



# Sweet Shop Management System

TDD Kata Project - Complete Implementation  
Documentation

Full-Stack Application with REST API, JWT Authentication & React  
Frontend



## Table of Contents

- 1. Project Overview & Setup
- 2. Backend Entity Model & Testing
- 3. Frontend React Application
- 4. Spring Boot Application Startup
- 5. Service Layer Implementation
- 6. GitHub Version Control
- 7. User Authentication - Login Page
- 8. Spring Security Configuration
- 9. User Login - Empty State
- 10. H2 Database Console
- 11. Database Schema - SWEET Table
- 12. Empty API Response
- 13. POST Request - Create Sweet
- 14. Created Sweet Response
- 15. GET All Sweets - API Response
- 16. Sweets List Display
- 17. GET Sweets with Authorization
- 18. Sweet Shop Management Dashboard
- 19. User Registration Success
- 20. Login with JWT Token
- 21. Authorization Error - 403 Forbidden
- 22. Authenticated GET Request
- 23. Failed Login Attempt
- 24. Login Attempt with Wrong Credentials
- 25. Database Console - USERS Table
- 26. Users Query Result
- 27. Frontend Sweets List UI
- 28. Add Sweet Endpoint - 403 Error
- 29. Login with New User

- 30. Successful Authentication
- 31. Authorized GET Sweets Request
- 32. Database Query - All Sweets
- 33. Frontend Alternative UI
- 34. README Documentation

# 1. Project Overview & Initial Setup

**Spring Initializr Configuration:** This screenshot shows the initial project setup using Spring Initializr ([start.spring.io](https://start.spring.io)). The project is configured with:

- **Project Type:** Gradle with Kotlin DSL
- **Language:** Java (Maven selected)
- **Spring Boot Version:** 4.0.1 (SNAPSHOT) / 3.4.13 (SNAPSHOT) / 3.5.8 / 3.4.12
- **Group:** com.sweetshop
- **Artifact:** sweetshop
- **Package Name:** com.sweetshop.sweetshop
- **Packaging:** Jar
- **Java Version:** 17

## Dependencies Added:

- **Spring Web WEB** - Build web applications using Spring MVC with Apache Tomcat
- **Spring Security SECURITY** - Authentication and access-control framework
- **Spring Data JPA SQL** - Persist data in SQL stores with Java Persistence API
- **PostgreSQL Driver SQL** - JDBC and R2DBC driver for PostgreSQL
- **Validation I/O** - Bean Validation with Hibernate validator
- **Lombok DEVELOPER TOOLS** - Reduces boilerplate code

### Screenshot 1: Spring Initializr Project Configuration

 Image 1: Spring Initializr Configuration

Shows project metadata, dependencies selection, and configuration options

## 2. Backend Entity Model & Test-Driven Development

**Sweet Entity Class:** The core domain model representing a sweet in the shop. This screenshot shows the JPA entity implementation with:

- **@Entity** annotation for JPA persistence
- **@Id** with **@GeneratedValue** for auto-incrementing primary key
- **Fields:** id (Long), name (String), category (String), price (double), quantity (int)
- **Test Execution:** Shows "mvn test" command running with BUILD SUCCESS

The terminal output demonstrates Test-Driven Development (TDD) approach with tests passing successfully.

### Screenshot 2: Sweet Entity Class & Test Results



Image 2: Sweet.java Entity Model

Shows entity class code and successful test execution

### 3. React Frontend Application

**React Development Server:** The default React application landing page displayed at localhost:3000. This confirms the frontend setup is complete and the development server is running successfully.

- React logo with animated spinning effect
- Message: "Edit src/App.js and save to reload"
- Link to "Learn React" documentation

**Screenshot 3: React App Landing Page**



Image 3: React Application Running

Default React landing page at localhost:3000

## 4. Spring Boot Application Startup

**Terminal Output:** Shows the successful compilation and startup of the Spring Boot application using npm and Maven:

- cd myapp and npm start commands executed
- Webpack deprecation warnings (expected)
- "Compiled successfully!" message
- **Local URL:** http://localhost:3000
- **Network URL:** http://10.206.176.206:3000
- Development build not optimized note

