# CENG499 HW-2 Report

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## 1 Part 1: K-Nearest Neighbor

#### 1.1 K-fold Cross-validation

Figure 1 shows the 10-fold cross validation KNN results with different k values.

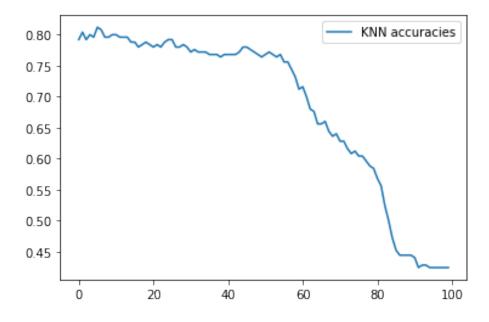


Figure 1: KNN accuracies with different k values. The x-axes is the k values in range [1,199]. y-axes is the accuracy results in range [0,1]

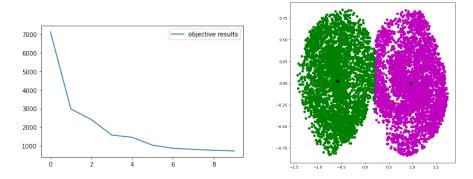


Figure 2: Objective function values of data1 and visualization of the data after k-means clustering where k=2. The black points represent cluster centers.

#### 1.2 Accuracy drops with very large k values

With small k values, we are checking the nearer neighbors of the data point compared to larger k values. When the k gets large, the euclidean distance between the data points gets also larger, as a result we are considering wrong class labels. Small k values are better because distance between data points are also small and we are getting correct class labels

#### 1.3 Accuracy on test set with the best k

The best k value is 11 with accuracy 0.81199. The test set accuracy is 0.92

### 2 Part 2: K-means Clustering

#### 2.1 Elbow method and Resultant Clusters

Figure 2 shows the data1's objective function results and data plot. According to elbow method k was chosen as 2.

Figure 3 shows the data2's objective function results and data plot. According to elbow method k was chosen as 3.

Figure 4 shows the data3's objective function results and data plot. According to elbow method k was chosen as 4.

Figure 5 shows the data4's objective function results and data plot. According to elbow method k was chosen as 5.

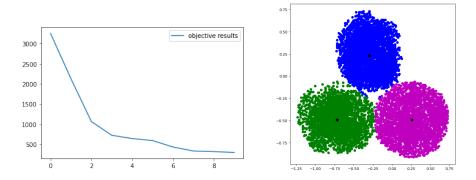


Figure 3: Objective function values of data2and visualization of the data after k-means clustering where k=3. The black points represent cluster centers.

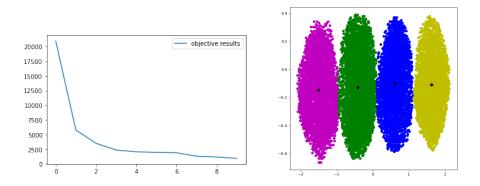


Figure 4: Objective function values of data3 and visualization of the data after k-means clustering where k=4. The black points represent cluster centers.

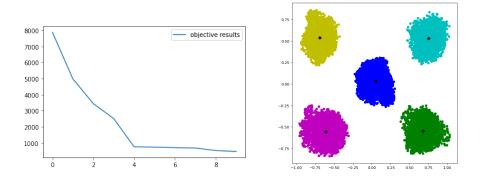


Figure 5: Objective function values of data4 and visualization of the data after k-means clustering where k=5. The black points represent cluster centers.

# 3 Part 3: Hierarchical Agglomerative Clustering

#### 3.1 data1

Plot the resultant clusters using each criterion and shortly comment on their behaviour.

#### 3.2 data2

Plot the resultant clusters using each criterion and shortly comment on their behaviour.

#### 3.3 data3

Plot the resultant clusters using each criterion and shortly comment on their behaviour.

#### 3.4 data4

Plot the resultant clusters using each criterion and shortly comment on their behaviour.