error.

#### **5.2 Race Conditions in Shared Memory Access**

#### Challenge:

Shared memory segments accessed concurrently by tellers and the server introduced race conditions, where data inconsistencies or crashes could occur due to unsynchronized reads and writes.

#### Solution:

Semaphore-based synchronization was enforced rigorously. sem\_request\_ready and sem\_response\_ready semaphores ensured that at no point could both server and teller modify or read the shared memory simultaneously. Additionally, shared memory accesses were isolated and minimized to only the necessary transaction data.

#### **5.3 Client Disconnection During Transaction Processing**

#### Challenge:

Unexpected client disconnections during an active transaction led to broken FIFO descriptors, causing tellers or the server to block or crash.

#### Solution:

Signal handling (SIGPIPE, SIGTERM, SIGINT) was carefully implemented for both server and teller processes. Upon detecting a closed FIFO or a signal, the teller immediately cleaned up its resources and safely terminated without affecting the server. Similarly, the server monitored and properly closed dangling FIFOs when disconnections occurred.