

# bank-personal-loan-modelling

February 3, 2024

## 1 Import required Libraries

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[2]: df = pd.read_csv('Bank_Personal_Loan_Modelling.csv')
df.head()
```

```
[2]:   ID  Age  Experience  Income  ZIP Code  Family  CCAvg  Education  Mortgage  \
0    1   25           1     49    91107      4     1.6           1           0
1    2   45          19     34    90089      3     1.5           1           0
2    3   39          15     11    94720      1     1.0           1           0
3    4   35           9    100    94112      1     2.7           2           0
4    5   35           8     45    91330      4     1.0           2           0

      Personal Loan  Securities Account  CD Account  Online  CreditCard
0                0                1          0        0        0
1                0                1          0        0        0
2                0                0          0        0        0
3                0                0          0        0        0
4                0                0          0        0        1
```

```
[3]: df.shape
```

```
[3]: (5000, 14)
```

```
[4]: df.isnull().sum()
```

```
[4]: ID                0
Age                  0
Experience           0
Income               0
ZIP Code             0
Family               0
CCAvg                0
```

```

Education      0
Mortgage       0
Personal Loan  0
Securities Account  0
CD Account     0
Online         0
CreditCard     0
dtype: int64

```

```
[5]: df.columns
```

```
[5]: Index(['ID', 'Age', 'Experience', 'Income', 'ZIP Code', 'Family', 'CCAvg',
          'Education', 'Mortgage', 'Personal Loan', 'Securities Account',
          'CD Account', 'Online', 'CreditCard'],
          dtype='object')
```

```
[6]: df.drop(columns=['ID','ZIP Code'], axis=1, inplace = True)
```

```
[7]: df.describe().T
```

```
[7]:
```

	count	mean	std	min	25%	50%	75%	\
Age	5000.0	45.338400	11.463166	23.0	35.0	45.0	55.0	
Experience	5000.0	20.104600	11.467954	-3.0	10.0	20.0	30.0	
Income	5000.0	73.774200	46.033729	8.0	39.0	64.0	98.0	
Family	5000.0	2.396400	1.147663	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	
CCAvg	5000.0	1.937938	1.747659	0.0	0.7	1.5	2.5	
Education	5000.0	1.881000	0.839869	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	
Mortgage	5000.0	56.498800	101.713802	0.0	0.0	0.0	101.0	
Personal Loan	5000.0	0.096000	0.294621	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Securities Account	5000.0	0.104400	0.305809	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
CD Account	5000.0	0.060400	0.238250	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Online	5000.0	0.596800	0.490589	0.0	0.0	1.0	1.0	
CreditCard	5000.0	0.294000	0.455637	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.0	

	max
Age	67.0
Experience	43.0
Income	224.0
Family	4.0
CCAvg	10.0
Education	3.0
Mortgage	635.0
Personal Loan	1.0
Securities Account	1.0
CD Account	1.0
Online	1.0
CreditCard	1.0

```
[8]: import plotly.express as ps
```

```
[9]: fig = ps.box(df, y = ['Age', 'Experience', 'Income', 'Family', 'Education'])  
fig.show()
```

```
[10]: df.dtypes
```

```
[10]: Age                int64  
Experience             int64  
Income                int64  
Family                int64  
CCAvg                 float64  
Education              int64  
Mortgage              int64  
Personal Loan         int64  
Securities Account    int64  
CD Account            int64  
Online                int64  
CreditCard           int64  
dtype: object
```

```
[11]: df.skew()
```

```
[11]: Age                -0.029341  
Experience             -0.026325  
Income                0.841339  
Family                0.155221  
CCAvg                 1.598443  
Education              0.227093  
Mortgage              2.104002  
Personal Loan         2.743607  
Securities Account    2.588268  
CD Account            3.691714  
Online               -0.394785  
CreditCard           0.904589  
dtype: float64
```

```
[12]: df.hist(figsize=(20,20), color='cyan', edgecolor='green')  
plt.show()
```



```
[13]: sns.distplot(df['Experience'])
```

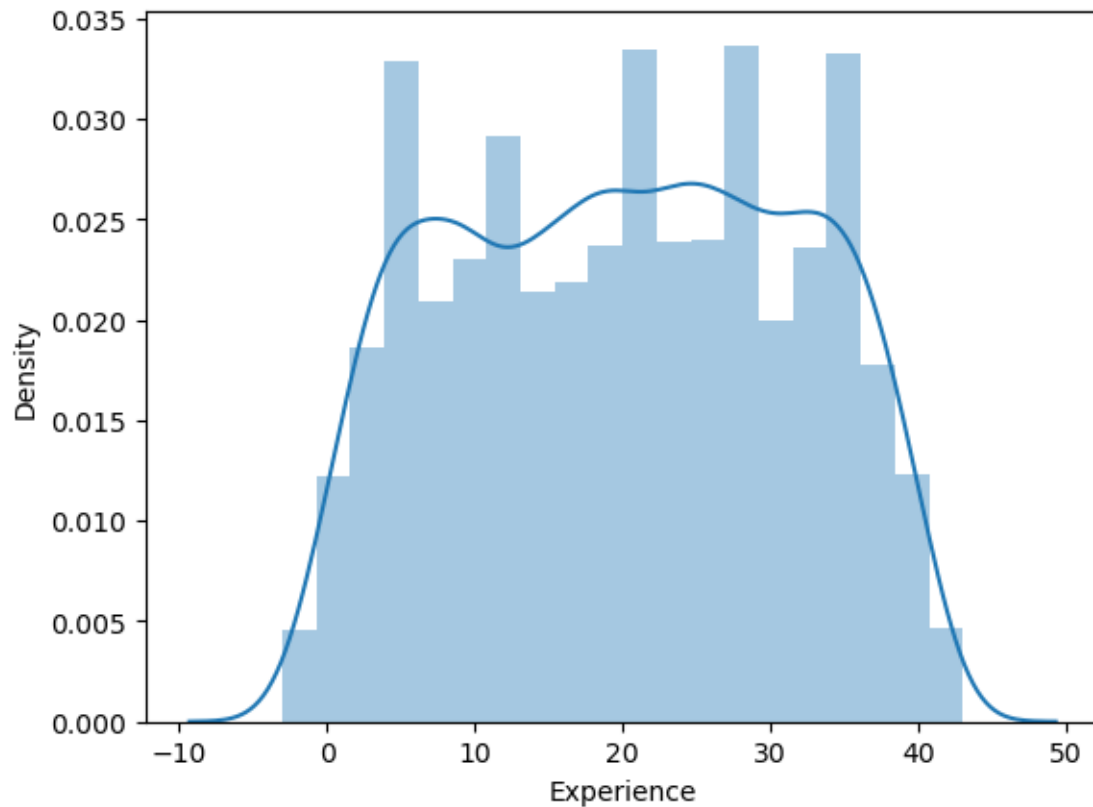
C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\4088753809.py:1: UserWarning:

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