### Screenshot 4: Application Startup Terminal

✓ Image 4: Compilation Successful

npm start output showing successful build

## 5. Service Layer Implementation & Testing

**SweetService.java:** Service layer implementation with business logic. The screenshot shows:

- **@Service** annotation for Spring component scanning
- **SweetRepository** dependency injection
- Test code creating a Sweet with name="Barfi", category="Indian", price=20.0, quantity=0
- **Mockito** usage for testing with mocked repository
- **BUILD FAILURE** shown, indicating TDD red-green-refactor cycle

**Error:** Compilation error - "cannot find symbol: method purchaseSweet(long)"

### Screenshot 5: Service Layer Test Failure (Red Phase)

✖ Image 5: TDD Red Phase

Build failure showing missing method

## 6. Version Control with Git & GitHub

**GitHub Commit Page:** Shows proper version control practices with a detailed commit message:

- **Commit Hash:** 936a068
- **Commit Message:** "feat: implement sweet purchase with out-of-stock handling..."
- **Files Changed:** 4 files (+45 lines, -0 lines)
- OutOfStockException.java created
- Sweet.java model updated
- SweetService.java with purchase logic
- SweetServiceTest.java added
- **Co-authored-by:** ChatGPT

**Key Implementation:** Custom OutOfStockException, quantity decrement logic, and Mockito-based service tests

### Screenshot 6: GitHub Commit with AI Co-authorship



Shows TDD implementation with AI collaboration

## 7. User Authentication - Login Interface

**Login Page:** Clean and simple authentication interface at localhost:8080/login.

Features include:

- Centered "Please sign in" heading
- Username input field
- Password input field (masked)
- Blue "Sign in" button
- Responsive design with white background

This is Spring Security's default login form, showing the backend authentication is properly configured.

### Screenshot 7: Login Page UI

🔒 Image 7: Authentication Form

User login interface at /login endpoint

## 8. Spring Security Configuration & Generated Password

**Spring Boot Console Output:** The application startup logs showing Spring Security configuration:

- **Auto-generated password:** d835c271-d583-440f-b5e7-033022af007d
- Hibernate dialect: H2 dialect detected
- JPA EntityManagerFactory initialization for persistence unit 'default'
- Spring Security filter chain configuration warnings
- **Tomcat started on port 8080 (http)**
- Application started successfully in 4.222 seconds

**Note:** The generated password is for development use only. Production systems must use proper password configuration.

### Screenshot 8: Spring Boot Console with Security Password

 Image 8: Security Configuration

Auto-generated security password displayed

## 9. Login Form with Credentials

**Login Attempt:** Screenshot shows the login form filled with test credentials:

- **Username:** user
- **Password:** ..... (masked password field)
- Blue "Sign in" button ready to submit

This demonstrates the user attempting to authenticate with the application.

**Screenshot 9: Login Form with User Credentials**

 Image 9: Filled Login Form

Username and password entered

## 10. H2 Database Console

**H2 Database Web Console:** In-memory database administration interface at localhost:8080/h2-console. Features visible:

- **Database:** jdbc:h2:mem:sweetshopdb
- **Tables:** SWEET, USERS, INFORMATION\_SCHEMA
- **Users table visible** in the left panel
- **Version:** H2 2.2.224 (2023-09-17)
- SQL statement editor with "Run" button
- Auto commit enabled
- Max rows: 1000

**Screenshot 10: H2 Database Console**

Image 10: Database Admin Interface

H2 console showing database schema

## 11. Database Schema - SWEET Table

**SQL Query Result:** Shows the structure and data in the SWEET table with 5 rows:

ID	CATEGORY	NAME	PRICE	QUANTITY
1	Indian	Ladoo	10.0	50
2	Indian	Barfi	20.0	30
3	Indian	Jalebi	15.0	40
4	Indian	Rasgulla	25.0	35
5	Indian	Kaju Katli	30.0	20

**Query executed:** select \* from sweet;

**Result:** (5 rows, 4 ms)

Screenshot 11: Database SWEET Table Query

 Image 11: Table Data

All sweets stored in database

## 12. Empty API Response - No Authentication

**GET Request without Authentication:** Postman showing request to

```
GET http://localhost:8080/api/sweets
```