

NATIONAL TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF UKRAINE
"IGOR SIKORSKY KYIV POLYTECHNIC INSTITUTE"

Faculty of Informatics and Computer Engineering

Department of Computer Engineering

Laboratory work No 1

Web Programming Basics

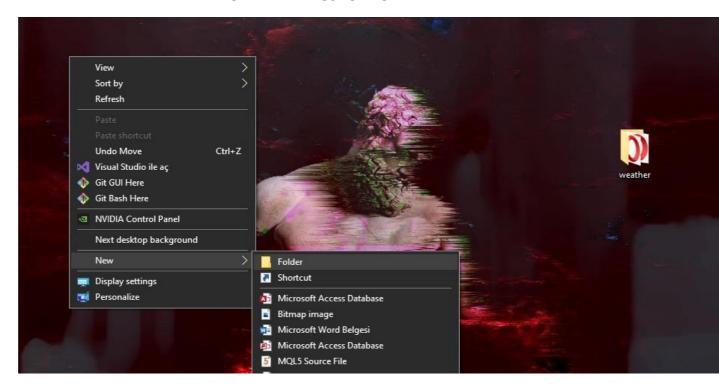
" Creating a Web site using HTML, CSS"

2nd year student groups of IP-98 CEM KOYLUOGLU

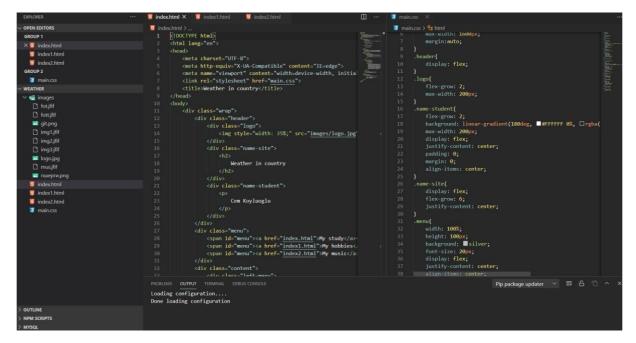
TASK 5

5	1eft	Your country's weather website	green, white
		Your country news site	
		https://github.com/	

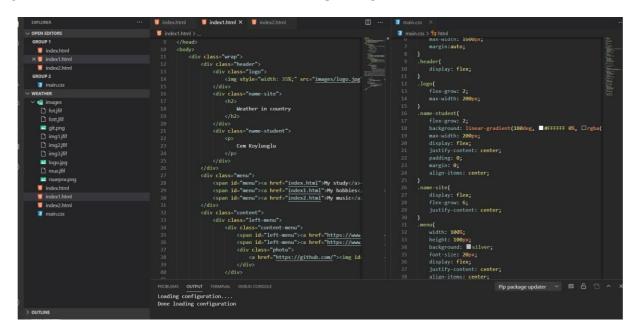
1. CREAT A PROJECT FOLDER



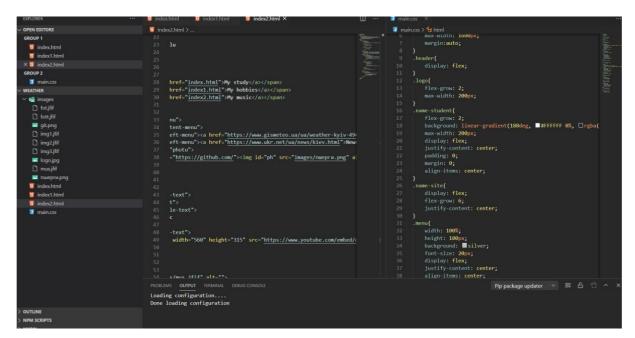
2. MY STUDY



3. MY HOBBIES



4. MY MUSIC



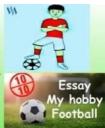
5. IMAGE



RESULT



GitH**ub**



Contacts:





ANSWERS

- 1. What stages of website creation do you know?
- Goal identification. The initial stage is all about understanding how you can help your client.
- Scope **definition**. ...
- Sitemap and wireframe creation. ...
- Content creation. ...
- Visual elements. ...
- Testing. ...
- Launch.

