ADT as parameter and array of objects

Pass objects to function – by value vs. by reference

```
void Function1(Sphere s1, Sphere s2);
```

o In most cases, objects should be passed by reference

```
void Function2(Sphere & s1, Sphere &s2);
void Function3(const Sphere&s1, const Sphere &s2);
```

Array of objects

```
const int SIZE=10;
Sphere manySpheres[SIZE];
// default constructor is used to create the objects in the array.

// data of individual objects may be modified later separately
// each array element is an object of Sphere class
for (int i=0; i<SIZE; i++)
    manySpheres[i].SetRadius(i*2);</pre>
```

Pass array of objects to function

```
void Function1(Sphere mSphere[], int size);
void Function2(const Sphere mSphere[], int size);
```

ADT list – array implementation

```
///***************
                                                                // Postcondition: Returns true if the list is empty;
                                                                // otherwise returns false.
// Header file List.h for the ADT list
// Array-based implementation
//**************
                                                                int getLength() const;
                                                                // Determines the length of a list.
const int MAX_LIST = 200;
                                                                // Precondition: None.
typedef int ListItemType; // can be easily changed to
                           // ADT of other types
                                                                // Postcondition: Returns the number of items
#ifndef List_H
                                                                // that are currently in the list.
#define List_H
                                                                void insert(int index, ListItemType newItem,
class List
                                                                       bool& success);
                                                                // Inserts an item into the list at position index.
public:
                                                                // Precondition: index indicates the position at which
 List(); // default constructor
                                                                // the item should be inserted in the list.
      // destructor is supplied by compiler
                                                                // Postcondition: If insertion is successful, newItem
 // list operations:
                                                                // at position index in the list, and other items are
                                                                // renumbered accordingly, and success is true;
 bool isEmpty() const;
 // Determines whether a list is empty.
                                                                // otherwise success is false.
 // Precondition: None.
                                                                // Note: Insertion will not be successful if
```

```
// index < 1 or index > getLength()+1.
                                                                          (size < MAX_LIST) );
                                                                if (success)
 void remove(int index, bool& success);
                                                                { // make room for new item by shifting all items at
 // Deletes an item from the list at a given position.
                                                                  // positions >= index toward the end of the
 // Precondition: index indicates where the deletion
                                                                  // list (no shift if index == size+1)
 // should occur.
                                                                  for (int pos = size; pos \geq index; --pos)
 // Postcondition: If 1 <= index <= getLength(),
                                                                    items[translate(pos+1)] = items[translate(pos)];
 // the item at position index in the list is
 // deleted, other items are renumbered accordingly,
                                                                  // insert new item
 // and success is true; otherwise success is false.
                                                                  items[translate(index)] = newItem;
                                                                  ++size; // increase the size of the list by one
 void retrieve(int index, ListItemType& dataItem,
                                                                } // end if
          bool& success) const;
                                                               } // end insert
 // Retrieves a list item by position.
 // Precondition: index is the number of the item to
 // be retrieved.
                                                               void List::remove(int index, bool& success)
 // Postcondition: If 1 <= index <= getLength(),
 // dataItem is the value of the desired item and
                                                                success = bool( (index >= 1) && (index <= size) );
 // success is true; otherwise success is false.
                                                                if (success)
                                                                { // delete item by shifting all items at positions >
                                                                  // index toward the beginning of the list
private:
                                                                  // (no shift if index == size)
 ListItemType items[MAX_LIST];
                      // array of list items
                                                                  for (int from Position = index +1;
                      // number of items in list
                                                                        fromPosition <= size; ++fromPosition)
 int
          size;
                                                                    items[translate(fromPosition-1)] =
                                                                                items[translate(fromPosition)];
 int translate(int index) const;
                                                                  --size; // decrease the size of the list by one
 // Converts the position of an item in a list to the
 // correct index within its array representation.
                                                                } // end if
}; // end List class
                                                               } // end remove
// End of header file.
#endif
//**************
                                                               void List::retrieve(int index, ListItemType& dataItem,
                                                                          bool& success) const
// Implementation file List.cpp for the ADT list
// Array-based implementation
success = bool( (index >= 1) &&
#include "List.h" //header file
                                                                          (index \le size)):
List::List(): size(0)
                                                                if (success)
                                                                  dataItem = items[translate(index)];
} // end default constructor
                                                               } // end retrieve
                                                               int List::translate(int index) const
bool List::isEmpty() const
                                                                return index-1;
 return bool(size == 0);
                                                               } // end translate
                                                              // End of implementation file.
} // end isEmpty
                                                               //**************
int List::getLength() const
                                                              // Client Program using ADT list
 return size;
                                                                              **********
} // end getLength
                                                               #include "List.h"
                                                              #include <iostream>
                                                              using namespace std;
void List::insert(int index, ListItemType newItem,
                                                              // user defined functions:
          bool& success)
                                                               void PrintInReverse(const List& aList);
                                                              void SortList(List& aList);
 success = bool( (index >= 1) &&
           (index \le size+1) \&\&
```

```
int main
   // declare aList of "List" type
                    aList;
   ListItemType item;
   bool
                    success;
   for (int i=1; i<=MAX\_LIST; i++)
         cout << ``Enter list item `` << i << endl;
         cin >> item;
         aList.insert(i, item, success);
    PrintInReverse(aList);
    SortList(aList);
}
void PrintInReverse(const List& aList)
         ... <fill in>
}
void SortList(List & aList)
         ..... < fill in > ...
}
```