

Java



Prepared by:

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Roll No: 19

Batch: 2023-27

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Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 1

Title: WAP to create a class called **Circle**. It contains:

Code:

```
class Circle {
    private double radius;

    Circle() {
        radius = 1.0;
    }

    Circle(double radius) {
        this.radius = radius;
    }

    public double getRadius() {
        return radius;
    }

    public double calculateArea() {
        return Math.PI * radius * radius;
    }

    public double calculateCircumference() {
        return 2 * Math.PI * radius;
    }
}

public class CircleMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Circle c1 = new Circle();
        Circle c2 = new Circle(2.0);
    }
}
```

```
        System.out.println("Circle 1: Radius = " + c1.getRadius() +
", Area = " + c1.calculateArea()
        + ", Circumference = " +
c1.calculateCircumference());
        System.out.println("Circle 2: Radius = " + c2.getRadius() +
", Area = " + c2.calculateArea()
        + ", Circumference = " +
c2.calculateCircumference());
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)



```
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac CircleMain.java && java CircleMain
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac Circle
Main.java && java CircleMain
Circle 1: Radius = 1.0, Area = 3.141592653589793, Circumference = 6.283185307179586
Circle 2: Radius = 2.0, Area = 12.566370614359172, Circumference = 12.566370614359172
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 2

Title: A class called Rectangle, which models a rectangle with a length and a width (in float), is designed as shown in the following class diagram. Write the Rectangle class as per UML diagram.

Code:

```
class Rectangle {
    private float length, width;

    Rectangle() {
        length = 1.0f;
        width = 1.0f;
    }

    Rectangle(float length, float width) {
        this.length = length;
        this.width = width;
    }

    public float getLength() {
        return length;
    }

    public void setLength(float length) {
        this.length = length;
    }

    public float getWidth() {
        return width;
    }

    public void setWidth(float width) {
        this.width = width;
    }
}
```

```

    }

    public double getArea() {
        return length * width;
    }

    public double getPerimeter() {
        return 2 * (length + width);
    }

    public String toString() {
        return "Rectangle[length=" + length + ",width=" + width +
"]";
    }
}

public class RectangleMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Rectangle r1 = new Rectangle();
        Rectangle r2 = new Rectangle(2.0f, 3.0f);
        System.out.println("Rectangle 1: " + r1 + ", Area = " +
r1.getArea() + ", Perimeter = " + r1.getPerimeter());
        System.out.println("Rectangle 2: " + r2 + ", Area = " +
r2.getArea() + ", Perimeter = " + r2.getPerimeter());
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)



```

> ▾ TERMINAL
△ cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac RectangleMain.java && java RectangleMain
● chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac RectangleMain.java && java RectangleMain
Rectangle 1: Rectangle[length=1.0,width=1.0], Area = 1.0, Perimeter = 4.0
Rectangle 2: Rectangle[length=2.0,width=3.0], Area = 6.0, Perimeter = 10.0
○ chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

```

Java: Ready

Ln 53, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 3

Title: A class called Employee, which models an employee with an ID, name and salary, is designed as shown in the following class diagram. The method `raiseSalary(percent)` increases the salary by the given percentage. Write the Employee class and its driver class.

Code:

```
class Employee {
    private int id, salary;
    private String firstName, lastName;

    Employee(int id, String firstName, String lastName, int salary)
    {
        this.id = id;
        this.firstName = firstName;
        this.lastName = lastName;
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    public int getId() {
        return id;
    }

    public String getFirstName() {
        return firstName;
    }

    public String getLastName() {
        return lastName;
    }

    public String getName() {
        return firstName + " " + lastName;
    }
}
```

```

    }

    public int getSalary() {
        return salary;
    }

    public void setSalary(int salary) {
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    public int getAnnualSalary() {
        return salary * 12;
    }

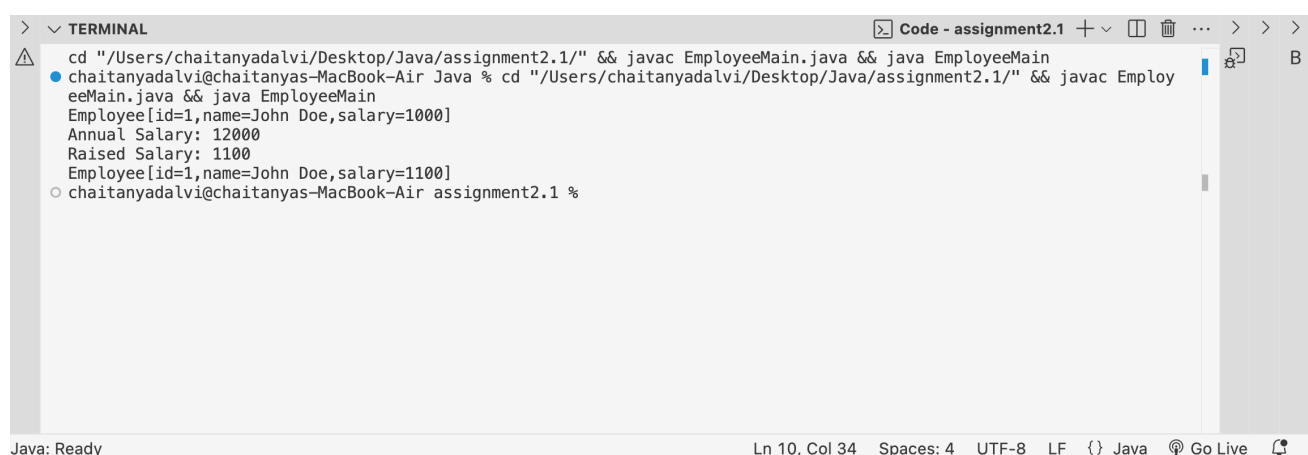
    public int raiseSalary(int percent) {
        salary += salary * percent / 100;
        return salary;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return "Employee[id=" + id + ",name=" + getName() +
",salary=" + salary + "]\n";
    }
}

public class EmployeeMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Employee e1 = new Employee(1, "John", "Doe", 1000);
        System.out.println(e1);
        System.out.println("Annual Salary: " +
e1.getAnnualSalary());
        System.out.println("Raised Salary: " + e1.raiseSalary(10));
        System.out.println(e1);
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)



```

> v TERMINAL
Code - assignment2.1 + v [ ] ... > > >
△ cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac EmployeeMain.java && java EmployeeMain
● chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac Employ
eeMain.java && java EmployeeMain
Employee[id=1,name=John Doe,salary=1000]
Annual Salary: 12000
Raised Salary: 1100
Employee[id=1,name=John Doe,salary=1100]
○ chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

Java: Ready
Ln 10, Col 34 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF { } Java Go Live

```

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 4

Title: A class called InvoiceItem, which models an item of an invoice, with ID, description, quantity and unit price, is designed as shown in the following class diagram. It has a method getTotal which calculates total value (total=quantity*unit price). Write the InvoiceItem class and its driver class.

