

# Lecture 19

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## **Stimulus pre-processing**

- Each story is transcribed
- Special sounds marked
  - Breath
  - Laughter
  - Lip smack

**Speech and text are aligned, and the phones and words are extracted and tagged**

## **Vowel-wise modeling of narrative stories**

- Stories + brain activity
- Estimate our models: project stories into different feature spaces
- Use regression

## **Time scales of linguistic features**

- Language is multi-scale phenomena
- Down-sampling of semantic features
  - Lose some information

## **Syntactic and semantic features from NLP**

- Co-variances of words in a text

- Use repeated structures: 'I was \_\_\_\_'
- Words that appear together: eyes, skull

## **Syntactic model (HHMM)**

- Probabilistic

## **Semantic model (English 1000, ~LSA)**

- Project English 1000 into the covariance states

## **Representation of spectral, articulatory and semantic features**

- Spectral, articulatory/phoneme and semantic model

## **Semantic ROIs from a functional localizer**

- Meaningful vs non-meaningful words
- Statistical threshold, subtraction

## **PCA: principal component analysis**

- Get the eigenvectors and turn the full rank eigenvector matrix into a low rank
  - By getting the first couple of eigenvectors
- Align eigenvectors of different people and see what is common

MNI coordinates: Montreal Neurological Institute

## **Semantic representation on the cortex: summary**

- Binder, Desai, Graves & Conant, 2009

- Binder, Desai, Trends in Cog. Sci., 2011