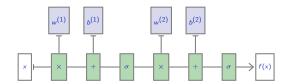
Deep learning

4.1. DAG networks

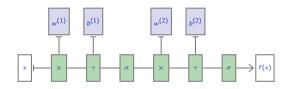
François Fleuret
https://fleuret.org/dlc/



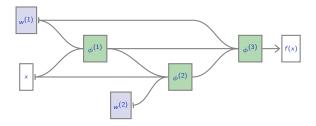
We can generalize an MLP

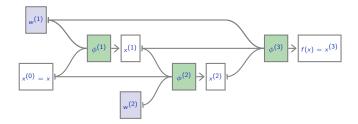


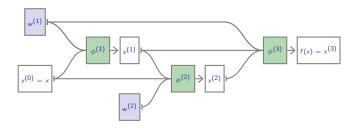
We can generalize an MLP

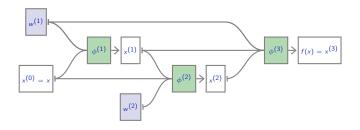


to an arbitrary "Directed Acyclic Graph" (DAG) of operators



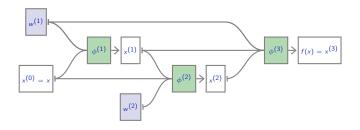




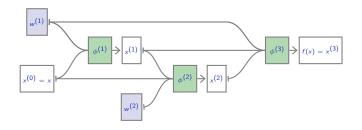


$$x^{(0)} = x$$

 $x^{(1)} = \phi^{(1)}(x^{(0)}; w^{(1)})$



$$\begin{aligned} x^{(0)} &= x \\ x^{(1)} &= \phi^{(1)}(x^{(0)}; w^{(1)}) \\ x^{(2)} &= \phi^{(2)}(x^{(0)}, x^{(1)}; w^{(2)}) \end{aligned}$$



$$x^{(0)} = x$$

$$x^{(1)} = \phi^{(1)}(x^{(0)}; w^{(1)})$$

$$x^{(2)} = \phi^{(2)}(x^{(0)}, x^{(1)}; w^{(2)})$$

$$f(x) = x^{(3)} = \phi^{(3)}(x^{(1)}, x^{(2)}; w^{(1)})$$

If $(a_1, \ldots, a_Q) = \phi(b_1, \ldots, b_R)$, we use the notation

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathbf{a}}{\partial b} \end{bmatrix} = J_{\phi}^{\top} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathbf{a}_1}{\partial b_1} & \dots & \frac{\partial \mathbf{a}_Q}{\partial b_1} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathbf{a}_1}{\partial b_R} & \dots & \frac{\partial \mathbf{a}_Q}{\partial b_R} \end{pmatrix}.$$

It does not specify at which point this is computed, but it will always be for the forward-pass activations.

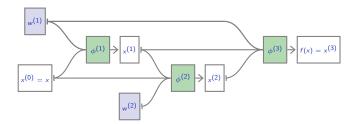
If $(a_1, \ldots, a_Q) = \phi(b_1, \ldots, b_R)$, we use the notation

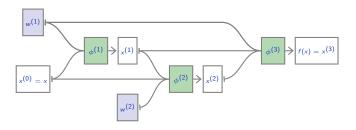
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathbf{a}}{\partial \mathbf{b}} \end{bmatrix} = J_{\phi}^{\top} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial \mathbf{a}_1}{\partial b_1} & \dots & \frac{\partial \mathbf{a}_Q}{\partial b_1} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial \mathbf{a}_1}{\partial b_R} & \dots & \frac{\partial \mathbf{a}_Q}{\partial b_R} \end{pmatrix}.$$

It does not specify at which point this is computed, but it will always be for the forward-pass activations.

