

DAY 2 LAB EXPERIMENTS

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Date : 17/12/2025

EXP_6 To Calculate the total Cost of Customer Purchase including Discount and Taxes

The screenshot shows a Google Colab notebook titled "FODS_Experiments_Day2". The code cell contains the following Python script:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

df=pd.read_csv("customer.csv")
print(df.head(10))

Order ID Customer Name Category Sub Category City \
0 001 Harish Oil & Masala Masalas Vellore \
1 002 Sudha Beverages Health Drinks Krishnagiri \
2 003 Hussain Food Grains Atta & Flour Perambalur \
3 004 Jackson Fruits & Veggies Fresh Vegetables Dharmapuri \
4 005 Ridhesh Food Grains Organic Staples Ooty

Order Date Region Sales Discount Profit State
0 11-08-2017 North 1254 0.12 401.28 Tamil Nadu
1 11-08-2017 South 749 0.18 149.88 Tamil Nadu
2 06-12-2017 West 2360 0.21 165.20 Tamil Nadu
3 10-11-2016 South 896 0.25 89.60 Tamil Nadu
4 10-11-2016 South 2355 0.26 918.45 Tamil Nadu

discount_rate=10
tax_rate=5
total_cost=(df["Sales"]).sum()
discount_amount=(discount_rate/100)*total_cost
tax_amount=(tax_rate/100)*(total_cost-discount_amount)
total_amount=total_cost-discount_amount+tax_amount

print("Total Cost is:",total_cost)
print("Discount amount is:",discount_amount)
print("Tax amount is:",tax_amount)
print("Total amount is:",total_amount)
```

The notebook also displays a preview of the "customer.csv" file, showing columns like Order ID, Customer Name, Category, Sub Category, City, Order Date, Region, Sales, Discount, Profit, and State. The data includes 10 rows of purchase details.

EXP_7 Data Analyst for e commerce company and perform some operations like calculate total number of orders, average

The screenshot shows a Google Colab notebook titled "FODS_Experiments_Day2". The code cell contains the following Python script:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

df=pd.read_csv("e_commerce.csv",encoding="latin1")
print(df.head())

Invoiceno StockCode Description Quantity \
0 536365 85123A WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER 6
1 536365 71053 WHITE METAL LANTERN 6
2 536365 844065 CREAM CUPID HEARTS COAT HANGER 8
3 536365 848295 KNITTED UNION FLAG HOT WATER BOTTLE 6
4 536365 84629E RED WOOLLY HOTTIE WHITE HEART. 6

InvoiceDate UnitPrice CustomerID Country
0 12/1/2010 8:26 2.55 17850.0 United Kingdom
1 12/1/2010 8:26 3.39 17850.0 United Kingdom
2 12/1/2010 8:26 2.75 17850.0 United Kingdom
3 12/1/2010 8:26 3.39 17850.0 United Kingdom
4 12/1/2010 8:26 3.39 17850.0 United Kingdom

df["InvoiceDate"] = pd.to_datetime(df["InvoiceDate"])

total_orders=df.groupby("CustomerID").size()
print("Total number of orders by each customer is :")
print(total_orders)

Total number of orders by each customer is :
CustomerID
12346.0 2
12347.0 182
```

The output shows the total number of orders for each customer ID.

The screenshot shows the continuation of the Google Colab notebook. The code cell contains the following Python script:

```
Total number of orders by each customer is :
CustomerID
12346.0 2
12347.0 182
12348.0 31
12349.0 73
12350.0 17
...
18280.0 10
18281.0 7
18282.0 13
18283.0 756
18287.0 70
Length: 4372, dtype: int64

average_quantity=df.groupby("StockCode")["Quantity"].mean()
print("Average order quantity for each product is :")
print(average_quantity)

Average order quantity for each product is :
StockCode
10002 14.205479
10680 29.625000
10126 6.433333
10123C -3.250000
10123G -38.000000
Name: Quantity, Length: 4070, dtype: float64

earliest_date = df["InvoiceDate"].min()
```

