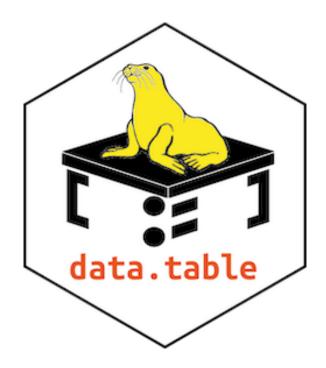
# Procesamiento de microdatos en lenguaje R

Una introducción al uso en demografía

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### Introducción ¿Qué es data.table?

- · Es un paquete de R para trabajar con datos tabulares -Un paquete es una colección de funciones y conjuntos de datos desarrollados por la comunidad-.
- · Es popular por su velocidad de ejecución para grandes bases de datos.
- · La sintaxis de programación es más concisa que tidyverse.



### Introducción ¿Qué es tidyverse?

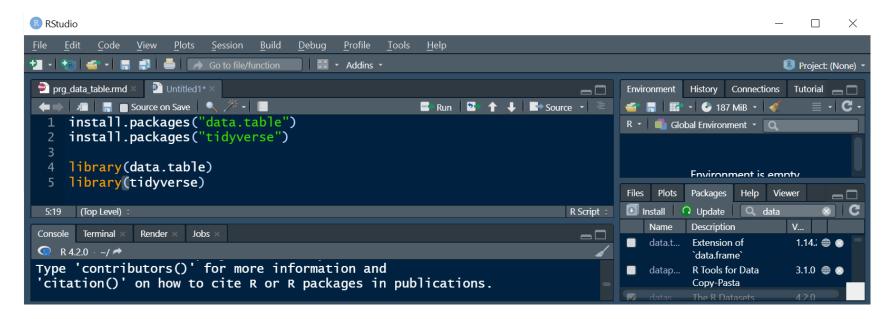
- · Es una colección de paquetes de R diseñados para data science.
- Incluye los paquetes ggplot2 (gráficos), dplyr (procesamiento), tidyr (reestructuración de bases), readr (lectura de bases), purrr (programación funcional), tibble (data.frames optimizados), stringr (cadenas de caracteres), forcats (datos categoricos).



### Instalación y carga de paquetes

```
# install.packages("data.table")
# install.packages("tidyverse")

library(data.table)
library(tidyverse)
```



### Importación de datos desde un formato csv

Se debe configurar la dirección de la carpeta y en ella debe estar el archivo de trabajo.

```
setwd("D:/santo tomas/clase sem 3 datatable")
bd <- fread('pob sex eds mun anio.csv')</pre>
glimpse(bd)
## Rows: 506,568
## Columns: 6
## $ anio
                                                           <int> 2005, 2005, 2005, 2005, 2005, 2005, 2005, 2005, 2005, 2005, 2005
## $ cod area <int> 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001, 5001
                                                           <chr> "Medellín", "Medellín", "Medellín", "Medellín", "Medellín", "...
## $ area
## $ edad
                                                           <int> 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17,...
## $ h
                                                           <int> 18797, 16265, 16480, 16765, 17203, 18174, 18465, 18016, 18806...
## $ m
                                                           <int> 17809, 15711, 15798, 15948, 16728, 17312, 17516, 17615, 18453...
```

# División político administrativa de Colombia en formato excel

Se puede descargar en un archivo formato excel de la siguiente dirección web: https://geoportal.dane.gov.co/geovisores/territorio/consulta-divipola-division-politico-administrativa-de-colombia/



### Importación de un archivo de excel

```
dpola <- readxl::read excel('DIVIPOLA Municipios.xlsx')</pre>
head(dpola)
## # A tibble: 6 × 7
     `Codificación de la División Político Ad...` ...2 ...3 ...4 ...5 ...6 ...7
     <chr>>
                                                    <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>
##
                                                    <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA>
## 1 <NA>
## 2 Municipios
                                                    <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA>
                                                    <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA> <NA>
## 3 <NA>
                                                    <NA> Muni... <NA> "Tip... <NA> <NA>
## 4 Departamento
## 5 Código
                                                    Nomb... Códi... Nomb... <NA> LATI... LONG...
                                                    ANTI... 05001 MEDE... "Mun... 6.25... -75....
## 6 05
```

Al ver el contenido del archivo se ve que se trata de datos no estructurados.

