Imports

In [1]:

```
#General Modules
import numpy as np
import cv2
import torch.nn as nn
import torch.optim
import torchvision
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

#Custom Modules
import utils
import paper
import modified_resnet
```

Load Model

```
In [2]:
```

```
# Load the modified resnet model with a list of features outputs
net = modified_resnet.resnet101(pretrained = True)
net.train()
net.cuda();
```

Test Model

```
In [3]:
```

```
img = torch.rand(1,3,224,500).cuda()

# The model is modified to output classification plus a list of features from vario
out, features = net(img)

# Print the shape of the features it extracts
for feature in features:
    print(feature.shape)
```

```
torch.Size([1, 256, 56, 125])
torch.Size([1, 512, 28, 63])
torch.Size([1, 1024, 14, 32])
torch.Size([1, 2048, 7, 16])
```

Load and Resize Image

In [4]:

```
img_path = "toml.jpg"
```

In [5]:

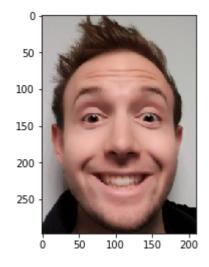
```
img_np = cv2.imread(img_path)
img_np = cv2.cvtColor(img_np,cv2.CoLOR_BGR2RGB)

#Resize the image to a nominal size so that blurs and effects are proportionate
image_w,image_h = paper.size("A4","portrait")
image_w = int(round(image_w*1000))
image_h = int(round(image_h*1000))
img_np = utils.crop_resize(img_np,image_w,image_h)

average_brightness = np.mean(img_np) / 255
print(average_brightness)

plt.imshow(img_np);
```

0.499806048869



In [6]:

```
#convert image to tensor
to_tensor = torchvision.transforms.ToTensor()
img_tensor = to_tensor(img_np).cuda().unsqueeze(dim=0)

#get target features
with torch.no_grad():
    output,target_features = net(img_tensor)
```

```
In [ ]:
```

Define Feature Similarity Loss

```
In [7]:
```

```
class FeatureLoss(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self):
        super().__init__()
        self.mse = nn.MSELoss()

def forward(self,feature_list1, feature_list2, scale_list):
        loss = torch.tensor(0).float().cuda()

for feature1, feature2, scale in zip(feature_list1, feature_list2, scale_li
        loss += scale * self.mse(feature1, feature2)

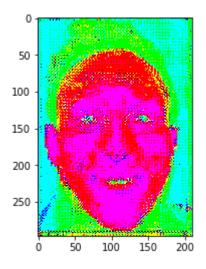
    return loss
```

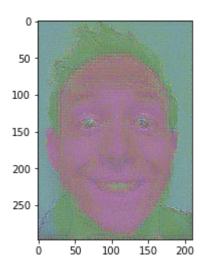
Run Training Loop to Generate Image

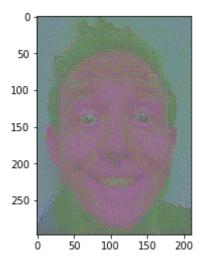
In [10]:

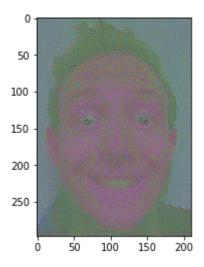
```
n = 1000
scales = [1., 0., 0., 0.]
canvas = nn.Parameter(torch.ones like(img tensor).float()*average brightness).cuda(
# optimizer = torch.optim.SGD([canvas], lr = 10.0, momentum=0.9)
optimizer = torch.optim.Adam([canvas], lr = 0.1)
criterion = FeatureLoss()
for i in range(n):
    optimizer.zero grad()
    output, features = net(canvas)
    loss = criterion(features, target features, scales)
    loss.backward()
    optimizer.step()
    if i % 100 == 0:
        print(loss)
        canvas np = canvas.cpu().squeeze(0).detach().numpy().transpose(1,2,0)
        canvas np -= np.min(canvas np)
        canvas np /= np.max(canvas np)
        plt.figure()
        plt.imshow(canvas np)
```

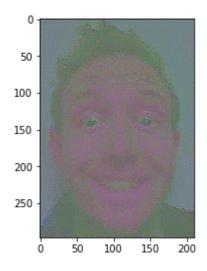
```
tensor(0.0374, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)
tensor(0.0060, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)
tensor(0.0039, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)
tensor(0.0029, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)
tensor(0.0023, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)
tensor(0.0019, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)
tensor(0.0014, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)
tensor(0.0010, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)
tensor(0.0008, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)
tensor(0.0006, device='cuda:0', grad_fn=<AddBackward0>)
```

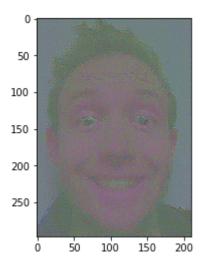


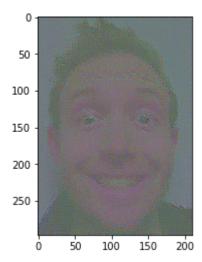


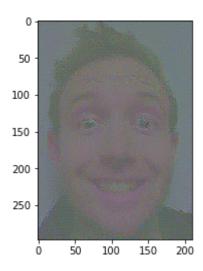


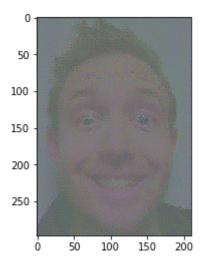












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