# Statistical Analysis of ISMB Coverage at Twitter 2012

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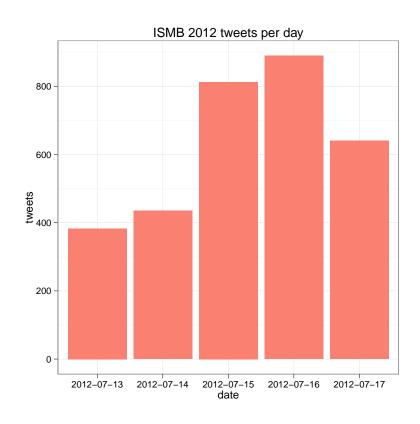
### August 15, 2012

### 1 Preamble

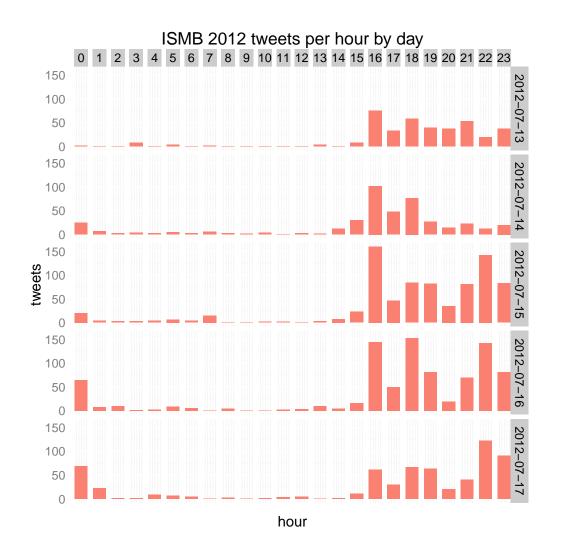
Load required libraries and data.

- > library(ggplot2)
- > library(xtable)
- > library(RColorBrewer)
- > library(tm)
- > library(wordcloud)
- > library(sentiment)
- > load("~/Dropbox/projects/twitter/ismb/data/ismb.RData")

# 2 Tweets per day



# 3 Tweets per hour by day

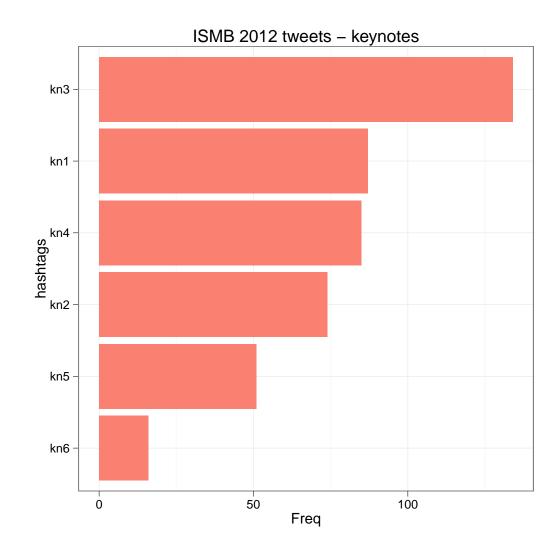


# 4 Popular talks

First, get the hashtags:

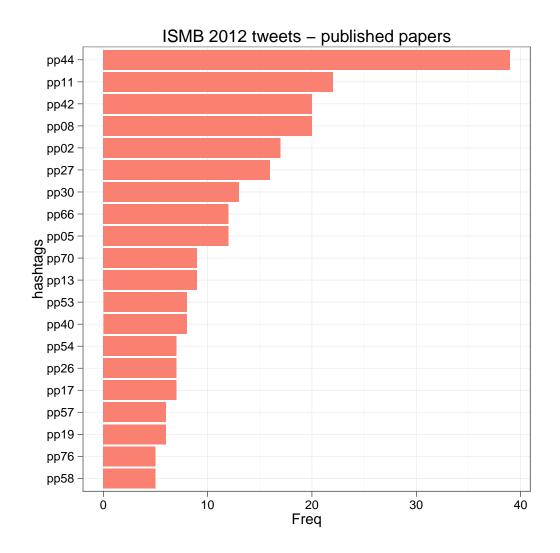
```
> words <- strsplit(ismb$text, " ")
> hashtags <- lapply(words, function(x) x[grep("^#", x)])
> hashtags <- unlist(hashtags)
> hashtags <- tolower(hashtags)
> hashtags <- gsub("[^A-Za-z0-9]", "", hashtags)
> ht <- as.data.frame(table(hashtags))
> ht <- ht[sort.list(ht$Freq, decreasing=F),]</pre>
```

