

FULL STACK DEVELOPMENT

*Internship Report submitted in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the
award of the Degree of*

BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY

In

ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

By

Chowdada Bhargavi

20JG1A0419



DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

GAYATRI VIDYA PARISHAD COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING FOR WOMEN

MADHURAWADA, VISAKHAPATNAM-48

(Affiliated to Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University Kakinada)

(Accredited by NBA for B.Tech-CSE,ECE and IT -valid from 2019-22 and 2022-25)

(2020-2024)

GAYATRI VIDYA PARISHAD COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING FOR WOMEN
DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING



CERTIFICATE

This is to certify that the Internship titled “ **FULL STACK DEVELOPMENT**” is a bonafide work of the following IV B-Tech-II Semester student in the Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering during the academic year 2023-2024, in partial fulfillment of the requirement for the award of the degree of Bachelor of Technology of Jawaharlal Nehru Technological University, Kakinada.

Chowdada Bhargavi (20JG1A0419)

Dr.B.P.V. Dileep
Internship Coordinator
Assistant Professor
Department of ECE

Head of the Department
Dr.P.M.K.PRASAD
Associate Professor
Department of ECE

External Examiner



BLACKBUCK
ENGINEERS

ANDHRA PRADESH STATE COUNCIL OF HIGHER EDUCATION
(A Statutory Body of the Government of A.P.)

Certificate of Completion



Certificate Id: BBAPSCHDEIIDT2024PART003484

This is to certify that **Chowdada Bhargavi**, bearing Reg. No: **20JG1A0419**, from **GAYATRI VIDYA PARISHAD COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING FOR WOMEN, VISAKHAPATNAM** of JNTU Kakinada, has successfully completed a long-term internship for 240 hours on **Full Stack Development**. This internship was organized by **International Institute of Digital Technologies**, with its industry partner **Blackbuck Engineers**, in association with the **Andhra Pradesh State Council of Higher Education (APSCHE)**.



Anuradha Thota
Chief Executive Officer
Blackbuck Engineers Pvt. Ltd.



Dr. Sundar Balakrishna
Director General
International Institute of Digital Technologies

Date: 15/04/2024 Place: Tirupati, Andhra Pradesh

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

I sincerely thank our Internship Coordinator **Dr.B.P.V.Dileep Asst. Professor**, for his guidance and constant encouragement to us at every stage and aspect by including the spirit of understanding and support in carrying out internship.

I would like to express sincere thanks to our Head of the Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering **Dr.P.M.K PRASAD** for his valuable suggestions and constant motivation that greatly helped me in completing the internship successfully.

I express sincere thanks to our Vice Principal, Professor **Dr.G.Sudheer**, for his encouragement and co-operation in completion of our project.

I wish to express our deep sense of our gratitude to our Principal, Professor **Dr.R.K Goswami**, for giving us the opportunity to carry out the internship successfully.

I would like to express our gratitude towards our parents & members of Gayatri Vidya Parishad College of Engineering For Women for their kind co-operation and encouragement which helped us in completion of Internship.

Chowdada Bhargavi (20JG1A0419)

VISION & MISSION

Vision of the Institute

To emerge as an acclaimed centre of learning that provides value-based technical education for the holistic development of students

Mission of the Institute

- Undertake the activities that provide value-based knowledge in Science, Engineering, and Technology
- Provide opportunities for learning through industry-institute interaction on the state-of-the-art technologies
- Create a collaborative environment for research, innovation, and entrepreneurship
- Promote activities that bring in a sense of social responsibility

Vision of the Department

Produce competitive engineers instilled with ethical and social responsibilities to deal with the technological challenges in the field of Electronics & Communication Engineering.

Mission of the Department

- Facilitate a value-based educational environment that provides updated technical knowledge
- Provide opportunities for developing creative, innovative and leadership skills
- Imbue technological and managerial capabilities for a successful career and lifelong learning

Table of contents

S.No.	Title	Page No.
1.	Introduction	1
2.	Chapter 1:Front End Development	2-6
3.	Chapter 2:Back End Development	7-8
4.	Chapter 3:Mini Projects	9-12
5.	Chapter 4:Project Food App (FoodiesHub)	13-18
6.	Conclusion	19

Introduction

Full stack development is a comprehensive approach to web development that encompasses both the front-end and back-end aspects of building a digital product. A full stack developer is proficient in both client-side and server-side technologies, allowing them to handle all layers of the software development process.

At the front-end, full stack developers work with languages such as HTML, CSS, and JavaScript to create the user interface and design elements that users interact with directly. This involves implementing responsive layouts, optimizing performance, and ensuring a seamless user experience across different devices and browsers.

On the back-end, full stack developers manage the server-side logic and database operations that power the application. They use languages and frameworks like Node.js, Python, Ruby on Rails, or Java to handle server-side scripting, manage databases, and integrate with external services and APIs.

In addition to technical skills, full stack developers often possess a strong understanding of software architecture, version control systems, and deployment processes. They are adept at problem-solving and can navigate both the front-end and back-end components of a project, making them valuable assets in agile development environments.