```
[13]: <Axes: xlabel='Experience', ylabel='Density'>
```



```
[14]: df['Experience'].mean()
```

```
[14]: 20.1046
```

```
[15]: negative_exp = df[df['Experience']<0]
negative_exp.head()
```

```
[15]:
```

	Age	Experience	Income	Family	CCAvg	Education	Mortgage	\
89	25	-1	113	4	2.30	3	0	
226	24	-1	39	2	1.70	2	0	
315	24	-2	51	3	0.30	3	0	
451	28	-2	48	2	1.75	3	89	
524	24	-1	75	4	0.20	1	0	

	Personal Loan	Securities Account	CD Account	Online	CreditCard
89	0	0	0	0	1

226	0	0	0	0	0
315	0	0	0	1	0
451	0	0	0	1	0
524	0	0	0	1	0

```
[16]: negative_exp.shape
```

```
[16]: (52, 12)
```

```
[17]: sns.distplot(df['Age'])
```

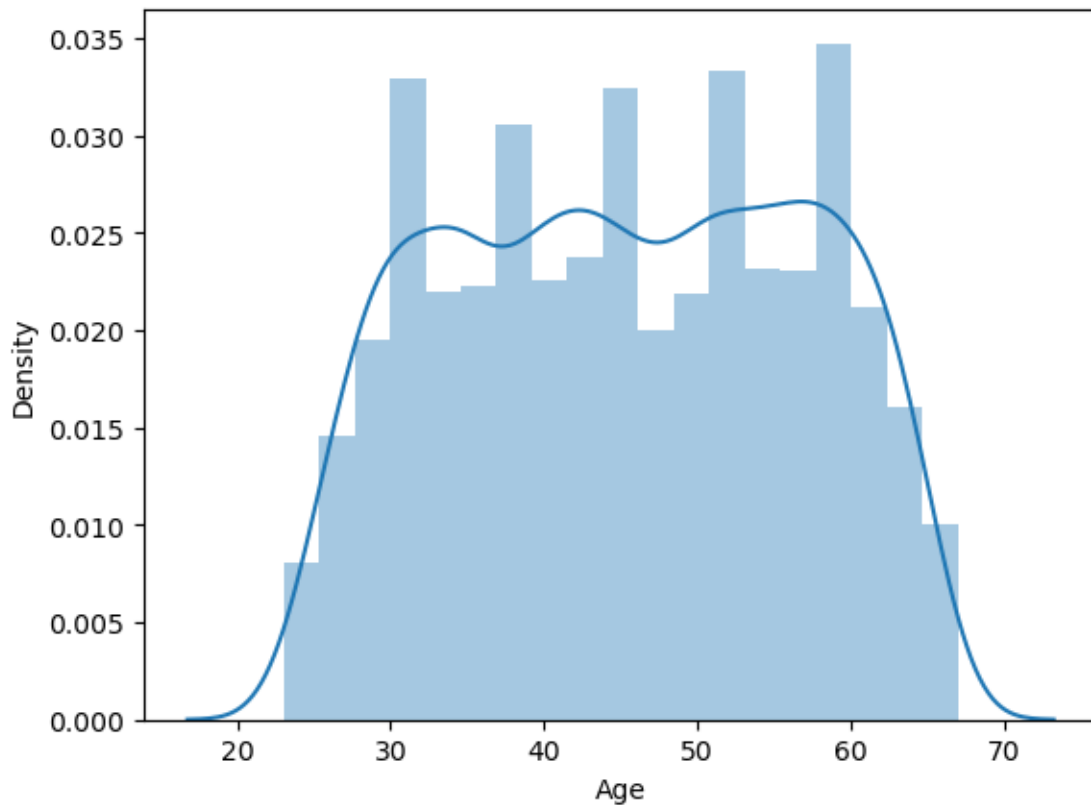
C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\3255828239.py:1: UserWarning:

``distplot`` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either ``displot`` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or ``histplot`` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

```
[17]: <Axes: xlabel='Age', ylabel='Density'>
```



```
[18]: negative_exp['Experience'].mean()
```

```
[18]: -1.4423076923076923
```

```
[19]: negative_exp.size
```

```
[19]: 624
```

```
print("There are {} records which has negative values for experience, approx {} %".format(negative_exp.size/df.size * 100))
```

```
[20]: percentage = (negative_exp.size/df.size) * 100
percentage
```

```
[20]: 1.04
```

```
[21]: data = df.copy()
```

```
[22]: data.head()
```

```
[22]:
```

	Age	Experience	Income	Family	CCAvg	Education	Mortgage	Personal Loan	\
0	25	1	49	4	1.6	1	0	0	
1	45	19	34	3	1.5	1	0	0	
2	39	15	11	1	1.0	1	0	0	
3	35	9	100	1	2.7	2	0	0	
4	35	8	45	4	1.0	2	0	0	

	Securities Account	CD Account	Online	CreditCard
0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	1

```
[23]: data.shape
```

```
[23]: (5000, 12)
```

```
[24]: data['Experience'] = np.where(data['Experience']<0,#check negative data
                                   data['Experience'].mean(),#calculate mean
                                   data['Experience'])#fill mean in negative data
```

```
[25]: data[data['Experience']<0]
```

```
[25]: Empty DataFrame
```

```
Columns: [Age, Experience, Income, Family, CCAvg, Education, Mortgage, Personal
Loan, Securities Account, CD Account, Online, CreditCard]
Index: []
```

