

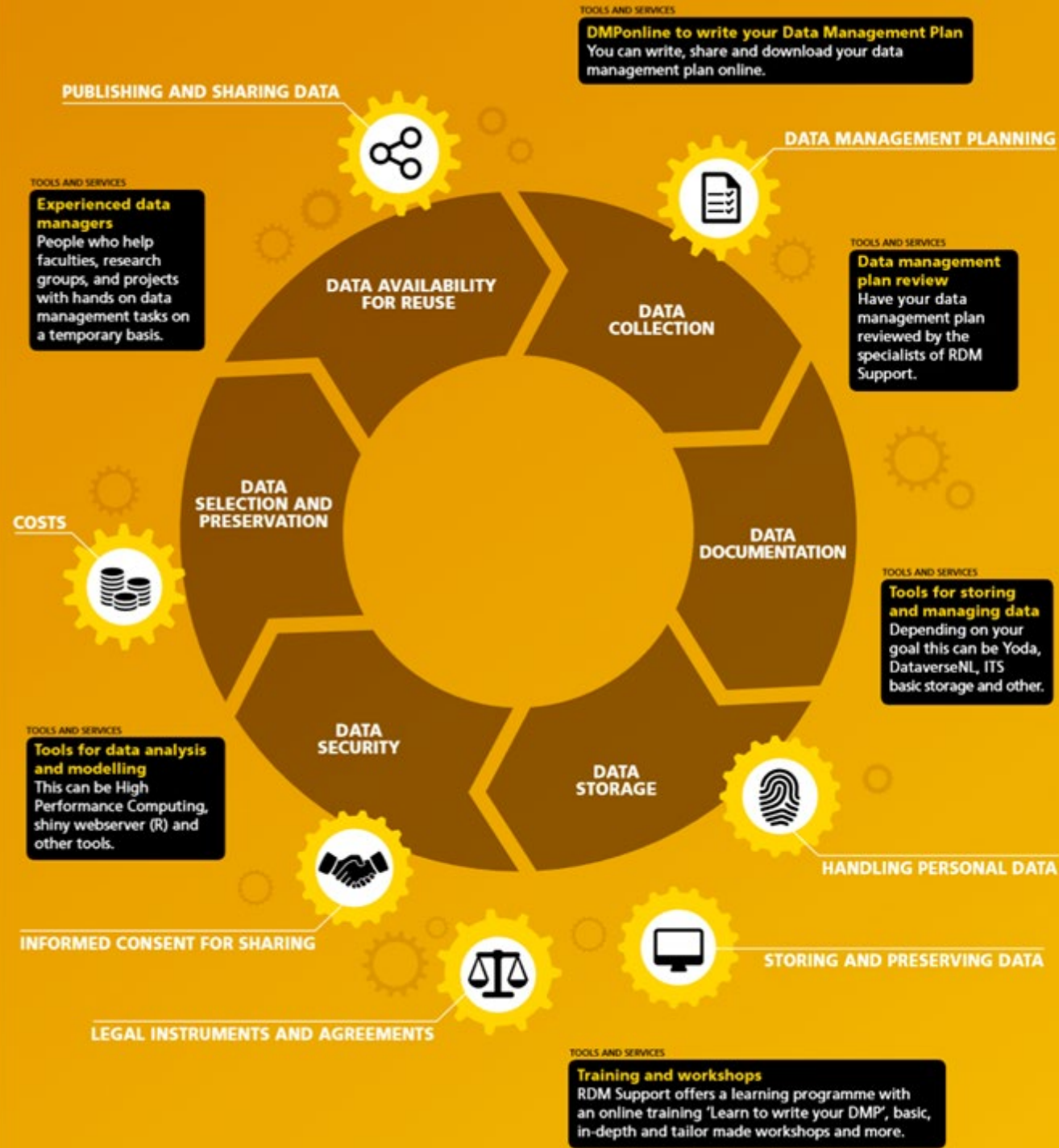
# *Web scraping*

**Sander Prins**

Technical Support Assistant

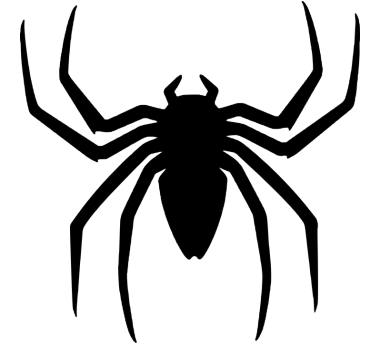
*Why web scraping?*





## Research data from the web

- Contact website (owner) for data request
- (Scientific) data publications
- Application Programming Interface (API)
- Web scraping
- ~~Data brokers~~



