7 questions

1 point

1

Introduction and Learning Outcomes

The goal of this assignment is to practice with big-O notation.

Recall that we write f(n)=O(g(n)) to express the fact that f(n) grows no faster than g(n): there exist constants N and c>0 so that for all $n\geq N$, $f(n)\leq c\cdot g(n)$.

Is it true that $\log_2 n = O(n^2)$?

- Yes
- O No

1 point

 $2. \\ n\log_2 n = O(n)$

- O Yes
- O No

3. $n^2 = O(n^3)$

O Yes

No

1 point

 $n = O(\sqrt{n})$

O Yes

No

1 point

5. $5^{\log_2 n} = O(n^2)$

O Yes

No

1 point

6. $n^5 = O(2^{3\log_2 n})$

Yes

No

1 point

7. $2^n = O(2^{n+1})$

O Yes

O No

Upgrade to submit