```
[26]: data.corr()
```

```
[26]:
```

	Age	Experience	Income	Family	CCAvg	\
Age	1.000000	0.977008	-0.055269	-0.046418	-0.052012	
Experience	0.977008	1.000000	-0.049054	-0.045488	-0.048708	
Income	-0.055269	-0.049054	1.000000	-0.157501	0.645984	
Family	-0.046418	-0.045488	-0.157501	1.000000	-0.109275	
CCAvg	-0.052012	-0.048708	0.645984	-0.109275	1.000000	
Education	0.041334	0.018097	-0.187524	0.064929	-0.136124	
Mortgage	-0.012539	-0.013378	0.206806	-0.020445	0.109905	
Personal Loan	-0.007726	-0.014045	0.502462	0.061367	0.366889	
Securities Account	-0.000436	-0.000462	-0.002616	0.019994	0.015086	
CD Account	0.008043	0.005502	0.169738	0.014110	0.136534	
Online	0.013702	0.013455	0.014206	0.010354	-0.003611	
CreditCard	0.007681	0.008833	-0.002385	0.011588	-0.006689	

	Education	Mortgage	Personal Loan	Securities Account	\
Age	0.041334	-0.012539	-0.007726	-0.000436	

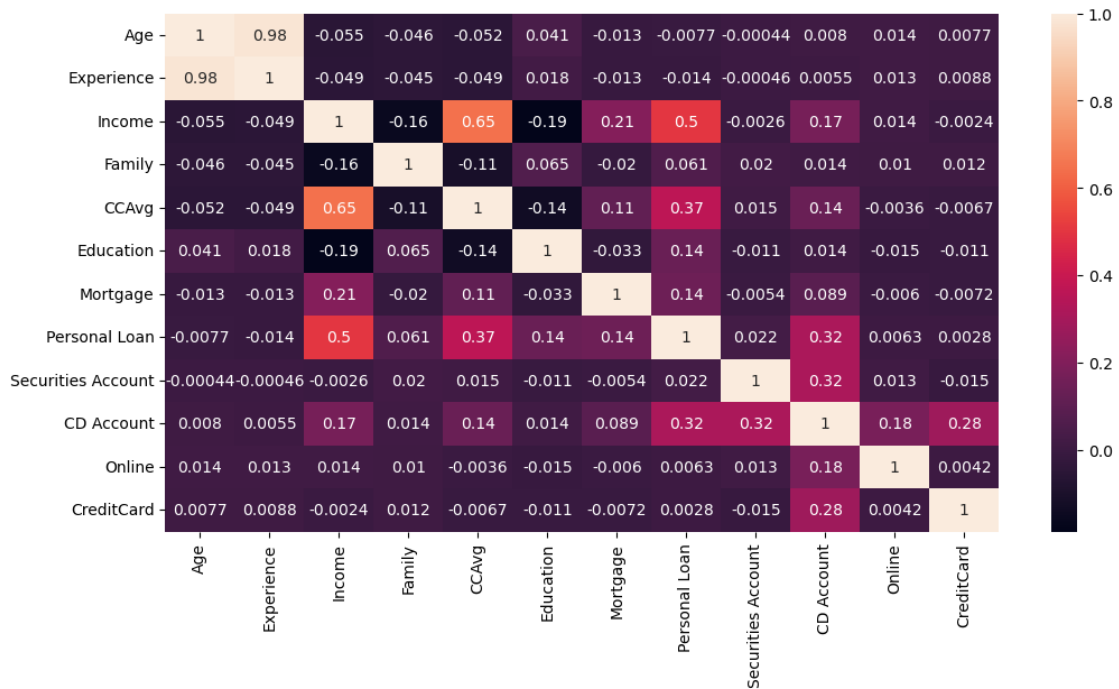


Experience	0.018097	-0.013378	-0.014045	-0.000462
Income	-0.187524	0.206806	0.502462	-0.002616
Family	0.064929	-0.020445	0.061367	0.019994
CCAvg	-0.136124	0.109905	0.366889	0.015086
Education	1.000000	-0.033327	0.136722	-0.010812
Mortgage	-0.033327	1.000000	0.142095	-0.005411
Personal Loan	0.136722	0.142095	1.000000	0.021954
Securities Account	-0.010812	-0.005411	0.021954	1.000000
CD Account	0.013934	0.089311	0.316355	0.317034
Online	-0.015004	-0.005995	0.006278	0.012627
CreditCard	-0.011014	-0.007231	0.002802	-0.015028

	CD Account	Online	CreditCard
Age	0.008043	0.013702	0.007681
Experience	0.005502	0.013455	0.008833
Income	0.169738	0.014206	-0.002385
Family	0.014110	0.010354	0.011588
CCAvg	0.136534	-0.003611	-0.006689
Education	0.013934	-0.015004	-0.011014
Mortgage	0.089311	-0.005995	-0.007231
Personal Loan	0.316355	0.006278	0.002802
Securities Account	0.317034	0.012627	-0.015028
CD Account	1.000000	0.175880	0.278644
Online	0.175880	1.000000	0.004210
CreditCard	0.278644	0.004210	1.000000

```
[27]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,6))
      sns.heatmap(data.corr(), annot=True)
```

```
[27]: <Axes: >
```



```
[28]: data = data.drop(['Experience'], axis=1)
```

```
[29]: data.head()
```

```
[29]:
```

	Age	Income	Family	CCAvg	Education	Mortgage	Personal Loan	\
0	25	49	4	1.6	1	0	0	
1	45	34	3	1.5	1	0	0	
2	39	11	1	1.0	1	0	0	
3	35	100	1	2.7	2	0	0	
4	35	45	4	1.0	2	0	0	

	Securities Account	CD Account	Online	CreditCard
0	1	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	1

```
[30]: #Education
data['Education'].unique()
```

```
[30]: array([1, 2, 3], dtype=int64)
```

```
[31]: def experience(x):
      if x == 1:
          return "UnderGrade"
      if x == 2:
          return 'Graduate'
      if x == 3:
          return 'Professional Person'
```

```
[32]: data['EDU'] = data['Education'].apply(experience)
```

```
[33]: data.head()
```

```
[33]:   Age  Income  Family  CCAvg  Education  Mortgage  Personal Loan  \
0    25     49      4    1.6         1         0         0
1    45     34      3    1.5         1         0         0
2    39     11      1    1.0         1         0         0
3    35    100      1    2.7         2         0         0
4    35     45      4    1.0         2         0         0

      Securities Account  CD Account  Online  CreditCard      EDU
0                    1          0      0          0  UnderGrade
1                    1          0      0          0  UnderGrade
2                    0          0      0          0  UnderGrade
3                    0          0      0          0   Graduate
4                    0          0      0          1   Graduate
```

```
[34]: data['EDU'].unique()
```

```
[34]: array(['UnderGrade', 'Graduate', 'Professional Person'], dtype=object)
```

```
[35]: education_did = data.groupby('EDU')['Age'].count()
```

```
[36]: education_did
```

```
[36]: EDU
      Graduate          1403
      Professional Person  1501
      UnderGrade          2096
      Name: Age, dtype: int64
```

```
[37]: fig = ps.pie(data, values=education_did, names = education_did.index,
      ↪title='Pie Chart')
      fig.show()
```

```
[38]: data.columns
```

```
[38]: Index(['Age', 'Income', 'Family', 'CCAvg', 'Education', 'Mortgage',
          'Personal Loan', 'Securities Account', 'CD Account', 'Online',
          'CreditCard', 'EDU'],
          dtype='object')
```

```
[39]: data['Income'].unique()
```

```
[39]: array([ 49,  34,  11, 100,  45,  29,  72,  22,  81, 180, 105, 114,  40,
        112, 130, 193,  21,  25,  63,  62,  43, 152,  83, 158,  48, 119,
         35,  41,  18,  50, 121,  71, 141,  80,  84,  60, 132, 104,  52,
        194,   8, 131, 190,  44, 139,  93, 188,  39, 125,  32,  20, 115,
         69,  85, 135,  12, 133,  19,  82, 109,  42,  78,  51, 113, 118,
         64, 161,  94,  15,  74,  30,  38,   9,  92,  61,  73,  70, 149,
         98, 128,  31,  58,  54, 124, 163,  24,  79, 134,  23,  13, 138,
        171, 168,  65,  10, 148, 159, 169, 144, 165,  59,  68,  91, 172,
         55, 155,  53,  89,  28,  75, 170, 120,  99, 111,  33, 129, 122,
        150, 195, 110, 101, 191, 140, 153, 173, 174,  90, 179, 145, 200,
        183, 182,  88, 160, 205, 164,  14, 175, 103, 108, 185, 204, 154,
        102, 192, 202, 162, 142,  95, 184, 181, 143, 123, 178, 198, 201,
        203, 189, 151, 199, 224, 218], dtype=int64)
```

```
[40]: data['Securities Account'].value_counts()
```

```
[40]: 0    4478
      1     522
      Name: Securities Account, dtype: int64
```

