

# Relative Monads

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## Abstract

The following document is intended as an outline for the formalisation of *Relative Monads* using the proof assistant *Lean 4*. Part of this formalisation consists in trying to establish relations between relative monads, monads and Kleisli triples.

# Chapter 1

## Relative Monads

### 1.1 Basic Definitions

**Definition 1** (Relative Monads). Given two categories  $\mathcal{C}$  and  $\mathcal{D}$  and a functor  $J : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$  (*root*), a relative monad on  $\mathcal{D}$  over  $\mathcal{C}$  consists in :

- A function  $T : \mathcal{C} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}$  ;
- A natural transformation  $\eta : J \rightarrow T$  (*unit*) ;
- For each morphism in  $\mathcal{D}$  of the form  $f : Ja \rightarrow Tb$  (where  $a$  and  $b$  are objects of  $\mathcal{C}$ ), a morphism  $f^\dagger : Ta \rightarrow Tb$  (*extension /lifting operation*) ;

satisfying the following conditions :

- $\forall a \in \text{obj}_{\mathcal{C}}, (f : Ja \rightarrow Ta), f = f^\dagger \circ \eta_a$  (*left unitality*)
- $\forall a \in \text{obj}_{\mathcal{C}}, (\eta_a)^\dagger = \mathbb{1}_{Ta}$  (*right unitality*)
- $\forall a, b, c \in \text{obj}_{\mathcal{C}},$   
 $(f : Ja \rightarrow Ta), (g : Jb \rightarrow Tc),$   
 $g^\dagger \circ f^\dagger = g^\dagger \circ f^\dagger$

**Proposition 2.** *It follows from the conditions in the definition of a relative monad that :*

- $T$  defines a functor ;
- $\eta$  and  $.\dagger$  are natural transformations.

**Definition 3** (Relative Monads morphisms).

**Proposition 4** (Category of Relative monads).

*Proof.*

□

### 1.2 Examples of Relative Monads

$T = J$

## Chapter 2

# External presentation of monads - Kleisli Triples

**Definition 5** (Kleisli Triples).

**Definition 6** (Morphisms of Kleisli triples).

**Proposition 7.** *"Given a category  $\mathcal{C}$ , the Kleisli triples on  $\mathcal{C}$  and the morphisms between them form a category."*

*Proof.* □

**Proposition 8.** *"Given a category  $\mathcal{C}$ , each Kleisli triple on  $\mathcal{C}$  corresponds to a relative monad on  $\mathcal{C}$  over itself."*

*Proof.* □

## Chapter 3

# Kleisli triples are equivalent to Monads

**Proposition 9.** *"Given a category  $\mathcal{C}$ , Kleisli triples on  $\mathcal{C}$  are equivalent to monads on  $\mathcal{C}$ ."*

*Proof.*

□

**Proposition 10.** *"Given a category  $\mathcal{C}$ , each monad on  $\mathcal{C}$  corresponds to a relative monad on  $\mathcal{C}$  over itself."*

*Proof.*

□