Code:

```
class InvoiceItem {
    private String id, desc;
    private int qty;
    private double unitPrice;

    InvoiceItem(String id, String desc, int qty, double unitPrice)
    {
        this.id = id;
        this.desc = desc;
        this.qty = qty;
        this.unitPrice = unitPrice;
    }

    public String getId() {
        return id;
    }

    public String getDesc() {
        return desc;
    }

    public int getQty() {
        return qty;
    }

    public void setQty(int qty) {
```



```

        this.qty = qty;
    }

    public double getUnitPrice() {
        return unitPrice;
    }

    public void setUnitPrice(double unitPrice) {
        this.unitPrice = unitPrice;
    }

    public double getTotal() {
        return qty * unitPrice;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return "InvoiceItem[id=" + id + ",desc=" + desc + ",qty=" +
qty + ",unitPrice=" + unitPrice + "];"
    }
}

public class InvoiceMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        InvoiceItem i1 = new InvoiceItem("1", "Item 1", 2, 500.0);
        System.out.println(i1);
        System.out.println("Total: " + i1.getTotal());
        i1.setQty(3);
        i1.setUnitPrice(600.0);
        System.out.println(i1);
        System.out.println("Total: " + i1.getTotal());
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)



```

> ▾ TERMINAL
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac InvoiceMain.java && java InvoiceMain
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac InvoiceMain.java && java InvoiceMain
InvoiceItem[id=1,desc=Item 1,qty=2,unitPrice=500.0]
Total: 1000.0
InvoiceItem[id=1,desc=Item 1,qty=3,unitPrice=600.0]
Total: 1800.0
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

```

Java: Ready

Ln 54, Col 28 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 5

Title: A class called Author (as shown in the class diagram) is designed to model a book's author.

Code:

```
class Author {
    private String name, email;
    private char gender;

    Author(String name, String email, char gender) {
        this.name = name;
        this.email = email;
        this.gender = gender;
    }

    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }

    public String getEmail() {
        return email;
    }

    public void setEmail(String email) {
        this.email = email;
    }

    public char getGender() {
        return gender;
    }
}
```

```

        public String toString() {
            return "Author[name=" + name + ",email=" + email +
",gender=" + gender + "];"
        }
    }

    public class AuthorMain {
        public static void main(String[] args) {
            Author a1 = new Author("Abc", "Abc@gmail.com", 'm');
            System.out.println(a1);
            a1.setEmail("xyz@gmail.com");
            System.out.println("Name: " + a1.getName() + "\nEmail:" +
a1.getEmail() + "\nGender:" + a1.getGender());
        }
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)



```

> ▾ TERMINAL
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac AuthorMain.java && java AuthorMain
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac Author
Main.java && java AuthorMain
Author[name=Abc,email=Abc@gmail.com,gender=m]
Name: Abc
Email:xyz@gmail.com
Gender:m
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

```

Java: Ready Ln 42, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 6

Title: WAP to create a class time having default constructor, parameterized constructor whose specifications

Code:

```
class Time {
    private int hr, min, sec;

    Time() {
        this.hr = 12;
        this.min = 0;
        this.sec = 0;
    }

    Time(int hr, int min, int sec) {
        this.hr = hr;
        this.min = min;
        this.sec = sec;
        normalizeTime();
    }

    Time(int secondsSinceMidnight) {
        setClock(secondsSinceMidnight);
    }

    public void setClock(int secondsSinceMidnight) {
        this.hr = secondsSinceMidnight / 3600;
        this.min = (secondsSinceMidnight % 3600) / 60;
        this.sec = secondsSinceMidnight % 60;
        normalizeTime();
    }
}
```

```

    }

    public void tick() {
        this.sec++;
        normalizeTime();
    }

    public void tickDown() {
        this.sec--;
        normalizeTime();
    }

    private void normalizeTime() {
        if (this.sec >= 60) {
            this.min += this.sec / 60;
            this.sec %= 60;
        }
        if (this.min >= 60) {
            this.hr += this.min / 60;
            this.min %= 60;
        }
        if (this.sec < 0) {
            this.min--;
            this.sec += 60;
        }
        if (this.min < 0) {
            this.hr--;
            this.min += 60;
        }
        if (this.hr >= 24) {
            this.hr %= 24;
        }
        if (this.hr < 0) {
            this.hr += 24;
        }
    }

    public void displayTime() {
        System.out.printf("%02d:%02d:%02d\n", hr, min, sec);
    }
}

public class TimeMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Time t1 = new Time();
        t1.displayTime();

        Time t2 = new Time(5, 45, 23);
        t2.displayTime();
    }
}

```

```
        Time t3 = new Time(3600);
        t3.displayTime();
        t3.tick();
        t3.displayTime();
        t3.tickDown();
        t3.displayTime();
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)



```
> v TERMINAL Code - assignment2.1 + v B
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac TimeMain.java && java TimeMain
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac TimeMain.java && java TimeMain
12:00:00
05:45:23
01:00:00
01:00:01
01:00:00
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

Java: Ready Ln 83, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 7

Title: Write a Java class Complex for dealing with complex number.

Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Complex {
    private double real, imag;

    public Complex() {
        real = imag = 0;
    }

    public Complex(double real, double imag) {
        this.real = real;
        this.imag = imag;
    }

    public double getReal() {
        return real;
    }

    public double getImag() {
        return imag;
    }

    public void setReal(double real) {
        this.real = real;
    }

    public void setImag(double imag) {
        this.imag = imag;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return real + " + " + imag + "i";
    }
}
```

```

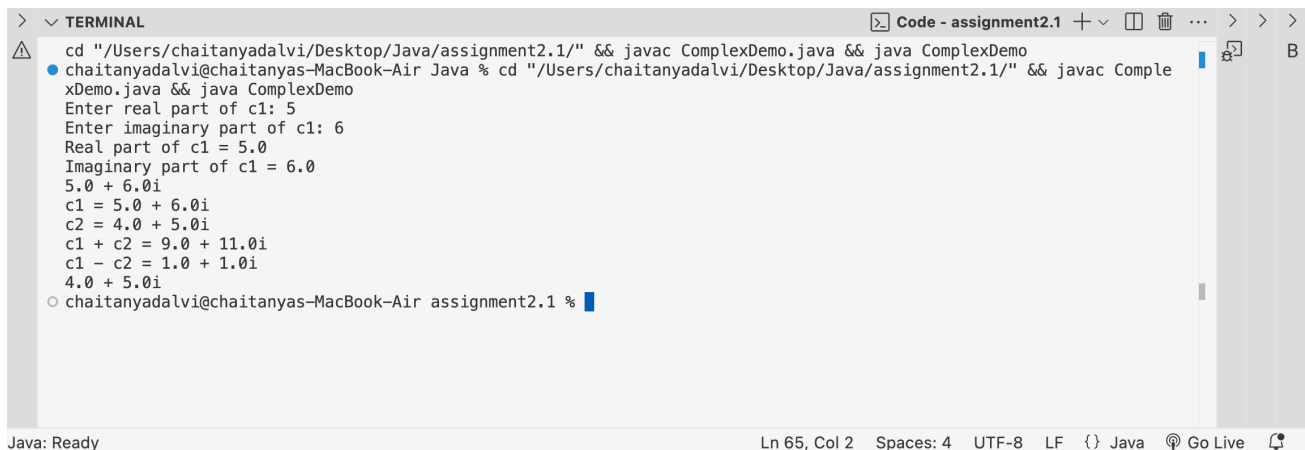
    public Complex add(Complex c) {
        return new Complex(real + c.real, imag + c.imag);
    }

    public Complex subtract(Complex c) {
        return new Complex(real - c.real, imag - c.imag);
    }
}

public class ComplexDemo {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Complex c1 = new Complex();
        Complex c2 = new Complex(4, 5);
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter real part of c1: ");
        c1.setReal(sc.nextDouble());
        System.out.print("Enter imaginary part of c1: ");
        c1.setImag(sc.nextDouble());
        System.out.println("Real part of c1 = " + c1.getReal());
        System.out.println("Imaginary part of c1 = " +
c1.getImag());
        System.out.println(c1);
        System.out.println("c1 = " + c1);
        System.out.println("c2 = " + c2);
        System.out.println("c1 + c2 = " + c1.add(c2));
        System.out.println("c1 - c2 = " + c1.subtract(c2));
        System.out.println(c2);
        sc.close();
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)



```

> ▾ TERMINAL
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac ComplexDemo.java && java ComplexDemo
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac Comple
xDemo.java && java ComplexDemo
Enter real part of c1: 5
Enter imaginary part of c1: 6
Real part of c1 = 5.0
Imaginary part of c1 = 6.0
5.0 + 6.0i
c1 = 5.0 + 6.0i
c2 = 4.0 + 5.0i
c1 + c2 = 9.0 + 11.0i
c1 - c2 = 1.0 + 1.0i
4.0 + 5.0i
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

```

Java: Ready Ln 65, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 8

Title: Create a Geometry class and overload calculateArea method for square, circle, and rectangle.

```
class Geometry {
    public int calculateArea(int s) {
        return s * s;
    }

    public double calculateArea(double r) {
        return r * r * Math.PI;
    }

    public int calculateArea(int l, int b) {
        return l * b;
    }
}

public class GeometryMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Geometry square = new Geometry();
        Geometry circle = new Geometry();
        Geometry rectangle = new Geometry();
        System.out.println("Area of a square: " +
square.calculateArea(5));
        System.out.println("Area of a circle: " +
circle.calculateArea(4.4));
        System.out.println("Area of a rectangle: " +
rectangle.calculateArea(5, 10));
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)

Code - assignment2.1

TERMINAL

cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac GeometryMain.java && java GeometryMain

chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac Geomet

ryMain.java && java GeometryMain

Area of a square: 25

Area of a circle: 60.821233773498406

Area of a rectangle: 50

chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

Java: ReadyLn 27, Col 1Spaces: 4UTF-8LF{ }JavaGo Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 9

Title: WAP to implement Box class (Hint: Refer Java PPT). Inherit Box class in BoxWt

Code:

```
class Box {
    private double w, h, d;

    Box() {
        w = h = d = 0;
    }

    Box(double w, double h, double d) {
        this.w = w;
        this.h = h;
        this.d = d;
    }

    Box(double a) {
        w = h = d = a;
    }

    Box(Box obj) {
        w = obj.w;
        h = obj.h;
        d = obj.d;
    }

    public double volume() {
        return w * h * d;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return ("Width: " + w + " , Height: " + h + ", Depth: " +
d);
    }
}
```

```

class BoxWt extends Box {
    private double wt;

    BoxWt() {
        super();
        wt = 0;
    }

    BoxWt(double w, double h, double d, double wt) {
        super(w, h, d);
        this.wt = wt;
    }

