Using_PyMySQL

November 25, 2015

In [1]:
```
# Just to know last time this was run:
import time
print time.ctime()
```

```
Mon Nov  9 15:49:00 2015
```

1 J Using PyMySQL to access MySQL databases

This package contains a pure-Python MySQL client library. In this sense, it does not need to have access to mysql header or library, which is the case for the mysqldb package. The goal of PyMySQL is to be a drop-in replacement for MySQLdb and work on CPython, PyPy, IronPython and Jython.

It is installed with "pip install pymysql"

We first import the usual libraries

In [1]:
```
%matplotlib inline
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

This is the import of the library used to connect to MySQl database

In [2]:
```
import pymysql
```

First you need to connect to a database. In our example, we will use the 3MdB database, which needs a password. https://sites.google.com/site/mexicanmillionmodels/

1.0.1 Connect to the database

In [3]:
```
user_password = '***' # ask me for the password :-)
```

In [4]:
```
# We create a connector to the database
connector = pymysql.connect(host='132.248.1.102', port=3306, user='OVN_user', passwd=user_passw
```

1.0.2 Use a cursor to send query and receive results

In [18]:
```
# The cursor is used to send and receive the quesries to the databse
cur = connector.cursor()
```

In [19]:
```
# Send the query to be executed. It returns the number of lines of the result
cur.execute('select * from `lines` limit 15')
```

Out[19]:
```
15
```

In [20]:
```
# get a description of the columns of the query results
cur.description
```

```
Out[20]: ((u'Nl', 8, None, 20, 20, 0, False),
          (u'label', 253, None, 15, 15, 0, True),
          (u'id', 253, None, 20, 20, 0, True),
          (u'lambda', 5, None, 22, 22, 31, True),
          (u'name', 253, None, 40, 40, 0, False),
          (u'used', 3, None, 2, 2, 0, True))
```

```
In [21]: # fech all the resulting data into a variable
         lines = cur.fetchall()
```

```
In [22]: # close the cursor once used
         cur.close()
```

```
In [23]: # the result is in a form of tuple of tuples
         print lines
```

```
((1, 'BAC___3646A', 'Bac ', 3646.0, 'BalmHead', 1), (2, 'COUT__3646A', 'cout', 3646.0, 'OutwardBalmPeak',
```

```
In [24]: # Each element of the first level tuple is a tuple corresponding to a row of the query results
         print len(lines)
         print lines[0]
```

```
15
(1, 'BAC___3646A', 'Bac ', 3646.0, 'BalmHead', 1)
```

1.0.3 Using a cursor that returns a dictionary

```
In [25]: cur_dic = connector.cursor(pymysql.cursors.DictCursor)
```

```
In [26]: cur_dic.execute('select * from `lines` limit 15')
```

```
Out[26]: 15
```

```
In [27]: lines_dic = cur_dic.fetchall()
```

```
In [28]: print lines_dic
```

```
[{u'used': 1, u'Nl': 1, u'name': 'BalmHead', u'label': 'BAC___3646A', u'id': 'Bac ', u'lambda': 3646.0},
```

```
In [29]: # Each element of the table is a dictionary corresponding to a row od the query results
         print lines_dic[0]
```

```
{u'used': 1, u'Nl': 1, u'name': 'BalmHead', u'label': 'BAC___3646A', u'id': 'Bac ', u'lambda': 3646.0}
```

```
In [30]: # One can easily create a new dictionary than hold the data in columns, better for plotting.
         new_dic = {k:np.array([d[k] for d in lines_dic]) for k in lines_dic[0].keys()}
```

```
In [31]: # The names of the columns are the names use in the database
         new_dic['lambda']
```

```
Out[31]: array([  3.64600000e+03,   3.64600000e+03,   3.64600000e+03,
                  4.86100000e+03,   4.86100000e+03,   6.56300000e+03,
                  4.34000000e+03,   4.10200000e+03,   3.97000000e+03,
                  3.83500000e+03,   1.21600000e+03,   4.05100000e+00,
                  2.62500000e+00,   7.45800000e+00,   5.87600000e+03])
```

```
In [32]: # One can also transform the results into a numpy recarray.
         # First step: create a table from the dictionnary
         lines_tab = [e.values() for e in lines_dic]
         lines_tab
```