# Social media

- Software suite created by [Digital Methods Initiative](#) (University of Amsterdam)
- GUI for interfacing with APIs and doing quick data analysis

# *What is web scraping?*

# Web scraping

- Extracting data from websites
  - Reverse engineering
- Parsing
  - HTML to preferred data format



# *Ethical Considerations*

## Considerations

- Robots.txt: Understanding website terms of service.
- Platform policies and agreements
- Rate limiting: avoiding overwhelming website servers.

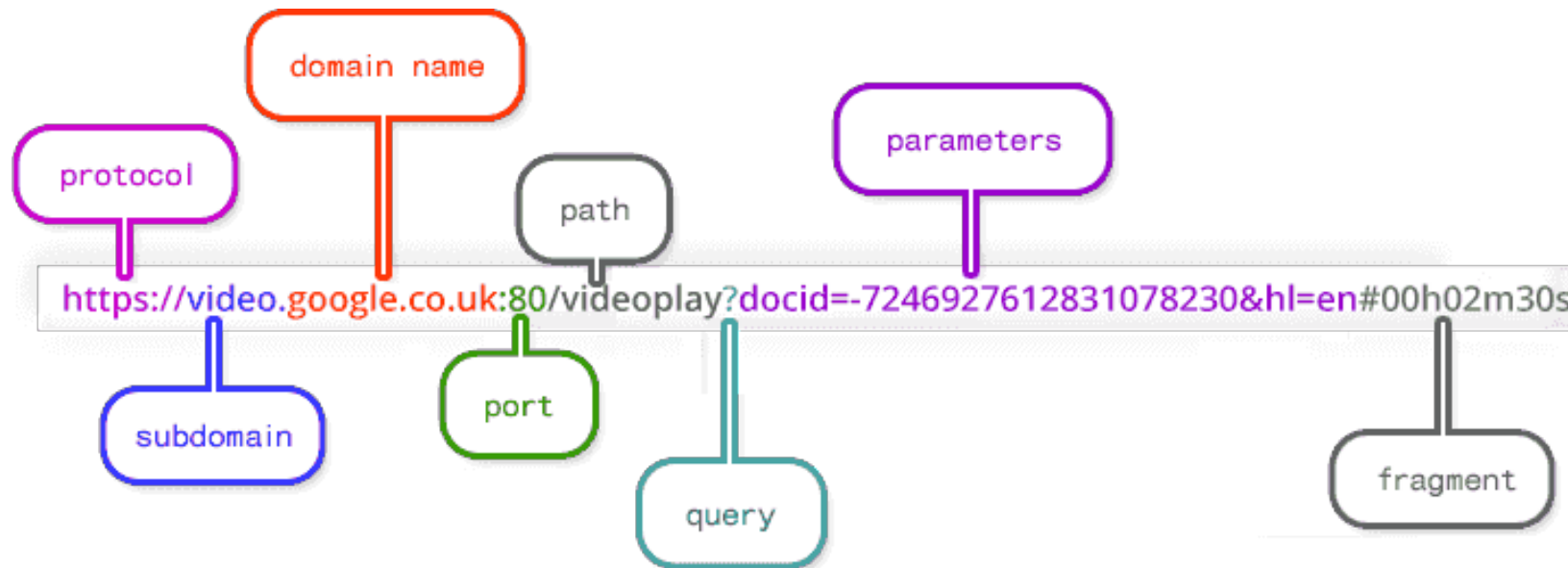
Auteur: Joost Gerritsen (Legal Beetle). Bestemd voor: Utrecht Data School (UDS)  
Onderwerp: methodiek t.b.v. rechtmatige scrapingactiviteiten voor UDS-onderzoek (v. 1.0)

