

DFS CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>

#define MAX 10

int visited[MAX];
int adj[MAX][MAX];
int n;

// DFS function
void DFS(int v) {
    visited[v] = 1;
    printf("%d ", v);

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (adj[v][i] == 1 && !visited[i]) {
            DFS(i);
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    printf("Enter number of vertices: ");
    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter adjacency matrix:\n");
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {  
    scanf("%d", &adj[i][j]);  
}  
}  
  
// Initialize visited array  
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
    visited[i] = 0;  
  
printf("DFS Traversal starting from vertex 0:\n");  
DFS(0);  
  
return 0;  
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
C:\Users\BMSCE\Desktop\ds\ + ▾  
Enter number of vertices: 4  
Enter adjacency matrix:  
1 0 0 1  
1 0 1 0  
0 1 1 0  
0 1 0 1  
DFS Traversal starting from vertex 0:  
0 3 1 2  
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 32.357 s  
Press any key to continue.
```

OBSERVATION:

20112125

Pg-9b

WAP to traverse a graph using DFS method.

→ #include <stdio.h>

#define MAX 10

int visited[MAX];

int adj[MAX][MAX];

int n;

void DFS(int v) {

visited[v] = 1;

printf("%d", v);

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

if (adj[v][i] == 1 && !visited[i])

DFS(i);

{

}

int main() {

printf("Enter number of vertices: ");

scanf("%d", &n);

printf("Enter adjacency matrix:\n");

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {

for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {

scanf("%d", &adj[i][j]);

}

{

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)  
    visited[i] = 0;
```

```
printf("DFS Traversal starting from  
vertex 0: (%d)",  
    DFS(0));
```

```
return 0;
```

Output :-

Enter number of vertices : 4

Enter adjacency matrix :

1 0 0 1

1 0 1 0

0 1 1 0

0 1 0 1

DFS Traversal starting from vertex 0:

0 3 1 2

0

1

2