```
Out[32]: [[1, 1, 'BalmHead', 'BAC___3646A', 'Bac ', 3646.0],
          [1, 2, 'OutwardBalmPeak', 'COUT__3646A', 'cout', 3646.0],
          [1, 3, 'ReflectedBalmPeak', 'CREF__3646A', 'cref', 3646.0],
          [1, 4, 'H I 4861', 'H__1__4861A', 'H  1', 4861.0],
          [1, 5, 'H I 4861', 'TOTL__4861A', 'TOTL', 4861.0],
          [1, 6, 'H I 6563', 'H__1__6563A', 'H  1', 6563.0],
          [1, 7, 'H I 4340', 'H__1__4340A', 'H  1', 4340.0],
          [1, 8, 'H I 4102', 'H__1__4102A', 'H  1', 4102.0],
          [1, 9, 'H I 3970', 'H__1__3970A', 'H  1', 3970.0],
          [1, 10, 'H I 3835', 'H__1__3835A', 'H  1', 3835.0],
          [1, 11, 'H I 1216', 'H__1__1216A', 'H  1', 1216.0],
          [1, 12, 'H I 4.051m', 'H__1_4051M', 'H  1', 4.051],
          [1, 13, 'H I 2.625m', 'H__1_2625M', 'H  1', 2.625],
          [1, 14, 'H I 7.458m', 'H__1_7458M', 'H  1', 7.458],
          [1, 15, 'He I 5876', 'HE_1__5876A', 'He 1', 5876.0]]
```

```
In [33]: # Second step: transform the table into a numpy recarray, using the names from the dictionnary
         res = np.rec.fromrecords(lines_tab, names = lines_dic[0].keys())
```

```
In [34]: res
```

```
Out[34]: rec.array([(1, 1, 'BalmHead', 'BAC___3646A', 'Bac ', 3646.0),
                (1, 2, 'OutwardBalmPeak', 'COUT__3646A', 'cout', 3646.0),
                (1, 3, 'ReflectedBalmPeak', 'CREF__3646A', 'cref', 3646.0),
                (1, 4, 'H I 4861', 'H__1__4861A', 'H  1', 4861.0),
                (1, 5, 'H I 4861', 'TOTL__4861A', 'TOTL', 4861.0),
                (1, 6, 'H I 6563', 'H__1__6563A', 'H  1', 6563.0),
                (1, 7, 'H I 4340', 'H__1__4340A', 'H  1', 4340.0),
                (1, 8, 'H I 4102', 'H__1__4102A', 'H  1', 4102.0),
                (1, 9, 'H I 3970', 'H__1__3970A', 'H  1', 3970.0),
                (1, 10, 'H I 3835', 'H__1__3835A', 'H  1', 3835.0),
                (1, 11, 'H I 1216', 'H__1__1216A', 'H  1', 1216.0),
                (1, 12, 'H I 4.051m', 'H__1_4051M', 'H  1', 4.051),
                (1, 13, 'H I 2.625m', 'H__1_2625M', 'H  1', 2.625),
                (1, 14, 'H I 7.458m', 'H__1_7458M', 'H  1', 7.458),
                (1, 15, 'He I 5876', 'HE_1__5876A', 'He 1', 5876.0)],
               dtype=[(u'used', '<i8'), (u'Nl', '<i8'), (u'name', 'S17'), (u'label', 'S11'), (u'id', 'S4
```