#### 4.1 Keynotes



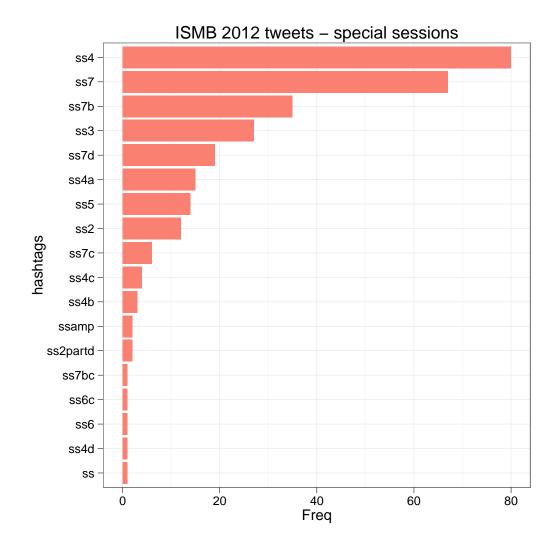
KN 3: Analysis of transcriptome structure and chromatin landscapes (Barbara Wold).

#### 4.2 Published Papers



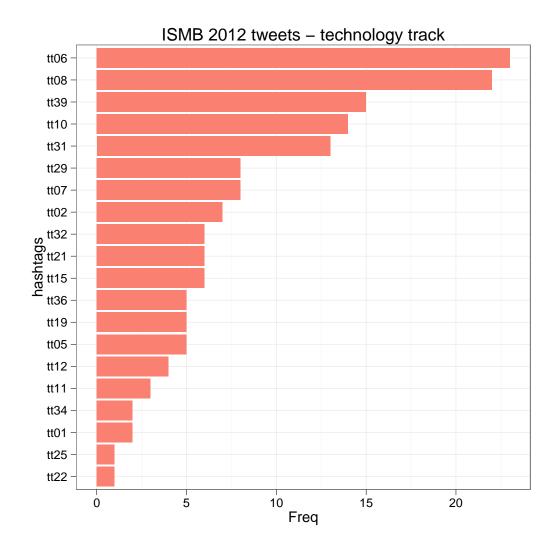
PP 44: Toward interoperable bioscience data (Susanna-Assunta Sansone).

### 4.3 Special Sessions



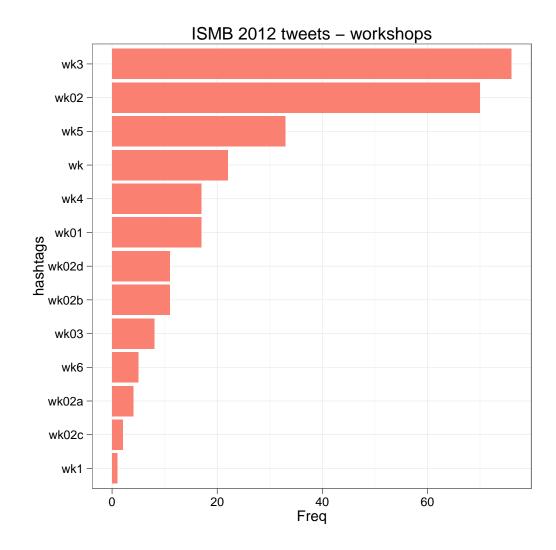
SS 4: Bioinformatic Integration of Diverse Experimental Data Sources (Kyle Ellrott, David Haussler, Artem Sokolov, Josh Stuart).

### 4.4 Technology Track



TT06: The Taverna Server - Executing Scientific Workflows Remotely (Katy Wolstencroft).