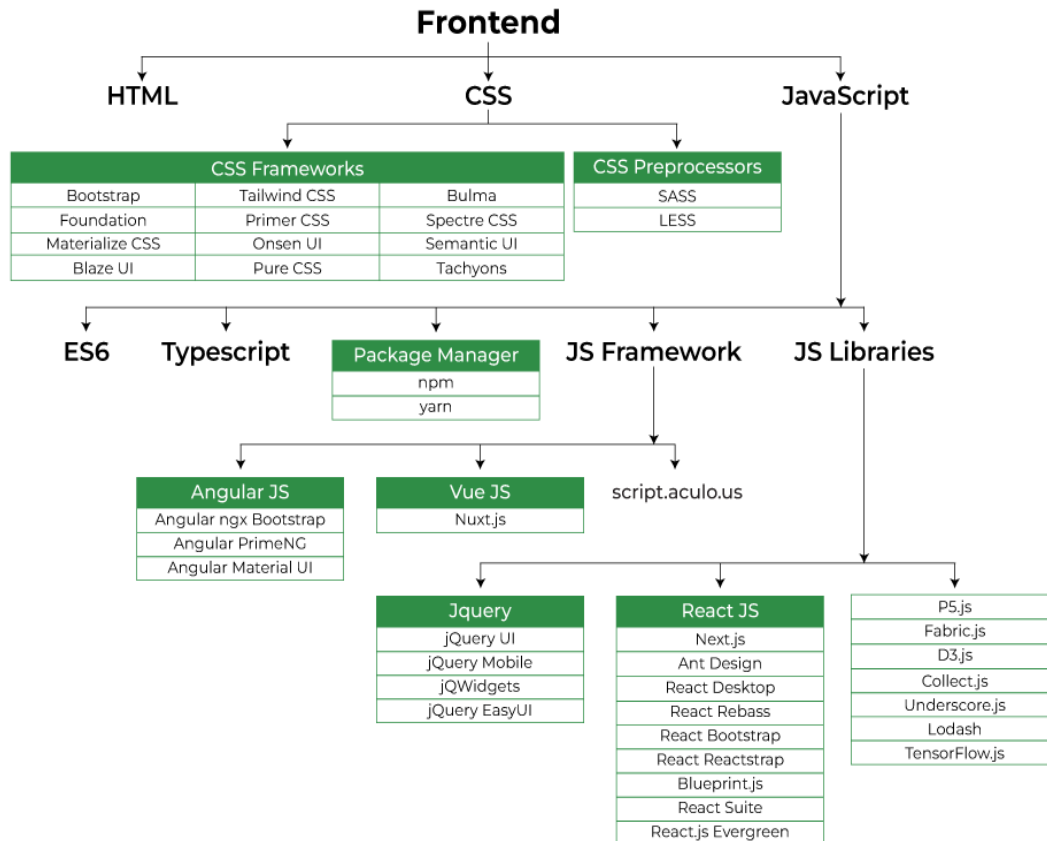
Overall, full stack development offers versatility and efficiency, allowing developers to work on all aspects of a project from conception to deployment, and adapt to the evolving needs of the software industry.

Chapter 1

Frontend Development

The part of a website where the user interacts directly is termed as front end. It is also referred to as the 'client side' of the application.

Frontend Roadmap



Popular Frontend Technologies

- **HTML:** HTML stands for HyperText Markup Language. It is used to design the front end portion of web pages using markup language. It acts as a skeleton for a website since it is used to make the structure of a website.
- **CSS:** Cascading Style Sheets fondly referred to as CSS is a simply designed language intended to simplify the process of making web pages presentable. It is used to style our website.
- **JavaScript:** JavaScript is a scripting language used to provide a dynamic behavior to our website.
- **Bootstrap:** Bootstrap is a free and open-source tool collection for creating responsive websites and web applications. It is the most popular CSS framework for developing responsive, mobile-first websites. Nowadays, the websites are perfect for all browsers

(IE, Firefox, and Chrome) and for all sizes of screens (Desktop, Tablets, Phablets, and Phones).

- [Bootstrap 4](#)
- [Bootstrap 5](#)

1.1 MERN STACK

MERN stands for MongoDB, Express, React, Node, after the four key technologies that make up the stack.

- MongoDB — document database
- Express(.js) — Node.js web framework
- React(.js) — a client-side JavaScript framework
- Node(.js) — the premier JavaScript web server

Express and Node make up the middle (application) tier. Express.js is a server-side web framework, and Node.js is the popular and powerful JavaScript server platform. Regardless of which variant you choose, ME(RVA)N is the ideal approach to working with JavaScript and JSON, all the way through.



Fig.1 :MERN Stack

COMPONENTS OF WEBSITE

There are three main parts in every web page:

- Header (Website logo and Menu bar may present in the header)
- Main Body (Headings, Highlighted Content, Posts, Internal links may present in this section)
- Footer (Forms and Social links may present in this section)

1.2 HTML

HTML (Hypertext Markup Language) is the standard markup language used to create and design web pages. It consists of a series of elements, which are enclosed by tags, and attributes that provide additional information about these elements. Here's an overview of HTML tags, attributes, and syntax:

1. HTML Tags:

- Tags are used to define different elements in an HTML document.
- Tags are enclosed in angle brackets `<>`.
- Most tags come in pairs: an opening tag and a closing tag, with content in between.
- Some tags are self-closing and don't require a closing tag.
- Example of an opening and closing tag: `<p>Paragraph content</p>`
- Example of a self-closing tag: ``

2. HTML Attributes:

- Attributes provide additional information about HTML elements.
- Attributes are placed within the opening tag of an element.
- Attributes consist of a name and a value, separated by an equals sign `=`.
- Example of an attribute: `Link`

3. HTML Syntax:

- The basic structure of an HTML document consists of a `<!DOCTYPE>` declaration, an `<html>` element containing `<head>` and `<body>` sections.
- The `<head>` section typically contains meta-information about the document, such as the title, character set, and links to external resources like stylesheets and scripts.
- The `<body>` section contains the content of the web page, including text, images, links, and other elements.

Here's a simple example of HTML syntax:

```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
  <title>Sample Page</title>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="description" content="This is a sample HTML page">
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css">
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Welcome to My Website</h1>
  <p>This is a paragraph of text.</p>
  
  <a href="https://www.example.com">Visit Example Website</a>
</body>
</html>

```

In this example:

- `<!DOCTYPE html>` declares the document type and version of HTML.
- `<html>` is the root element of the document.
- `<head>` contains metadata and links to external resources.
- `<body>` contains the visible content of the web page.
- `<title>`, `<meta>`, `<link>`, `<h1>`, `<p>`, ``, `<a>` are HTML elements with their respective tags and attributes.

1.3 CSS

CSS (Cascading Style Sheets) is a style sheet language used to describe the presentation of a document written in HTML or XML (including XML dialects such as SVG or XHTML). CSS describes how elements should be rendered on screen, on paper, in speech, or on other media. It controls the layout, colors, fonts, and other visual aspects of a web page, allowing developers to create visually appealing and responsive designs. Here's an overview of CSS:

1. Selectors: CSS selectors are patterns used to select the elements you want to style. Selectors can target HTML elements, classes, IDs, attributes, and more.