```
In [35]: res['lambda']
```

```
Out[35]: array([  3.64600000e+03,   3.64600000e+03,   3.64600000e+03,
                  4.86100000e+03,   4.86100000e+03,   6.56300000e+03,
                  4.34000000e+03,   4.10200000e+03,   3.97000000e+03,
                  3.83500000e+03,   1.21600000e+03,   4.05100000e+00,
                  2.62500000e+00,   7.45800000e+00,   5.87600000e+03])
```

1.0.4 Example of plotting the result of a query

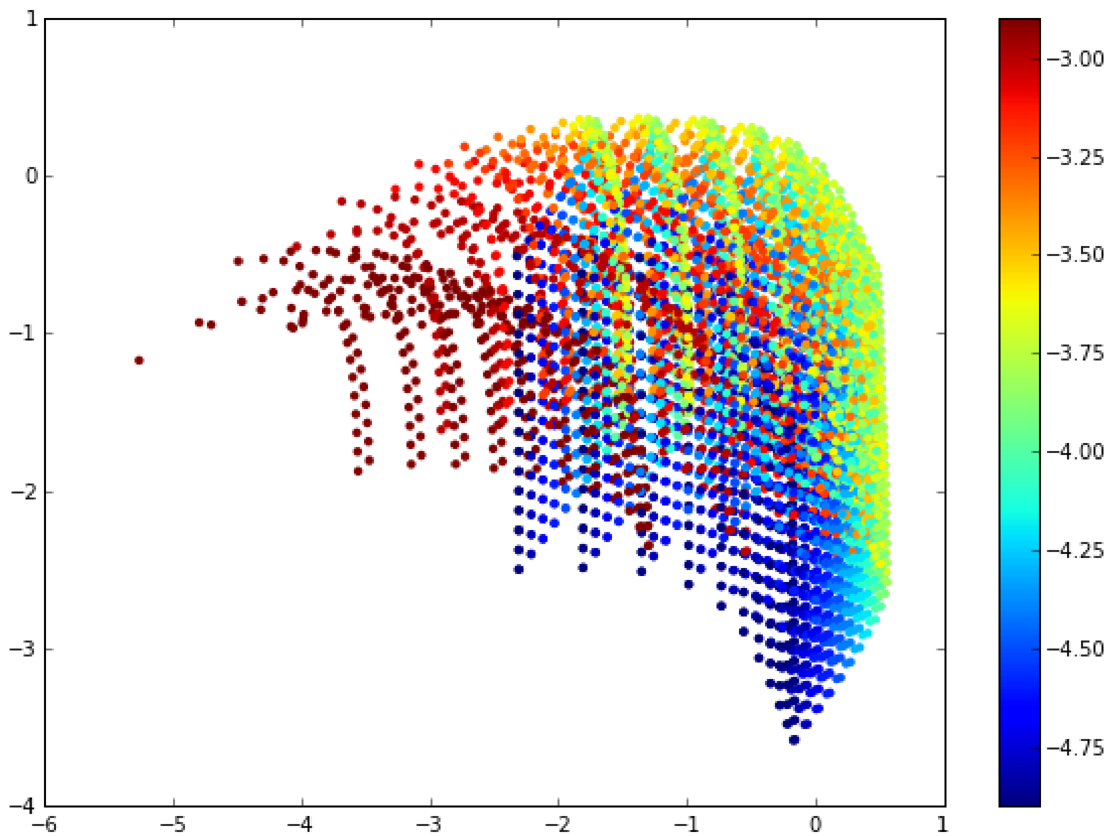
```
In [36]: # Send the query
         N = cur_dic.execute('select O__3__5007A, N__2__6584A, H__1__6563A, oxygen from tab where ref =
```

```
In [25]: print N
```

```
7854
```

```
In [37]: # obtain the results as a dictionnary
         res = cur_dic.fetchall()
```

```
In [38]: # transform the disctionary into a recarray
         data = np.rec.fromrecords([e.values() for e in res], names = res[0].keys())

In [39]: # check the data
         data

Out[39]: rec.array([(1.13306243836e+58, 8.465943086e+58, -3.1, 3.15741653467e+58),
                (3.42011987292e+59, 3.82678097448e+59, -4.7, 1.96658128904e+58),
                (1.9919317079e+55, 2.95364632532e+58, -2.9, 8.79993595982e+57), ...,
                (1.75269190656e+60, 5.79356475056e+59, -3.7, 5.08981089096e+58),
                (1.37202884837e+60, 5.15976659165e+59, -4.1, 3.20261785304e+57),
                (1.52244147812e+60, 5.27404255136e+59, -4.0, 3.89222406128e+58)],
               dtype=[(u'O__3__5007A', '<f8'), (u'H__1__6563A', '<f8'), (u'oxygen', '<f8'), (u'N__2__6584A'

In [40]: data['O__3__5007A']

Out[40]: array([  1.13306244e+58,   3.42011987e+59,   1.99193171e+55, ...,
                  1.75269191e+60,   1.37202885e+60,   1.52244148e+60])