## Beslisboom #1: Websitevoorwaarden

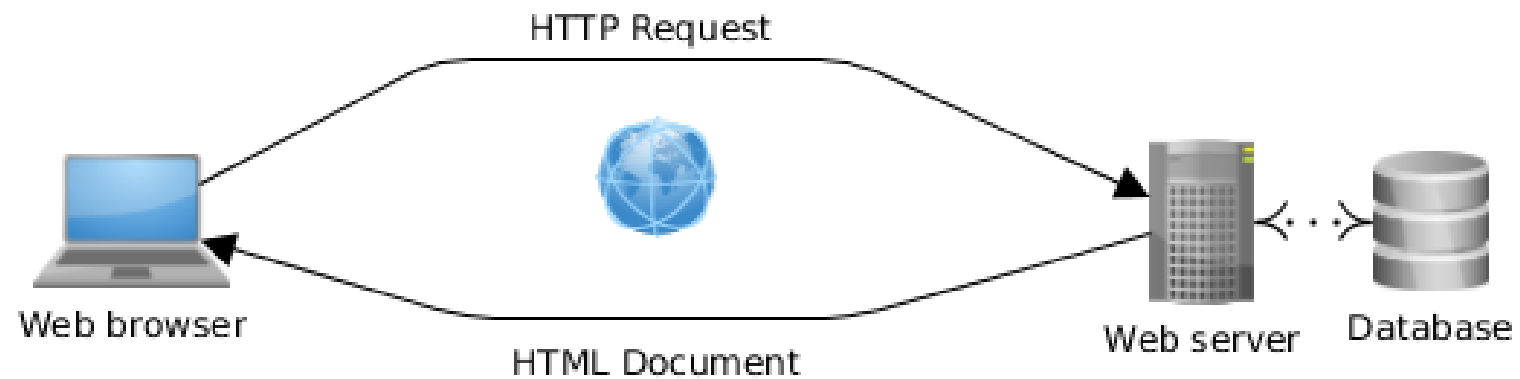


# *Reverse Engineering*

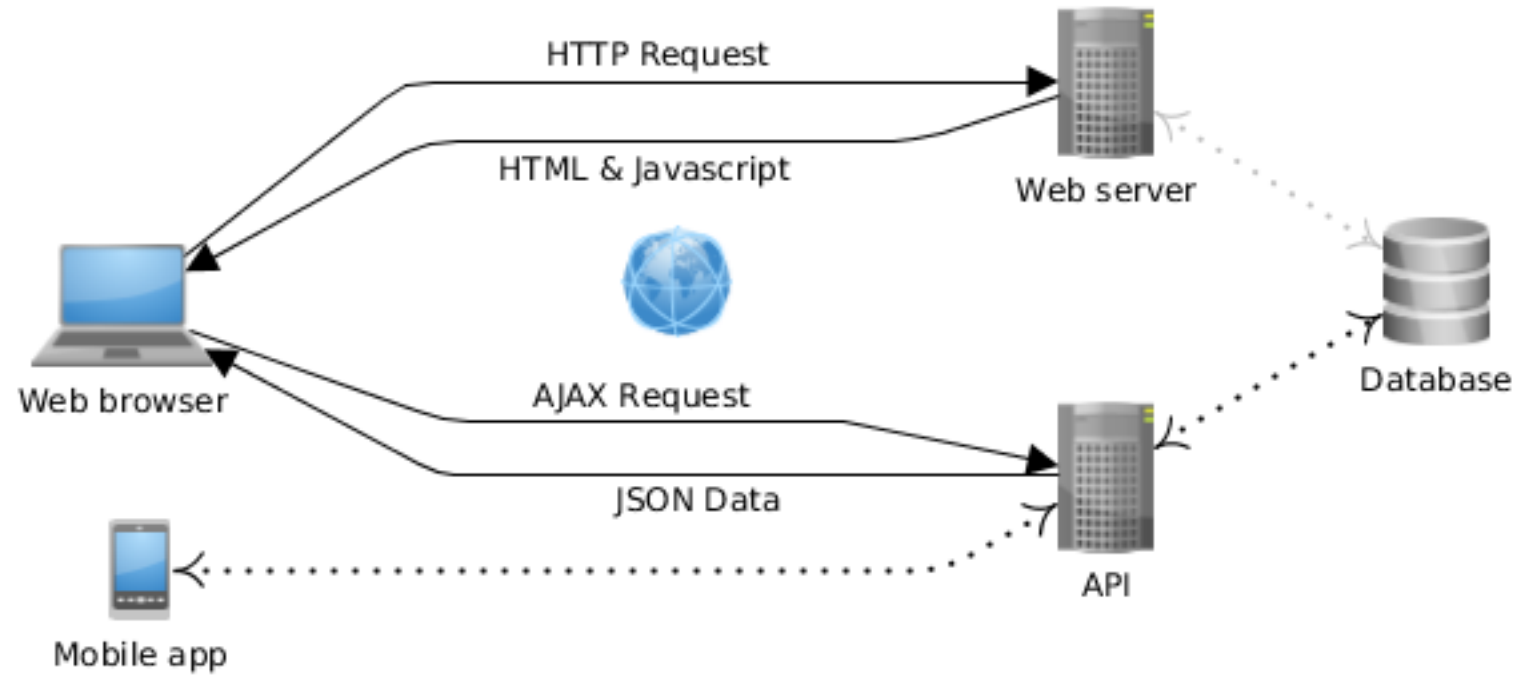
# Uniform Resource Locator (URL)