### Lectura mejorada desde excel

Las opciones nos permiten configurar que se importe solo desde una cierta fila - skip- y un número determinado de filas -n\_max-.

```
dpolab <- readxl::read_excel('DIVIPOLA_Municipios.xlsx', skip = 10, n_max = 1121)
glimpse(dpolab)

## Rows: 1,121
## Columns: 7
## $ Código...1 <chr> "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "05", "
```

### Filtrado de subconjuntos de filas

Se debe reemplazar 52001 por el código DIVIPOLA de su municipio de interés. El código 52001 corresponde a Pasto.

### Filtrado de subconjuntos de filas 2

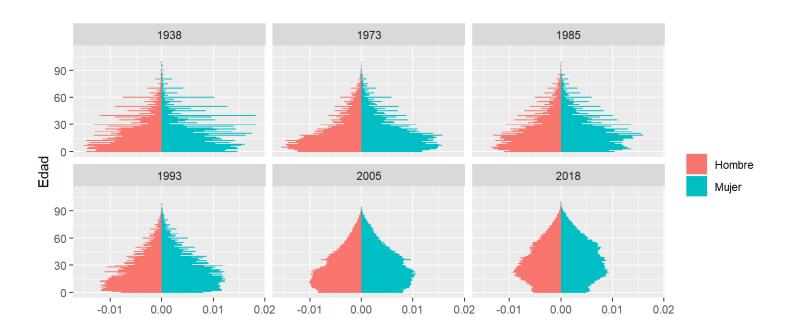
Por ejemplo el código 52835 corresponde a Tumaco.

### Cálculos de indicadores para pirámides

```
bdsb <- bds %>%
       .[, total := sum(h, na.rm = TRUE) + sum(m, na.rm = TRUE), keyby = .(anio)] %>%
      .[, `:=`(pct h = h / total, pct m = m / total ) ]
glimpse(bds)
## Rows: 607
## Columns: 9
## $ anio
                                            <int> 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1...
## $ cod area <int> 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001...
                                           <chr> "Pasto", "Pasto", "Pasto", "Pasto", "Pasto", "Pasto"...
## $ area
## $ edad
                                           <int> 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17,...
## $ h
                                            <int> 726, 634, 625, 716, 717, 706, 642, 750, 715, 494, 696, 453, 7...
## $ m
                                            <int> 728, 606, 623, 731, 734, 715, 664, 767, 796, 517, 657, 419, 7...
## $ total <int> 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644,
## $ pct h <dbl> 0.014624124, 0.012770929, 0.012589638, 0.014422690, 0.0144428...
## $ pct m
                                        <dbl> 0.014664411, 0.012206913, 0.012549351, 0.014724841, 0.0147852...
```

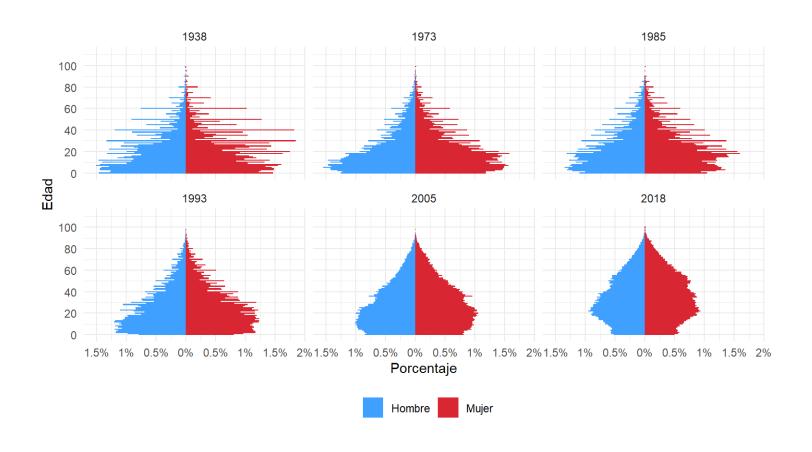
### Pirámides poblacionales con ggplot - básica

```
ggplot(bdsb) + facet_wrap(~anio) +
  geom_bar( aes(edad, -pct_h, fill = 'Hombre'), stat = 'identity', width = 1 ) +
  geom_bar( aes(edad, pct_m, fill = 'Mujer'), stat = 'identity', width = 1 ) +
  coord_flip() + scale_fill_discrete(name = NULL) + xlab('Edad') + ylab('')
```