In [42]: # Plot the results, using a column as color code
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,7))
         scat = ax.scatter(np.log10(data['O__3__5007A'] / data['H__1__6563A']), np.log10(data['N__2__65
                     c=data['oxygen'], edgecolor='none')
         fig.colorbar(scat)

Out[42]: <matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar instance at 0x108b6f4d0>
```



```
In [43]: # Disconnect cursor and connector
         cur_dic.close()
         connector.close()
```

1.0.5 Easier way using pyCloudy library

```
In [44]: # Import pyCloudy
         import pyCloudy as pc
         # pyCloudy version must be > 0.8.43
         print pc.__version__
```

```
0.8.57b
```

```
In [45]: pc.config.db_connector = 'PyMySQL'
         # Define the parameters of the connection in a dictionnary
         OVN_dic= {'host' : '132.248.1.102',
                   'user_name' : 'OVN_user',
                   'user_passwd' : '***',
                   'base_name' : '3MdB'}
         # Instantiate an object that will deal with the database connections and queries
         db = pc.MdB(OVN_dic)
```

```
In [46]: res, N = db.exec_dB('select ref, count(*) from tab group by ref')
         print res
         print N
```

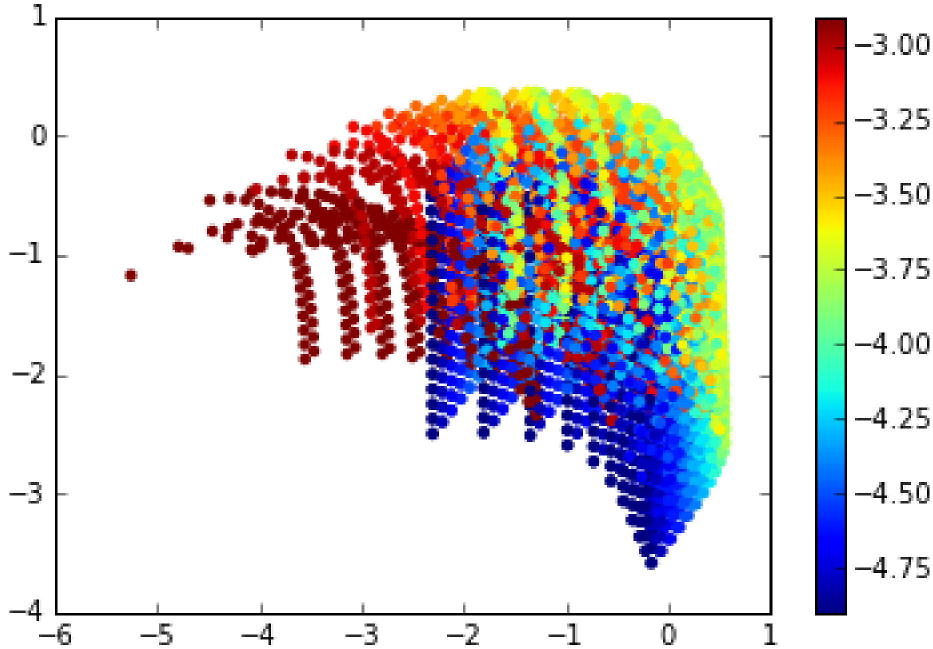
```
[{u'count(*)': 85800, u'ref': 'CALIFA'}, {u'count(*)': 20793, u'ref': 'CALIFA_ah'}, {u'count(*)': 41327,
6
```

```
In [47]: # Obtain the result of a select command directly as a recarray
         data, N = db.select_dB(select_='O__3__5007A, N__2__6584A, H__1__6563A, oxygen', from_='tab', wh
                    limit_=None, format_='rec')
```

```
In [48]: # Check the data
         data
```

```
Out[48]: rec.array([(1.13306243836e+58, 8.465943086e+58, -3.1, 3.15741653467e+58),
                (3.42011987292e+59, 3.82678097448e+59, -4.7, 1.96658128904e+58),
                (1.9919317079e+55, 2.95364632532e+58, -2.9, 8.79993595982e+57), ...,
                (1.75269190656e+60, 5.79356475056e+59, -3.7, 5.08981089096e+58),
                (1.37202884837e+60, 5.15976659165e+59, -4.1, 3.20261785304e+57),
                (1.52244147812e+60, 5.27404255136e+59, -4.0, 3.89222406128e+58)],
               dtype=[(u'O__3__5007A', '<f8'), (u'H__1__6563A', '<f8'), (u'oxygen', '<f8'), (u'N__2__6584A'
```