```
[41]: data['CD Account'].value_counts()
```

```
[41]: 0    4698
      1     302
      Name: CD Account, dtype: int64
```

```
[42]: def security(y):
      if (y['Securities Account'] == 1) & (y['CD Account'] ==1):
          return 'Holds Securities and Deposirt'
      if (y['Securities Account'] == 0) & (y['CD Account'] ==0):
          return 'Does not hold Securities and Deposit account'
      if (y['Securities Account'] == 1) & (y['CD Account'] ==0):
          return 'Holds only Securities accounts'
      if (y['Securities Account'] == 0) & (y['CD Account'] ==1):
          return 'Holds only Deposit accounts '
```

```
[43]: data['Account_holder_category'] = data.apply(security, axis=1)
```

```
[44]: data.head()
```

```
[44]:
```

	Age	Income	Family	CCAvg	Education	Mortgage	Personal Loan	\
0	25	49	4	1.6	1	0	0	
1	45	34	3	1.5	1	0	0	
2	39	11	1	1.0	1	0	0	
3	35	100	1	2.7	2	0	0	
4	35	45	4	1.0	2	0	0	

	Securities Account	CD Account	Online	CreditCard	EDU	\
0	1	0	0	0	UnderGrade	
1	1	0	0	0	UnderGrade	
2	0	0	0	0	UnderGrade	
3	0	0	0	0	Graduate	
4	0	0	0	1	Graduate	

	Account_holder_category
0	Holds only Securities accounts
1	Holds only Securities accounts
2	Does not hold Securities and Deposit account
3	Does not hold Securities and Deposit account
4	Does not hold Securities and Deposit account

```
[45]: values = data['Account_holder_category'].value_counts()
      values.index
```

```
[45]: Index(['Does not hold Securities and Deposit account',
            'Holds only Securities accounts', 'Holds only Deposit accounts ',
            'Holds Securities and Deposit'],
            dtype='object')
```

```
[46]: fig = ps.pie(data, values=values, names = values.index, title = 'Pie Chart')
      fig.show()
```

```
[47]: ps.box(data, x='Education', y='Income', facet_col='Personal Loan')
```

```
[48]: data.columns
```

```
[48]: Index(['Age', 'Income', 'Family', 'CCAvg', 'Education', 'Mortgage',
            'Personal Loan', 'Securities Account', 'CD Account', 'Online',
            'CreditCard', 'EDU', 'Account_holder_category'],
            dtype='object')
```

```
[49]: sns.distplot(data[data['Personal Loan'] == 0]['Income'], hist=False,
                  label= 'Income with No-Personal Loan')
      sns.distplot(data[data['Personal Loan'] == 1]['Income'], hist=False,
                  label= 'Income with Personal Loan')
      plt.grid(linestyle='--')
      plt.legend()
```

C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\1876980550.py:1: UserWarning:

``distplot`` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either ``displot`` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or ``kdeplot`` (an axes-level function for kernel density plots).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

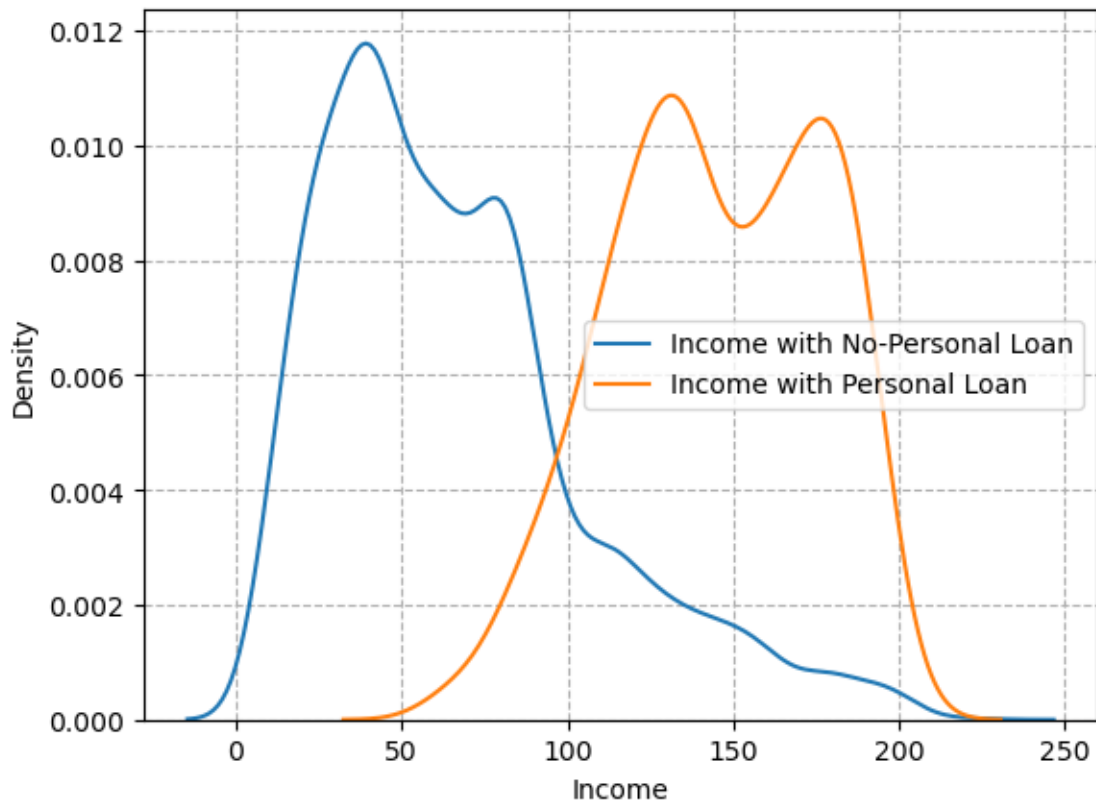
C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\1876980550.py:3: UserWarning:

``distplot`` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either ``displot`` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or ``kdeplot`` (an axes-level function for kernel density plots).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

[49]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x184a79f5610>



```
[50]: def plot(col1,col2, label1, label2, title):
      sns.distplot(data[data[col2] == 0][col1], hist=False,
                    label= label1)
      sns.distplot(data[data[col2] == 1][col1], hist=False,
                    label= label2)
      plt.legend()
      plt.title(title)
```

