Reader- Writer Problem

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <semaphore.h>
#include <unistd.h>
void *writer thr(void *arg);
void *reader thr(void *arg);
sem t mutex;
sem t wrt;
int readcount = 0, nwt, nrd;
int main() {
  long i;
  sem_init(&mutex, 0, 1);
  sem init(&wrt, 0, 1);
  pthread_t reader[100], writer[100];
  printf("\nEnter number of readers: ");
  scanf("%d", &nrd);
  printf("\nEnter number of writers: ");
  scanf("%d", &nwt);
  // Create writer threads
  for (i = 0; i < nwt; i++) {
     long *arg = malloc(sizeof(*arg)); // Allocate memory for argument
     *arg = i + 1; // Pass the writer number
     pthread_create(&writer[i], NULL, writer_thr, arg);
  }
  // Create reader threads
  for (i = 0; i < nrd; i++) {
     long *arg = malloc(sizeof(*arg)); // Allocate memory for argument
     *arg = i + 1; // Pass the reader number
     pthread_create(&reader[i], NULL, reader_thr, arg);
  }
  // Join writer threads
  for (i = 0; i < nwt; i++)
     pthread join(writer[i], NULL);
  // Join reader threads
  for (i = 0; i < nrd; i++) {
     pthread join(reader[i], NULL);
  sem_destroy(&wrt);
  sem destroy(&mutex);
  return 0;
}
void *reader thr(void *arg) {
  long temp = *(long *)arg; // Get the reader number
  free(arg); // Free allocated memory
  printf("\nReader %ld is trying to enter the database for reading.", temp);
  sem wait(&mutex);
  readcount++;
  if (readcount == 1) {
```

```
sem wait(&wrt);
  sem post(&mutex);
  printf("\nReader %Id is now reading in the database.", temp);
  sleep(3); // Simulate reading
  sem_wait(&mutex);
  readcount--;
  if (readcount == 0) {
     sem_post(&wrt);
  sem_post(&mutex);
  printf("\nReader %ld has left the database.\n", temp);
}
void *writer thr(void *arg) {
  long temp = *(long *)arg; // Get the writer number
  free(arg); // Free allocated memory
  printf("\nWriter %ld is trying to enter the database for modifying data.", temp);
  sem wait(&wrt);
  printf("\nWriter %ld is writing in the database.", temp);
  sleep(3); // Simulate writing
  printf("\nWriter %ld is leaving the database.\n", temp);
  sem_post(&wrt);
}
```

Output:

```
adminitgadmini-NS-7048;-/Desktop/Aditys_07% gcc Ass4b,c -phread adminitgadmini-NS-7048;-/Desktop/Aditys_07% gcc Ass4b,c -phread adminitgadmini-NS-7048;-/Desktop/Aditys_07% gcc Ass4b,c -phread adminitgadmini-NS-7048;-/Desktop/Aditys_07% gcc Ass4b,c -phread administration of writers: 5

Writer 1 is trying to enter the database for nodifying data. Writer 1 is writing in the database for nodifying data. Writer 1 is trying to enter the database for nodifying data. Writer 2 is trying to enter the database for nodifying data. Writer 5 is trying to enter the database for nodifying data. Writer 5 is trying to enter the database for nodifying data. Writer 5 is trying to enter the database for nodifying data. Writer 5 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 2 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 4 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 4 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 6 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 6 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 9 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 9 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 9 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 9 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 9 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 9 is trying to enter the database for reading. Reader 1 is trying to enter the database. Writer 4 is leaving the database.

Writer 4 is writing in the database.

Writer 4 is writing in the database.

Writer 4 is writing in the database.

Writer 4 is leaving the database.

Writer 5 is leaving the database.

Writer 4 is writing in the database.

Writer 5 is leaving the database.

Writer 4 is writing in the database.

Reader 1 is no reading in the database.

Reader 1 is no reading in the database.

Reader 2 is now reading in the database.
```