```
In [47]: # Make the same plot
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         scat = ax.scatter(np.log10(data['O__3__5007A'] / data['H__1__6563A']), np.log10(data['N__2__658
                   c=data['oxygen'], edgecolor='none')
         cb = fig.colorbar(scat)
```



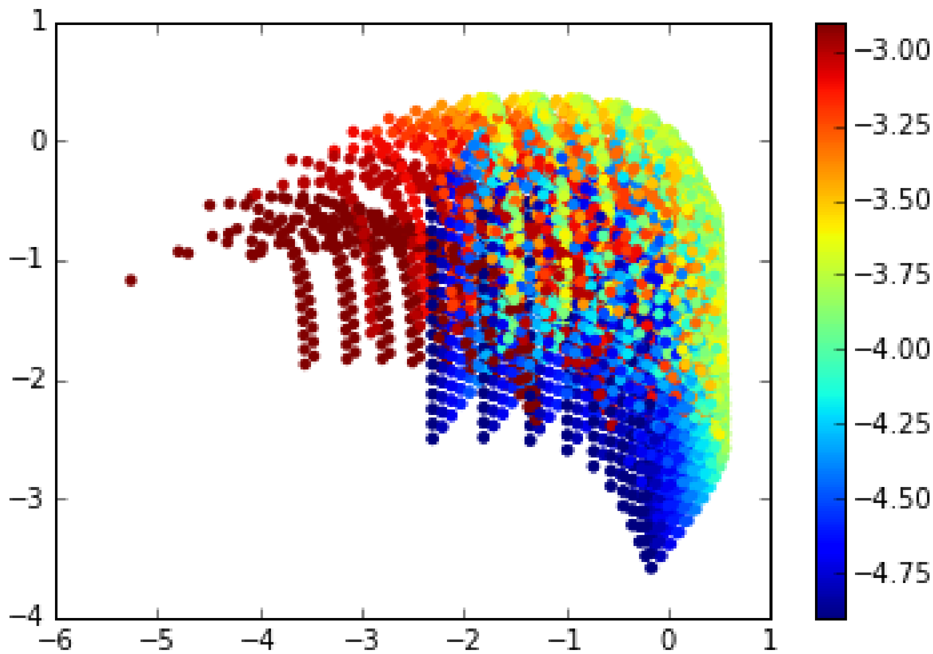

```
In [51]: # The same, using pandas to store the results.
         # needs to have pandas installed : pip install --no-deps pandas
         data, N = db.select_dB(select_='O__3__5007A, N__2__6584A, H__1__6563A, oxygen', from_='tab', wh
                                limit_=None, format_='pandas')

In [54]: print type(data)
         data

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
```

Out[54]:

	O__3__5007A	N__2__6584A	H__1__6563A	oxygen
0	1.133062e+58	3.157417e+58	8.465943e+58	-3.1
1	3.420120e+59	1.966581e+58	3.826781e+59	-4.7
2	1.991932e+55	8.799936e+57	2.953646e+58	-2.9
3	1.094455e+59	1.517612e+57	7.586338e+58	-3.9
4	1.300403e+56	9.594305e+56	1.593603e+58	-3.0
5	4.547320e+59	6.234337e+56	2.780188e+59	-4.3
6	3.482729e+59	4.703550e+56	3.828982e+59	-4.7
7	4.364881e+58	1.791885e+58	7.633109e+58	-4.5
8	7.768910e+58	6.520140e+57	1.388706e+59	-3.2
9	6.521827e+59	3.655320e+58	2.850901e+59	-4.0
10	5.827025e+58	2.315942e+57	7.668195e+58	-4.4
11	9.819971e+58	3.263721e+58	1.369624e+59	-3.3
12	1.216272e+58	1.322807e+58	4.584762e+58	-4.7
13	4.319418e+59	2.171798e+56	4.962521e+59	-4.8
14	8.732360e+59	6.007494e+58	7.277213e+59	-3.2
15	1.948541e+59	9.667164e+57	1.312013e+59	-3.5
16	1.218185e+59	3.149880e+57	5.708760e+59	-3.0
17	1.943526e+58	3.791206e+57	4.586533e+58	-4.5
18	4.011769e+55	3.750527e+57	4.869870e+57	-3.3