    BoxWt(double a, double wt) {
        super(a);
        this.wt = wt;
    }

    BoxWt(BoxWt obj) {
        super(obj);
        wt = obj.wt;
    }

    public String print_BoxWt() {
        return ("Weight: " + wt);
    }

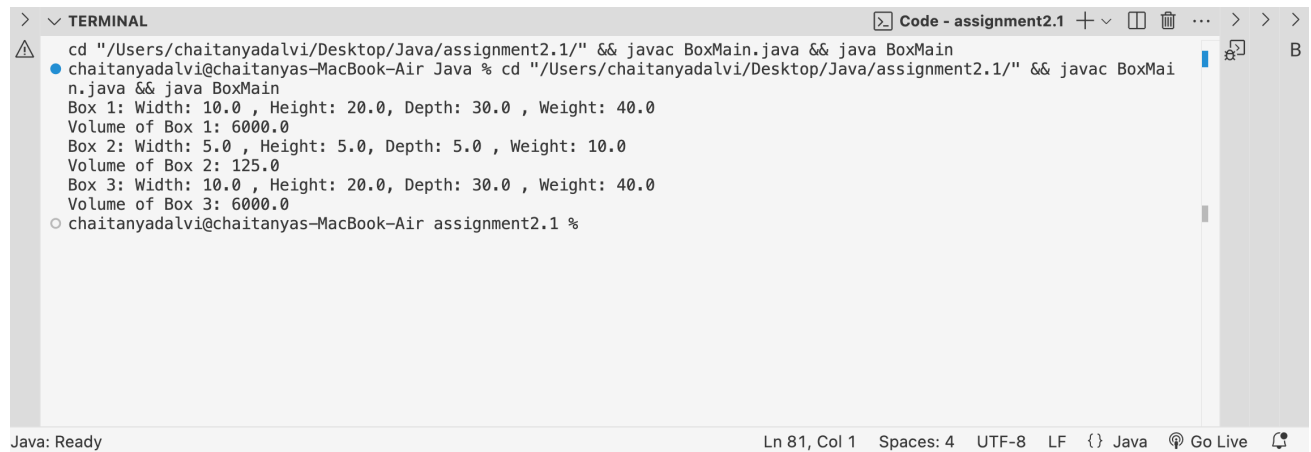
    public String toString() {
        return (super.toString() + " , " + print_BoxWt());
    }
}

public class BoxMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        BoxWt obj1 = new BoxWt(10, 20, 30, 40);
        BoxWt obj2 = new BoxWt(5, 10);
        BoxWt obj3 = new BoxWt(obj1);

        System.out.println("Box 1: " + obj1);
        System.out.println("Volume of Box 1: " + obj1.volume());
        System.out.println("Box 2: " + obj2);
        System.out.println("Volume of Box 2: " + obj2.volume());
        System.out.println("Box 3: " + obj3);
        System.out.println("Volume of Box 3: " + obj3.volume());
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "TERMINAL" with a command prompt. The user has executed a command to compile and run a Java program. The output displays the dimensions and volume for three boxes. The terminal window is part of a code editor interface, with a status bar at the bottom showing "Java: Ready" and various settings like "Ln 81, Col 1", "Spaces: 4", "UTF-8", "LF", and "Go Live".

```
> v TERMINAL Code - assignment2.1 + v [ ] [ ] ... > > >
⚠ cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac BoxMain.java && java BoxMain
● chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac BoxMain.java && java BoxMain
Box 1: Width: 10.0 , Height: 20.0, Depth: 30.0 , Weight: 40.0
Volume of Box 1: 6000.0
Box 2: Width: 5.0 , Height: 5.0, Depth: 5.0 , Weight: 10.0
Volume of Box 2: 125.0
Box 3: Width: 10.0 , Height: 20.0, Depth: 30.0 , Weight: 40.0
Volume of Box 3: 6000.0
○ chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

Java: Ready Ln 81, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF () Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 10

Title: WAP the demonstrate that super class variable can point to object of subclass.

Code:

```
class Box {
    private double w, h, d;

    Box() {
        w = h = d = 0;
    }

    Box(double w, double h, double d) {
        this.w = w;
        this.h = h;
        this.d = d;
    }

    Box(double a) {
        w = h = d = a;
    }

    Box(Box obj) {
        w = obj.w;
        h = obj.h;
        d = obj.d;
    }

    public double volume() {
        return w * h * d;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return ("Width: " + w + " , Height: " + h + ", Depth: " +
d);
    }
}
```

```

class BoxWt extends Box {
    private double wt;

    BoxWt() {
        super();
        wt = 0;
    }

    BoxWt(double w, double h, double d, double wt) {
        super(w, h, d);
        this.wt = wt;
    }

    BoxWt(double a, double wt) {
        super(a);
        this.wt = wt;
    }

    BoxWt(BoxWt obj) {
        super(obj);
        wt = obj.wt;
    }

    public String print_BoxWt() {
        return ("Weight: " + wt);
    }

    public String toString() {
        return (super.toString() + " , " + print_BoxWt());
    }
}

public class SuperVarMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Box obj1 = new BoxWt(10, 20, 30, 40);
        Box obj2 = new BoxWt(5, 10);

        System.out.println("Box 1: " + obj1);
        System.out.println("Box 2: " + obj2);
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)

```
> ▼ TERMINAL Code - assignment2.1 + ▾ [ ] [ ] ... > > >
⚠ cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac SuperVarMain.java && java SuperVarMain
● chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac SuperV
arMain.java && java SuperVarMain
Box 1: Width: 10.0 , Height: 20.0, Depth: 30.0 , Weight: 40.0
Box 2: Width: 5.0 , Height: 5.0, Depth: 5.0 , Weight: 10.0
○ chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

Java: Ready Ln 76, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF { } Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 11

Title: WAP to demonstrate multilevel inheritance by creating a BoxColor class and inheriting BoxWt class. BoxColor class has an instance variable color of String type.

Code:

```
class Box {
    private double w, h, d;

    Box() {
        w = h = d = 0;
    }

    Box(double w, double h, double d) {
        this.w = w;
        this.h = h;
        this.d = d;
    }

    Box(double a) {
        w = h = d = a;
    }

    Box(Box obj) {
        w = obj.w;
        h = obj.h;
        d = obj.d;
    }

    public double volume() {
        return w * h * d;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return ("Width: " + w + " , Height: " + h + ", Depth: " +
d);
    }
}

class BoxWt extends Box {
    private double wt;

    BoxWt() {
        super();
    }
}
```

```

        wt = 0;
    }

    BoxWt(double w, double h, double d, double wt) {
        super(w, h, d);
        this.wt = wt;
    }

