

5	Natural Language Sentences (ICB Corpus)	Machine Readable Events (ICBe)
4	When the U.S. discovered the presence of Soviet military personnel in Cuba on 7 September 1962 it called up 150,000 reservists.	mobilization 100ks discover fact - deployment to area 100s; 1ks
5	The Soviets mobilized on the 11th.	mobilization 1ks
6	Although persistent rumors circulated concerning the deployment of Soviet missiles in Cuba, Soviet Ambassador Anatoly Dobrynin denied the charges, and Premier Khrushchev gave his personal assurances that ground-to-ground missiles would never be shipped to Cuba.	
8	The U.S. crisis was triggered on 16 October when the CIA presented to President Kennedy photographic evidence of the presence of Soviet missiles in Cuba.	discover fact;start of crisis - deployment to area fortify
9	The U.S. responded with a decision on the 20th to blockade all offensive military equipment en route to Cuba.	start of crisis - deployment to area blockade ; ; coastline 10ks blockade ; coastline
10	When this was announced on 22 October, a crisis was triggered for Cuba and the USSR. An urgent meeting of the UN Security Council was requested by both the U.S. and Cuba on the 22nd, and by the USSR the next day.	; start of crisis -
11	On the 23rd as well, the Soviets accused the United States of violating the UN Charter and announced an alert of its armed forces and those of the Warsaw Pact members.	; ; appeal - meeting ; ; raise in alert ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; 100ks accuse - violate terms of treaty
12	That day Cuba responded by condemning the U.S. blockade and declaring its willingness to fight.	- coastline disapprove
13	A resolution was adopted on the 23rd by the OAS calling for the withdrawal of the missiles from Cuba and recommending that member-states take all measures, including the use of force, to ensure that the government of Cuba would not continue to receive military material.	end military cooperation demand - withdraw from area 1ks express intent ; ; - mediation ; ;
14	On 24 October the Security Council adopted a resolution requesting the Secretary-General to confer with the parties.	express intent - mediation ; ; mediation ;
15	On that same day, U Thant began mediation by sending identical letters to Khrushchev and Kennedy which proposed that the Soviet Union and the United States enter into negotiations, during which period both the shipment of arms and the quarantine would be suspended.	
16	Moscow's major response to the crisis was a letter from Khrushchev to Kennedy on 26 October offering the removal of Soviet offensive weapons from Cuba and the cessation of further shipments in exchange for an end to the U.S. quarantine and a U.S. assurance that it would not invade Cuba.	offer happens - withdraw from area -C- will happen end blockade offer happens - -C- will happen end blockade
17	The situation was exacerbated on the 27th when a U.S. U-2 surveillance plane was shot down.	border violation airspace 1s 1s
18	That day another Khrushchev letter was received in Washington offering the removal of Soviet missiles from Cuba in exchange for the removal of U.S. missiles from Turkey.	offer happens - withdraw from area -C- will happen withdraw from area offer happens - -C- will happen
19	U.S. mobilization and aerial reconnaissance flights were stepped up.	border violation;mobilization mobilization airspace
20	And on the 27th President Kennedy sent the Soviet premier an acceptance of the proposals contained in the letter of 26 October while making no reference to Khrushchev's second letter of the 27th.	accept -
21	The following day Khrushchev notified the U.S. government that he had ordered work on the missile sites in Cuba stopped.	accept -
23	At the same time he warned Washington that U-2 reconnaissance flights over Cuba must be stopped as well.	demand - withdraw from area airspace
24	The crisis continued at a lower level of intensity for several more weeks due to Cuban President Castro's demands concerning a U.S. pledge not to invade his country.	demand - de-mobilization;lower alert ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; ; body of water;coastline 100ks
25	On 30 October U Thant began talks in Havana, and Kennedy agreed to lift the quarantine for the duration of the talks.	end blockade ; ; coastline 10ks accept - end blockade ; ; coastline reject - unspecified cooperation
26	When Cuba rejected UN inspection, the U.S. resumed the quarantine and air surveillance.	reject ; blockade ; ; ; airspace;coastline 10ks discussion;meeting
27	The Kremlin sent Deputy Premier Anastas Mikoyan to Cuba on 2 November to try to persuade Castro to allow UN inspection.	
28	When this proved unsuccessful, a U.S.-USSR agreement was reached on 7 November allowing U.S. inspection and interception of Soviet ships leaving Cuba and the photographing of the missiles.	sign formal agreement
29	The following day the superpowers negotiated the removal of the IL-28 bombers which Castro had claimed were Cuban property.	withdraw from area 100s ; sign formal agreement
30	Castro's agreement was conveyed to the U.S. on 20 November 1962, which terminated the Missile crisis for all three actors.	; ; end of crisis
31	The U.S. naval quarantine was lifted immediately, but aerial surveillance continued until the agreement was completely carried out.	end blockade ; ; body of water;coastline 10ks