```
19    1.677233e+59  2.198075e+57  1.232347e+59    -4.2
20    7.564738e+59  3.233375e+57  3.091887e+59    -3.6
21    8.823437e+57  2.065070e+56  4.700258e+58    -4.9
22    3.226162e+57  4.962798e+58  8.706764e+58    -3.1
23    2.365680e+55  1.141878e+57  4.890240e+57    -4.9
24    8.174137e+59  1.582741e+57  3.000036e+59    -3.7
25    1.150354e+60  1.139883e+59  4.314785e+59    -3.7
26    2.211890e+56  5.419716e+57  5.111543e+58    -2.9
27    7.803436e+59  1.548125e+58  3.012500e+59    -3.7
28    5.340369e+58  1.015961e+58  1.260066e+59    -4.8
29    1.435415e+56  3.100620e+58  1.592877e+59    -2.9
...            ...           ...           ...     ...
7824  1.972405e+60  8.609873e+57  5.901718e+59    -3.6
7825  4.310580e+57  1.923966e+56  2.697913e+58    -4.7
7826  1.008846e+59  2.983662e+57  7.566729e+58    -4.0
7827  4.018091e+59  9.599803e+58  7.998521e+59    -3.1
7828  9.895354e+57  1.213889e+59  6.651922e+59    -3.0
7829  8.789083e+59  6.046069e+56  3.819032e+59    -4.2
7830  2.937330e+57  2.126139e+57  1.492873e+59    -2.9
7831  9.264124e+58  2.688380e+57  7.855083e+58    -3.5
7832  2.407456e+58  2.687464e+56  4.575668e+58    -4.4
7833  8.588467e+58  7.640683e+58  7.745671e+58    -3.7
7834  1.322239e+55  9.198548e+57  2.967463e+58    -2.9
7835  2.374835e+57  1.561329e+58  1.500132e+58    -3.5
7836  2.630657e+59  5.677059e+57  2.792541e+59    -4.6
7837  8.598621e+59  9.858896e+58  4.227971e+59    -3.9
7838  1.459214e+59  4.216686e+57  1.234976e+59    -4.3
7839  2.409456e+55  6.488206e+56  4.905731e+57    -4.9
7840  2.478336e+59  2.729407e+57  1.253125e+59    -3.8
7841  3.159983e+58  1.275284e+58  8.214903e+58    -3.2
7842  9.530954e+57  1.277263e+58  2.599781e+58    -4.2
7843  9.218411e+58  3.574314e+57  7.856340e+58    -3.5
7844  3.804036e+59  2.093539e+58  2.776236e+59    -4.4
7845  5.177660e+56  2.514500e+58  1.553671e+58    -3.3
7846  1.956973e+58  2.850425e+57  4.590933e+58    -4.5
7847  8.346006e+55  1.451319e+57  4.784272e+57    -3.4
7848  6.879302e+59  3.689720e+57  3.181142e+59    -3.5
7849  3.386232e+59  8.655237e+58  3.477404e+59    -3.3
7850  5.123895e+56  1.386879e+58  8.461529e+57    -3.6
7851  1.752692e+60  5.089811e+58  5.793565e+59    -3.7
7852  1.372029e+60  3.202618e+57  5.159767e+59    -4.1
7853  1.522441e+60  3.892224e+58  5.274043e+59    -4.0

[7854 rows x 4 columns]
```

In [50]:
```python
# Make the same plot
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
scat = ax.scatter(np.log10(data['O__3__5007A'] / data['H__1__6563A']), np.log10(data['N__2__65
            c=data['oxygen'], edgecolor='none')
cb = fig.colorbar(scat)
```




```
In [43]: db.close_dB()
```

1.0.6 Using pyCloudy to save the result in a file

```
In [56]: from pyCloudy.db.MdB import MdB_subproc
```

```
In [57]: db = MdB_subproc(OVN_dic)
```

```
In [65]: # The queries used here are send by calling the linux mysql and sending the output to a file.
         # Notice the outfile.
         db.select_dB(select_='O__3__5007A, N__2__6584A, H__1__6563A, oxygen', from_='tab', where_='ref
                              limit_=None, outfile='query_res.dat')
         db.close_dB()
```