Example selectors:

- Element selector: `p { color: blue; }`
- Class selector: `.my-class { font-size: 16px; }`
- ID selector: `#my-id { background-color: #f0f0f0; }`

2. Properties and Values:CSS properties define the visual styles of the selected elements. Each property has a value that specifies how the style should be applied.

Example properties and values:

- `color: blue;`
- `font-size: 16px;`
- `background-color: #f0f0f0;`
- `border: 1px solid black;`

3. Cascade and Specificity:CSS follows a cascade mechanism where styles are applied based on their specificity and order of declaration. Specificity refers to the importance of a selector in relation to other selectors. Inline styles have the highest specificity, followed by IDs, classes, and element selectors. The last declaration of a property takes precedence in case of conflicting styles.

4. Box Model:The CSS box model describes the layout and sizing of elements on a web page. Each HTML element is treated as a rectangular box with content, padding, border, and margin. CSS properties such as `width`, `height`, `padding`, `border`, and `margin` control the dimensions and spacing of these boxes.

5. Layout and Positioning:CSS offers various techniques for controlling the layout and positioning of elements. Flexbox and Grid Layout are modern layout models that provide powerful ways to create complex layouts with ease. CSS positioning properties (`position`, `top`, `bottom`, `left`, `right`) allow elements to be precisely positioned on the page.

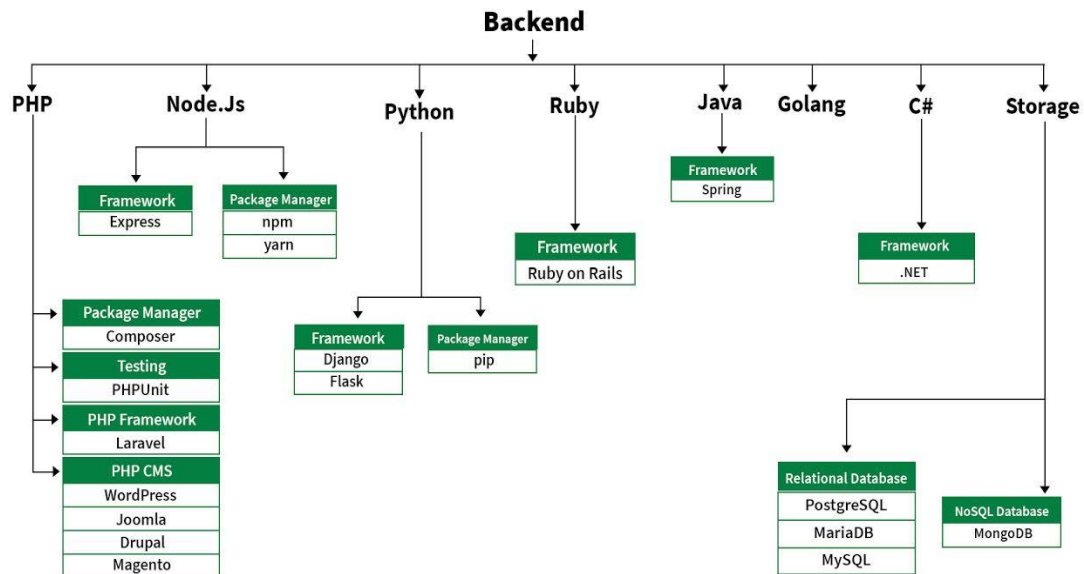
6. Responsive Design:Responsive web design aims to create web pages that adapt to different screen sizes and devices. CSS media queries allow developers to apply different styles based on the device's characteristics, such as screen width, height, and orientation. CSS is an essential tool for web development, enabling developers to transform HTML documents into visually engaging and user-friendly web experiences.

Chapter 2

Backend Development

Backend is the server side of a website. It is part of the website that users cannot see and interact with. It is the portion of software that does not come in direct contact with the users. It is used to store and arrange data.

Backend Roadmap



Popular Backend Technologies

- **PHP:** PHP is a server-side scripting language designed specifically for web development.
- **Java:** Java is one of the most popular and widely used programming languages. It is highly scalable.
- **Python:** Python is a programming language that lets you work quickly and integrate systems more efficiently.
- **Node.js:** Node.js is an open source and cross-platform runtime environment for executing JavaScript code outside a browser.

2.1 NODE.JS

Node.js is a runtime environment that allows developers to run JavaScript code on the server-side. It uses an event-driven, non-blocking I/O model, making it lightweight and efficient for building scalable and high-performance applications. Node.js is commonly used for building web servers, APIs, real-time applications, and micro services. Here's an overview of Node.js along with a simple example:

1. Installation:Node.js can be downloaded and installed from the official website (<https://nodejs.org/>).After installation, you can check the version of Node.js and npm (Node Package Manager) by running `node -v`` and `npm -v`` commands in the terminal.

2. Creating a Simple Node.js Server:Below is an example of a basic HTTP server created using Node.js:

```
const http = require('http');

const hostname = '127.0.0.1';

const port = 3000;

const server = http.createServer((req, res) => {

  res.statusCode = 200;

  res.setHeader('Content-Type', 'text/plain');

  res.end('Hello, World!\n');});

server.listen(port, hostname, () => {

  console.log(`Server running at http://${hostname}:${port}/`);});
```

3. Explanation of the Example:The `http`` module is a core module in Node.js that provides functionality for creating HTTP servers and clients.We define the hostname (`127.0.0.1``) and port (`3000``) on which the server will listen for incoming requests.The `createServer`` method creates an HTTP server instance. It takes a callback function that gets executed whenever a request is received.Inside the callback function, we set the status code to `200`` (OK) and the content type to `text/plain``.

4. Running the Example: Save the code in a file (e.g., `server.js``).Open a terminal and navigate to the directory containing `server.js``.Run the command `node server.js`` to start the server.You should see the message "Server running at http://127.0.0.1:3000/" in the terminal.Open a web browser and navigate to `http://127.0.0.1:3000/`` to view the "Hello, World!" message.