The output shows the average order quantity for each product and the earliest date of an invoice.

```

File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help
Commands + Code + Text Run all

[1]: 1 11-08-2017 South 749 0.18 149.88 Tamil Nadu
[2]: 2 06-11-2017 West 2369 0.21 165.20 Tamil Nadu
[3]: 3 10-11-2016 South 896 0.25 89.60 Tamil Nadu
[4]: 4 10-11-2016 South 2355 0.26 918.45 Tamil Nadu

discount_rate=10
tax_rate=5
total_cost=df["Sales"].sum()
discount_amount=(discount_rate/100)*total_cost
tax_amount=(tax_rate/100)*(total_cost-discount_amount)
total_amount=total_cost-discount_amount+tax_amount

print("Total Cost is:",total_cost)
print("Discount amount is:",discount_amount)
print("Tax amount is:",tax_amount)
print("Total amount is:",total_amount)

Total Cost is: 14956982
Discount amount is: 1495698.2000000002
Tax amount is: 67864.1900000001
Total amount is: 14134347.99

```

Disk 86.60 GB available

Variables Terminal 12:40 Python 3 ENG IN 12:41 17-12-2025

EXP_8 A Company that sells products online and the Data Scientist been tasked with Analyzing the Sales data for the past month.

```

File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help
Commands + Code + Text Run all

[1]: import pandas as pd
[2]: df=pd.read_csv("online_retail.csv",encoding="latin1")
[3]: print(df.head())

```

index	InvoiceNo	StockCode	Description	Quantity	
0	0	536365	85120.0	WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER	6
1	1	536365	844953	WHITE METAL LANTERN	6
2	2	536365	844968	CREAM CUPID HEARTS COAT HANGER	8
3	3	536365	840926	KNITTED UNION FLAG HOT WATER BOTTLE	6
4	4	536365	84029E	RED WOOLLY HOTTIE WHITE HEART.	6

```

[4]: df[["InvoiceDate"]].pd.to_datetime(df[["InvoiceDate"]])
[5]: latest_date=df[["InvoiceDate"]].max()
[6]: last_month_date=latest_date-pd.Timedelta(days=30)
[7]: last_month_data=df[df[["InvoiceDate"]]>last_month_date]

```

```

[8]: product_sales = last_month_data.groupby("Description")["Quantity"].sum()
[9]: top_5_products = product_sales.sort_values(ascending=False).head(5)
[10]: print("Top 5 products sold in the past month:-")
[11]: print(top_5_products)

```

online_retail.csv Disk 86.52 GB available

The screenshot shows a Google Colab interface with several tabs at the top: FODS_Experiments_Day2 - Colab, Google Classroom - Login Gui, LAB EXPERIMENTS, Online Retail Sales and Custom..., and a shared document. The main area displays a Jupyter notebook with the following code and output:

```

File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help
Commands + Code + Text Run all

[116] df["InvoiceDate"] = pd.to_datetime(df["InvoiceDate"])
[116] latest_date = df["InvoiceDate"].max()
[116] last_month_date = latest_date - pd.Timedelta(days=30)
[116] last_month_data = df[df["InvoiceDate"] >= last_month_date]

[117] product_sales = last_month_data.groupby("Description")["Quantity"].sum()

[118] top_5_products = product_sales.sort_values(ascending=False).head(5)
[118] print("Top 5 products sold in the past month:")
[118] print(top_5_products)

... Top 5 products sold in the past month:
Description
WORLD WAR II GLIDERS ASS'D DESIGNS    8169
POPPET HEADS                         6897
RABBIT NIGHT LIGHT                   5719
JUMBO BAG RED RETROSPOT              4693
60 CAKE CASES VINTAGE CHRISTMAS      3460
Name: Quantity, dtype: int64

```

EXP_9 Real Estate Agency and have been given a Dataset containing Information about Properties for sale.

