



# Photogrammetric Computer Vision

Final Exercise

Winter semester 24/25

(Course materials for internal use only!)

**Computer Vision in Engineering – Prof. Dr. Rodehorst**

M.Sc. Mariya Kaisheva

[mariya.kaisheva@uni-weimar.de](mailto:mariya.kaisheva@uni-weimar.de)

# Agenda

## Topics

<b>Assignment 1.</b>	Points and lines in the plane, first steps in MATLAB / Octave
<b>Assignment 2.</b>	Projective transformation (Homography)
<b>Assignment 3.</b>	Camera calibration using direct linear transformation (DLT)
<b>Assignment 4.</b>	Orientation of an image pair
<b>Assignment 5.</b>	Projective and direct Euclidean reconstruction
<b>Assignment 6.</b>	Stereo image matching
<b>Final Project</b>	<b>Essential Matrix Estimation and Non-linear Optimization</b>

# Agenda

	<b>Start date</b>	<b>Deadline</b>
<b>Assignment 1.</b>	<del>21.10.24</del>	<del>03.11.24</del>
<b>Assignment 2.</b>	<del>04.11.24</del>	<del>17.11.24</del>
<b>Assignment 3.</b>	<del>18.11.24</del>	<del>01.12.24</del>
<b>Assignment 4.</b>	<del>02.12.24</del>	<del>15.12.24</del>
<b>Assignment 5.</b>	<del>16.12.24</del>	<del>12.01.25</del>
<b>Assignment 6.</b>	<del>13.01.25</del>	<del>26.01.25</del>
<b>Final Project.</b>	<b>27.01.25</b>	<b>- 23.03.25</b>