Chapter 3

MINI PROJECTS

3.1 Online courses

```
<!DOCTYPE html>

<html >

<head><title>miniproject4</title>

<link rel="stylesheet" href="styles2.css">

</head><body>

<h1>Our Best Selling Courses</h1>

<section id="best-selling-courses">

<div class="course"> 

<div><h2>Unboxing Blogging & Content Writing</h2>

<p>Become a highly paid content writer or start your own blog!</p></div></div>

<div class="course">

<div><h2>Unboxing Creative Writing</h2>

<p>Learn Poetry, Storytelling, Blogging, Content Writing and Portfolio
Building.</p></div></div><div class="course">

<div><h2>Unboxing Poetry</h2>

<p>Go from reading and admiring poems to writing and sharing your own!</p></div>
</div><div class="course">

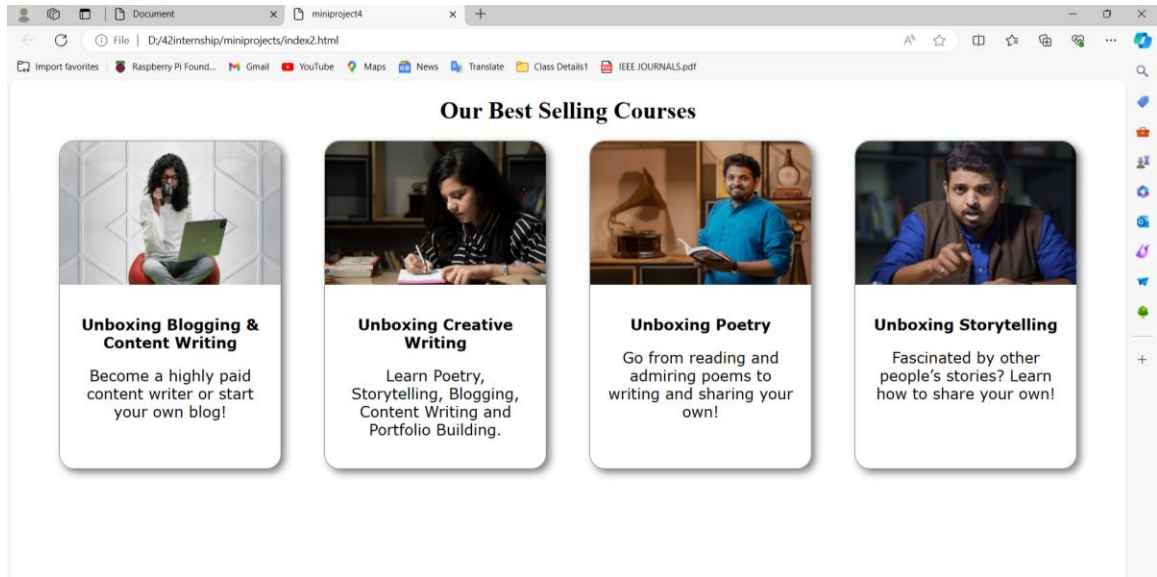
<div><h2>Unboxing Storytelling</h2>

<p>Fascinated by other people's stories? Learn how to share your
own!</p></div></div> </section>

</body>

</html>
```

Result:

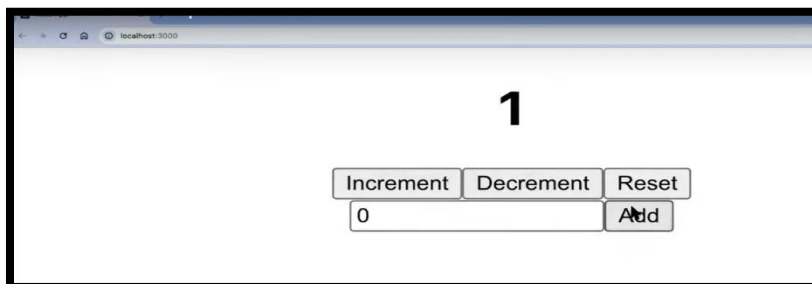


3.2 React Hook

```
import React from 'react';
import ReactDOM from 'react-dom/client';
import './index.css';
/*import App from './App';*/
import reportWebVitals from './reportWebVitals';
import UserProfile from './UserProfile';

const root = ReactDOM.createRoot(document.getElementById('root'));
root.render(
  <React.StrictMode>
    { /*<App /> */ }
    <UserProfile />
  </React.StrictMode>
);
reportWebVitals();
```

Result:



3.3 Restruant Menu Filter

```
import React from "react";
import ReactDOM from "react-dom/client";
import { BrowserRouter, Routes, Route } from "react-router-dom";
import "./index.css";
import Menu from "./components/Menu";
import About from "./components/About";
const root = ReactDOM.createRoot(document.getElementById("root"));
root.render(
  <BrowserRouter>
    <Routes>
      <Route path="/" element={<Menu />} />
      <Route path="/about" element={<About />} />
    </Routes>
  </BrowserRouter>
);
import React from "react";
import "./Dish.css";

function Dish(props) {
  return (
    <div className="dish" style={{ width: "40%", marginBottom: "50px" }}>
      <img src={props.dishImg} alt="DishImage" />
      <div className="dishDetails">
        <div className="headingPriceWrapper">
          <h2>{props.title}</h2>
          <h2>{props.price}</h2>
        </div>
        <hr />
        <p>{props.description}</p>
      </div>
    </div>
  );
}

export default Dish;
import React from "react";

function About() {
  return (
    <div>
      <h1>About</h1>
      <p>
        loremEa cillum culpa et et consectetur in ea id ex. Sint esse ea
      </p>
    </div>
  );
}
```