```
[51]: plot('Income','Personal Loan','Income with No-Personal Loan','Income with_
      ↪Personal Loan','Income Distribution plot')
```

C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\1758143882.py:2: UserWarning:

`distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `kdeplot` (an axes-level function for kernel density plots).

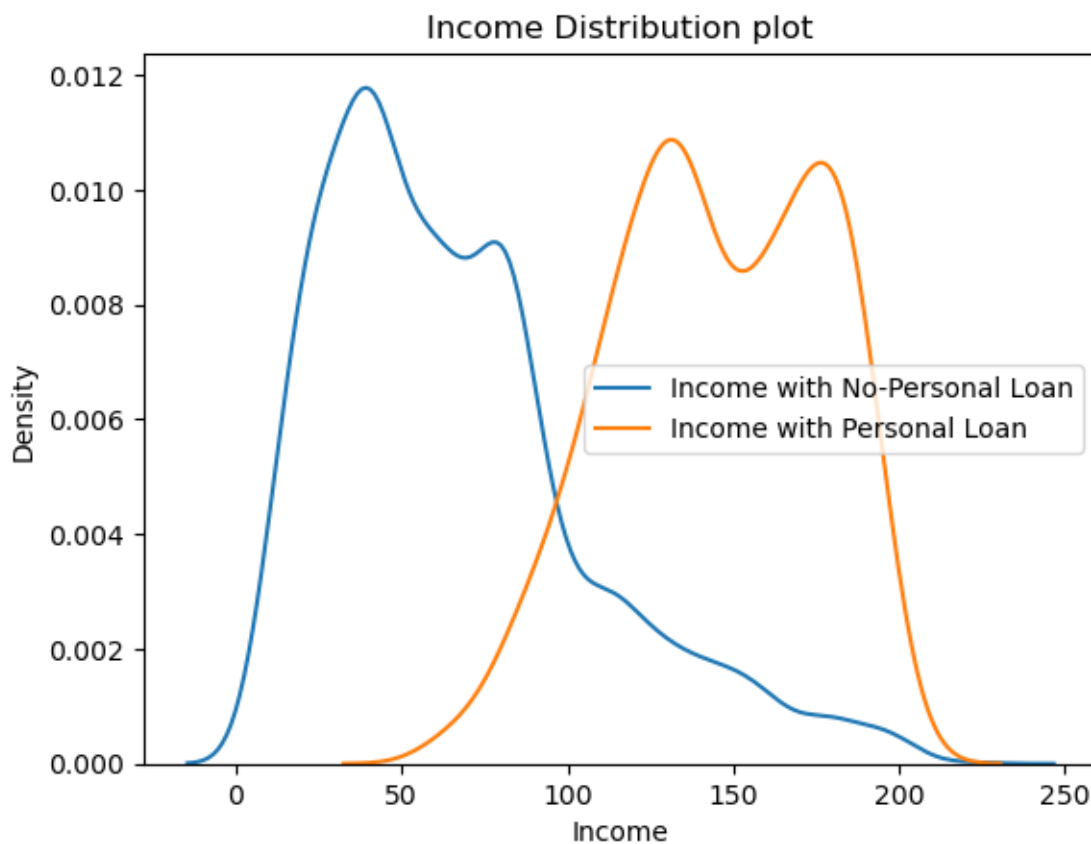
For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see  
<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\1758143882.py:4: UserWarning:

``distplot`` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either ``displot`` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or ``kdeplot`` (an axes-level function for kernel density plots).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see  
<https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>