# Assignment 6 – sample solution

# Assignment 6: Stereo image matching using *normalized cross-correlation*

horizontal  
scanlines  
=  
epipolar  
lines



**Reference image**  
→ left

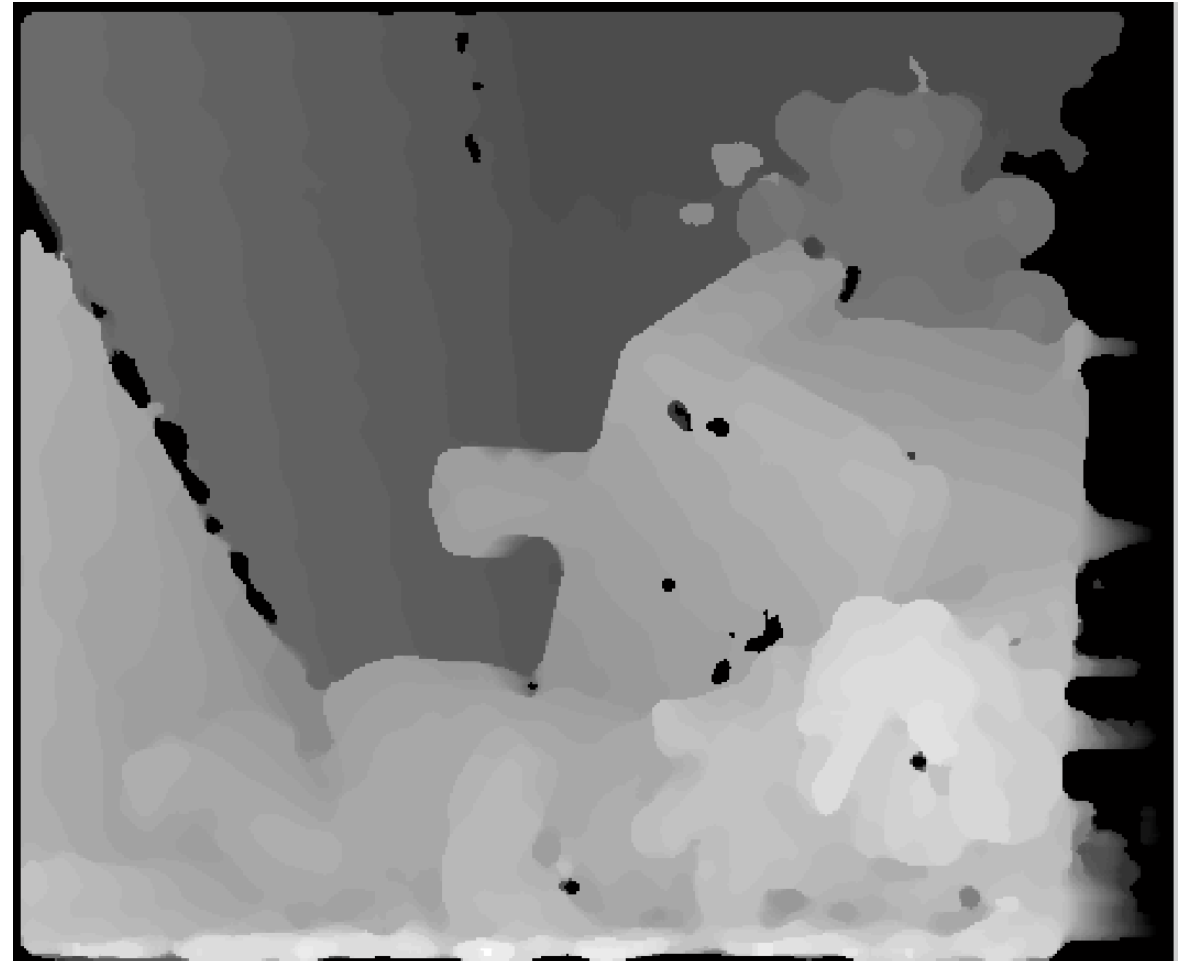
**Search image**  
→ right

$$\begin{aligned}\rho_{NCC}(a,b) &= \frac{\sigma_{ab}}{\sqrt{\sigma_a^2 \cdot \sigma_b^2}} \\ &= \frac{\frac{1}{n^2} \left( \sum_{i,j=1}^n a(i,j) \cdot b(i,j) \right) - \bar{a} \cdot \bar{b}}{\sqrt{\left( \frac{1}{n^2} \left( \sum_{i,j=1}^n a(i,j)^2 \right) - \bar{a}^2 \right) \cdot \left( \frac{1}{n^2} \left( \sum_{i,j=1}^n b(i,j)^2 \right) - \bar{b}^2 \right)}}\end{aligned}$$