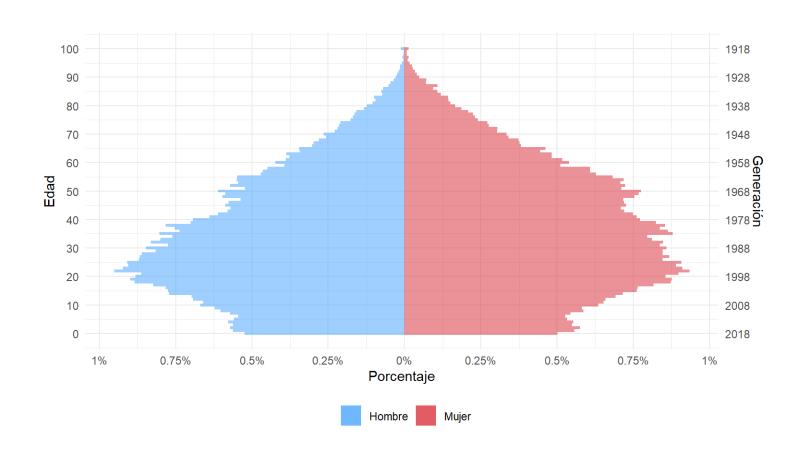
### Pirámides poblacionales con ggplot - código

# Pirámides poblacionales con ggplot - gráfica



### Una pirámide con doble eje - código

# Una pirámide con doble eje - gráfico

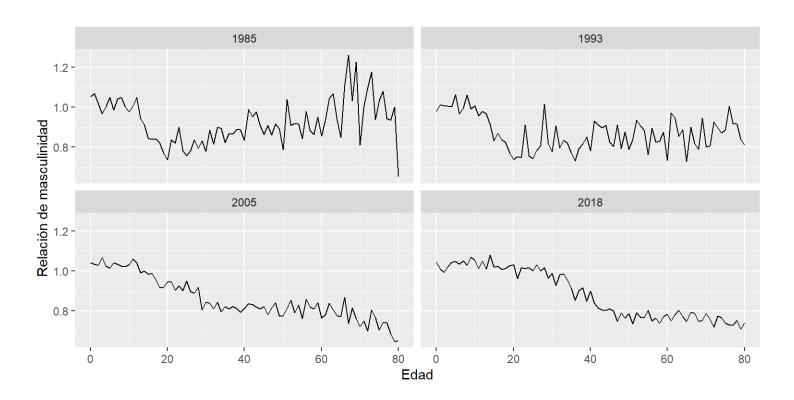


### Relaciones de masculinidad por edad - cálculo

```
bdsc \leftarrow bdsb[, rm := h / m]
glimpse(bdsc)
## Rows: 607
## Columns: 10
                                              <int> 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1
## $ anio
## $ cod area <int> 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001, 52001...
## $ area
                                              <chr> "Pasto", "Pasto", "Pasto", "Pasto", "Pasto", "Pasto"...
## $ edad
                                              <int> 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17,...
                                              <int> 726, 634, 625, 716, 717, 706, 642, 750, 715, 494, 696, 453, 7...
## $ h
## $ m
                                              <int> 728, 606, 623, 731, 734, 715, 664, 767, 796, 517, 657, 419, 7...
                                          <int> 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644, 49644...
## $ total
## $ pct h
                                          <dbl> 0.014624124, 0.012770929, 0.012589638, 0.014422690, 0.0144428...
## $ pct m
                                              <dbl> 0.014664411, 0.012206913, 0.012549351, 0.014724841, 0.0147852...
## $ rm
                                              <dbl> 0.9972527, 1.0462046, 1.0032103, 0.9794802, 0.9768392, 0.9874...
```

