

CSCI 2170 Homework6

1. 1. The function **insert** does not work quite the way it is supposed to.

(a) **Step through the code shown below and write down the output of the current version of the program.**

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

int Insert(int [], int, int, int);
const int SIZE = 10;
int main()
{
    int array[SIZE], x=0, position=1, aSize=4;

    // array[0]=1, array[1]=3, array[2]=5, array[3]=7
    for (int i=0; i<aSize; i++)
        array[i] = 2*i+1;

    // insert value 0 in position 1 (x is 0, position is 1)
    aSize = Insert(array, x, position, aSize);

    // display values after the insertion
    for (int i=0; i<aSize; i++)
        cout << array[i] << " ";
    cout << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

Show program output here:

// this function inserts "element" in the given "position" in array "arr".

//It returns the new array size

```
int Insert(int arr[], int element, int position, int size)
{
    for (int i=position; i<size; i++)
        arr[i+1] = arr[i];
    arr[position]= element;
    ++size;

    return size;
}
```

(b) **How would you modify the for loop in function Insert to correctly insert an element into the array at position "position"? For example, before insertion, array looks like this: 5 7 9 2. After the insertion of element 6 at position 2, array looks like this: 5 7 6 9 2**

2. (a) In this program, function **Delete** does not work quite the way it is supposed to. Step through the code shown below and write down the output of the current version of the program.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int Delete(int [], int, int);

int main()
{
    int values[10]={4, 16, 3, 8, 20};
    int size=5;
    int k;
    int position = 1;

    // Delete the item at position in the array values
    size = Delete(values, position, size);

    for (k=0; k<size; k++)
        cout << values[k] << " ";
    cout << endl;

    return 0;
}
```

Put your answer to question (a) here:

```
// This function deletes the element at location "position" in array A.
// If the position is < 0 or greater than the size of the array, nothing will be done.
// Otherwise, the value is deleted, and all the values below will be shifted up one position.
// It returns the new array size.
int Delete(int array[], int position, int size)
{
    for (int k=size; k>=position; k--)
        array[k] = array[k-1];

    size--;

    return (size);
}
```

- (b) Modify function **Delete** to correctly delete an element at position "*position*" from the array. For example, before deletion, the content of the **array** looks like this: **5 7 9 2**
After the deletion of element at position 1, the content of the **array** looks like this: **5 9 2**