# Assignment 6: Sample results



Depth Map



Smoothed Depth Map

## Sample code: Part 1

```
function exercise6
% =====
r = 2;
thres = 0.5;
dmin = 10; dmax = 50;
left = double(imread('left.png'));
right = double(imread('right.png'));
[h, w] = size(left);
D = zeros(h, w);

[lm, lms] = precalc(left, r);
[rm, rms] = precalc(right, r);
...

function [m, ms] = precalc(img, r)
% =====
[h, w] = size(img);
m = zeros(h, w);
ms = zeros(h, w);
for i = 1+r : h-r
    for j = 1+r : w-r
        A = img(i-r : i+r, j-r : j+r);
        m(i, j) = mean2(A);
        ms(i, j) = mean2(A.*A);
    end
end

% Image window radius (1...)
% Threshold for correlation (-1..1)
% Minimum and maximum disparity
% Read stereo normal images

% Left image is the reference
% Initialize disparity map

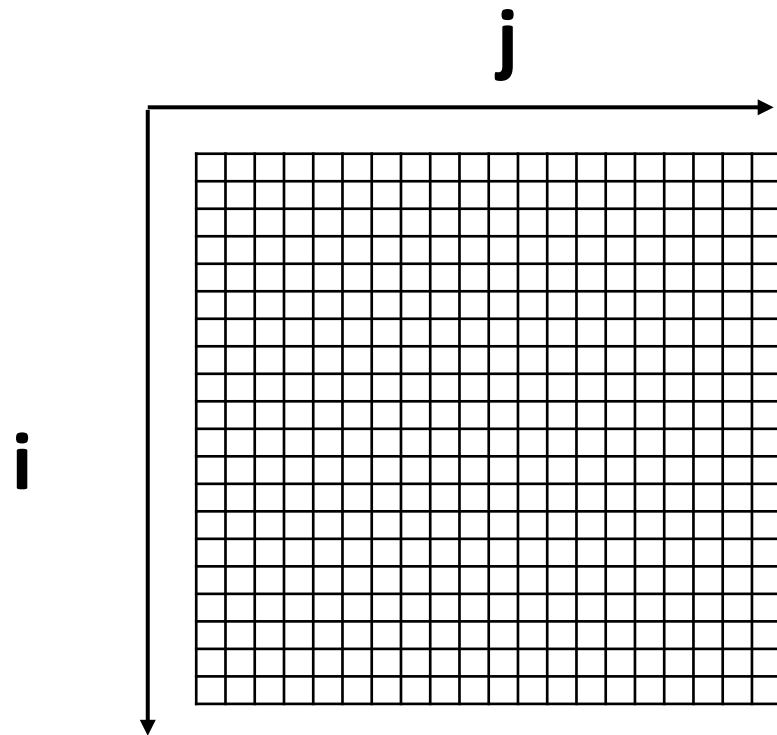
% Pre-calculate the mean and
% the mean of squares

% Acceleration by pre-calculation

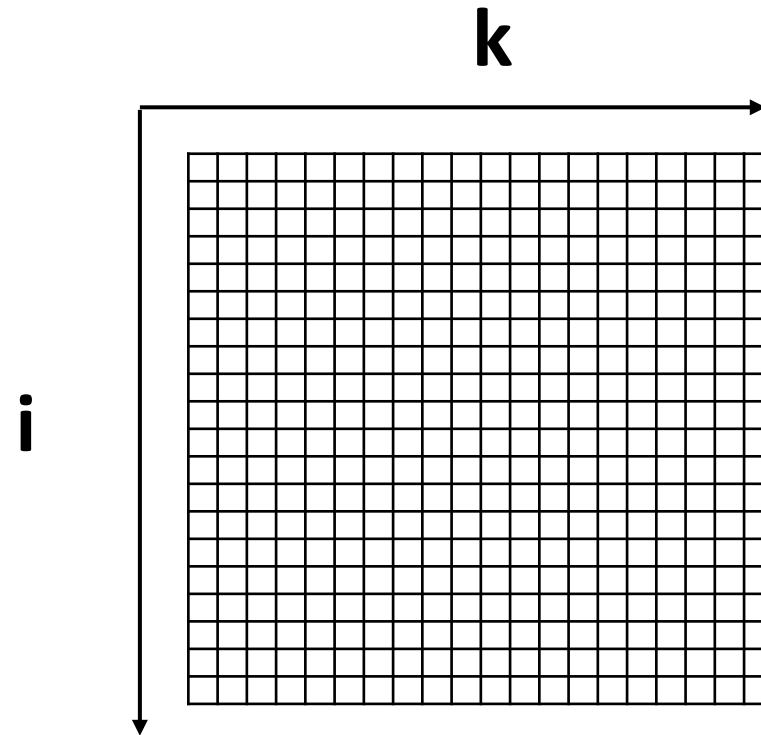
% Image size
% Initialize result matrices

% For each row i and column j
% with a distance r to the border
% Define an image window A
% Mean of A
% Mean of squares
```

# Assignment 6: *Stereo image matching* using ***normalized cross-correlation***



**Reference image**  
→ left



**Search image**  
→ right



## Sample code: Part 2

```
function exercise6
% =====
%...
for i = 1+r : h-r % For each row i and column j of the reference
    for j = 1+r : w-r % image in a distance r from the border
        cmax = thres;
        start = min(j+dmin, w-r); % Crop the search space j+dmin
        stop = min(j+dmax, w-r); % to j+dmax at the right border
        A = left(i-r : i+r, j-r : j+r); % Define reference window A
        vl = lms(i, j) - lm(i, j)^2; % Variance of A
        if vl > 0 % If A contains texture
            for k = start : stop
                B = right(i-r : i+r, k-r : k+r); % Search window B
                vr = rms(i, k) - rm(i, k)^2; % Variance of B
                if vr > 0 % If B contains texture calculate NCC
                    cc = (mean2(A.*B) - lm(i, j) * rm(i, k)) / sqrt(vl * vr);
                    if cc > cmax % Maximize correlation coefficient
                        cmax = cc; % Winner takes all
                        D(i, j) = k - j; % Store column difference
                    end
                end
            end
        end
    end
end
end
figure(2); imshow(D, []); % Show disparities as gray value image
```