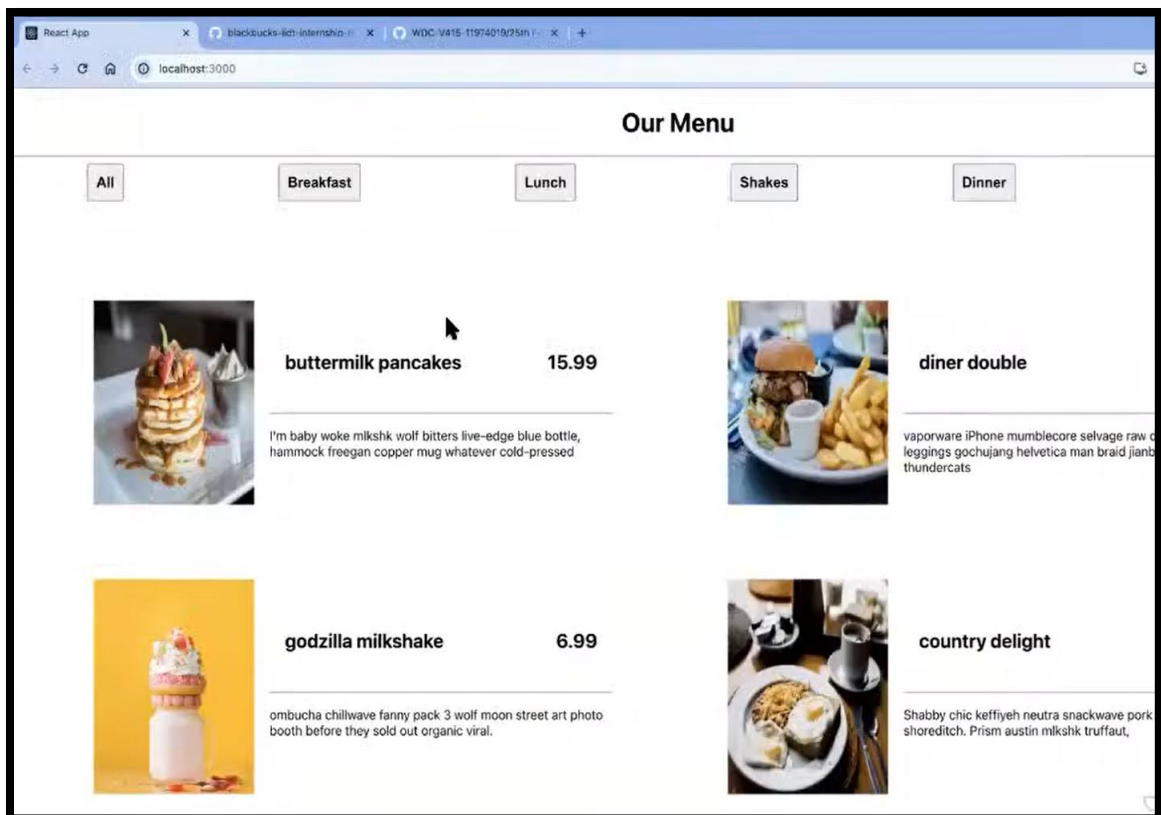
```

    excepteur magna sint minim ipsum et incididunt minim. Quis
exercitation
    Lorem culpa ad deserunt proident ea in ipsum Lorem. Laboris minim
aute
    mollit magna esse ex occaecat labore ullamco. Mollit exercitation
adipisicing mollit et laboris quis sit mollit velit cupidatat
Lorem
    occaecat. Cillum Lorem aliquip anim est eu ut ad eiusmod deserunt
ipsum
    ipsum. Mollit sunt dolore cupidatat laboris.
  </p>
</div>
);
}

export default About;

```

Result:



Chapter 4

PROJECT

FOOD APP (FOODIES HUB)

Introduction: "Foodies Hub" is a multifaceted food app that seamlessly integrates a vast array of features catering to culinary enthusiasts. Its extensive food items catalog offers users access to diverse cuisines, ingredients, and dietary preferences. The app highlights top chefs from around the globe, allowing users to delve into their backgrounds and signature dishes. Moreover, its comprehensive database of dishes ensures that users can explore traditional favorites, modern creations, and trending recipes alike. What sets "Foodies Hub" apart is its customizable settings, empowering users to tailor their experience with options to adjust color themes, font sizes, and overall app aesthetics to suit their individual tastes and preferences.

Home Page:

```
import HeroSection from "../components/HeroSection";
import ImproveSkills from "../components/ImproveSkills";
import QuoteSection from "../components/QuoteSection";
import ChiefsSection from "../components/ChiefsSection";
export default function Home(){
  return (
    <div>
      <HeroSection />
      <ImproveSkills />
      <QuoteSection />
      <ChiefsSection />
    </div>
  );
}
```

Recipies:

```
import PreviousSearches from "../components/PreviousSearches"
import RecipeCard from "../components/RecipeCard"

export default function Recipes(){
  const recipes = [
    {
      title: "Chicken Pan Pizza",
      image: "/img/gallery/img_1.jpg",
      authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_1.jpg",
    },
  ],
```

```

{
  title: "Spaghetti and Meatballs",
  image: "/img/gallery/img_4.jpg",
  authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_2.jpg",
},
{
  title: "American Cheese Burger",
  image: "/img/gallery/img_5.jpg",
  authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_3.jpg",
},
{
  title: "Mutton Biryani",
  image: "/img/gallery/img_6.jpg",
  authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_5.jpg",
},
{
  title: "Japanese Sushi",
  image: "/img/gallery/img_10.jpg",
  authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_6.jpg",
},
{
  title: "Chicken Pan Pizza",
  image: "/img/gallery/img_1.jpg",
  authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_1.jpg",
},
{
  title: "Spaghetti and Meatballs",
  image: "/img/gallery/img_4.jpg",
  authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_2.jpg",
},
{
  title: "American Cheese Burger",
  image: "/img/gallery/img_5.jpg",
  authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_3.jpg",
},
{
  title: "American Cheese Burger",
  image: "/img/gallery/img_5.jpg",
  authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_3.jpg",
},
{
  title: "Mutton Biryani",
  image: "/img/gallery/img_6.jpg",
  authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_5.jpg",
}

