The lexical structure of Javalette

Identifiers

Identifiers Ident are unquoted strings beginning with a letter, followed by any combination of letters, digits, and the characters $_$ ' reserved words excluded.

Literals

Integer literals *Integer* are nonempty sequences of digits.

Double-precision float literals *Double* have the structure indicated by the regular expression digit+ '.' digit+ ('e' ('-')? digit+)? i.e.\ two sequences of digits separated by a decimal point, optionally followed by an unsigned or negative exponent.

String literals String have the form "x"}, where x is any sequence of any characters except "unless preceded by \.

Reserved words and symbols

The set of reserved words is the set of terminals appearing in the grammar. Those reserved words that consist of non-letter characters are called symbols, and they are treated in a different way from those that are similar to identifiers. The lexer follows rules familiar from languages like Haskell, C, and Java, including longest match and spacing conventions.

The reserved words used in Javalette are the following:

String	boolean	double	else
false	if	int	return
true	void	while	

The symbols used in Javalette are the following:

```
( ) , {
} ; = ++
- - ! &&
+ * /
% < <= >
>= !=
```

Comments

Single-line comments begin with #, //. Multiple-line comments are enclosed with /* and */.

The syntactic structure of Javalette

Non-terminals are enclosed between < and >. The symbols -> (production), |/ (union) and **eps** (empty rule) belong to the BNF notation. All other symbols are terminals.

Program	->	
1 rogram		TopDef
TopDef	->	Type Ident (Arg) Block
TopDef	->	TopDef
	\/	TopDef TopDef
Arg	->	Type Ident
Arg	->	eps
	\ <i>/</i> \ <i>/</i>	$rac{Arg}{Arg}$, $ m Arg$
Block	->	{ Stmt
Stmt	->	} eps
	\/	$Stmt \ Stmt$
Stmt	-> \/ \/	$; \\ Block \\ Type \\ Item \\ ;$

```
Ident = Expr;
                                                      Ident ++ ;
                                                      Ident --;
                                                      return Expr;
                                                      return;
                                                      if ( {\it Expr} ) {\it Stmt}
                                                      if ( Expr ) Stmt else
                                                      Stmt
                           \/
                                                      while ( Expr ) Stmt
                                                      Expr;
                          ->
//
->
Item
                                                      Ident
                                                      Ident = Expr
                                                      Item
Item
                           \/
                                                      Item ,
                                                      Item
Type
                                                      int
                          ->
|/
|/
|/
->
                                                      double
                                                      boolean
                                                      void
                                                      \mathbf{eps}
Type
                                                      Type
                                                      Type,
                                                      Type
Expr6
                                                      Ident
                                                      Integer
                                                      Double
                                                      true
                                                      false
                                                      Ident (
                                                      Expr
                                                      )
                                                      String
                                                      ( Expr )
Expr5
                                                      - Expr6
                                                      ! Expr6
                                                      Expr6
                                                      \it Expr4\ MulOp\ Expr5
Expr4
                                                      Expr5
Expr3
                                                      Expr3 AddOp Expr4
                                                      Expr4
```

Expr2	->	Expr2 RelOp Expr3
Expr1	\/ ->	Expr3 Expr2 && Expr1
Dwp (1	ĺ/	Expr2
Expr	->	$Expr1 \mid \mid Expr$
	\/	Expr1
_	->	eps
Expr		
	\/	Expr
	\ <u>'</u>	Expr,
	17	Expr
4.110		
AddOp	->	+
16.10	\/	_
		4
MulOp	-> \/	* /
MulOp	-> \/ \/	/
	-> \/ \/ ->	
MulOp $RelOp$	\ <i>/</i> \ <i>/</i>	/ %
	\ <i>/</i> \ <i>/</i>	/ % <
	\ <i>/</i> \ <i>/</i>	/ % < <=
	\ <i>/</i> \ <i>/</i>	/ % < <= >>