## Sample code: Part 2

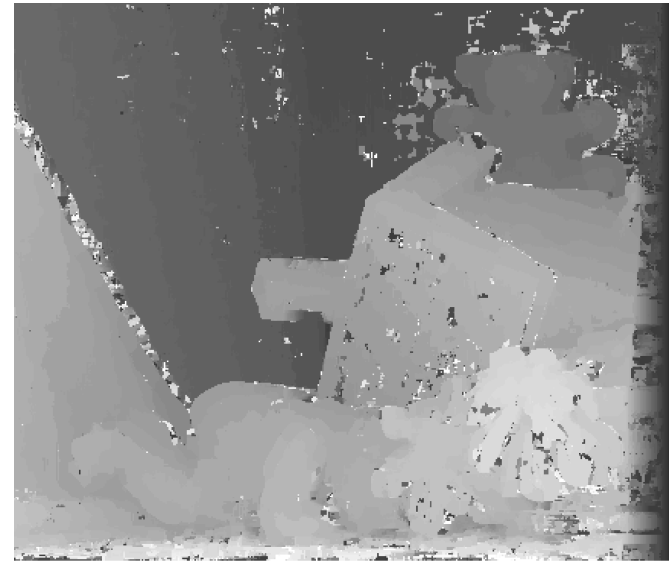
```
function exercise6
% =====
%...
for i = 1+r : h-r % For each row i and column j of the reference
    for j = 1+r : w-r % image in a distance r from the border
        cmax = thres;
        start = min(j+dmin, w-r); % Crop the search space j+dmin
        stop = min(j+dmax, w-r); % to j+dmax at the right border
        A = left(i-r : i+r, j-r : j+r); % Define reference window A
        vl = lms(i, j) - lm(i, j)^2; % Variance of A
        if vl > 0 % If A contains texture
            for k = start : stop
                B = right(i-r : i+r, k-r : k+r); % Search window B
                vr = rms(i, k) - rm(i, k)^2; % Variance of B
                if vr > 0 % If B contains texture calculate NCC
                    cc = (mean2(A.*B) - lm(i, j) * rm(i, k)) / sqrt(vl * vr);
                    if cc > cmax % Maximize correlation coefficient
                        cmax = cc; % Winner takes all
                        D(i, j) = k - j; % Store column difference
                    end
                end
            end
        end
    end
end
end
end
D = medfilt2(D, [9, 9]); % Optional: Median filtering of the result
figure(2); imshow(D, []); % Show disparities as gray value image
```

