	Congratulations! You passed! Grade Latest Submission To pass 80% or received 100% Grade 100% higher	o next item
	received 100% Grade 100% Higher	
1.	What are the differences between exteroceptive sensors and proprioceptive sensors ? (Select all that apply)	1/1 po
	Exteroceptive sensors can determine distance traveled by the vehicle, whereas proprioceptive sensors cannot.	
	Proprioceptive sensors do not interact with the environment, whereas exteroceptive sensors do.	
	 Correct Exteroceptive sensors contain active sensors such as Lidar or Sonar, which interact with the environment 	
	by emitting light or sound and waiting for response.	
	Proprioceptive sensors are used to determine vehicle position, whereas exteroceptive sensors are used for sensing the environment.	
	Proprioceptive sensors can determine distance traveled by the vehicle, whereas exteroceptive sensors cannot.	
	Exteroceptive sensors can determine obstacle size and distance away, whereas proprioceptive sensors cannot.	
	Correct Proprioceptive sensors do not observe nor measure environment surroundings.	
2.	Which of the following exteroceptive sensors would you use in harsh sunlight?	1 / 1 po
	☐ Cameras ✓ Sonar	
	 ✓ Correct Sonar is unaffected by harsh sunlight. 	
	✓ Radar	
	 ✓ Correct Radar is unaffected by harsh sunlight. 	
	Lidar	
3.		
3.	Why is synchronization and timing accuracy important in the self driving system? Choose the primary reason. Synchronization is important to ensure correct sensor fusion.	1 / 1 po
	Synchronization is important to ensure organized computation.	
	 Synchronization is important to ensure that sensors measure the environment at the same time. Synchronization is important to check sensor failure. 	
4.	Your autonomous vehicle is driving on the German autobahn at 150 km/h and you wish to maintain safe following distances with other vehicles. Assuming a safe following distance of 2s, what is the distance (in m) required	1/1po
	between vehicles? Round your answer to 2 decimal places.	
	83.33	
5.	Using the same speed of 150 km/h, what is the braking distance (in m) required for emergency stops ? Assume an aggressive deceleration of 5 m/s^2. Round your answer to 2 decimal places .	1 / 1 po
	173.61	
	 ✓ Correct Lidar can be configured for long range detection and can also operate in darkness. 	
	✓ Radar ✓ Correct	
	 ✓ Correct Radar can be configured for long range detection and can also operate in darkness. 	
	✓ Correct	
7.	Correct Radar can be configured for long range detection and can also operate in darkness.	1 / 1 po
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12. Which of the following maps contain roadway speed limits?
Occupancy grid
Localization map
Detailed roadmap
Correct

The detailed roadmap contains traffic regulations.

1/1 point

The occupancy grid contains static obstacles which block vehicle movement.

Traffic lights

⊘ Correct

Compare Lane boundaries