# Traditional web applications



# Modern web applications

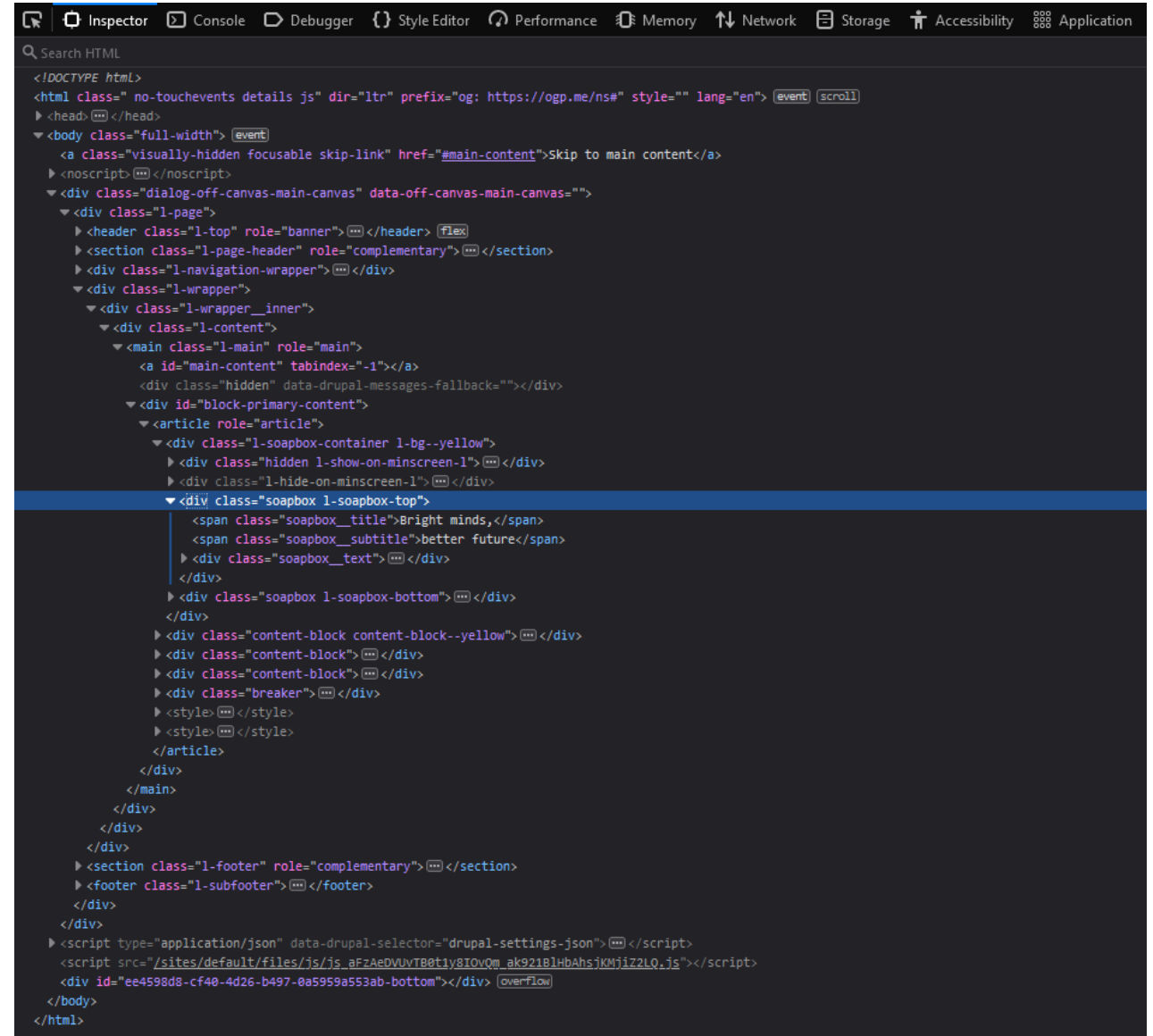


# Developer Tools

Open *Inspector* by pressing F12

or

Right click on the element that you  
want to explore and click  
*Inspect element*



```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html class="no-touchevents details js" dir="ltr" prefix="og: https://ogp.me/ns#" style="" lang="en">
  <head>
    <a class="visually-hidden focusable skip-link" href="#main-content">Skip to main content</a>
    <noscript>
  </noscript>
  <div class="dialog-off-canvas-main-canvas" data-off-canvas-main-canvas="">
    <div class="l-page">
      <header class="l-top" role="banner">
        <section class="l-page-header" role="complementary">
          <div class="l-navigation-wrapper">
            <div class="l-wrapper">
              <div class="l-wrapper__inner">
                <div class="l-content">
                  <main class="l-main" role="main">
                    <a id="main-content" tabindex="-1"></a>
                    <div class="hidden" data-drupal-messages-fallback="">
                  </div>
                  <div id="block-primary-content">
                    <article role="article">
                      <div class="l-soapbox-container l-bg--yellow">
                        <div class="hidden l-show-on-minscreen-l">
                        </div>
                        <div class="l-hide-on-minscreen-l">
                        </div>
                        <div class="soapbox l-soapbox-top">
                          <span class="soapbox__title">Bright minds,</span>
                          <span class="soapbox__subtitle">better future</span>
                          <div class="soapbox__text">