# Assignment 6: Window size influence

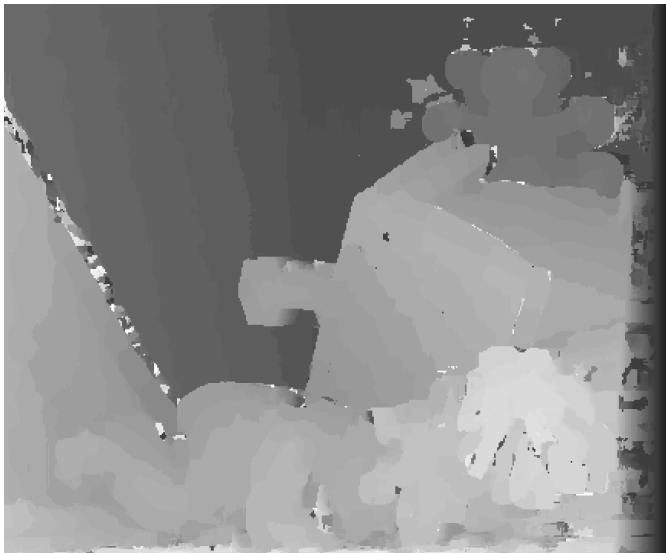
$d_{min} = 12,$   
 $d_{max} = 50$



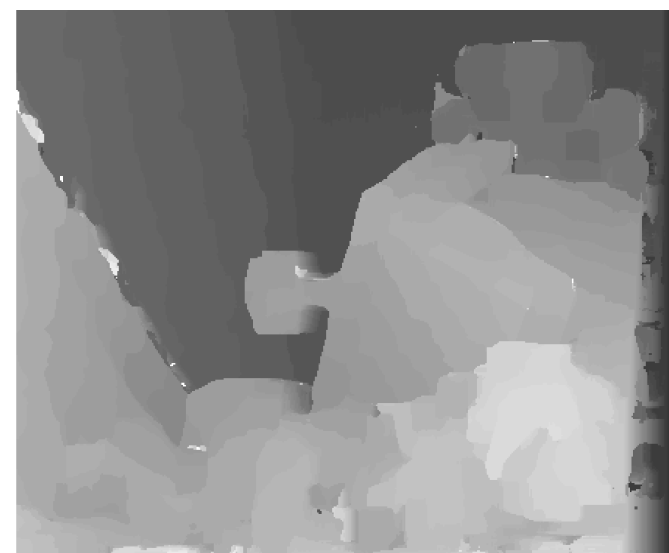
$r = 1$



$r = 3$



$r = 5$



$r = 10$

# Assignment 6: Result for swapped images



# Exam Information

- **Date: 17<sup>th</sup> of February 2025** (Monday)
- **Starting time: 13:30**
- **Place: Maurice-Halbwachs-Auditorium (former Audimax) + Lecture Hall A**
- **Duration: 90 minutes** (plus some additional time for initial instructions)
- **Auxiliary resources: None**
- **Also good to know:**
  - **We will provide you with paper to write on!**
  - **The use of calculators will NOT be allowed!** (You won't be needing such either.)
  - **Bring your student ID (THOSKA)**
- **Preparation material:**
  - **Lecture slides and (old) videos**
  - **List of questions**
  - **Old exam samples**

# Exam Preparation

- Try solving all **old exam samples**
- Revisit old **lecture videos**
- Form **study groups** and:
  - discuss your solutions
  - try formulating new possible exam questions for each other
  - actively explain to each other core topics from the lecture content

All official information about administrative aspects concerning the exam, such as examination date, registration and de-registration for the exam, notification about results, are communicated through the **Bison portal** (<https://bison.uni-weimar.de>).



Questions



ExamSamples

Assignment 6

Lecture 13

Lecture 14

Exam Preparation  
Resources



# Photogrammetric Computer Vision

Final Project

Winter semester 24/25

(Course materials for internal use only!)

**Computer Vision in Engineering – Prof. Dr. Rodehorst**

M.Sc. Mariya Kaisheva

[mariya.kaisheva@uni-weimar.de](mailto:mariya.kaisheva@uni-weimar.de)

# Final Project

- Topic: **Essential Matrix Estimation and Non-linear Optimization**
- Submission deadline: **23.03 2025, 23:00**
- Work in small groups up to 4 people
  - generally study groups should stay the same
  - new groups may be formed only upon explicit request
- Submission
  - upload only via Moodle
  - single submission per group
  - source code + short documentation



# Final Project

- Topic: **Essential Matrix Estimation and Non-linear Optimization**
- Submission deadline: **23.03 2025, 23:00**
- Additional Requirements
  - include full **names** and **student IDs** of all group members in the project documentation
  - **comment** your source code (e. g. all major implementation steps should be indicated)
  - use meaningful variable names
  - aim for **short** (no more than 5 pages) and clear documentation
  - **reference** all used external **sources** (e. g. lecture slides from other universities, reference implementations, etc.)
  - work independently within your own group



# Project Description

## Task 1: Essential Matrix Estimation

- Use the provided image and object points

- a) compute calibration matrices  $K_1$  and  $K_2$
- b) estimation essential matrix  $E$
- c) resolve the fourfold ambiguity
- d) compute and visualize epipolar lines

## Task 2: Non-linear Optimization

- Use the output results from Task 1

- a) compute the geometric error
- b) perform a non-linear optimization
- c) reevaluate the geometric error after performing the optimization step