    BoxWt(double a, double wt) {
        super(a);
        this.wt = wt;
    }

    BoxWt(BoxWt obj) {
        super(obj);
        wt = obj.wt;
    }

    public String print_BoxWt() {
        return ("Weight: " + wt);
    }

    public String toString() {
        return (super.toString() + " , " + print_BoxWt());
    }
}

class BoxColour extends BoxWt {
    private String colour;
    BoxColour(String colour) {
        super();
        this.colour = colour;
    }
    BoxColour(String colour, double w, double h, double d, double
wt) {
        super(w, h, d, wt);
        this.colour = colour;
    }
    BoxColour(String colour, double a, double wt) {
        super(a, wt);
        this.colour = colour;
    }
    BoxColour(String colour, BoxColour obj) {
        super(obj);
        this.colour = colour;
    }
    public String toString() {
        return (super.toString() + " , Colour: " + colour);
    }
}

```

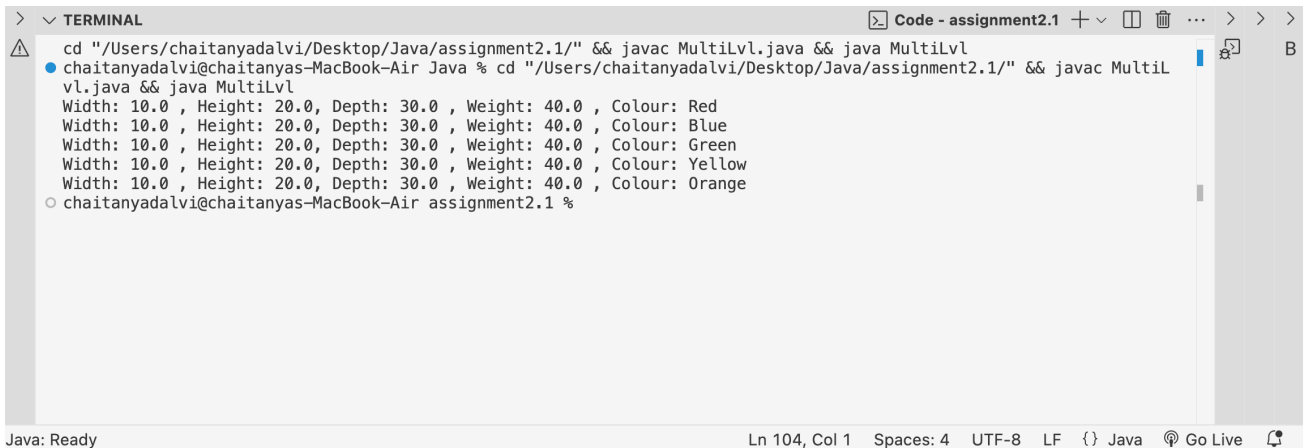
```

}

public class MultiLvl {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        BoxColour box1 = new BoxColour("Red", 10, 20, 30, 40);
        BoxColour box2 = new BoxColour("Blue", 10, 20, 30, 40);
        BoxColour box3 = new BoxColour("Green", 10, 20, 30, 40);
        BoxColour box4 = new BoxColour("Yellow", 10, 20, 30, 40);
        BoxColour box5 = new BoxColour("Orange", 10, 20, 30, 40);
        System.out.println(box1);
        System.out.println(box2);
        System.out.println(box3);
        System.out.println(box4);
        System.out.println(box5);
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)



```

> ▾ TERMINAL
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac MultiLvl.java && java MultiLvl
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac MultiLvl.java && java MultiLvl
Width: 10.0 , Height: 20.0, Depth: 30.0 , Weight: 40.0 , Colour: Red
Width: 10.0 , Height: 20.0, Depth: 30.0 , Weight: 40.0 , Colour: Blue
Width: 10.0 , Height: 20.0, Depth: 30.0 , Weight: 40.0 , Colour: Green
Width: 10.0 , Height: 20.0, Depth: 30.0 , Weight: 40.0 , Colour: Yellow
Width: 10.0 , Height: 20.0, Depth: 30.0 , Weight: 40.0 , Colour: Orange
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

```

Java: Ready

Ln 104, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 12

Title: WAP to demonstrate the sequence of execution of constructors in multilevel inheritance.

Code:

```
class A {
    A() {
        System.out.println("Constructor of A"); // This will be
invoked first as it is the superclass
    }
}

class B extends A {
    B() {
        System.out.println("Constructor of B"); // This will be
invoked second
    }
}

class C extends B {
    C() {
        System.out.println("Constructor of C"); // This will be
invoked last
    }
}

public class MultiLvlCons {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        C obj = new C();
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)



```
> ▾ TERMINAL
⚠ cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac MultiLvlCons.java && java MultiLvlCons
● chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac MultiL
vlCons.java && java MultiLvlCons
Constructor of A
Constructor of B
Constructor of C
○ chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

Java: Ready

Ln 26, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 13

Title: WAP to demonstrate the concept of method overriding.

Code:

```
class Animal {
    public void sound() {
        System.out.println("Animal makes a sound");
    }
}

class Dog extends Animal {
    public void sound() {
        System.out.println("Dog barks");
    }
}

public class MethodOverriding {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Animal myAnimal = new Animal();
        myAnimal.sound(); // Calls the method from Animal class

        Dog myDog = new Dog();
        myDog.sound(); // Calls the overridden method from Dog
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)



```
> ▾ TERMINAL
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac MethodOverriding.java && java MethodOverriding
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac MethodOverriding.java && java MethodOverriding
Animal makes a sound
Dog barks
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

Java: Ready Ln 23, Col 2 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 14

Title: WAP to demonstrate the use of super keyword to call overridden methods and instance variables.

Code:

```
class Parent {
    String name = "Parent";

    public void display() {
        System.out.println("Display method in Parent class");
    }
}

// Derived class
class Child extends Parent {
    String name = "Child";

    public void display() {
        System.out.println("Display method in Child class");
    }

    public void show() {
        super.display();
        System.out.println("Name from Parent class: " +
super.name);
        System.out.println("Name from Child class: " + this.name);
    }
}

public class SuperOverride {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Child obj = new Child();
        obj.show();
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)

```
> ▼ TERMINAL > > >
⚠ cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac SuperOverride.java && java SuperOverride
● chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac SuperO
verride.java && java SuperOverride
Display method in Parent class
Name from Parent class: Parent
Name from Child class: Child
○ chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

Java: Ready Ln 32, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 15

Title: Create a class Animal

```
class Animal {  
  
    boolean vegetarian;  
    String food;  
    int numOfLegs;  
  
    Animal() {  
        vegetarian = true;  
        food = "plants";  
        numOfLegs = 4;  
    }  
  
    Animal(boolean vegetarian, String food, int numOfLegs) {  
        this.vegetarian = vegetarian;  
        this.food = food;  
        this.numOfLegs = numOfLegs;  
    }  
  
    public void setVegetarian(boolean vegetarian) {  
        this.vegetarian = vegetarian;  
    }  
  
    public void setFood(String food) {  
        this.food = food;  
    }  
  
    public void setNumOfLegs(int numOfLegs) {  
        this.numOfLegs = numOfLegs;  
    }  
  
    public boolean isVegetarian() {  
        return vegetarian;  
    }  
  
    public String getFood() {  
        return food;  
    }  
  
    public int getNumOfLegs() {
```

```

        return numOfLegs;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return ("Vegetarian: " + vegetarian + "\nFood: " + food +
"\nNumber of legs: " + numOfLegs);
    }
}