```
In [55]: # The outfile contains the result of the query
         !head query_res.dat
```

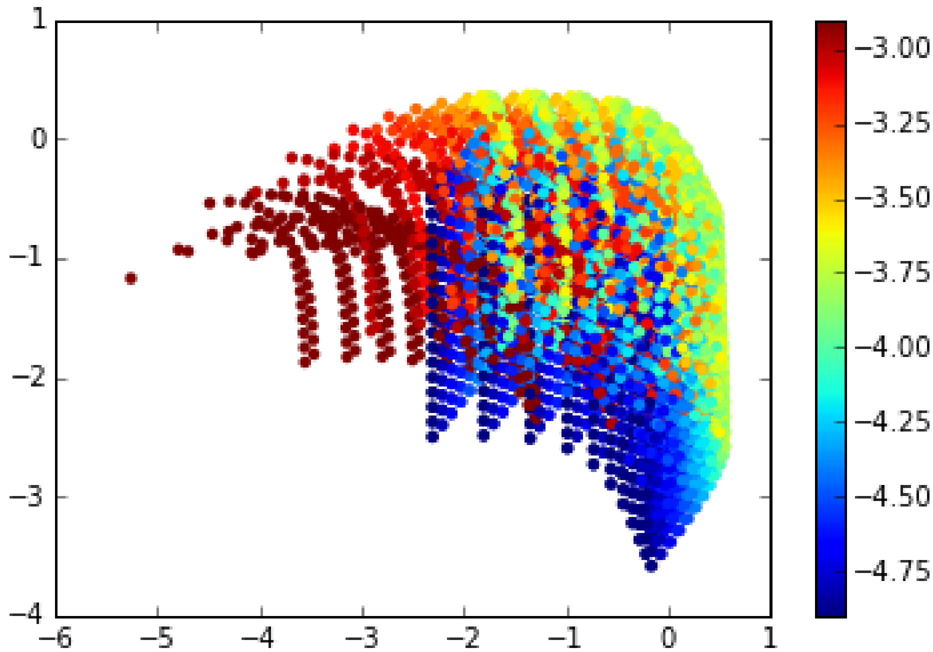
```
O__3__5007A        N__2__6584A        H__1__6563A        oxygen
1.13306243836e58        3.15741653467e58        8.465943086e58        -3.1
3.42011987292e59        1.96658128904e58        3.82678097448e59        -4.7
1.9919317079e55        8.79993595982e57        2.95364632532e58        -2.9
1.09445528168e59        1.51761218935e57        7.58633813601e58        -3.9
1.3004028118e56        9.59430498831e56        1.59360285671e58        -3
4.54731969943e59        6.23433665474e56        2.780187567e59        -4.3
3.48272851916e59        4.70354986736e56        3.82898210273e59        -4.7
4.36488135054e58        1.79188530745e58        7.63310885003e58        -4.5
7.76890989905e58        6.52013985859e57        1.38870636951e59        -3.2
```

```
In [62]: data = np.genfromtxt('query_res.dat', names=True, dtype=None)
```

```
In [63]: data
```

Out[63]:
```
array([(1.13306243836e+58, 3.15741653467e+58, 8.465943086e+58, -3.1),
       (3.42011987292e+59, 1.96658128904e+58, 3.82678097448e+59, -4.7),
       (1.9919317079e+55, 8.79993595982e+57, 2.95364632532e+58, -2.9), ...,
       (1.75269190656e+60, 5.08981089096e+58, 5.79356475056e+59, -3.7),
       (1.37202884837e+60, 3.20261785304e+57, 5.15976659165e+59, -4.1),
       (1.52244147812e+60, 3.89222406128e+58, 5.27404255136e+59, -4.0)],
      dtype=[('O__3__5007A', '<f8'), ('N__2__6584A', '<f8'), ('H__1__6563A', '<f8'), ('oxygen', '<
```

In [64]:
```
# Make the same plot
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
scat = ax.scatter(np.log10(data['O__3__5007A'] / data['H__1__6563A']), np.log10(data['N__2__658
            c=data['oxygen'], edgecolor='none')
cb = fig.colorbar(scat)
```



In []: