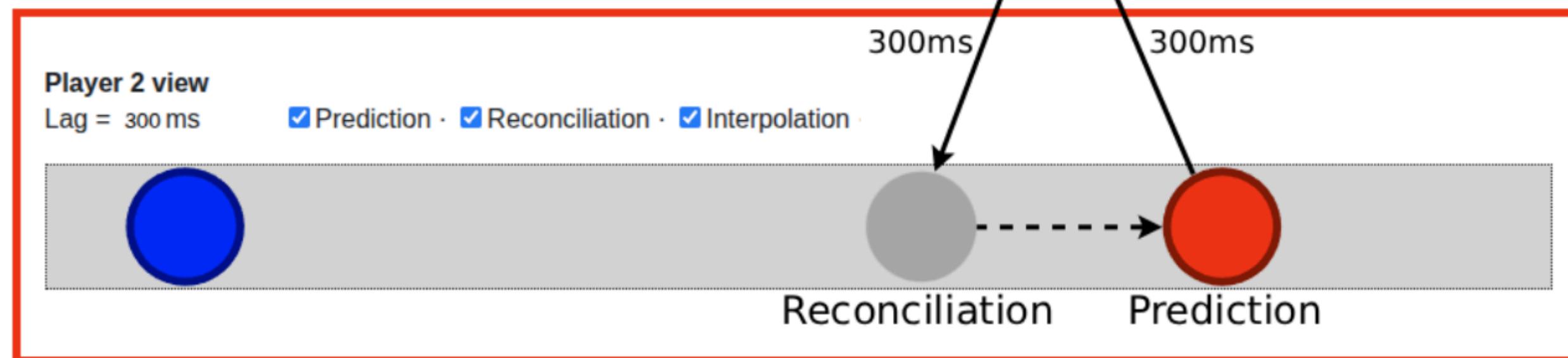
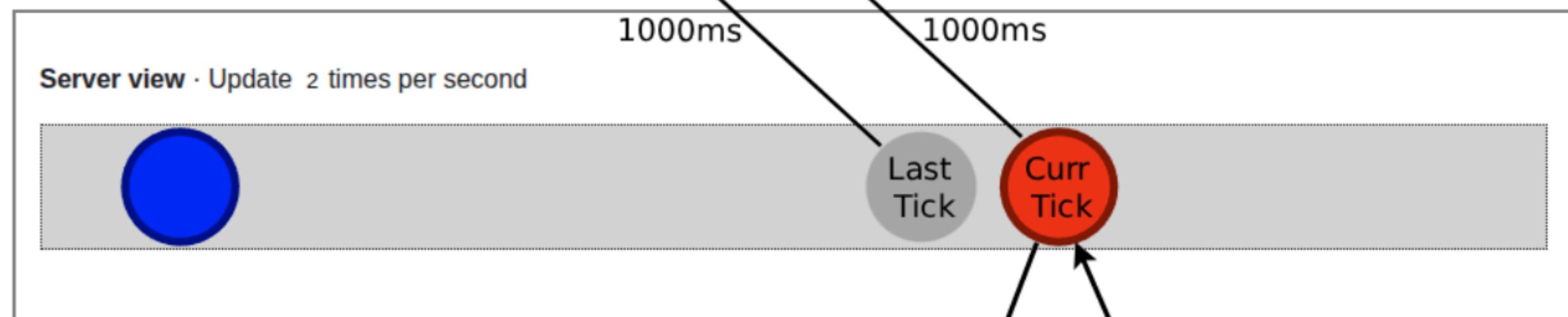
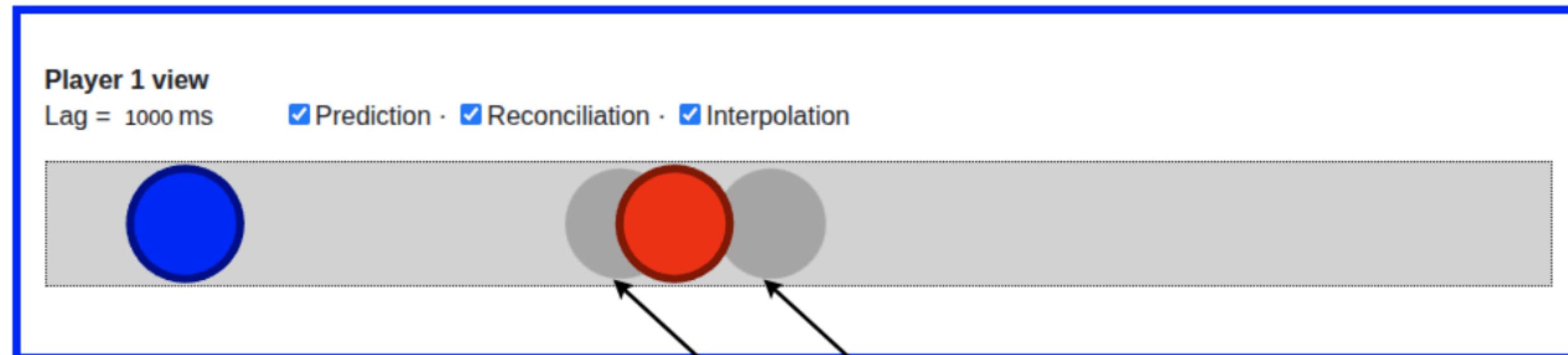