```

```

class Cat extends Animal {
    String color;

    Cat() {
        super();
        color = "white";
    }

    Cat(boolean vegetarian, String food, int numOfLegs, String
color) {
        super(vegetarian, food, numOfLegs);
        this.color = color;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return (super.toString() + "\nColor: " + color);
    }
}

```

```

class Cow extends Animal {
    String breed;

    Cow() {
        super();
        breed = "Jersey";
    }

    Cow(boolean vegetarian, String food, int numOfLegs, String
breed) {
        super(vegetarian, food, numOfLegs);
        this.breed = breed;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return (super.toString() + "\nBreed: " + breed);
    }
}

```

```

public class AnimalInherit {
    public static void main(String[] args) {

```

```

    Cat c1 = new Cat();
    Cow cow1 = new Cow();
    System.out.println("\n" + c1 + "\n");
    System.out.println(cow1 + "\n");

    Cat c2 = new Cat(false, "meat", 4, "black");
    Cow cow2 = new Cow(false, "meat", 4, "brown swiss");
    System.out.println(c2.toString() + "\n");
    System.out.println(cow2.toString() + "\n");

    Cat c3 = new Cat();
    Cow cow3 = new Cow();
    c3.setVegetarian(true);
    c3.setFood("milk");
    c3.setNumOfLegs(5);
    c3.isVegetarian();
    c3.getFood();
    c3.getNumOfLegs();
    cow3.setVegetarian(true);
    cow3.setFood("cheese");
    cow3.setNumOfLegs(6);
    cow3.isVegetarian();
    cow3.getFood();
    cow3.getNumOfLegs();
    System.out.println(c3.toString() + "\n");
    System.out.println(cow3.toString() + "\n");
}
}

```

Output: (screenshot)

```

cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac AnimalInherit.java && java AnimalInherit
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac Animal
Inherit.java && java AnimalInherit

Vegetarian: true
Food: plants
Number of legs: 4
Color: white

Vegetarian: true
Food: plants
Number of legs: 4
Breed: Jersey

Vegetarian: false
Food: meat
Number of legs: 4
Color: black

Vegetarian: false
Food: meat
Number of legs: 4
Breed: brown swiss

Vegetarian: true
Food: milk
Number of legs: 5
Color: white

Vegetarian: true
Food: cheese
Number of legs: 6
Breed: Jersey

```

○ chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 16

Title: Create a figure class with instance variable dim1, dim2 and method as area(). Create two derived class rectangle and triangle with constructors defined for initializing instance variable. Override area in both derived classes. WAP to demonstrate dynamic method dispatch (Run time polymorphism).

```
import java.util.Scanner;

class Figure {
    double dim1, dim2;

    Figure(double a, double b) {
        dim1 = a;
        dim2 = b;
    }

    double area() {
        return 0;
    }
}

class Rectangle extends Figure {
    Rectangle(double a, double b) {
        super(a, b);
    }

    double area() {
        return dim1 * dim2;
    }
}

class Triangle extends Figure {
    Triangle(double a, double b) {
```

```

        super(a, b);
    }


    double area() {
        return 0.5 * dim1 * dim2;
    }
}

public class FigureMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        double a, b;
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter length of rectangle: ");
        a = sc.nextDouble();
        System.out.print("Enter breadth of rectangle: ");
        b = sc.nextDouble();
        Figure f;
        f = new Rectangle(a, b);
        System.out.println();
        System.out.println("Area of rectangle: " + f.area());
        System.out.println();

        System.out.print("Enter base of triangle: ");
        a = sc.nextDouble();
        System.out.print("Enter height of triangle: ");
        b = sc.nextDouble();
        f = new Triangle(a, b);
        System.out.println();
        System.out.println("Area of triangle: " + f.area());
        sc.close();
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)



```

OUTPUT  TERMINAL  20  PORTS  POSTMAN CONSOLE
> v TERMINAL  Code - assignment2.1 + -  B
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac FigureMain.java && java FigureMain
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac Figure
Main.java && java FigureMain
Enter length of rectangle: 5
Enter breadth of rectangle: 6

Area of rectangle: 30.0

Enter base of triangle: 5
Enter height of triangle: 6

Area of triangle: 15.0
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

```

Java: Ready Ln 62, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 17

Title: Write a program to implement the concept of multiple inheritance through interface. Create a Figure and Draw interface. In Figure interface, define members PI, area(), perimeter(). In Draw interface, define members draw_shape(). Implement it in Circle class and Rectangle class.

```
interface Figure {
    double PI = Math.PI;

    double area();

    double perimeter();
}

interface Draw {
    void draw_shape(double a, double b);
}

class Circle implements Figure, Draw {
    double radius;

    Circle(double radius) {
        this.radius = radius;
    }

    public double area() {
        return PI * radius * radius;
    }

    public double perimeter() {
        return 2 * PI * radius;
    }

    public void draw_shape(double a, double b) {
        System.out.println("Drawing Circle with radius: " +
radius);
    }
}

class Rectangle implements Figure, Draw {
    double length, breadth;

    Rectangle(double length, double breadth) {
        this.length = length;
    }
}
```

```

        this.breadth = breadth;
    }

    public double area() {
        return length * breadth;
    }

    public double perimeter() {
        return 2 * (length + breadth);
    }


    public void draw_shape(double a, double b) {
        System.out.println("Drawing Rectangle with length: " +
length + " and breadth: " + breadth);
    }
}

public class InterfaceMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Circle c = new Circle(5);
        Rectangle r = new Rectangle(5, 10);
        System.out.println("Area of circle: " + c.area());
        System.out.println("Perimeter of circle: " +
c.perimeter());
        c.draw_shape(5, 5);