                        </div>
                        <div class="soapbox l-soapbox-bottom">
                        </div>
                      </div>
                      <div class="content-block content-block--yellow">
                      </div>
                      <div class="content-block">
                      </div>
                      <div class="content-block">
                      </div>
                      <div class="breaker">
                      </div>
                      <style>
                      </style>
                      <style>
                      </style>
                    </article>
                  </div>
                </main>
              </div>
            </div>
          </div>
          <section class="l-footer" role="complementary">
            <footer class="l-subfooter">
            </footer>
          </div>
        </div>
        <script type="application/json" data-drupal-selector="drupal-settings-json">
        </script>
        <script src="/sites/default/files/js/js_0FzAe0VUvTB0tiy8IOvQm_0k92181HbAhsjKXjiz2LQ.js"></script>
        <div id="ee4598d8-cf40-4d26-b497-0a5959a553ab-bottom">
        </div>
      </body>
    </html>
```



# Hyper Text Markup Language (HTML)

```
1  <!DOCTYPE html>
2  <!-- Comment-->
3  <html lang="en">
4  <head>
5      <meta charset="utf-8">
6      <title>Hello World</title>
7  </head>
8  <body>
9      <div>Say hello to my little world.</div>
10 </body>
11 </html>
```

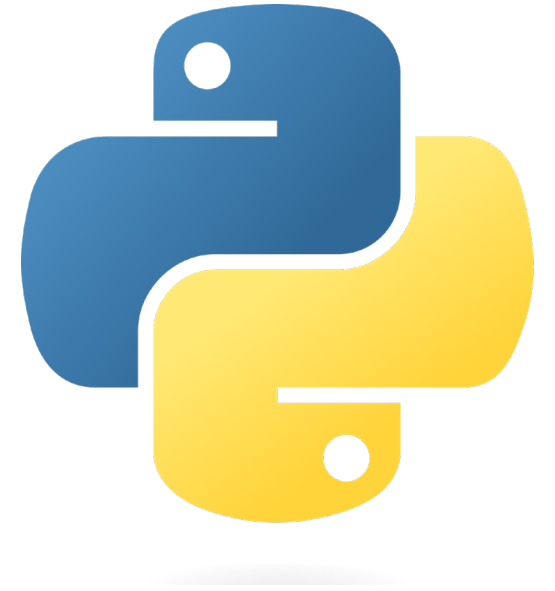
# HTML Page Structure

`<tagname>Content goes here...</tagname>`



# Python

- [requests](#) : Fetching the webpage
- [Beautiful Soup](#) : Parsing the HTML
- AI (Replit AI, GitHub CoPilot, ChatGPT)



