Homework Turnin

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Section: AQ

Course: CSE 143 18au

Assignment: a2

Receipt ID: df469f49c9f96b2ded5a1871bc45f700

Warning: Your turnin is 1 day late. Assignment a2 was due Thursday, October 11, 2018, 11:30 PM.

Turnin Successful!

The following file(s) were received:

Guitar37.java (2938 bytes)

```
1. /**
* This class allows for creating a multi string Guitar using the* GuitarString class.
5. * @author Ameya Singh, CSE143 A, TA: Soham P.6. */
 7. public class Guitar37 implements Guitar {
 8.
 9.
         * Holds the String of acceptable inputs
10.
11.
        public static final String KEYBOARD =
                 "q2we4r5ty7u8i9op-[=zxdcfvgbnjmk,.;/' "; // keyboard layout
12.
13.
        * Holds the total number of GuitarStrings in the class
14.
15.
16.
        public static final int NUM_STRINGS = 37;
17.
18.
19.
        * Array of all GuitarStrings
20.
21.
        private GuitarString[] guitarStrings = new GuitarString[NUM_STRINGS];
22.
23.
         * Holds the count of number of tic() preformed
24.
25.
        private int tics;
26.
27.
28.
         * Constructs a new Guitar37 with all 37 GuitarStrings
29.
30.
        public Guitar37() {
            for (int i = 0; i < NUM STRINGS; i++) {</pre>
31.
                double frequency = \frac{1}{4}0.0 * Math.pow(2, (i - 24.0) / 12.0);
32.
33.
                guitarStrings[i] = new GuitarString(frequency);
34.
            tics = 0;
35.
36.
        }
37.
38.
39.
        * Plucks the GuitarString of specified pitch
40.
41.
         * @param pitch Pitch value of the GuitarString to play
42.
                        Valid values are between -24 and 12, inclusive
```

```
43.
 44.
         public void playNote(int pitch) {
 45.
             if (pitch >= -24 && pitch <= 12) {
 46.
                 guitarStrings[pitch + 24].pluck();
 47.
 48.
         }
49.
         /**
 50.
 51.
          * Returns if the specified char key is valid and corresponds to an
 52.
          * existing GuitarString
53.
          * @param key Char to be compared against valid input keys
 54.
          * @return Returns true if the char is valid
 55.
 56.
          * Returns false if the char is not valid
57.
 58.
         public boolean hasString(char key) {
 59.
             return KEYBOARD.indexOf(key) != -1;
 60.
 61.
 62.
 63.
          * Plucks the GuitarString that corresponds to the specified character
 64.
          * @param key char representing GuitarString to be played
 65.
 66.
          * @throws IllegalArgumentException thrown if the specified key to be
 67.
                                              played is not a valid input
 68.
 69.
         public void pluck(char key) {
 70.
             int index = KEYBOARD.indexOf(key);
 71.
 72.
             if (index == -1) {
 73.
                 throw new IllegalArgumentException();
 74.
 75.
 76.
             guitarStrings[index].pluck();
 77.
         }
 78.
 79.
 80.
          * Samples all the GuitarStrings present
 81.
          * @return Sum of sample() of all contained GuitarStrings
 82.
 83.
         public double sample() {
 84.
 85.
             double sample = 0;
 86.
             for (GuitarString string : guitarStrings) {
 87.
                 sample += string.sample();
 88.
89.
             return sample;
 90.
         }
 91.
 92.
 93.
          * Calls tic() on all contained GuitarStrings
94.
 95.
         public void tic() {
 96.
             for (GuitarString string : guitarStrings) {
 97.
                 string.tic();
 98.
99.
             tics++;
100.
         }
101.
102.
103.
          * Returns the current time
104.
105.
          * @return Returns the number of times tic() has been called
106.
107.
         public int time() {
108.
             return tics;
109.
110. }
```

GuitarString.java (2225 bytes)

```
1. import java.util.*;
2.
3. /**
4. * GuitarString models the vibration of a guitar string at a given frequency
5. *
6. * @author Ameya Singh, CSE143 A, TA: Soham P.
7. */
```

```
8. public class GuitarString {
 9.
10.
         * Represents the current ring buffer of the string
11.
12.
        private Queue<Double> ringBuffer = new LinkedList<>();
13.
14.
15.
         * Holds the constant sampling rate
16.
17.
        public static final int SAMPLE_RATE = StdAudio.SAMPLE_RATE;
18.
19.
         * Holds the constant energy decay factor
20.
21.
        public static final double ENERGY DECAY FACTOR = 0.996;
22.
23.
         * Creates a new GuitarString whose ring buffer size is based the given
24.
         * frequency
25.
26.
         * @param frequency Frequency to create GuitarString of
27.
28.
29.
        public GuitarString(double frequency) {
30.
            int capacity = (int) Math.round(SAMPLE_RATE / frequency);
31.
            if (capacity < 2 || frequency <= 0) {</pre>
32.
33.
                 throw new IllegalArgumentException();
34.
35.
            for (int i = 0; i < capacity; i++) {
36.
37.
                ringBuffer.add((double) 0);
38.
39.
        }
40.
41.
         * This constructor is used for testing
42.
43.
         * Creates a new GuitarString whose ring buffer represents the contents of
44.
         * the passed array
45.
46.
         * @param init Values to initialize ring buffer to
47.
48.
        public GuitarString(double[] init) {
49.
            if (init.length < 2) {</pre>
50.
                throw new IllegalArgumentException();
51.
52.
53.
            for (int i = 0; i < init.length; i++) {</pre>
54.
                ringBuffer.add(init[i]);
55.
56.
        }
57.
58.
59.
         * Fills the ring buffer with white noise
60.
        public void pluck() {
61.
62.
            Random random = new Random();
63.
            for (int i = 0; i < ringBuffer.size(); i++) {</pre>
                ringBuffer.remove();
64.
65.
                ringBuffer.add(random.nextDouble() - 0.5);
66.
            }
67.
        }
68.
69.
         * Applies one tic of the Karplus-Strong algorithm to the ring buffer
70.
71.
72.
        public void tic() {
73.
            double avg = (ringBuffer.remove() + ringBuffer.peek()) / 2.0;
            ringBuffer.add(avg * ENERGY_DECAY_FACTOR);
74.
75.
        }
76.
77.
78.
         * Samples the ring buffer
79.
80.
         * @return Returns the first value in the ring buffer
81.
82.
        public double sample() {
83.
            return ringBuffer.peek();
84.
85. }
86.
```