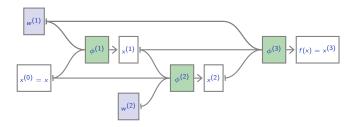
Also, if $(a_1, ..., a_Q) = \phi(b_1, ..., b_R, c_1, ..., c_S)$, we use

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial a}{\partial c} \end{bmatrix} = J_{\phi|c}^{\top} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial c_1} & \cdots & \frac{\partial a_Q}{\partial c_1} \\ \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ \frac{\partial a_1}{\partial c_c} & \cdots & \frac{\partial a_Q}{\partial c_c} \end{pmatrix}.$$

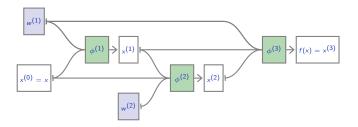




$$\left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}}\right] = \left[\frac{\partial x^{(3)}}{\partial x^{(2)}}\right] \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}}\right] = J_{\phi^{(3)}|x^{(2)}}^{\top} \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}}\right]$$



$$\begin{split} & \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}}\right] = \left[\frac{\partial x^{(3)}}{\partial x^{(2)}}\right] \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}}\right] = J_{\phi^{(3)}|x^{(2)}}^{\top} \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}}\right] \\ & \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(1)}}\right] = \left[\frac{\partial x^{(2)}}{\partial x^{(1)}}\right] \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}}\right] + \left[\frac{\partial x^{(3)}}{\partial x^{(1)}}\right] \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}}\right] = J_{\phi^{(2)}|x^{(1)}}^{\top} \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}}\right] + J_{\phi^{(3)}|x^{(1)}}^{\top} \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}}\right] \end{split}$$

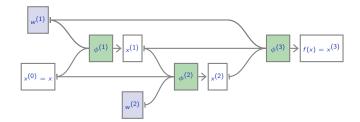


$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x^{(3)}}{\partial x^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}} \end{bmatrix} = J_{\phi^{(3)}|x^{(2)}}^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}} \end{bmatrix}$$

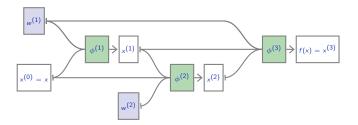
$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(1)}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x^{(2)}}{\partial x^{(1)}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x^{(3)}}{\partial x^{(1)}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}} \end{bmatrix} = J_{\phi^{(2)}|x^{(1)}}^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix} + J_{\phi^{(3)}|x^{(1)}}^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(0)}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x^{(1)}}{\partial x^{(0)}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(1)}} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x^{(2)}}{\partial x^{(0)}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix} = J_{\phi^{(1)}|x^{(0)}}^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(1)}} \end{bmatrix} + J_{\phi^{(2)}|x^{(0)}}^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix}$$

Backward pass, derivatives w.r.t parameters

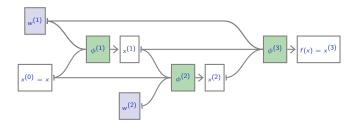


Backward pass, derivatives w.r.t parameters



$$\left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial w^{(1)}}\right] = \left[\frac{\partial x^{(1)}}{\partial w^{(1)}}\right] \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(1)}}\right] + \left[\frac{\partial x^{(3)}}{\partial w^{(1)}}\right] \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}}\right] = J_{\phi^{(1)}|w^{(1)}}^{\top} \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(1)}}\right] + J_{\phi^{(3)}|w^{(1)}}^{\top} \left[\frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}}\right]$$

Backward pass, derivatives w.r.t parameters



$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial w^{(1)}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x^{(1)}}{\partial w^{(1)}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(1)}} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x^{(3)}}{\partial w^{(1)}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}} \end{bmatrix} = J_{\phi^{(1)}|w^{(1)}}^{\top} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(1)}} \end{bmatrix} + J_{\phi^{(3)}|w^{(1)}}^{\top} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(3)}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial w^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial x^{(2)}}{\partial w^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix} = J_{\phi^{(2)}|w^{(2)}}^{\top} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \ell}{\partial x^{(2)}} \end{bmatrix}$$