*Replit*

workshop-web-scraping

Search

Files

examples

scrapethissite.com

exercises

1\_Simple.py

2\_Forms.py

3\_AJAX-JavaScript.py

4\_Frames.py

5A\_Headers.py

5B\_Login.py

5C\_CSRF.py

solutions

data

1\_Simple.py

2\_Forms.py

3\_AJAX-JavaScript.py

4\_Frames.py

5A\_Headers.py

5B\_Login.py

5C\_CSRF.py

kickstarter-curl-output.html

main.py

readme.md

Tools

Recent

Deployments

AI

Authentication

Chat

Code Search

Debugger

Docs

Extensions

Git

Networking

Object Storage

readme.md

main.py

1\_Simple.py

scrapethissite.com

solutions

1\_Simple.py

1

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'''

Countries of the World: A Simple Example

https://www.scrapethissite.com/pages/simple/

'''

import csv

import requests

from bs4 import BeautifulSoup

url = 'https://www.scrapethissite.com/pages/simple/'

response = requests.get(url)

soup = BeautifulSoup(response.content, 'html.parser')

countries = soup.find\_all('div', class\_='col-md-4 country')

with open('./scrapethissite.com/1. Simple/country\_details.csv', mode='w', newline='') as file:

writer = csv.writer(file)

writer.writerow(['Country', 'Capital', 'Population', 'Area'])

for country in countries:

country\_name = country.find('h3', class\_='country-name').get\_text().strip()

country\_details = country.find('div', class\_='country-info')

capital = country\_details.find('span', class\_='country-capital').get\_text()

population = country\_details.find('span', class\_='country-population').get\_text()

area = country\_details.find('span', class\_='country-area').get\_text()

writer.writerow([country\_name, capital, population, area])

print("Country details have been written to country\_details.csv")

Run

Webview

Shell

AI

Git

Web Scraping Table Data Tutorial

Chats

Archived

Web Scraping Table Data ...

just now

SP sprins just now

How do I get all data from the table of https://www.scrapethissite.com/pages/simple/ ?

AI just now Basic

You can get all data from the table of https://www.scrapethissite.com/pages/simple/ by using the code in scrapethissite.com/solutions/1\_Simple.py. This code does the following:

1. It retrieves the page content using requests.get(url) and parses it using BeautifulSoup to extract the data.

2. It locates the table's rows, which are represented by div elements with the class col-md-4 country.

3. It iterates through each row and extracts the country name, capital, population, and area using find() methods on the relevant HTML tags.

4. It writes this data to a CSV file named country\_details.csv.

To execute this code, you can run the following command in your terminal:

>\_ Shell Script

Copy

Insert

python ./scrapethissite.com/solutions/1\_Simple.py

This will create the country\_details.csv file in the same directory as the script.

Rerun

Type message...

Ask AI

3 files

Basic

Join Replit Core

AI Python Diff

Ln 4, Col 1 (45 chars) • Spaces: 4 History

# Web Scraping Sandbox

---

## Countries of the World: A Simple Example

A single page that lists information about all the countries in the world. Good for those just get started with web scraping.

---

## Hockey Teams: Forms, Searching and Pagination

Browse through a database of NHL team stats since 1990. Practice building a scraper that handles common website interface components.

---

## Oscar Winning Films: AJAX and Javascript

Click through a bunch of great films. Learn how content is added to the page asynchronously with Javascript and how you can scrape it.

---

## Turtles All the Way Down: Frames & iFrames

Some older sites might still use frames to break up thier pages. Modern ones might be using iFrames to expose data. Learn about turtles as you scrape content inside frames.

---

## Advanced Topics: Real World Challenges You'll Encounter

Scraping real websites, you're likely run into a number of common gotchas. Get practice with spoofing headers, handling logins & session cookies, finding CSRF tokens, and other common network errors.