        System.out.println();
        System.out.println("Area of rectangle: " + r.area());
        System.out.println("Perimeter of rectangle: " +
r.perimeter());
        r.draw_shape(5, 10);
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)



```

cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac InterfaceMain.java && java InterfaceMain
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac Interf
aceMain.java && java InterfaceMain
Area of circle: 78.53981633974483
Perimeter of circle: 31.41592653589793
Drawing Circle with radius: 5.0

Area of rectangle: 50.0
Perimeter of rectangle: 30.0
Drawing Rectangle with length: 5.0 and breadth: 10.0
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

```

Java: Ready

Ln 70, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 18

Title: Write a Java program that creates a class hierarchy for employees of a company. The base class should be Employee, with subclasses Manager and Developer.

```
class Employee {
    private String name, address, job_title;
    private double salary;

    Employee() {
        name = "John Doe";
        address = "123, XYZ Street";
        job_title = "Software Developer";
        salary = 50000;
    }

    Employee(String name, String address, String job_title, double
salary) {
        this.name = name;
        this.address = address;
        this.job_title = job_title;
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    public String getName() {
        return name;
    }

    public String getAddress() {
        return address;
    }

    public String getJobTitle() {
```



```

        return job_title;
    }

    public double getSalary() {
        return salary;
    }

    public String generatePerformanceReport() {
        return ("No performance report available");
    }

    public double calculateBonus() {
        return 0.0;
    }
}

class Manager extends Employee {
    private int numberOfSubordinates;

    Manager() {
        super();
        numberOfSubordinates = 5;
    }

    Manager(String name, String address, String job_title, double
salary, int numberOfSubordinates) {
        super(name, address, job_title, salary);
        this.numberOfSubordinates = numberOfSubordinates;
    }

    public int getNumberOfSubordinates() {
        return numberOfSubordinates;
    }

    public double calculateBonus() {
        return 0.15 * getSalary();
    }

    public void manageProject() {
        System.out.println("Project is managed by " + getName());
    }

    public String generatePerformanceReport() {
        return (getName() + ". Rating: Excellent");
    }
}

class Developer extends Employee {
    private String programmingLanguage;

```

```

Developer() {
    super();
    programmingLanguage = "Java";
}

Developer(String name, String address, String job_title, double
salary, String programmingLanguage) {
    super(name, address, job_title, salary);
    this.programmingLanguage = programmingLanguage;
}

public String getProgrammingLanguage() {
    return programmingLanguage;
}

public double calculateBonus() {
    return 0.1 * getSalary();
}

public void writeCode() {
    System.out.println(getProgrammingLanguage() + " code is
being written by " + getName());
}

public String generatePerformanceReport() {
    return (getName() + ". Rating: Good");
}
}

public class EmployeeInherit {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Manager emp1 = new Manager("Bob", "789, PQR Street",
"Project Manager", 70000, 10);
        Developer emp2 = new Developer("Charlie", "101, LMN
Street", "Software Developer", 50000, "Python");

        System.out.println("Employee 1:");
        System.out.println("Name: " + emp1.getName());
        System.out.println("Address: " + emp1.getAddress());
        System.out.println("Job Title: " + emp1.getJobTitle());
        System.out.println("Salary: " + emp1.getSalary());
        System.out.println("Number of Subordinates: " +
emp1.getNumberOfSubordinates());
        System.out.println("Performance Report: " +
emp1.generatePerformanceReport());
        System.out.println("Bonus: " + emp1.calculateBonus());
        emp1.manageProject();
        System.out.println();
    }
}

```

```

        System.out.println("Employee 2:");
        System.out.println("Name: " + emp2.getName());
        System.out.println("Address: " + emp2.getAddress());
        System.out.println("Job Title: " + emp2.getJobTitle());
        System.out.println("Salary: " + emp2.getSalary());
        System.out.println("Programming Language: " +
emp2.getProgrammingLanguage());
        System.out.println("Performance Report: " +
emp2.generatePerformanceReport());
        System.out.println("Bonus: " + emp2.calculateBonus());
        emp2.writeCode();
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)

```

cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac EmployeeInherit.java && java EmployeeInherit
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac EmployeeInherit.java && java EmployeeInherit
Employee 1:
Name: Bob
Address: 789, PQR Street
Job Title: Project Manager
Salary: 70000.0
Number of Subordinates: 10
Performance Report: Bob. Rating: Excellent
Bonus: 10500.0
Project is managed by Bob

Employee 2:
Name: Charlie
Address: 101, LMN Street
Job Title: Software Developer
Salary: 50000.0
Programming Language: Python
Performance Report: Charlie. Rating: Good
Bonus: 5000.0
Python code is being written by Charlie
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

```

Java: Ready

Ln 133, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 19

Title: Write a Java program to create an abstract class **Animal** with an abstract method called **sound()**.

```
class Animal {
    public void sound() {
        System.out.println("Animal makes a sound");
    }
}

class Dog extends Animal {
    public void sound() {
        System.out.println("Dog barks");
    }
}

public class tempCodeRunnerFile {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Animal myAnimal = new Animal();
        myAnimal.sound(); // Calls the method from Animal class

        Dog myDog = new Dog();
        myDog.sound(); // Calls the overridden method from Dog
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following content:

```
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac tempCodeRunnerFile.java && java tempCodeRunnerFile
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac tempCodeRunnerFile.java && java tempCodeRunnerFile
Animal makes a sound
Dog barks
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

The terminal window has tabs for OUTPUT, TERMINAL (selected), PORTS, and POSTMAN CONSOLE. The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Java: Ready', 'Ln 14, Col 1', 'Spaces: 4', 'UTF-8', 'LF', and 'Go Live'.

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 20

Title: Create subclasses Lion and Cat that extend the Animal class and implement the sound() method to make a specific sound for each animal.

```
abstract class Animal {
    abstract void sound();
}

class Lion extends Animal {
    void sound() {
        System.out.println("Roar");
    }
}

class Cat extends Animal {
    void sound() {
        System.out.println("Meow");
    }
}

public class AnimalMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Animal lion = new Lion();
        lion.sound();
        Animal cat = new Cat();
        cat.sound();
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)



The screenshot shows a VS Code terminal window with the following content:

```
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac AnimalMain.java && java AnimalMain
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac AnimalMain.java && java AnimalMain
Roar
Meow
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

The terminal window has tabs for OUTPUT, TERMINAL (selected), PORTS, and POSTMAN CONSOLE. The status bar at the bottom indicates "Java: Ready" and "Ln 25, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live".

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 21

Title: Create an **Abstract Class "Shape"** and 2 subclasses, **SemiCircle** and **Circle** that extend the Shape class and implement the respective methods to calculate the area and perimeter of each shape.