KRAFTON GAME DEVELOPER PPT



Client Packet Processing

```
1  def process_packet(self, data):
2      msg_type, payload = network.unpack_message(data)
3
4      # Process other msg_types
5
6      if msg_type == network.MSG_WORLD_SNAPSHOT:
7          # Parse snapshot
8          # payload: server_time(double) | num_players(uint32) | players...
9          off = 0
10         server_time = struct.unpack_from('!d', payload, off)[0]; off += 8
11         num_players = struct.unpack_from('!I', payload, off)[0]; off += 4
12
13         # Unpack players and coins bytes. . .
14
15         # Push snapshot (server_time is authoritative)
16         s = Snapshot(server_time, players, coins)
17
18         # If snapshot arrives out of order, ignore it
19         if s.server_time <= self.snapshots[-1].server_time:
20             return
21
22         self.snapshots.append(s)
```

Client Reconciliation and Entity Targets

```
1 def process_packet(self, data):
2
3     ...
4
5     # Reconciliation for local player
6     if self.client_id in players:
7         sx, sy, sscore, last_seq = players[self.client_id]
8         # accept server position as baseline
9         self.local_x = sx
10        self.local_y = sy
11        self.score = sscore
12        # remove pending inputs up to last_seq and reapply remaining
13        remaining = []
14        for seq, dx, dy, ts in self.pending_inputs:
15            if seq <= last_seq: # already processed by server
16                continue
17            remaining.append((seq, dx, dy, ts))
18        self.pending_inputs = remaining
19        # reapply remaining inputs on top of authoritative state
20        for seq, dx, dy, ts in self.pending_inputs:
21            dt = 1.0 / 60.0
22            norm = math.hypot(dx, dy)
23            if norm > 0:
24                dxn, dyn = dx/norm, dy/norm
25                self.local_x += dxn * PLAYER_SPEED * dt
26                self.local_y += dyn * PLAYER_SPEED * dt
```

```
1 def process_packet(self, data):
2
3     ...
4
5     # update remote players interpolation targets
6     now_local = time.time()
7     for pid, (x, y, score, last_seq) in players.items():
8         if pid == self.client_id: # Do not interpolate local player
9             continue
10        if pid not in self.players:
11            # initialize interpolation state (snap->target), x, y is current pos, tx, ty is target, t0, t1
12            self.players[pid] = {'x': x, 'y': y, 'tx': x, 'ty': y, 't0': now_local, 't1': now_local}
13        else:
14            p = self.players[pid]
15            # shift current target to previous and set new target
16            p['x'] = p.get('tx', p['x'])
17            p['y'] = p.get('ty', p['y'])
18            p['tx'] = x
19            p['ty'] = y
20            p['t0'] = now_local
21            p['t1'] = now_local + INTERPOLATION_DELAY
22
23        # Update coins
24        self.coins = [(cx, cy) for (_, cx, cy) in coins]
25
```

Reconciliation:

- Assume the server is the ground truth
- Predict using the pending inputs that are not yet processed by the server

Entity interpolation data:

- Player (x, y) \leftarrow Previous player position
- Player (target x, target y) \leftarrow New player positions (**from server**)
- t0 \leftarrow local_time (**start interpolating from previous frame**)
- t1 \leftarrow time + tick_delay (**Interpolate for 1 server tick**)

