EXPERIMENT NO. 6

TITLE: Study of Class A Amplifier operation

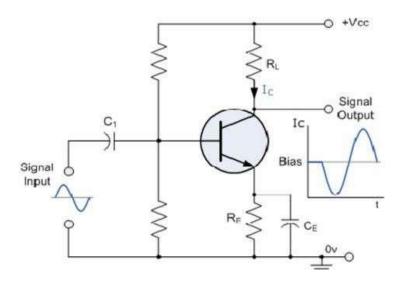
OBJECTIVE: To study the operation of Class A amplifier and determine voltage gain.

APPARATUS:

Sl. No.	Instruments/Apparatus	Instrument Serial No.	Range	Quantity
1	Power Amplifier Trainer Kit	NV6522	-	1
2	2 mm patch cords	-	-	6
3	Oscilloscope	SM430	-	1

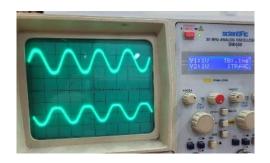
SETUP DIAGRAM:

Circuit Diagram of class A amplifier is shown below:

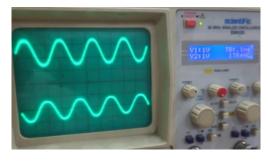


OBSERVATIONS:

1) 2V Input Voltage

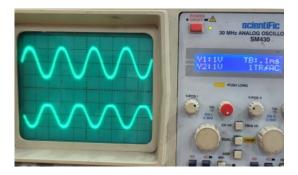


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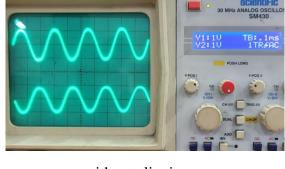
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2) 2.4V Input Volage

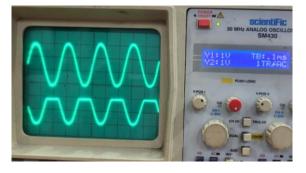


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3) 3.2V Input Voltage

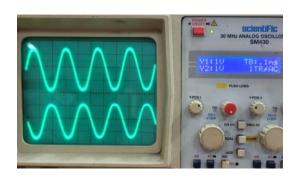


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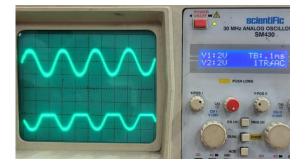


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4) 4V Input Voltage

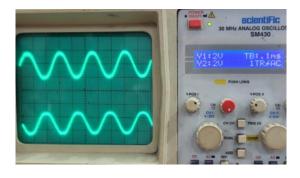


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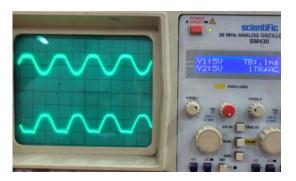


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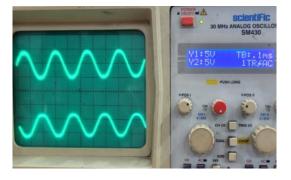
5) 8V Input Voltage



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DATA SHEET:

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Input Voltage	Output Voltage	gain
2	1.47	0.7
2.4V	1.8 V	0.7
3.2 V	2٧	0.625
4 v	2.20	0.55
8 V	6 V	0.75
Scale: Y,=1 Y2=1	v	
$\frac{= 1.4}{2} = 0.7$ $\frac{2}{3.2} = 0.625$		8 = 0.7 2 = 0.55
	Voltage 2V 2.4V 3.2V 4V 8V frequency = Scale: Y,=1	Voltage 2V 1.4V 2.4V 1.8V 3.2V 4V 2.2V 4V 2.2V 4V 5cale: Y,=1V Y2=1V Lations: -1.4 = 0.7 2

RESULTS & COMMENTS:

The voltage gain was found to be close to 0.6 or 60% for most input voltages. The output showed very less distortions unlike class B amplifiers, because of its high linearity. This result is consistent with theoretical predictions. The amplifier also had a very simple design consisting of only one BJT transistor. These characteristics make it excellent for applications where the output signal's quality is to be prioritized.