```

```

    },
    {
      title: "Japanese Sushi",
      image: "/img/gallery/img_10.jpg",
      authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_6.jpg",
    },
    {
      title: "American Cheese Burger",
      image: "/img/gallery/img_5.jpg",
      authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_3.jpg",
    },
    {
      title: "Mutton Biryani",
      image: "/img/gallery/img_6.jpg",
      authorImg: "/img/gallery/top-chiefs/img_5.jpg",
    }
  ].sort(() => Math.random() - 0.5)
  return (
    <div>
      <PreviousSearches />
      <div className="recipes-container">
        { /* <RecipeCard /> */ }
        { recipes.map((recipe, index) => (
          <RecipeCard key={index} recipe={recipe} />
        )) }
      </div>
    </div>
  )
}
import CustomImage from "./CustomImage"

export default function RecipeCard({ recipe }) {
  return (
    <div className="recipe-card">
      <CustomImage imgSrc={recipe.image} pt="65%" />
      <div className="recipe-card-info">
        <img className="author-img" src={recipe.authorImg} alt="" />
        <p className="recipe-title">{recipe.title}</p>
        <p className="recipe-desc">{recipe.desc}</p>
        <a className="view-btn" href="#">VIEW RECIPE</a>
      </div>
    </div>
  )
}

```

RESULT:

