

Objectives

- Connect to a wireless router
- Configure the wireless router
- Connect a wired device to the wireless router
- Connect a wireless device to the wireless router
- Add an AP to the network to extend wireless coverage
- Update default router settings

Introduction

In this activity, you will configure a wireless router and an access point to accept wireless clients and route IP packets. Furthermore, you will also update some of the default settings.

Instructions

Part 1: Connect to a Wireless Router

Step 1: Connect Admin to WR.

a. Connect **Admin** to **WR** using a straight-through Ethernet cable through the Ethernet ports. Select **Connections**, represented by a lightning bolt, from the bottom-left side of Packet Tracer. Click **Copper Straight-Through**, represented by a solid black line.

b. When the cursor changes to connection mode, click **Admin** and choose **FastEthernet0**. Click **WR** and choose an available Ethernet port to connect the other end of the cable.

WR will act as a switch to the devices connected to the LAN and as a router to the internet.

Admin is now connected to the LAN (**GigabitEthernet 1**). When Packet Tracer displays green triangles on both sides of the connection between **Admin** and **WR**, continue to the next step.

Note: If no green triangles are shown, make sure to enable **Show Link Lights** under **Options > Preferences**. You may also click **Fast Forward Time** just above the **Connections** selection box in the yellow bar.

Step 2: Configure Admin to use DHCP.

To reach the **WR** management page, **Admin** must communicate on the network. A wireless router usually includes a DHCP server, and the DHCP server is usually enabled by default on the LAN. **Admin** will receive IP address information from the DHCP server on **WR**.

- a. Click **Admin**, and select the **Desktop** tab.
- b. Click **IP Configuration** and select **DHCP**.

Questions:

What is the IP address of the computer?

-192.168.0.100.

What is the subnet mask of the computer?

-255.255.255.0

What is the default gateway of the computer?

-192.168.0.1

- c. Close the **IP Configuration** window.

Note: Values can vary within the network range due to normal DHCP operation.

Step 3: Connect to the WR Web Interface.

- a. In the **Desktop** tab on **Admin**, choose **Web Browser**.
- b. Enter **192.168.0.1** in the URL field to open the web configuration page of the wireless router.
- c. Use **admin** for both the username and password.
- d. Under the Network Setup heading on the **Basic Setup** page, notice the IP address range for the DHCP server.

Question:

Is the IP address for **Admin** within this range? Is it expected? Explain your answer.

-Yes, because the ip address is within the range of 100 - 149. It's expected because the ip address range is given.

Step 4: Configure the Internet Port of WR.

In this step, **WR** is configured to route the packets from the wireless clients to the internet. You will configure the **Internet** port on **WR** to connect to the internet.

a. Under the **Internet Setup** at the top of the **Basic Setup** page, change the Internet IP address method from **Automatic Configuration – DHCP** to **Static IP**.

b. Type the IP address to be assigned to the Internet interface as follows:

Internet IP Address: 209.165.200.225

Subnet Mask: 255.255.255.252

Default Gateway: 209.165.200.226

DNS Server: 209.165.201.1

c. Scroll down the page and click **Save Settings**.

Note: If you get a **Request Timeout** message, close the Admin window and wait for the orange lights to turn into green triangles. Click the fast forward button to make this happen faster. Then reconnect to **WR** from **Admin's** browser using the process explained in Step 3.

d. To verify connectivity, open a new web browser and navigate to **www.cisco.pka** server.

Note It may take a few seconds for the network to converge. Click **Fast Forward Time** or **Alt+D** to speed up the process.

Part 2: Configure the Wireless Settings

In this activity, you will only configure the wireless settings for 2.4 GHz.

Step 1: Configure the WR SSID.

a. Navigate to the **WR** GUI interface at **192.168.0.1** in a web browser on **Admin**.

b. Navigate to **Wireless > Basic Wireless Settings**.

c. Change **Network Name (SSID)** to **aCompany** for only 2.4 GHz. Notice that SSIDs are case-sensitive.

d. Change the **Standard Channel** to **6 - 2.437GHz**.

e. For this activity, disable both 5 GHz frequencies. Leave the rest of the settings unchanged.

f. Scroll to the bottom of the window and click **Save Settings**.

Step 2: Configure wireless security settings.

In this step, you configure the wireless security settings using WPA2 security mode with encryption and passphrase.

- a. Navigate to **Wireless > Wireless Security**.
- b. Under the 2.4 GHz heading, select **WPA2 Personal** for the Security Mode.
- c. For the Encryption field, keep the default **AES** setting.
- d. In the Passphrase field, enter **Cisco123!** as the passphrase.
- e. Click **Save Settings**.
- f. Verify that the settings in the **Basic Wireless Settings** and **Wireless Security** pages are correct and saved.

Step 3: Connect the Wireless Clients.

