UFUK CEM BİRBİRİ

rm FR.zip

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Exercises
1- mkdir lesson_1
2-
The 'tic', 'tac' and 'toe' files was in my Desktop. So I create a new directory named
'M1_basic_tools' and move tic-tac-toe inside it.
mv tic M1_basic_tools/lesson_1
mv tac M1_basic_tools/lesson_1
mv toe M1 basic tools/lesson 1
3-
cd M1 basic tools
mkdir lesson_2
cd lesson_2
4-
touch file.1.1.1
for i in 123
do
echo "Hello" >> file.1.1.1
done
for i in 12
do
echo "world" >> file.1.1.1
done
for i in 1
do
echo "*" >> file.1.1.1
done
5- cat file.1.1.1
6- The "tree ~/" command displayed the directory paths and files in each subdirectory
as a tree sutructure.
7- tree /etc > tree_etc
8- less tree_etc
9- brew install zip (I used this command because I use Mac)
10-
wget http://download.geonames.org/export/zip/FR.zip
unzip FR.zip
```

11less FR.txt less readme.txt

When I used the 'less' command, the information in the files appeared in the terminal. It was different from 'cat' command because not all of the information was shown. I should have pressed the button "ENTER" to read the rest of the information. It display the file page by page.

12-

grep 01000 FR.txt

the cities are: Bourg-en-Bresse and Saint-Denis-lès-Bourg

13-

I first created a file to see the ZIP codes in Nice. touch zip_codes_in_nice

Then:

grep Nice FR.txt > zip_codes_in_nice

Then I should count the number of lines in the file:

wc -l zip_codes_in_nice

There are 233 lines(rows) in the file

14-

mv FR.txt french_zipcodes.txt

15-

Is -I french_zipcodes.txt

16-

chmod 0400 french_zipcodes.txt(Allow read by owner)

chmod 0200 french_zipcodes.txt (Allow write by owner)

chmod 0100 french_zipcodes.txt (For files, allow execution by owner. For directories, allow the owner to search in the directory.)

17-

chmod u+rwx g+r french_zipcodes.txt

18-

chmod g+rx french_zipcodes.txt (when someone has the write permission, then s/he has also delete permission)

```
19-
HELLO="Hello World"
echo $HELLO
20-
long_list_of_files="ls"
$long_list_of_files ../lesson_1
21-
echo "Please write a name"
read a_word_from_user
echo $a_word_from_user > user_reply
22-
echo 'echo "Give me a user name please"' >> hello.sh
echo 'read user_name' >> hello.sh
echo 'echo "Hello, $user_name "' >> hello.sh
chmod a+rx hello.sh
./hello.sh
23-
touch a_file_for_question23
echo 'echo "Normal Message"' > msg_err.sh
chmod a+rx msg_err.sh
echo 'echo "Error Message" > $1' >> msg_err.sh
./msg_err.sh a_file_for_question23
24-
echo 'mv $1 $2' > copy.sh
echo 'cp $2 $3' >> copy.sh
echo 'echo "Name of the program is $0"' >> copy.sh
echo 'echo "Nb of arguments is $#"' >> copy.sh
echo 'echo "Arguments from input are $*"' >> copy.sh
chmod a+rx copy.sh (give permissions)
touch arg1 arg2 (create arguments)
mkdir arg3
./copy.sh arg1 arg2 arg3
for i in $(seq 50 99)
do
        touch file$i
done
26-
rm file*
```

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echo 'cd */$3' > file_maker.sh
echo 'for i in $(seq 1 $1); do' >> file_maker.sh
echo 'touch $2_$i' >> file_maker.sh
echo 'done' >> file_maker.sh
chmod a+rx file_maker.sh
TO RUN: ./file_maker argument_1 argument_2 argument_3
b)
cd */$2
THEN CREATE THE FILE_RENAMER.SH AS BELOW:
#!/bin/sh
i=$1
for file in *
do
if (( i !=0));
then
file_name=$(echo ${file})
mv $file "${file_name}.txt"
((i=i-1))
fi
done
c)
FIRST:
cd */$1
THEN CREATE A :SH FILE NAMED file_mover.sh AND RUN:
#!/bin/sh
txt="txt"
for file in *
do
file_name=$(echo ${file})
if [ ${file_name:(-3)} = "$txt" ];
then
mv $file $2
fi
done
```

27-