```
[52]: plot('CCAvg', 'Personal Loan',  
          'Credit Card Avg with no personal Loan',  
          'Credit Card Avg with personal Loan',  
          'Credit Card Avg Distribution'  
        )
```

C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\1758143882.py:2: UserWarning:

``distplot`` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either ``displot`` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or ``kdeplot`` (an axes-level function for kernel density plots).

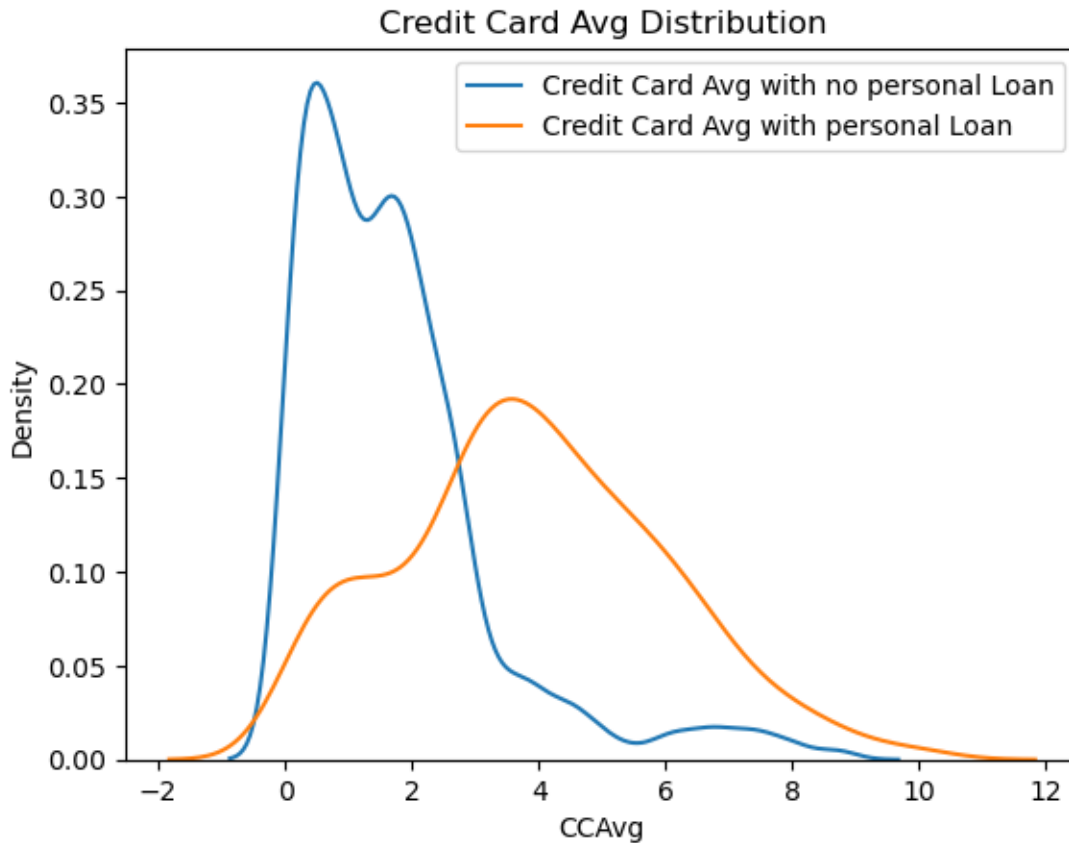
For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\1758143882.py:4: UserWarning:

``distplot`` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either ``displot`` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or ``kdeplot`` (an axes-level function for kernel density plots).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>

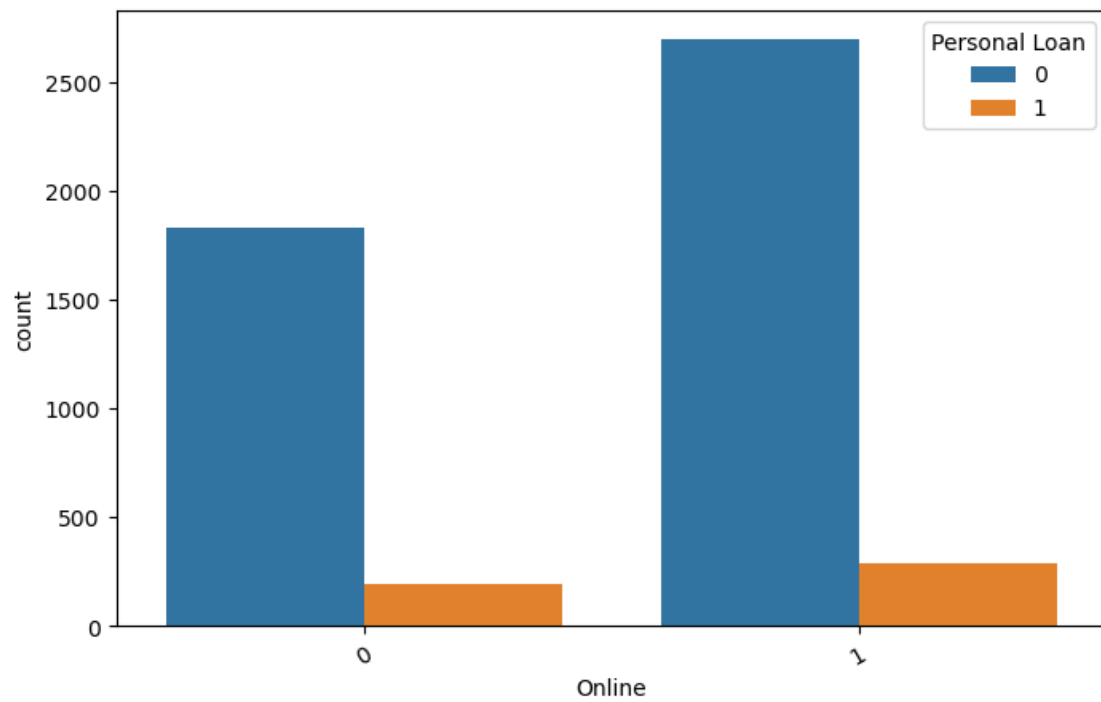
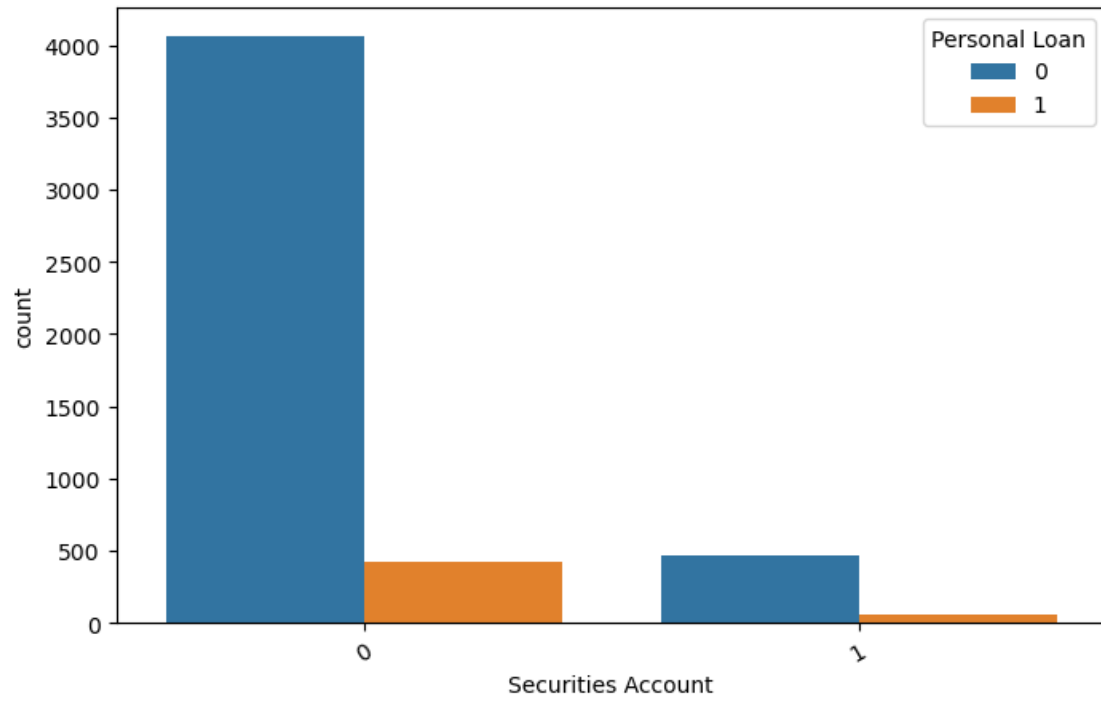


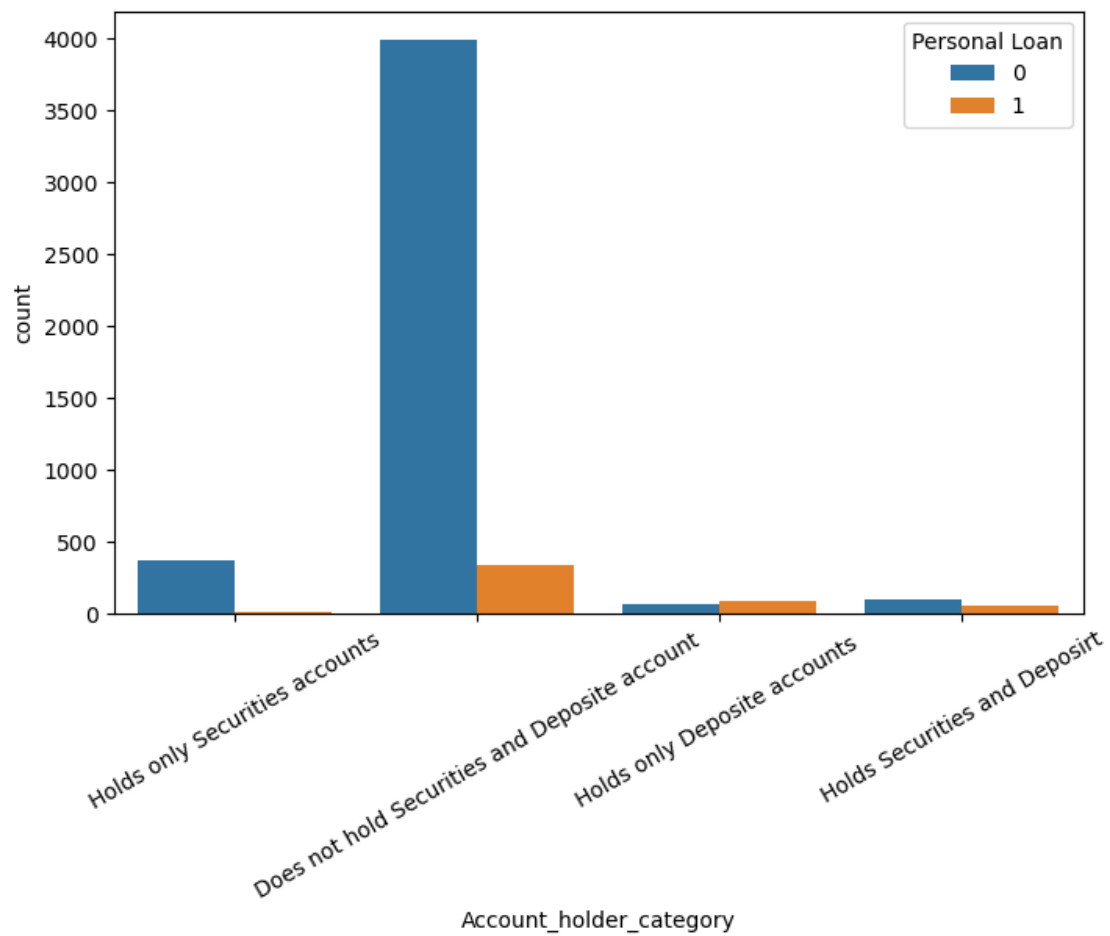
```
[53]: data.columns
```

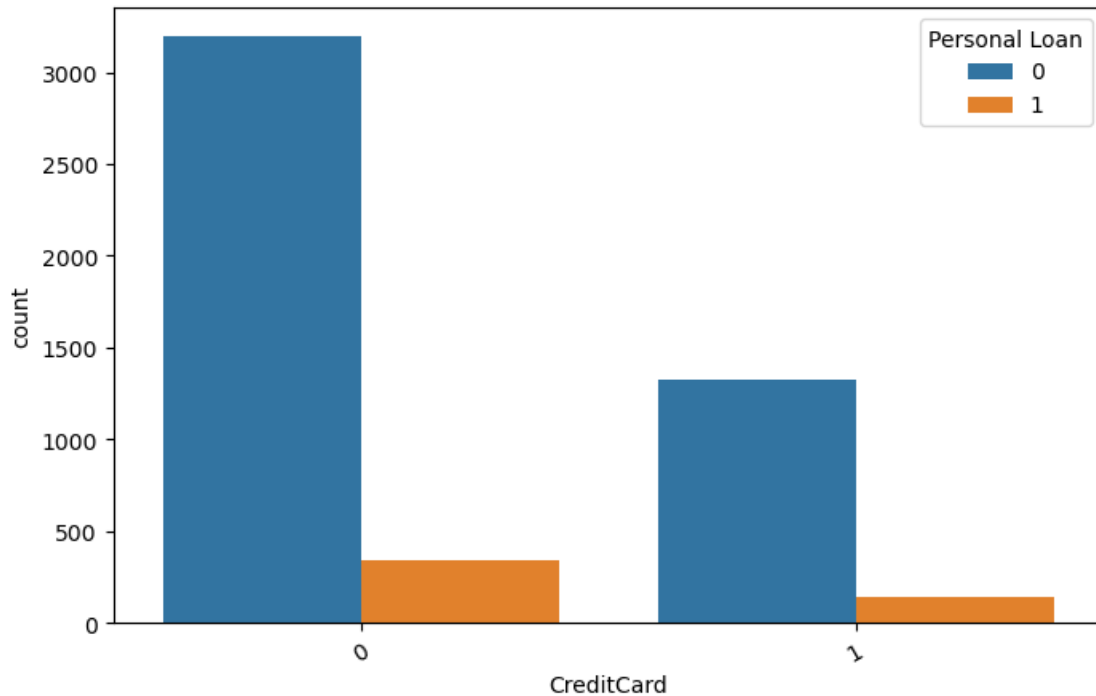
```
[53]: Index(['Age', 'Income', 'Family', 'CCAvg', 'Education', 'Mortgage',
        'Personal Loan', 'Securities Account', 'CD Account', 'Online',
        'CreditCard', 'EDU', 'Account_holder_category'],
        dtype='object')
```