### Relaciones de masculinidad por edad - gráfica

```
ggplot(bdsc[edad %in% 0:80 & anio %in% 1985:2018]) +
  geom_line(aes(edad,rm)) + facet_wrap(~anio) +
  ylab('Relación de masculinidad') + xlab('Edad')
```

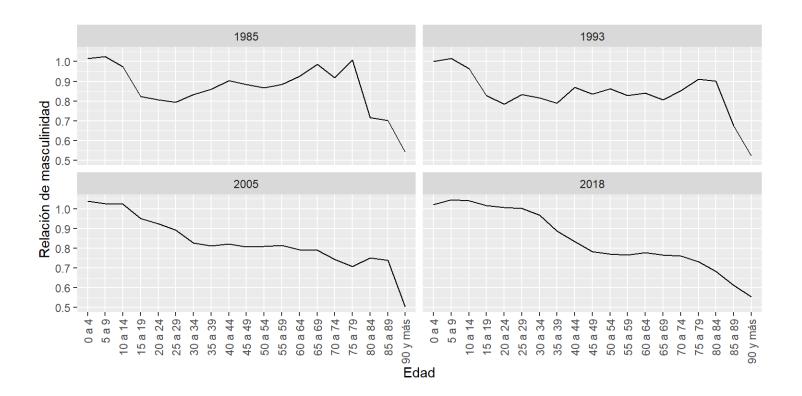


# Relaciones de masculinidad por grupos de edad - cálculo

# Relaciones de masculinidad por grupos de edad - resultados

### Relaciones de masculinidad por grupos de edad

```
ggplot(bdscgre[anio %in% 1985:2018]) + geom_line(aes(Edadgr5,rm, group = 1)) +
facet_wrap(~anio) + ylab('Relación de masculinidad') + xlab('Edad') +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust=1))
```

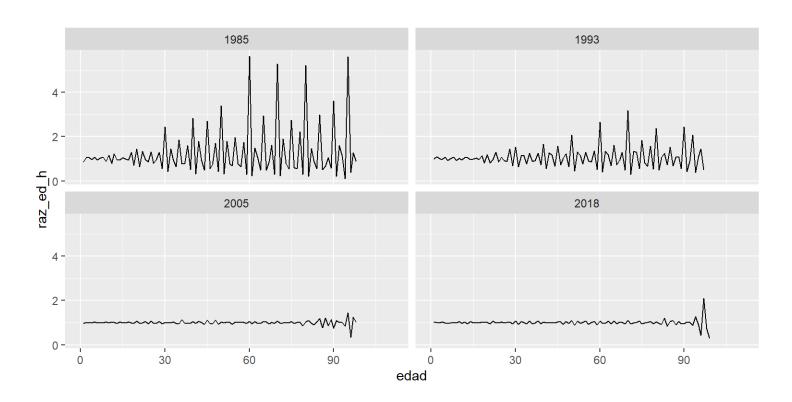


#### Relación de edades - cálculo

```
bdsd <- bdsc %>% .[ order(anio, edad), ] %>%
       .[, hlag := shift(h, type = 'lag') , keyby =.(anio) | %>%
       .[, hlead := shift(h, type = 'lead') , keyby =.(anio) | %>%
       .[, mlag := shift(m, type = 'lag') , keyby =.(anio) ] %>%
       .[, mlead := shift(m, type = 'lead') , keyby =.(anio) | %>%
       .[, raz ed h := 2 * h / (hlag + hlead) ] %>%
       .[, raz ed m := 2 * m / (mlag + mlead) ] %>%
       .[,.(anio, edad, raz ed h, raz ed m)]
glimpse(bdsd)
## Rows: 607
## Columns: 4
## $ anio <int> 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 1938, 19
                                                <int> 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17,...
## $ edad
## $ raz ed h <dbl> NA, 0.9385640, 0.9259259, 1.0670641, 1.0084388, 1.0389993, 0....
## $ raz ed m <dbl> NA, 0.8971132, 0.9319372, 1.0773766, 1.0152144, 1.0228898, 0....
```