### 4.5 Workshops

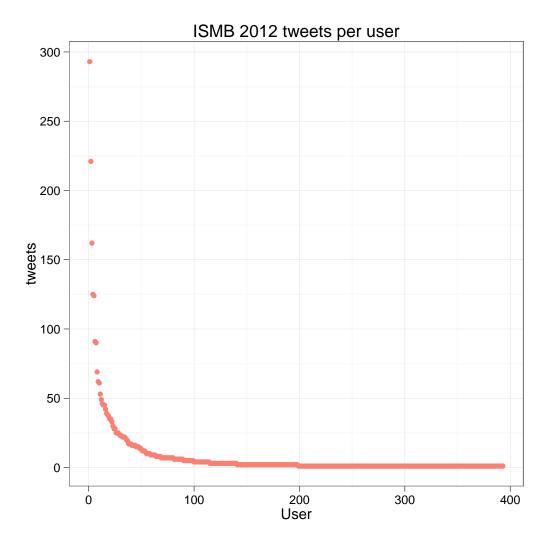


WK 3: Bioinformatics Core Facilities (Simon Andrews, Fran Lewitter, Brent Richter, David Sexton).

# 5 Users

# 5.1 The long tail

```
> users <- as.data.frame(table(ismb$screenName))
> colnames(users) <- c("user", "tweets")
> users <- users[sort.list(users$tweets, decreasing = T),]
> print(ggplot(users) + geom_point(aes(1:nrow(users), tweets), color = "salmon") + theme_bw() +
    opts(title = "ISMB 2012 tweets per user") + xlab("User"))
```



# 5.2 The top 10

user	tweets
Chris_Evelo	293
$genetics\_blog$	221
tladeras	162
iGenomics	125
WonderMixTape	124
alexishkin	91
bffo	90
spitshine	69
Albertagael	62
andrewsu	61

Table 1: Most tweets - top 10 users

# 6 Text mining

#### 6.1 Word frequency

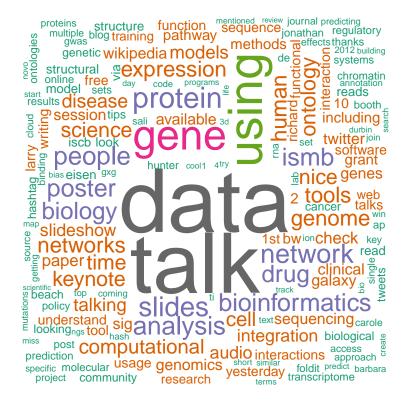
First, get all words composed only of alphanumeric characters.

```
> sw <- stopwords("en")
> words <- lapply(words, function(x) x[grep("^[A-Za-z0-9]+$", x)])
> words <- unlist(words)
> words <- tolower(words)
> words <- words[-grep("^[rm]t$", words)]
> words <- words[!words %in% sw]
> words.t <- as.data.frame(table(words))
> words.t <- words.t[sort.list(words.t$Freq, decreasing = T),]
> print(xtable(head(words.t, 10), caption = "Top 10 words in tweets"), include.rownames = FALSE)
```

words	Freq
data	251
$\operatorname{talk}$	238
using	132
gene	117
protein	80
slides	73
network	71
people	69
analysis	68
ismb	66

Table 2: Top 10 words in tweets

```
> pal2 <- brewer.pal(8, "Dark2")
> wordcloud(words.t$words, words.t$Freq, scale = c(8, .2), min.freq = 3,
+ max.words = 200, random.order = FALSE, rot.per = .15, colors = pal2)
```



#### 6.2 Sentiment analysis

#### 6.2.1 Emotions

> em <- classify\_emotion(ismb\$text, algorithm = "bayes")
> print(xtable(table(em[, "BEST\_FIT"]), caption = "Tweet emotion"))

	V1
anger	24
$\operatorname{disgust}$	4
fear	11
joy	149
sadness	44
surprise	37

Table 3: Tweet emotion

Shall we look at a "joyous" tweet?

Hooray! First #comicsans talk of the conference. Didn't take long. It's like an old friend that refuses to die. #ismb

#### 6.2.2 Polarity

```
> po <- classify_polarity(ismb$text, algorithm = "bayes")
> print(xtable(table(po[, "BEST_FIT"]), caption = "Tweet polarity"))
```

	V1
negative	573
neutral	197
positive	2392

Table 4: Tweet polarity

A "positive" tweet:

Often forgotten: CS Optimizing (network) models only makes sense when you keep the model simple to not overfit #ISMB #netbiosiig

A "negative" tweet:

Chris Sander in Network Biology SIG and how translational medicine: tries to explain how complicated it all is in cancer biology #ISMB