```
[54]: col = ['Securities Account',
            'Online',
            'Account_holder_category',
            'CreditCard']
```

```
[55]: for I in col:
        plt.figure(figsize=(8,5))
        sns.countplot(x=I, data=data, hue='Personal Loan')
        plt.xticks(rotation=30)
```







```
[56]: from scipy.stats import zscore
```

```
[57]: q1 = data.quantile(0.25)
      q3 = data.quantile(0.75)

      IQR = q3 - q1
      print(IQR)
```

```
Age                20.0
Income             59.0
Family             2.0
CCAvg              1.8
Education           2.0
Mortgage           101.0
Personal Loan      0.0
Securities Account 0.0
CD Account         0.0
Online             1.0
CreditCard         1.0
dtype: float64
```

C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\722697894.py:1: FutureWarning:

The default value of numeric\_only in DataFrame.quantile is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to False. Select only valid columns or specify

the value of `numeric_only` to silence this warning.

C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\722697894.py:2: FutureWarning:

The default value of `numeric_only` in `DataFrame.quantile` is deprecated. In a future version, it will default to `False`. Select only valid columns or specify the value of `numeric_only` to silence this warning.

```
[58]: # Log Normal Transformation

data_1 = data[['Income', 'CCAvg']]
data_1 = np.log(data_1 + 1)
data_1
```

```
[58]:      Income      CCAvg
0      3.912023  0.955511
1      3.555348  0.916291
2      2.484907  0.693147
3      4.615121  1.308333
4      3.828641  0.693147
...
4995    3.713572  1.064711
4996    2.772589  0.336472
4997    3.218876  0.262364
4998    3.912023  0.405465
4999    4.430817  0.587787
```

[5000 rows x 2 columns]

```
[59]: #Power Transforer
from sklearn.preprocessing import PowerTransformer
```

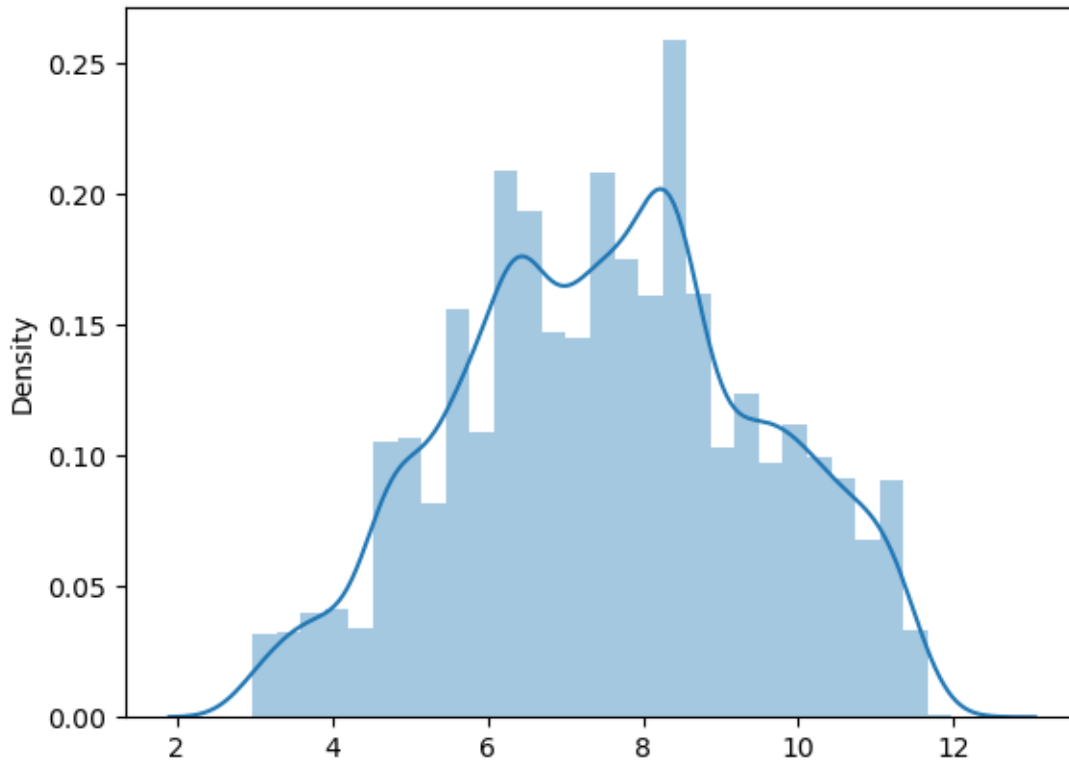
```
[60]: pt = PowerTransformer(method='yeo-johnson', standardize=False)
pt.fit(data['Income'].values.reshape(-1,1))
Income = pt.transform(data['Income'].values.reshape(-1,1))
sns.distplot(Income)
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel\_12060\4180918905.py:4: UserWarning:

``distplot`` is a deprecated function and will be removed in seaborn v0.14.0.