So if we have a library of "tensor operators", and implementations of

$$(x_1, \dots, x_d, w) \mapsto \phi(x_1, \dots, x_d; w)$$

$$\forall c, (x_1, \dots, x_d, w) \mapsto J_{\phi|x_c}(x_1, \dots, x_d; w)$$

$$(x_1, \dots, x_d, w) \mapsto J_{\phi|w}(x_1, \dots, x_d; w),$$

So if we have a library of "tensor operators", and implementations of

$$(x_1, \ldots, x_d, w) \mapsto \phi(x_1, \ldots, x_d; w)$$

$$\forall c, (x_1, \ldots, x_d, w) \mapsto J_{\phi|x_c}(x_1, \ldots, x_d; w)$$

$$(x_1, \ldots, x_d, w) \mapsto J_{\phi|w}(x_1, \ldots, x_d; w),$$

we can build any directed acyclic graph with these operators at the nodes, evaluate the resulting mapping, and compute its gradient with back-prop.

Writing from scratch a large neural network is complex and error-prone.

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Writing from scratch a large neural network is complex and error-prone.

Multiple frameworks provide libraries of tensor operators and mechanisms to combine them into DAGs and automatically differentiate them.

	Language(s)	License	Main backer
PyTorch	Python, C++	BSD	Facebook
TensorFlow	Python, $C++$	Apache	Google
JAX	Python	Apache	Google
MXNet	Python, C++, R, Scala	Apache	Amazon
CNTK	Python, C++	MIT	Microsoft
Torch 7	Lua	BSD	Facebook
Theano	Python	BSD	U. of Montreal
Caffe	C++	BSD 2 clauses	U. of CA, Berkeley

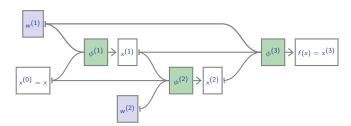
Writing from scratch a large neural network is complex and error-prone.

Multiple frameworks provide libraries of tensor operators and mechanisms to combine them into DAGs and automatically differentiate them.

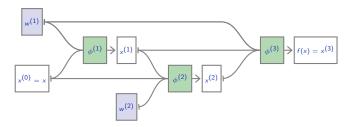
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CNTK	Python, C++	MIT	Microsoft
Torch 7	Lua	BSD	Facebook
Theano	Python	BSD	U. of Montreal
Caffe	C++	BSD 2 clauses	U. of CA, Berkeley

One approach is to define the nodes and edges of such a DAG statically (TensorFlow, Torch 7, Caffe, Theano, etc.)

In TensorFlow, to run a forward/backward pass on



In TensorFlow, to run a forward/backward pass on

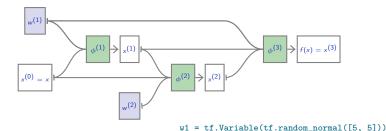


$$\phi^{(1)}\left(x^{(0)}; w^{(1)}\right) = w^{(1)}x^{(0)}$$

$$\phi^{(2)}\left(x^{(0)}, x^{(1)}; w^{(2)}\right) = x^{(0)} + w^{(2)}x^{(1)}$$

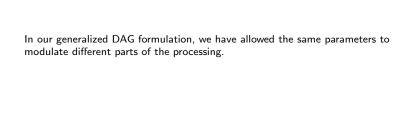
$$\phi^{(3)}\left(x^{(1)}, x^{(2)}; w^{(1)}\right) = w^{(1)}\left(x^{(1)} + x^{(2)}\right)$$

In TensorFlow, to run a forward/backward pass on



```
\phi^{(1)}\left(x^{(0)};w^{(1)}\right) = w^{(1)}x^{(0)}
\phi^{(1)}\left(x^{(0)};w^{(1)}\right) = w^{(1)}x^{(0)}
x^{(0)} = x
x^{(0)} = x
x^{(1)} = x^{(0)} + x^{(0)}
x^{(2)} = x^{(0)} + x^{(0)}
x^{(1)} = x^{(0)} + x^{(0)}
x^{(
```

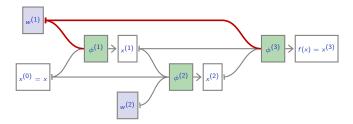
Weight sharing



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In our generalized DAG formulation, we have allowed the same parameters to modulate different parts of the processing.

For instance $w^{(1)}$ in our example parametrizes both $\phi^{(1)}$ and $\phi^{(3)}$.



This is called weight sharing.