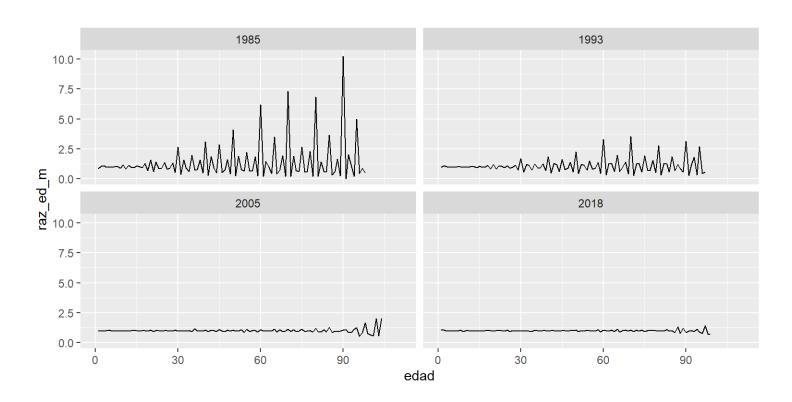
# Relación de edades - gráfico hombres

```
p <- ggplot(bdsd[anio %in% 1985:2018 ]) + geom_line(aes(edad, raz_ed_h)) +
  facet_wrap(~anio)
p</pre>
```



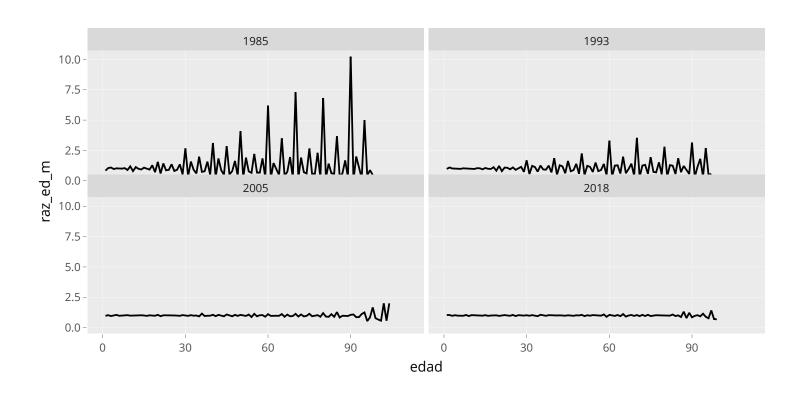
### Relación de edades - gráfico mujeres

```
p <- ggplot(bdsd[anio %in% 1985:2018 ]) + geom_line(aes(edad, raz_ed_m)) +
  facet_wrap(~anio)
p</pre>
```



# Un gráfico dinámico básico

# install.packages("plotly")
library(plotly)
ggplotly(p)



### Diagramas triangulares

El paquete ggtern (www.ggtern.com) es adecuado para elaborar diagramas triangulares.

```
# install.packages('ggtern')
```

Como es usual se carga la libreria con la siguiente linea.

```
library('ggtern')
```

A continuación se debe organizar una matriz de datos para tres categorías de edad.

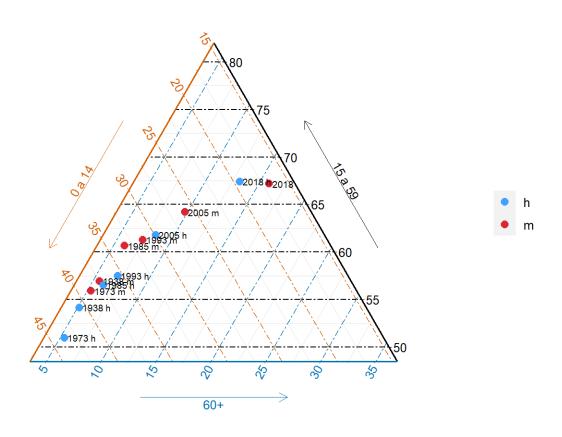
### Diagrama triangular de edad - datos

### Diagrama triangular de edad - porcentajes

### Diagrama triangular de edad - código

```
ggtern(bdgrb, aes(`0 a 14`, `15 a 59` , `60 y más` )) +
    theme_nomask() +
    theme_bvbw() +
    geom_point(aes(colour = variable) , size = 2.5) +
    geom_text(aes(label = paste(anio, variable)) , size = 2.5, hjust= -.1) +
    limit_tern(.82, .48, .37) +
    scale_colour_manual(name = '', values = c('#3FA0FF', '#D82632') ) +
    labs(x = '', y = '', z = '', xarrow = '0 a 14', yarrow = '15 a 59', zarrow = '60+')
```

