

# Integral - Impropias $\rightarrow$ Límite Infinito

Byte Planet

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$$

\* Cuando ambos extremos de integración son infinito.

$$\bullet \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_a^0 f(x) dx + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b f(x) dx$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \int_a^0 \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx + \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^b \frac{1}{1+x^2} dx$$

$$= \lim_{a \rightarrow -\infty} \left[ \arctan\left(\frac{x}{1}\right) \right]_a^0 \quad * \int \frac{1}{a^2 + u^2} du = \frac{1}{a} \arctan\left(\frac{u}{a}\right) + c$$

$$+ \lim_{b \rightarrow \infty} \left[ \arctan\left(\frac{x}{1}\right) \right]_0^b$$

$$= [\arctan(x)]_{-\infty}^0 + [\arctan(x)]_0^{\infty}$$

$$= [\arctan(0) - \arctan(-\infty)] + [\arctan(\infty) - \arctan(0)]$$

$$= [0 - (-\frac{\pi}{2})] + [\frac{\pi}{2} - 0]$$

$$= +\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{2} = \pi$$

