05Nov2022

Day**21**

Kubernetes Secret

Secrets

https://kubernetes.io/docs/concepts/configuration/secret/

A Secret is an object that contains a small amount of sensitive data such as a password, a token, or a key.

Such information might otherwise be put in a Pod specification or in a container image.

Using a Secret means that you don't need to include confidential data in your application code.

Define variable in K8s workloads through 'env'

kubectl run busybox --image busybox -o yaml --dry-run=client >busybox.yaml

vim busybox.yaml

apiVersion: v1

kind: Pod

metadata:

labels:

run: busybox

name: busybox

spec:

containers:

- image: busybox

name: busyboxcnt

command: ['sleep','4800']

env:

- name: username

value: user1

- name: password

value: redhat123

:wa!

kubectl create -f busybox.yaml

kubectl get pods

kubectl exec -it busybox -- /bin/sh

/#env

username=user1

password=redhat123

exit

Define variable in K8s workloads through secret

create secret

--from-literal

kubectl create secret generic secmysql --from-literal password=test123 -o yaml --dry-run=client >mysqlsec.yaml

cat secmysql.yaml

apiVersion: v1

stringData:

password: dGVzdDEyMzQK

kind: Secret

metadata:

creationTimestamp: null

name: secmysql

kubectl create -f secmysql.yaml

kubectl get secret

kubectl get secrets secmysql -o yaml

create K8s workloads

kubectl run mysql --image mysql -o yaml --dry-run=client >mysql.yaml

vim mysql.yaml

apiVersion: v1

kind: Pod

metadata:

labels: run: mysal

name: mysql

spec:

containers:

- image: mysql

name: mysql

env:

- name: MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD

->this will define in MySql pod

valueFrom:

secretKeyRef:

<mark>name:</mark> secmyso key: password

->secret name ->secret parameters

:wq!

kubectl apply -f mysql.yaml

kubectl get pods

```
# kubectl exec -it mysql -- /bin/sh
sh-4.4# env
MYSQL ROOT PASSWORD=dGVzdDEyMzQK
sh-4.4# mysql -u root -p
Enter password: dGVzdDEyMzQK
mysql> quit
sh-4.4# exit
root@master1:~#
Edit secret parameters value
# kubectl exec -it mysql -- env
MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=dGVzdDEyMzQK
# echo "coss@2022" | base64
Y29zc0AyMDIyCg==
# kubectl edit secrets secmysql
 password: Y29zc0AyMDIyCg==
:wq!
# kubectl get pods
# kubectl exec -it mysql -- env
MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=coss@2022
# kubectl exec -it mysql -- env
MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=aGF0cmVkMjAyMgo=
# kubectl exec -it mysql -- /bin/sh
sh-4.4# mysql -u root -p
Enter password: aGF0cmVkMjAyMgo= or coss@2022
mysql>
mysql> exit
--from-file
# vim abc.txt
password=India321
:wq!
# kubectl create secret generic sec2 --from-file=/root/abc.txt -o yaml --dry-run=client >sec2.yaml
# cat sec2.yaml
apiVersion: v1
data:
abc.txt: cGFzc3dvcmQ9SW5kaWEzMjEK
kind: Secret
metadata:
creationTimestamp: null
name: sec2
# kubectl apply -f sec2.yaml
# kubectl get secret
# vim mysql2.yaml
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
labels:
  run: mysql
 name: mysql
spec:
 containers:
 - image: mysql
  name: mysql
  envFrom:
   - secretRef:
     name: sec2
                  ->secretname
:wa!
# kubectl create -f mysgl2.yaml --dry-run=client
# kubectl create -f mysql2.yaml
```

kubectl get pods

kubectl get nodes

NAME STATUS ROLES AGE VERSION node1.example.com NotReady <none> 146d v1.24.1

ping node1.example.com

64 bytes from node1.example.com (192.168.29.105): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.341 ms

nslookup node1.example.com

Server: 127.0.0.53 Address: 127.0.0.53#53 Non-authoritative answer: Name: node1.example.com Address: 192.168.29.105 # ssh node1.example.com

journalctl -xe

Nov 05 15:41:44 node1.example.com systemd[1]: Stopped kubelet: The Kubernetes Node Agent.

systemctl start kubelet.service

kubectl describe <pod/deployment/secret/jobs>

kubectl logs pod/<podname>