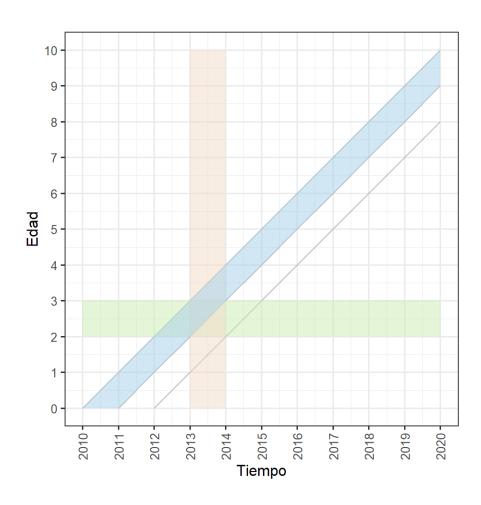
# Diagrama triangular de edad - gráfico



### Un diagrama de lexis - código

```
Edad <- 0:10
Tiempo <- 2010:2020
pol <- data.table( y = c(0,0,10,9), x = c(2011,2010,2020, 2020), gr = rep(1,4) )
ggplot() + geom line( aes(x=Tiempo, y=Edad), colour = "gray") +
 theme bw() + coord fixed(ratio = 1) +
  scale x continuous(breaks = seq(2010, 2020), limits =c(2010, 2020)) +
  scale y continuous(breaks = seq(0,10), limits =c(0,10)) +
  geom line( aes(x=Tiempo + 1, y=Edad), colour = "gray") +
  geom line( aes(x=Tiempo + 2, y=Edad), colour = "gray") +
  geom rect(aes(xmin = 2010, xmax = 2020, ymin = 2, ymax = 3),
           fill = "#CCEDB1", alpha = .5 ) + # horizontal edad
  geom rect(aes(xmin = 2013, xmax = 2014, ymin = 0, ymax = 10),
           fill = "#F2DBC8" , alpha = .5 ) + # vertical periodo +
  geom polygon( aes(x = polx, y = poly, group = poly,
               fill = '#A5CFE9', alpha = .5) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust=1))
```

# Un diagrama de lexis - gráfico



### Edad periodo y cohorte - código

```
Edad <- 0:10
Tiempo <- 2010:2020
edad per <- data.table(y = c(4,4,5,5), x = c(2011, 2012, 2011), gr = rep(1,4))
per coh <- data.table( y = c(4,5,6,5), x = c(2014, 2015, 2015, 2014), gr = rep(1,4) )
coh edad \leftarrow data.table( y = c(4,4,5,5), x = c(2017, 2018, 2019, 2018), gr = rep(1,4) )
ggplot() +
 theme bw() + coord fixed(ratio = 1) +
  scale x continuous(name = 'Periodo', breaks = seq(2010, 2020), limits =c(2010, 2020)) +
  scale y continuous(name = 'Edad', breaks = seq(0,10), limits =c(0,10)) +
 geom polygon(aes(x = edad perx, y = edad pery, group = edad pery,
           fill = "#CCEDB1", alpha = .5 ) +
  geom polygon(aes(x = per cohx, y = per cohy, group = per cohy,
           fill = "#F2DBC8", alpha = .5) +
  geom polygon(aes(x = coh edadx, y = coh edady, group = coh edady,
           fill = "#A5CFE9", alpha = .5) +
 theme(axis.text.x = element text(angle = 90, vjust = 0.5, hjust=1))
```

# Edad periodo y cohorte - gráfico

