SEARCHING AND SORTING IN ARRAYS

Linear Search

```
int LinearSearch (const int a[], int aSize, int toFind)
  // Look through all items, starting at the front.
  for (int i = 0; i < aSize; i++)
              if (a[i] == toFind)
                      return i;
  // You've gone through the whole list without success.
  return -1;
```

Search with Array of structs

```
int FindMovieInDatabase(const MovieType movies[],
                         int numOfMovies, string movieTitle)
  int index=-1;
   for (int i=0; i<numOfMovies; i++)
     if (movieTitle == movies[i].title)
        index=i;
        break;
  return index;
```

Sorting -- bubble sort

(1) (34) 26 90 37 58 10 47 36

34 (1)(26)|90 37 58 10 47 36

34 26 11 90 37 58 10 47 36

34 26 90 (1) (37) | 58 10 47 36

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34 26 90 37 58 11 47 36 10

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90 37 58 34 47 36 26 11 10

90 58 37 47 36 34 26 11 10

At the end of the first iteration,

The smallest value is placed at the last position

Sorting to descending order

Sorting -- bubble sort

At the end of the second iteration,
The two smallest values are
placed in their final position

Sorting to descending order

Bubble Sort – descending order

```
void BubbleSort (int list[], int listSize)
{
    bool sorted= false; //is the list sorted?
    int last = listSize - 1; //start last at the last array element
                      //used as a loop index
    int i;
    while (!sorted)
           sorted = true; //assume the list is in order
          for (i = 0; i < last; i++)
                      if (list[i] < list[i+1])
                                 Swap (list[i], list[i+1]); //swap two elements
                                 sorted = false; //the list wasn't already sorted
           last--;
```

Bubble Sort

```
void Swap (int &value1, int &value2)
{
    int tmp;

    tmp = value1;
    value1 = value2;
    value2 = tmp;

    return;
}
```

```
void SortMovies(MovieType movies[], int numOfMovies)
  bool sorted=false; // indicates whether additional comparison passes are needed
  int last=numOfMovies-1; // the index of the last item in the remaining part of the array
  MovieType tmp;
  while (!sorted)
     sorted=true; // assuming the remaining array is sorted.
     for (int i=0; i< last; i++)
        if (movies[i].title > movies[i+1].title)
                                                         Sorting with
          tmp = movies[i]; // swap the two records
                                                         Array of structs
          movies[i] = movies[i+1];
          movies[i+1] = tmp;
          // the remaining array is not sorted, need at least another pass of comparison
          sorted = false;
     last--;
  return;
```