# Algebraic Structure

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# Algebraic Structure

- A non empty set S is called an algebraic structure w.r.t binary operation (\*) if it follows the following axioms:
- Closure: (a\*b) belongs to S for all a,b ? S.

### Example:

S = {1,-1} is algebraic structure under \*
As 1\*1 = 1, 1\*-1 = -1, -1\*-1 = 1 all results belong to S.

# Semi Group

- A non-empty set S, (S,\*) is called a semigroup if it follows the following axiom:
  - Closure: (a\*b) belongs to S for all a, b ? S.
  - Associativity:  $a^*(b^*c) = (a^*b)^*c$  ? a, b, c belongs to S.
- **Example:** (Set of integers, +), and (Matrix,\*) are examples of semigroup.

## Monoid

- A non-empty set S, (S,\*) is called a monoid if it follows the following axiom:
  - Closure: (a\*b) belongs to S for all a, b ? S.
  - Associativity:  $a^*(b^*c) = (a^*b)^*c$  ? a, b, c belongs to S.
  - Identity Element: There exists e ? S such that a\*e = e\*a = a ? a ? S

#### **EXAMPLE:**

(Set of integers,\*) is Monoid as 1 is an integer which is also an identity element.

(Set of natural numbers, +) is not Monoid as there doesn't exist any identity element. But this is Semigroup.

But (Set of whole numbers, +) is Monoid with 0 as identity element.

## Group

- A non-empty set G, (G,\*) is called a group if it follows the following axiom:
  - Closure: (a\*b) belongs to G for all a, b ? G.
  - Associativity:  $a^*(b^*c) = (a^*b)^*c$  ? a, b, c belongs to G.
  - Identity Element: There exists e ? G such that a\*e = e\*a = a ? a ? G
  - Inverses:? a ? G there exists  $a^{-1}$  ? G such that  $a^*a^{-1} = a^{-1}a^* = e^{-1}$

# Abelian Group or Commutative group

- A non-empty set S, (S,\*) is called a Abelian group if it follows the following axiom:
  - Closure: (a\*b) belongs to S for all a, b ? S.
  - Associativity:  $a^*(b^*c) = (a^*b)^*c$  ? a ,b ,c belongs to S.
  - Identity Element: There exists e ? S such that a\*e = e\*a = a ? a ? S
  - Inverses:? a ? S there exists  $a^{-1}$  ? S such that  $a^*a^{-1} = a^{-1}^*a = e^{-1}$
  - Commutative: a\*b = b\*a for all a, b ? S

	Must Satisfy Properties
Algebraic Structure	Closure
Semi Group	Closure, Associative
Monoid	Closure, Associative, Identity
Group	Closure, Associative, Identity, Inverse
Abelian Group	Closure, Associative, Identity, Inverse, Commutative

