

QBIO MASTER PROGRAM quantitative biology in practice

IMAGING BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS

Practical: building a confocal

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OBJECTIVES

- 1. Basic design of a confocal microscope : optics
- 2. Selections of appropriate fluorescence filters
- 3. Fluorescence correlation spectroscopy: some reminders
- 4. Measurements
- 5. Option 1: How to get an image using the confocal?
- 6. Option 2: How to build a multicolour microscope?





EQUIPEMENTS

- 1. Lasers: THORLABS LDM405, LDM635, LDM850
- 2. Objectives: Zeiss Plan Apochromat 100X, NA 1.4
- 3. Detector: Perkin Elmer SPCM AQR-14
- 4. Fiber for detection: Thorlabs M18L01
- 5. Pinole: 100µm diameter
- 6. Lenses: achromat 40mm, 100mm, 125mm, 400mm
- 7. Dicroics mirrors: Semrock FF555 and FF660
- 8. Filters: Semrock FF01-708/75, FF01-673/11, FF01-628/32

NB: you want to use Atto655 as fluorophore



MEASUREMENTS

- 1. Determine the concentration of a concentrated(>µM) solution of Atto655 without using its fluorescence properties
- 2. Determine the concentration of a diluted (~nM) solution of Atto655 using FCS. You can use the concentrated solution as a standard
- 3. Determine the size of fluorescent beads in solution using FCS. For reference, the diffusion coefficient of the Atto655 dye is 300µm²/s



FOR THE NEXT SESSION

- 1. Prepare a design of the confocal microscope with all its components properly placed
- 2. Propose a protocol to measure the concentration of the two solutions (measurement 1 & 2)
- 3. Propose a protocol to measure the size of the fluorescent beads (measurement 3)