```
abstract class Shape {  
    abstract double calculateArea();  
  
    abstract double calculateCircumference();  
}
```

```
class Circle extends Shape {  
    double radius;  
  
    Circle(double radius) {  
        this.radius = radius;  
    }  
  
    public void setRadius(double radius) {  
        this.radius = radius;  
    }  
  
    public double getRadius() {  
        return radius;  
    }  
  
    double calculateArea() {  
        return Math.PI * radius * radius;  
    }  
  
    double calculateCircumference() {  
        return 2 * Math.PI * radius;  
    }  
}
```

```
class Semicircle extends Shape {  
    double radius;  
  
    Semicircle(double radius) {  
        this.radius = radius;  
    }  
  
    public void setRadius(double radius) {  
        this.radius = radius;  
    }  
}
```

```

    }

    public double getRadius() {
        return radius;
    }

    double calculateArea() {
        return 0.5 * Math.PI * radius * radius;
    }

    double calculateCircumference() {
        return Math.PI * radius + 2 * radius;
    }
}

public class ShapeMain {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Circle c = new Circle(5);
        System.out.println("Area of Circle: " + c.calculateArea());
        System.out.println("Circumference of Circle: " +
c.calculateCircumference() + "\n");

        Semicircle s = new Semicircle(5);
        System.out.println("Area of Semicircle: " +
s.calculateArea());
        System.out.println("Circumference of Semicircle: " +
s.calculateCircumference());
    }
}

```

Output: (screenshot)



```

cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac ShapeMain.java && java ShapeMain
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac ShapeM
ain.java && java ShapeMain
Area of Circle: 78.53981633974483
Circumference of Circle: 31.41592653589793

Area of Semicircle: 39.269908169872416
Circumference of Semicircle: 25.707963267948966
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

```

Java: Ready

Ln 68, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 22

Title: Write a program to search an element in an array using for each loop.

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class SearchArray {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] arr = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 };
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the element to search: ");
        int search = sc.nextInt();
        boolean found = false;
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
            if (arr[i] == search) {
                found = true;
                break;
            }
        }
        if (found) {
            System.out.println("Element found");
        } else {
            System.out.println("Element not found");
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)

OUTPUT TERMINAL 20 PORTS POSTMAN CONSOLE

Code - assignment2.1

⚠

```
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac SearchArray.java && java SearchArray
● chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac Search
Array.java && java SearchArray
Enter the element to search: 4
Element found
● chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && jav
ac SearchArray.java && java SearchArray
Enter the element to search: 2
Element found
● chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && jav
ac SearchArray.java && java SearchArray
Enter the element to search: 6
Element not found
○ chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

B

Java: Ready Ln 17, Col 10 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 23

Title: WAP to calculate sum and average of elements stored in one D array.

```
public class SumAvgArr {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        int[] arr = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 };
        int sum = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
            sum += arr[i];
        }
        System.out.println("Sum of array elements: " + sum);
        System.out.println("Average of array elements: " + (double)
sum / arr.length);
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)



```
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac SumAvgArr.java && java SumAvgArr
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac SumAvg
Arr.java && java SumAvgArr
Sum of array elements: 15
Average of array elements: 3.0
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 24

Title: WAP to input elements in one D array using scanner class.

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class InpArr {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print("Enter element " + (i + 1) + ": ");
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.println("Array elements are:");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)



```
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac InpArr.java && java InpArr
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac InpArr
.java && java InpArr
Enter the number of elements: 5
Enter element 1: 11
Enter element 2: 22
Enter element 3: 33
Enter element 4: 44
Enter element 5: 55
Array elements are:
11 22 33 44 55
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 25

Title: Write a Java program to find the maximum and minimum value of an array.

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class MaxMinArr {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print("Enter element " + (i + 1) + ": ");
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.println("Array elements: ");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
        }
        int max = arr[0];
        int min = arr[0];
        for (int i = 1; i < arr.length; i++) {
            if (arr[i] > max) {
                max = arr[i];
            }
            if (arr[i] < min) {
                min = arr[i];
            }
        }
        System.out.println("\nMaximum element: " + max);
        System.out.println("Minimum element: " + min);
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)

OUTPUT TERMINAL 20 PORTS POSTMAN CONSOLE

Code - assignment2.1

TERMINAL

cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac MaxMinArr.java && java MaxMinArr

chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac MaxMinArr.java && java MaxMinArr

Enter the number of elements: 5

Enter element 1: 11

Enter element 2: 22

Enter element 3: 33

Enter element 4: 44

Enter element 5: 55

Array elements:

11 22 33 44 55

Maximum element: 55

Minimum element: 11

chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %

Ln 35, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live

Java: Ready

Name of Student: Chaitanya Dalvi

Roll Number: 19

Experiment No: 26

Title: Implement Circular Linked List ADT.

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class SortArr {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.print("Enter the number of elements: ");
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        int[] arr = new int[n];
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print("Enter element " + (i + 1) + ": ");
            arr[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        System.out.println("Array elements: ");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
        }
        // bubble sort
        for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++) {
            for (int j = 0; j < n - i - 1; j++) {
                if (arr[j] > arr[j + 1]) {
                    int temp = arr[j];
                    arr[j] = arr[j + 1];
                    arr[j + 1] = temp;
                }
            }
        }
        System.out.println("\nSorted array: ");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            System.out.print(arr[i] + " ");
        }
        sc.close();
    }
}
```

Output: (screenshot)



```
cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac SortArr.java && java SortArr
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air Java % cd "/Users/chaitanyadalvi/Desktop/Java/assignment2.1/" && javac SortAr
r.java && java SortArr
Enter the number of elements: 5
Enter element 1: 22
Enter element 2: 44
Enter element 3: 33
Enter element 4: 55
Enter element 5: 11
Array elements:
22 44 33 55 11
Sorted array:
11 22 33 44 55
chaitanyadalvi@chaitanyas-MacBook-Air assignment2.1 %
```

Java: Ready

Ln 37, Col 1 Spaces: 4 UTF-8 LF {} Java Go Live