- a. Open **Laptop1**. Select **Desktop** tab. Click **PC Wireless**.
- b. Select the **Connect** tab. Click **Refresh** as necessary. Select the Wireless Network Name **aCompany**.
- c. Enter the passphrase configured in the previous step. Enter **Cisco123!** In the pre-shared key field and click **Connect**. Close the PC Wireless window.
- d. Open a web browser and verify that you can navigate to **www.cisco.pka** server.
- e. Repeat the above steps to connect **Laptop2** to the wireless network.

Part 3: Connect Wireless Clients to an Access Point

An access point (AP) is a device that extends the wireless local area network. An access point is connected to a wired router using an Ethernet cable to project the signal to a desired location.

Step 1: Configure the Access Point.

- a. Connect **Port 0** of **AP** to an available Ethernet port of **WR** using a straight-through Ethernet cable.
- b. Click **AP**. Select the **Config** tab.

- c. Under the **INTERFACE** heading, select **Port 1**.
- d. In the **SSID** field, enter **aCompany**.
- e. Select **WPA2-PSK**. Enter the passphrase **Cisco123!** in the **Pass Phrase** field.
- f. Keep **AES** as the default **Encryption Type**.

Step 2: Connect the Wireless Clients.

- a. Open **Laptop3**. Select **Desktop** tab. Click **PC Wireless**.
- b. Select the **Connect** tab. Click **Refresh** as necessary. Select the **Wireless Network Name aCompany** with the stronger signal (Channel 1) and click **Connect**.
- c. Open a web browser and verify that you can navigate to **www.cisco.pka** server.

Part 4: Other Administrative Tasks

Step 1: Change the WR Access Password.

- a. On **Admin**, navigate to **WR GUI interface at 192.168.0.1**.
- b. Navigate to **Administration > Management** and change the current **Router Password** to **cisco**.
- c. Scroll to the bottom of the window and click **Save Settings**.
- d. Use the username **admin** and the new password **cisco** when prompted to log in to the wireless router. Click **OK** to continue.
- e. Click **Continue** and move on to the next step.

Step 2: Change the DHCP address range in WR.

In this step, you will change the internal network address from 192.168.0.0/24 to 192.168.50.0/24. When the LAN network address changes, the IP addresses on the devices in the LAN and WLAN must be renewed to receive new IP addresses before the lease is timed out.

- a. Navigate to **Setup > Basic Setup**.
- b. Scroll down the page to **Network Setup**.
- c. The IP address assigned to **Router IP** is 192.168.0.1. Change it to 192.168.50.1. Verify that IP address still start at .100, and there are 50 available IP addresses in the DHCP pool.

- d. Add **209.165.201.1** as the DNS server with the DHCP settings.
- e. Scroll to the bottom of the window and click **Save Settings**.
- f. Note that the DHCP range of addresses has been automatically updated to reflect the interface IP address change. The Web Browser will display a **Request Timeout** after a short time.

Question:

Why?

-The ping or data that is not being processed

- g. Close the **Admin** web browser.
- h. In **Admin Desktop** tab, click **Command Prompt**.
- i. Type **ipconfig /renew** to force **Admin** re-acquire its IP information via DHCP.

Question:

What is the new IP address information for **Admin**?

-The new ip address is: 192.168.50.102

- j. Verify that you can still navigate to **www.cisco.pka** server.
- k. Renew the IP address on other laptops to verify that you can still navigate to **www.cisco.pka** server.
- l. Notice that **Laptop1** connected to the **AP** instead of **WR**.

Question:

Why?

-AP offers a more powerful signal than the WR

Congratulations Cenas Marquill You completed the activity.

Overall Feedback [Assessment Items](#) Connectivity Tests

Expand/Collapse All Show incorrect items					Score		
Assessment Items					Item Count		
Assessment Items	Status	Points	Component(s)	Feedback			
Network		0	Other		: 20/20		
Admin		0	Other		: 20/20		
Ports		0	Other				
FastEthernet0		0	Other				
DHCP client enable	Correct	1	Ip				
AP		0	Other				
Wireless		0	Other				
Security Mode	Correct	1	Other				
Authen Type	Correct	1	Other				
Encryption Type	Correct	1	Other				
Pass Phrase	Correct	1	Other				
SSID	Correct	1	Other				
Laptop1		0	Other				
Wireless		0	Other				
SSID	Correct	1	Other				
Laptop2		0	Other				
Wireless		0	Other				
SSID	Correct	1	Other				
Laptop3		0	Other				
Wireless		0	Other				
SSID	Correct	1	Other				
VR		1	Other				
Default Gateway	Correct	1	Ip				
DHCP Server							
Pool							
Pool1							
Default Gateway	Correct	1	Ip				
DNS server IP	Correct	1	Ip				
Start IP address	Correct	1	Ip				
DNS Server IP	Correct	1	Ip				
Password	Correct	1	Other				
Port							
Internet							
IP Address	Correct	1	Ip				
Subnet Mask	Correct	1	Ip				
Wireless 2.4G							
Security Mode							
Authen Type	Correct	1	Other				
Encryption Type	Correct	1	Other				
Pass Phrase	Correct	1	Other				
SSID	Correct	1	Other				
					Component	Items/Total	Score
					Ip	8/8	8/8
					Other	12/12	12/12