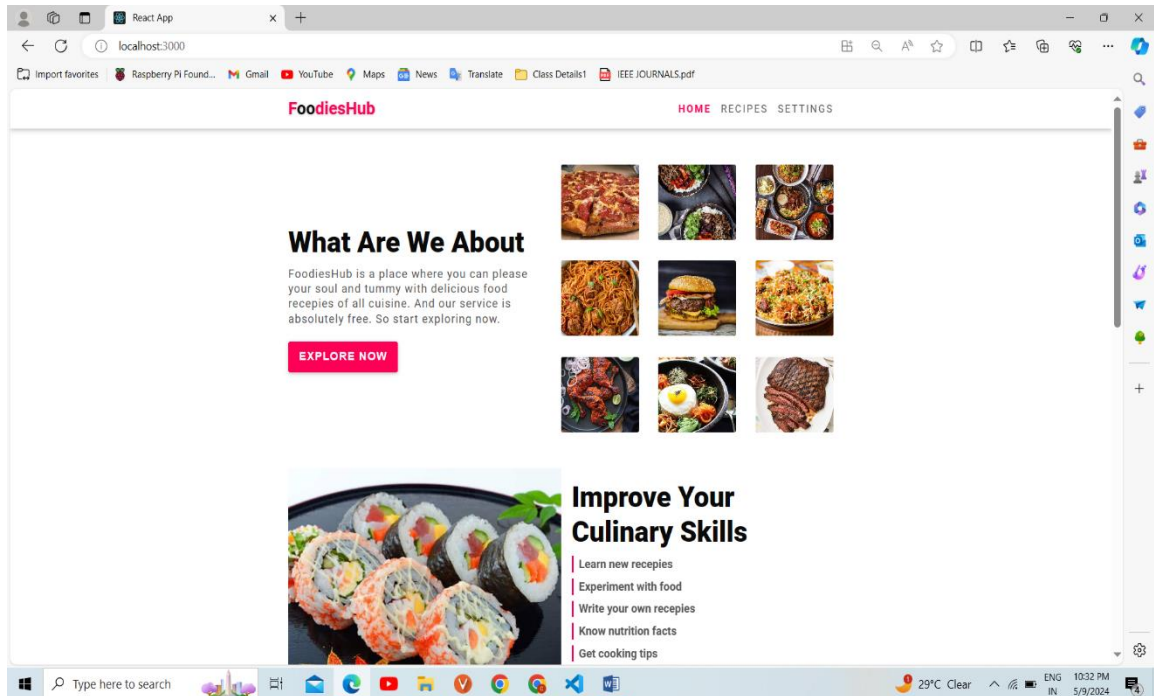


Fig.2:Home Page

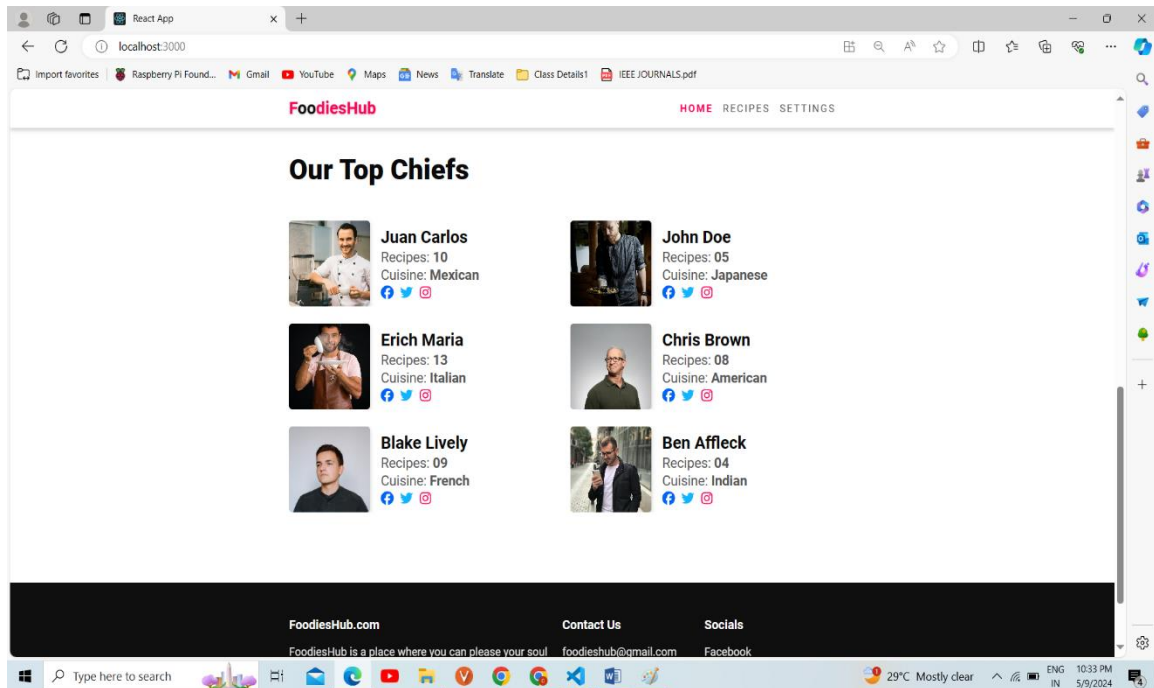


Fig.3:Top Chiefs

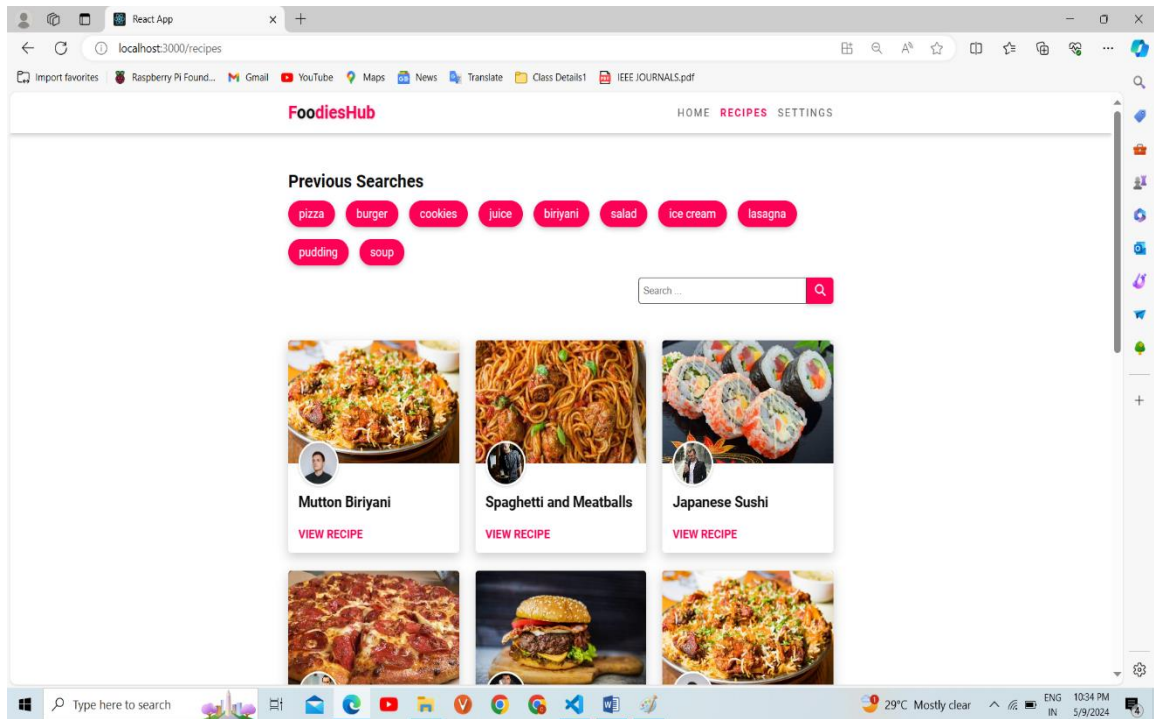


Fig.4:Recipes

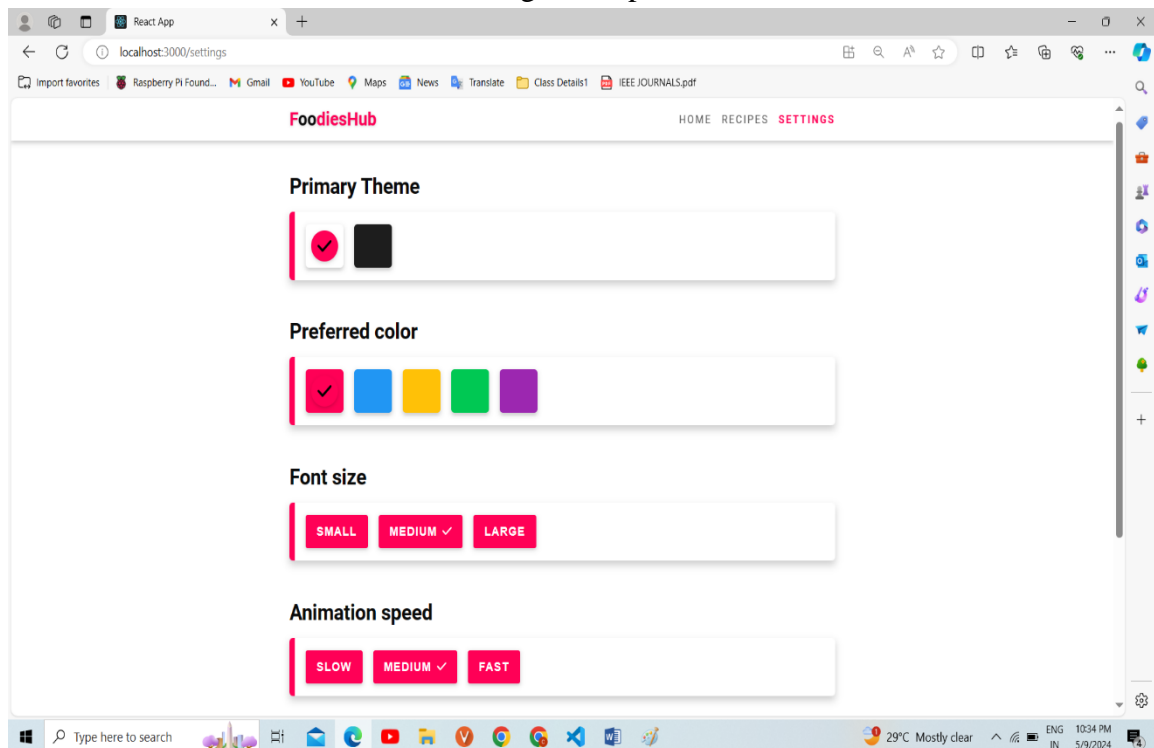


Fig.5:Settings

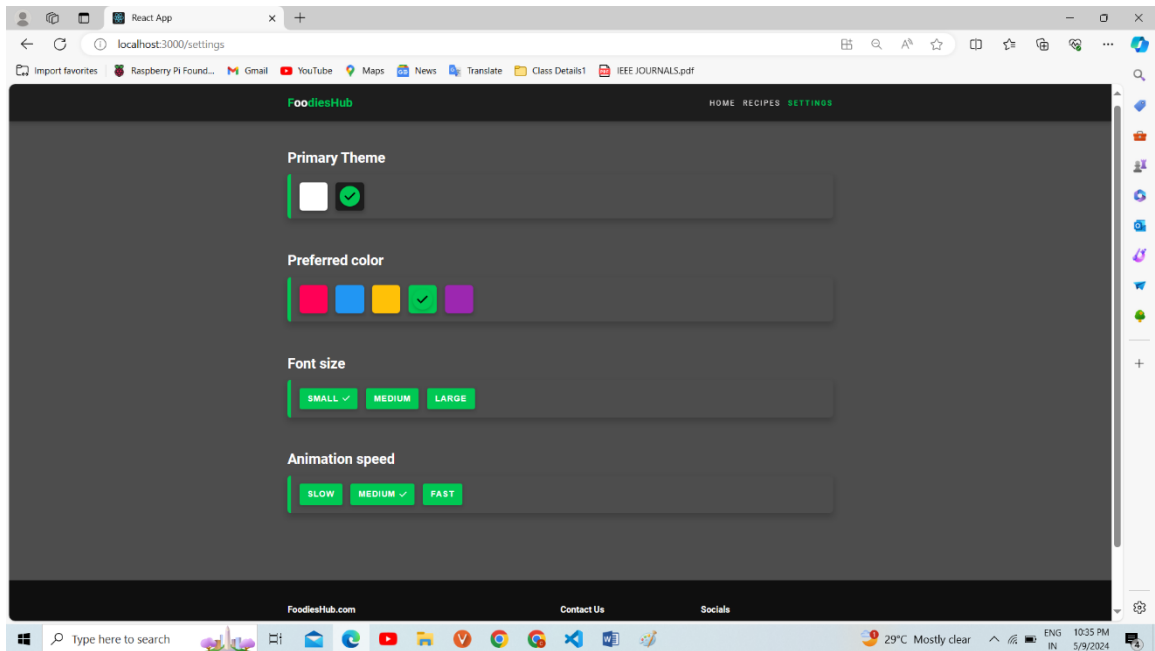


Fig.6:Change of Theme and Colour

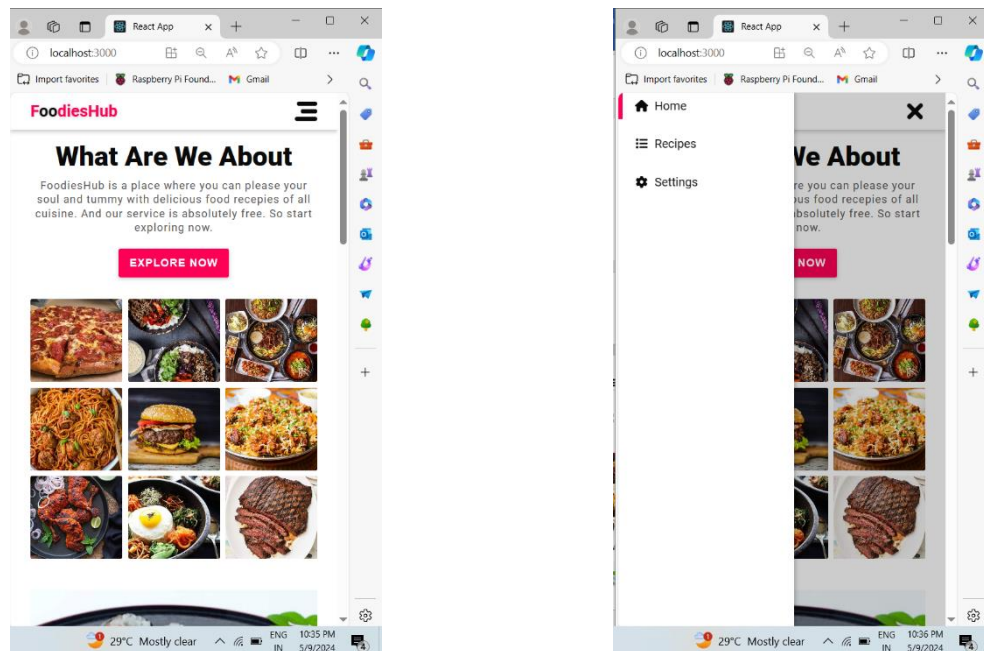


Fig.7: Mobile View of App

Conclusion

In conclusion, the food app we've discussed presents a comprehensive solution for users to explore, order, and enjoy a variety of culinary experiences. By leveraging modern technologies and user-centric design principles, the app aims to provide a seamless and delightful experience for both customers and restaurant partners.

Key features such as intuitive search and filtering options, personalized recommendations, change of colour of app contribute to enhancing user satisfaction and engagement. Additionally, the app fosters a sense of community by enabling users to share reviews, ratings, know about the chefs who cook specific dish and recommendations with others.

For restaurant partners, the app offers a platform to showcase their offerings, manage orders efficiently, and reach a wider audience. Through integration with the app's ecosystem, restaurants can optimize their operations and drive business growth.

Furthermore, the MERN stack's flexibility and versatility empower developers to implement advanced functionalities, such as personalized recipe recommendations and interactive meal planning tools, to cater to diverse user preferences and dietary needs. The app's deployment on cloud platforms ensures accessibility and reliability, while continuous integration and testing practices guarantee the app's stability and performance over time.

Overall, the food app not only satisfies the immediate needs of users seeking convenient dining options but also serves as a catalyst for fostering connections, supporting local businesses, and enriching the culinary experience for everyone involved. With continuous iteration and innovation, the app has the potential to become a trusted companion for food enthusiasts worldwide.