2. What are HTML, CSS, JS used for?

The same way the internet connects us, there are special web languages that work together to make up the internet and the websites it contains. HTML, CSS and JavaScript work together to form the front-end design of a website by applying information that affects content, style and interactivity of a site.

3. What should be the structure of the web project?

A website's structure refers to how the website is set up, i.e. how the individual subpages are linked to one another. It is particularly important that crawlers can find all subpages quickly and easily when websites have a large number of subpages.

4. What is the structure of the HTML code?

An HTML document has two main parts: the head and the body. But firstly every HTML document should start by declaring that it is an HTML document. These tags are of the form: <html>

5. How to connect CSS to HTML?

- 1. Define the style sheet. ...
- 2. Create a link element in the HTML page's head area to define the link between the HTML and CSS pages. ...
- 3. Set the **link**'s relationship by setting the rel = "stylesheet" attribute. ...
- 4. Specify the type of style by setting type = "text/css".

6. How to connect external / internal links to the page?

Internal Links vs. External Links. Internal links are hyperlinks that direct the reader to a target page on your website, whereas an **external link** is a hyperlink that directs the reader to a reputable page on a different website

7. What are the main elements of a web page?

- 1. 1 Navigation. The website design should be easy to navigate and the menu items should easily accessible from any page. ...
- 2. 2 Visual Design. ...
- 3. 3 Content. ...
- 4. 4 Web Friendly. ...

- 5. 5 Interaction. ...
- 6. 6 Information Accessibility. ...
- 7. 7 Intuitiveness. ...
- 8. 8 Branding.

8. What is the difference between a fixed and a "rubber" layout of a web page?

Layout types and their difference are described in this blog. ... During the layout process, an expert creates the web site prototype to give it its ... two layout types at once — for example, rubber for content and fixed for sidebar.

9. What class naming rules do you know?

Class names should be nouns, in mixed case with the first letter of each internal word capitalized. Try to keep your class names simple and descriptive. Use whole words-avoid acronyms and abbreviations (unless the abbreviation is much more widely used than the long form, such as URL or HTML).

10. Why we use <head> and <meta> tags in HTML document?

The <meta> tag defines metadata about an HTML document. Metadata is data (information) about data. <meta> tags always go inside the <head> element, and are typically used to specify character set, page description, keywords, author of the document, and viewport settings.

11. Which basic HTML tags do you know? Basic HTML

Tag	Description
	Defines the document type
<html></html>	Defines an HTML document
<head></head>	Contains metadata/information for the document
<title></td><td>Defines a title for the document</td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

<body></body>	Defines the document's body
<h1> to <h6></h6></h1>	Defines HTML headings
<u></u>	Defines a paragraph
<u> </u>	Inserts a single line break
<u><hr/></u>	Defines a thematic change in the content
<u><!--</u--></u>	Defines a comment

12. Which tag is used to add a picture to a web page?

In order to put a simple image on a webpage, we use the element. This is an empty element (meaning that it has no **text** content or closing tag) that requires a minimum of one attribute to be useful — **src** (sometimes spoken as its full **title**, source)

13. Which tag is used to add a hyperlink to a web page?

To make a hyperlink in an HTML page, use the <a> and tags, which are the tags used to define the links. The <a> tag indicates where the hyperlink starts and the tag indicates where it ends. Whatever **text** gets added inside these tags, will work as a hyperlink

14. Why we use record <meta charset="UTF-8"> in HTML document?

Simply put, when **you** declare the "**charset**" as "**UTF-8**", **you** are telling your browser to **use** the **UTF-8 character encoding**, which is a method of converting your typed characters into machine-readable code

15. What is the difference in HTML4 and HTML5 document structure?

In **html5** for client and server communication support, it contains web sockets that allow full duplex communication between clients and servers, while in case of **html4** communication between the client and server was done through streaming and long polling, since there were no web sockets available in **HTML4**.

16. Which common Web Page Layouts do you know?

- 1. The Zig-Zag Layout. ...
- 2. The F Layout. ...
- 3. Full Screen Photo. ...
- 4. Grid Layout. ...
- 5. One-Column Layout. ...
- 6. Featured Image Layout. ...
- 7. Asymmetrical Layout. ...
- 8. Split Screen Layout.