Please adapt your code to use either ``displot`` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or ``histplot`` (an axes-level function for histograms).

For a guide to updating your code to use the new functions, please see <https://gist.github.com/mwaskom/de44147ed2974457ad6372750bbe5751>



```
[61]: #handle outliers
      #convert categorical data into numerical
      #model building
      #Logistic, svm
```

```
[62]: df.head()
```

```
[62]:   Age  Experience  Income  Family  CCAvg  Education  Mortgage  Personal Loan  \
0    25           1     49      4     1.6           1           0           0
1    45          19     34      3     1.5           1           0           0
2    39          15     11      1     1.0           1           0           0
3    35           9    100      1     2.7           2           0           0
4    35           8     45      4     1.0           2           0           0

      Securities Account  CD Account  Online  CreditCard
0                   1           0       0           0
1                   1           0       0           0
```

2	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	1

## 2 Logistics regression

```
[63]: from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, confusion_matrix, \
      ↪classification_report
x = df.drop('Personal Loan', axis=1)
y = df['Personal Loan']
```

```
[64]: x.head()
```

```
[64]:   Age  Experience  Income  Family  CCAvg  Education  Mortgage  \
0    25           1     49      4     1.6           1           0
1    45          19     34      3     1.5           1           0
2    39          15     11      1     1.0           1           0
3    35           9    100      1     2.7           2           0
4    35           8     45      4     1.0           2           0

      Securities Account  CD Account  Online  CreditCard
0                1         0         0         0
1                1         0         0         0
2                0         0         0         0
3                0         0         0         0
4                0         0         0         1
```

```
[65]: y.head()
```

```
[65]: 0    0
1    0
2    0
3    0
4    0
Name: Personal Loan, dtype: int64
```

```
[66]: x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y, test_size=0.1, \
      ↪random_state=42)
```

```
[67]: print('x_train', x_train.shape)
print('x_test', x_test.shape)
print('y_train', y_train.shape)
print('y_test', y_test.shape)
```



```
x_train (4500, 11)
x_test (500, 11)
y_train (4500,)
y_test (500,)
```

```
[68]: model = LogisticRegression()
      model.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

```
C:\Users\Admin\anaconda3\Lib\site-
packages\sklearn\linear_model\_logistic.py:460: ConvergenceWarning:
```

```
lbfgs failed to converge (status=1):
STOP: TOTAL NO. of ITERATIONS REACHED LIMIT.
```

Increase the number of iterations (max\_iter) or scale the data as shown in:  
<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/preprocessing.html>  
Please also refer to the documentation for alternative solver options:  
[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear\\_model.html#logistic-regression](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/linear_model.html#logistic-regression)

```
[68]: LogisticRegression()
```

```
[69]: y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
```

```
[70]: y_pred = model.predict(x_train)
      accuracy = accuracy_score(y_train,y_pred)
      conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_train,y_pred)
      classi_report = classification_report(y_train,y_pred)
      print('Accuracy of training data : ', accuracy)
      print('\n\nConfusion matrix : \n',conf_matrix)
      print('classification_report:\n\n',classi_report)
```

```
Accuracy of training data : 0.9486666666666667
```

```
Confusion matrix :
```

```
[[4016  58]
```

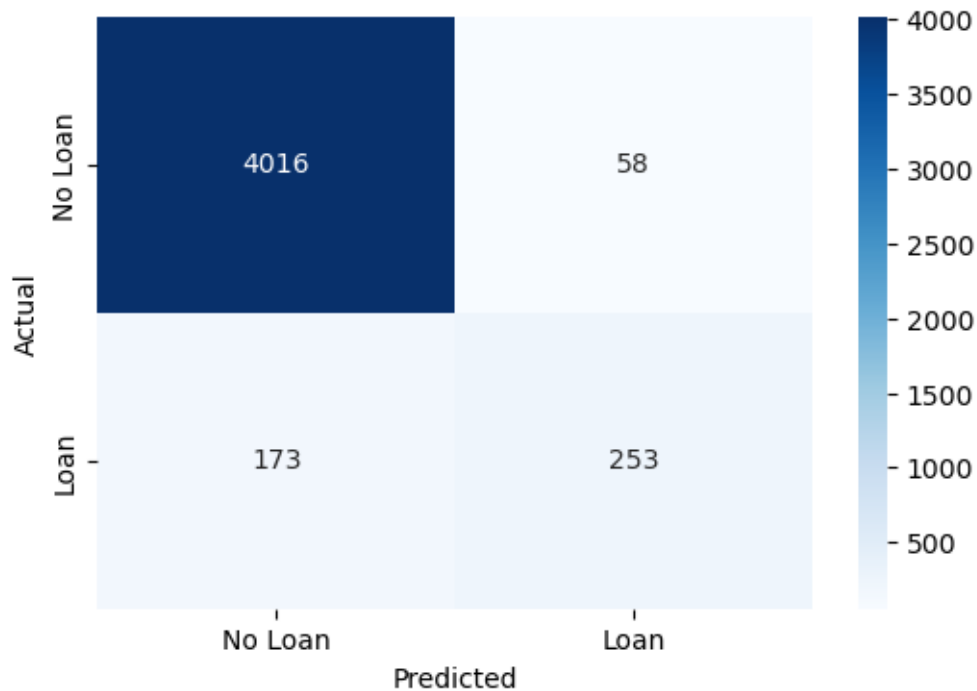
```
 [ 173 253]]
```

```
classification_report:
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	0.99	0.97	4074
1	0.81	0.59	0.69	426
accuracy			0.95	4500
macro avg	0.89	0.79	0.83	4500

weighted avg          0.94          0.95          0.95          4500

```
[71]: plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='g', cmap='Blues',xticklabels=['No Loan', 'Loan'],
            yticklabels=['No Loan', 'Loan'])
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.show()
```



```
[72]: y_pred = model.predict(x_test)
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred)
conf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
classi_report = classification_report(y_test,y_pred)
print('Accuracy of testing data : ', accuracy)
print('\n\nConfusion matrix : \n',conf_matrix)
print('classification_report:\n\n',classi_report)
```

Accuracy of testing data : 0.956

Confusion matrix :

```
[[441  5]
 [ 17 37]]
```

classification\_report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	0.99	0.98	446
1	0.88	0.69	0.77	54
accuracy			0.96	500
macro avg	0.92	0.84	0.87	500
weighted avg	0.95	0.96	0.95	500

```
[73]: plt.figure(figsize=(6,4))
sns.heatmap(conf_matrix, annot=True, fmt='g', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=['No_
↳Loan', 'Loan'],
            yticklabels=['No Loan', 'Loan'])
plt.xlabel('Predicted')
plt.ylabel('Actual')
plt.show()
```



```
[ ]:
```