---

## Getting started

1. <https://replit.com/>
2. Open Shell
3. `git clone https://github.com/CentreForDigitalHumanities/workshop-web-scraping`

# *Materials*



## Education

Collection of the teaching and educational materials for Digital Humanities research.

Repository	Description
<a href="#">Quantitative Methods and Statistics</a>	Textbook on Quantitative Methods and Statistics. Also in <a href="#">Dutch</a> .
<a href="#">Basics of Statistics</a>	One-day course for Humanities researchers.
<a href="#">Gephi</a>	Introductory course on network visualization for Humanities.
<a href="#">Programming in Python</a>	Entry level course on the basics of the Python programming language. Special attention is given to best practices in coding, e.g.: writing clean code and documentation.
<a href="#">R for Humanities</a>	Basics in R syntax, to data handling and visualisation using a set of tools known as the 'tidyverse'
<a href="#">LaTeX</a>	Introductory workshop for LaTeX aimed at Humanities students and staff.
<a href="#">Data exploration toolkit for cultural data</a>	Structure, clean, visualize, and run a preliminary analysis.
<a href="#">Web scraping</a>	Introduction into web scraping with Python, with the use of Replit.

## Staff Education Program

The materials above were mainly developed for workshops, given at Utrecht University. Every semester, the [Centre for Digital Humanities](#) presents its new [staff education program](#), featuring a diverse range of courses, lectures and hands-on workshops, covering various aspects of digital humanities. In addition to our regular program, we also offer [Tailor-made Workshops](#) upon request.

If you would like to be informed about this program and other updates from the CDH, sign up for [the CDH newsletter](#).

## Resources

Digital Humanities research involves different types of (source) material, please find recommendations on the Centre for Digital Humanities website on:

- [Digital tools](#)
- [Corpora](#)
- [Reading tips](#)
- [Tutorials](#)

## Data Management & Privacy

The privacy officer and data manager created [an overview](#) outlining, including [road map](#) and [prerequisites and processing time](#), with the necessary actions based on the type of research data you are handling. For more information see:

- [Guide](#) through the data management policy of the Faculty of Humanities.
- [Glossary](#) with an explanation of the most relevant terms.

## Contact

If you find yourself missing materials or have any inquiries regarding our resources, please don't hesitate to contact us via [cdh@uu.nl](mailto:cdh@uu.nl) or visit our website at [cdh.uu.nl](https://cdh.uu.nl) for more information on how we can assist you.



Centre for  
Digital Humanities

Course

## Exploring Culture through Data: Digital methods & Data practices

Are you curious, eager to learn and would you like to have an enriching experience during your summer holidays? This course would make a great opportunity!

### Description

The accelerating datafication of society constitutes challenges and opportunities for humanities research. We welcome you, students and non-students, to join us in this crash course in data practices and digital methods.

This course will acquaint you with (methodological) fundamentals of data practices in the Digital Humanities. These will include data collection, data preparation, data visualisation, critical data and algorithm studies. You will get an introduction to programming and you learn to apply a critical data perspective. Prior skills in data methods are not required. All we ask is a strong willingness to learn. Besides training these skills, you will work in small teams on a hands-on case. To top it off, guest speakers from several fields will share their experiences with data practices.

Data School is an Utrecht University platform for teaching data analysis and digital methods, for the exploration of datafication through (applied) research projects in cooperation with societal partners.

*As our world gets increasingly connected and mediated, input and expertise from the humanities and social science becomes essential to understanding the dynamics, ethics and pragmatics of a datafied society (José van Dijck, 2017).*

### Datafication of culture

Culture is datafied at a terrifying pace. Not only are cultural artefacts digitised, social interaction online is automatically recorded and commodified. Everyday activities, movements, transactions, communications and

Apply for course

€1000

### Specifications

5 Aug. - 9 Aug. 2024

Advanced Bachelor

2 ECTS

Utrecht, The Netherlands

### Course director

Dr. Mirko Tobias Schäfer

### Organising institution

Utrecht University - Faculty of Humanities

# *Questions?*

**Centre for Digital Humanities**

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**Utrecht  
University**

Sharing science,  
*shaping tomorrow*