Randomness

1. Numpy supports 35 different type of random functions vs 9 of MXNet
2. Functions that are supported by Numpy all return floats (so do MXNet)

To Do

- Include support for all 9 fxns in MXNet with integer
- Or like Numpy have a seperate randint function (basically discrete uniform distribution)

	Numpy	-	MXNet
1			
2	beta		`exponential`
3	`binomial`		`gamma`
4	`chisquare`		`generalized_negative_binomial`
5	`dirichlet`		`negative_binomial`
6	`exponential`		`normal`
7	`f`		`poisson`
8	`gamma`		`uniform`
9	`geometric`		`multinomial`
10	`gumbel`		`shuffle`
11	`hypergeometric`		
12	`laplace`		
13	`logistic`		
14	`lognormal`		
15	`logseries`		
16	`multinomial`		
17	`multivariate_normal`		
18	`negative_binomial`		
19	`noncentral_chisquare`(df, nonc[, size])		
20	`noncentral_f`(dfnum, dfden, nonc[, size])		
21	`normal`([loc, scale, size])		
22	`pareto`(a[, size])		
23	`poisson`([lam, size])		
24	`power`(a[, size])		
25	`rayleigh`([scale, size])		
26	`standard_cauchy`([size])		
27	`standard_exponential`([size])		
28	`standard_gamma`(shape[, size])		
29	`standard_normal`([size])		
30	`standard_t`(df[, size])		
31	`triangular`(left, mode, right[, size])		
32	`uniform`([low, high, size])		
33	`vonmises`(mu, kappa[, size])		

	size])		
34	`wald`(mean, scale[, size])		
35	`weibull`(a[, size])		
36	`zipf`(a[, size])		