The screenshot shows a Google Colab interface with several tabs at the top: FODS_Experiments_Day2 - Colab, Google Classroom - Login Gui, LAB EXPERIMENTS, Online Retail Sales and Cu..., Bengaluru House price dat..., and Pandas analysis code. The main area displays a Jupyter notebook with the following code and output:

```

File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help
Commands + Code + Text Run all

[76] import pandas as pd
[77] property_data = pd.read_csv("properties.csv", low_memory=False)
[77] print(property_data.head())
[77] print(property_data.columns)

area_type availability location size \
0 Super built-up Area 19-Dec Electronic City Phase II 2 BHK
1 Plot Area Ready To Move Chikka Tirupathi 4 Bedroom
2 Super built-up Area Ready To Move Uttarahalli 3 BHK
3 Super built-up Area Ready To Move Lingadheri-Hallihalli 3 BHK
4 Super built-up Area Ready To Move Kothanur 2 BHK

society total_sqft bath balcony price
0 Coomere 1056 2.0 1.0 39.07
1 Theemp 2606 5.0 3.0 128.00
2 Mahi 1440 2.0 3.0 62.00
3 Sofiane 1521 1.0 1.0 50.00
4 Nal 1200 2.0 1.0 51.00
Index(['area_type', 'availability', 'location', 'size', 'society',
       'total_sqft', 'bath', 'balcony', 'price'],
      dtype='object')

property_data["bedrooms"] = (
    property_data["size"]
        .str.extract(r'(\d+)')
        .astype(float)
)

```

At the bottom, the status bar shows "Variables" and "Terminal", a system tray with a 24°C temperature reading, and a footer with system information: 22:35, Python 3, ENG IN, 17-12-2025.

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with two code cells and their outputs.

Code Cell 1:

```
avg_price_per_location = property_data.groupby("location")["price"].mean()  
print("Average listing price of properties in each location:")  
print(avg_price_per_location)
```

Output 1:

```
Average listing price of properties in each location:  
Anekal      16.000000  
Banswadi    35.000000  
Basavangudi  50.000000  
Bhoganhalli 22.890000  
Devarabeesana Halli 124.833333  
  
t.c.palya    169.000000  
tc.palya     60.750000  
vinayakanagar 200.000000  
white field,kadugodi 275.000000  
whitefield   32.730000  
Name: price, Length: 1305, dtype: float64
```

Code Cell 2:

```
properties_more_than_4_bedrooms = property_data[property_data["bedrooms"] > 4].shape[0]  
print("Number of properties with more than four bedrooms:")  
print(properties_more_than_4_bedrooms)
```

Output 2:

```
Number of properties with more than four bedrooms:  
846
```

Code Cell 3:

```
largest_area_property = property_data.loc[  
    property_data["total_sqft"].idxmax()  
]  
print("\nProperty with the largest area:")  
print(largest_area_property)
```

Output 3:

```
Property with the largest area:  
area_type      Built-up Area  
availability    Ready To Move  
location       BEML Layout  
size           1.0K  
society        Halli  
total_sqft     999  
bath          2.0  
balcony        3.0  
price         45.0  
bedrooms      2.0  
Name: 1369, dtype: object
```

The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook interface with three code cells and their outputs.

Code Cell 1:

```
properties_more_than_4_bedrooms = property_data[property_data["bedrooms"] > 4].shape[0]  
print("Number of properties with more than four bedrooms:")  
print(properties_more_than_4_bedrooms)
```

Output 1:

```
Number of properties with more than four bedrooms:  
846
```

Code Cell 2:

```
largest_area_property = property_data.loc[  
    property_data["total_sqft"].idxmax()  
]  
print("\nProperty with the largest area:")  
print(largest_area_property)
```

Output 2:

```
Property with the largest area:  
area_type      Built-up Area  
availability    Ready To Move  
location       BEML Layout  
size           1.0K  
society        Halli  
total_sqft     999  
bath          2.0  
balcony        3.0  
price         45.0  
bedrooms      2.0  
Name: 1369, dtype: object
```

EXP_10 Data visualization project and need to create basic plots using Matplotlib.

The screenshot shows a Google Colab interface. In the code editor, three cells are visible:

```
[4] ✓ 0s
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

[5] ✓ 0s
data = pd.read_csv("data_visualization_cars.csv")

[6] ✓ 0s
plt.figure()
plt.plot(data["Month"], data["Sales"])
plt.xlabel("Month")
plt.ylabel("Sales")
plt.title("Monthly Sales Line Plot")
plt.show()
```

The output cell displays a line plot titled "Monthly Sales Line Plot" with "Sales" on the y-axis (ranging from 5000 to 25000) and "Month" on the x-axis. The plot shows a highly volatile line with several sharp peaks and troughs.