Client Entity Interpolation

```
●●●  
1  def run(self):  
2      while not self.gui.should_close():  
3          self.gui.poll_events()  
4          self.network_loop()  
5  
6          # Input  
7          dx, dy = self.get_keyboard_input()  
8  
9          # Send input command with seq and client timestamp  
10         self.input_seq += 1  
11         self.pending_inputs.append((self.input_seq, dxn, dyn, time.time()))  
12         payload = struct.pack('!Iffd', self.input_seq, dxn, dyn, time.time())  
13         self.send_packet(network.pack_message(network.MSG_COMMAND, payload))  
14  
15         # Render calls  
16         self.gui.draw_quad(self.bg_tex)                      # Background  
17         self.gui.draw_coins(self.coins)                      # Coins  
18         self.gui.draw_local_player(self.local_x, self.local_y) # Local  
19  
20         # Remote interpolation between snapshot targets  
21         now = time.time()  
22         for pid, p in list(self.players.items()):  
23             t0, t1 = p.get('t0', now), p.get('t1', now)  
24             if t1 == t0:  
25                 alpha = 1.0  
26             else:  
27                 t = (now - t0) / (t1 - t0)  
28                 alpha = clamp(t, 0.0, 1.0)  
29                 ix = p['x'] + (p['tx'] - p['x']) * alpha  
30                 iy = p['y'] + (p['ty'] - p['y']) * alpha  
31  
32                 self.gui.draw_circle(ix, iy, PLAYER_RADIUS, color)  
33  
34         self.gui.end_frame()  
35         time.sleep(1/60)
```

Entity Interpolation

Server Receiver Thread

```
● ● ●  
1 def run(self):  
2     print(f"Server started on {HOST}:{PORT}")  
3     threading.Thread(target=self.receive_loop, daemon=True).start()  
4     threading.Thread(target=self.game_loop, daemon=True).start()
```

Receiver loop gets data from socket and process packets

```
● ● ●  
1 def process_packet(self, msg_type, payload, addr):  
2     now = time.time()  
3     if msg_type == network.MSG_COMMAND:  
4         # payload: seq(uint32), dx(float), dy(float), client_ts(double)  
5         if addr not in self.clients:  
6             return  
7         seq, dx, dy, client_ts = struct.unpack_from('!Ifff', payload, 0)  
8         with self.lock:  
9             p = self.clients[addr] # type: Player  
10            p.inputs.append((seq, dx, dy, client_ts, now))  
11    # Process other msg_types  
12    # . . .
```

Append client inputs to a queue to be processed by the server tick thread

Server Game Thread

Game loop runs at 60Hz and handles player input + collision + coin pickups

```
● ● ●  
1 def game_loop(self):  
2     self.update_physics(dt)  
3     self.broadcast_state()  
4  
5     def update_physics(self, dt: float):  
6         players = list(self.client_id_map.values())  
7  
8         # Apply inputs and movement flags  
9         for p in players:  
10             self.process_player_inputs(p, dt)  
11  
12         # Resolve player-player collisions  
13         self.resolve_player_player_collisions(players)  
14  
15         # Resolve player-coin collisions  
16         for p in players:  
17             self.resolve_player_coin_collisions(p)
```

Server - Client Input Processing

```
●●●  
1 def process_player_inputs(self, p: Player, dt: float):  
2     p.inputs.sort(key=lambda x: x[0]) # sort by input seq  
3  
4     # Process packets in order,  
5     while p.inputs:  
6         seq, dx, dy, client_ts, recv_ts = p.inputs[0]  
7  
8         if seq <= p.last_seq:          # Duplicate / old packet  
9             p.inputs.pop(0)  
10            continue  
11        elif seq != p.last_seq + 1: # Out-of-order packet  
12            last_recv = self.last_client_recv.get(p.addr, 0.0)  
13            print(f"Out of order input from player")  
14            if time.time() - last_recv > 0.100: # 100 ms timeout  
15                print(f"Skipping to seq {seq} for player {p.id} due to timeout")  
16            p.last_seq = seq - 1  
17        else:  
18            break # Exit loop, wait for in-order packet  
19        else: # In-order packet  
20            self.last_client_recv[p.addr] = time.time()  
21  
22        p.inputs.pop(0) # Remove the input  
23  
24        # Apply movement  
25        norm = math.hypot(dx, dy)  
26        if norm > 0:  
27            dxn, dyn = dx / norm, dy / norm  
28            p.x += dxn * PLAYER_SPEED * (1.0 / 60.0)  
29            p.y += dyn * PLAYER_SPEED * (1.0 / 60.0)  
30  
31        p.last_seq = max(p.last_seq, seq) # Update to this input
```

- Latency variation can cause out-of-order packets

- Simple Solution:

- Wait for packets to arrive
- If timeout(100ms), then move on
- Discard packets later than 100ms later the latest packet



THANK YOU