Reg. No.: QOBRS1037

Name :



Continuous Assessment Test-I - August 2022

Programme	B.Tech. CSE (AIR)	Semester	Fall 2022-23
Course	Machine Learning and its Applications	Code	CSE3105
Faculty	V	Slot(s)	:B2 :CH2022231000531
activy	Dr. Priyadarshini.J	Class Nbr(s)	and the second s
Time	: 1½ Hours	Max. Marks	: 50

Consider the dataset in Table 1, which il ustrates the student's Final Assessment Test (FAT) result based on their Continuous Assessment Tests (CAT1 and CAT2) and the number of hours they invested to prepare for the assessments.

Table 1: Student Result Dataset

1	Student	CAT 1	CAT 2 Marks (50)	Study Hours	Class: Result	
	T31 940010000	Marks (50)	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TW	10	Pass	
1		30	350	6	Pass	
2		42	45	1	Fail	
3		20/	07	6		
4		49	47	2	Pass	B
5		25 -	(22)	2	Pass	p
6		34	40	and the latest and th	THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NAMED IN COLUMN TW	
(17		45	48	6	Pass	
18		17	(O)	0	Fail	
19	fe I la la	25	00	1	Fail	
1		35	38	3	Pass	

lived yes Identify and list any 3 machine learning models which is appropriate for the dataset in table and justify your answer with explanation for each.

Identify how to split the data setin table! based on different conditions for Rows 1 to 6. [7 Marks].

Predict the student's FAT result for the rows 7 to 10 using the designed decision tree b) from above [2 Marks].

For the predicted FAT result, perform the following:

- Represent correctness of model by constructing the confusion matrix. [2 Marks]
- How often is the built classifier concet? [1 Mark]
- When it's actually "yes", how often does it predict "yes"? [1 Mark] IV.
- When it's actually "no", how often does it predict "yes"? [1 Mark] V:

When it predicts "yes", how often is it correct? [1 Mark] vii

Apply an algorithm which stores all the available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data point based on the similarity for the dataset (P. available data and classifies a new data and classifies 3 10 on the similarity for the dataset (Rows 1 to 6) specified in Table 1. Predict a student's FAT result for the rows 7to 10. (Assume 1 to 6) specified in Table 1. result for the rows 7to 10. (Assume k). Compare the predicted value of the final assessment test result [Rows 9 and 10 of Table 1] of question number 2 and 3. Dogs the final assessment test result [Rows 9 and 10 of Table 1] of 4 question number 2 and 3. Does the prediction using two different models yields the same result? If yes/no, discuss your view on the comparison. Estimate the relationship between two quantitative variables. 10 5

Y(Output)	X(Input)	
3	1	
5	3	
7	7	
0		
51W)	8	

a) Plot the values and find a linear function (a non-vertical straight line) that predicts the dependent variable values as a function of the independent variable. (7 marks)

b) Calculate the mean squared prediction errors. (3 marks)

6

By using NLP, suppose, you detect spam e-mails in your inbox. Assume that the word 5 *alone* occurs in 80% of the spam messages in your account. Also, assume 'alone' occurs in 10% of your desired e-mails. If 30% of the received e-mails are considered as a spam, and if you receive a new e-mail which contains 'alone', what is the probability that it is a spam?