

BFS CODE:

```
#include <stdio.h>

int graph[20][20], visited[20], n;

void BFS(int start) {
    int queue[20], front = 0, rear = 0;

    visited[start] = 1;
    queue[rear++] = start;

    while (front < rear) {
        int node = queue[front++];
        printf("%d ", node);

        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            if (graph[node][i] == 1 && !visited[i]) {
                visited[i] = 1;
                queue[rear++] = i;
            }
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    int start;
```

```
printf("Enter number of vertices: ");
scanf("%d", &n);

printf("Enter adjacency matrix:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        scanf("%d", &graph[i][j]);

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    visited[i] = 0;

printf("Enter starting vertex: ");
scanf("%d", &start);

printf("BFS Traversal: ");
BFS(start);

return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
C:\Users\BMSCE\Desktop\ds\ + ▾  
Enter number of vertices: 4  
Enter adjacency matrix:  
1 0 0 1  
0 1 1 0  
1 0 0 1  
0 1 1 0  
Enter starting vertex: 2  
BFS Traversal: 2 0 3 1  
Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 31.989 s  
Press any key to continue.  
|
```

OBSERVATION:

22/10/25

Pg - 9 a

WAP to traverse a graph using BFS
method

Code

```
#include <stdio.h>
int graph[20][20], visited[20], n;

void BFS(int start) {
    int queue[20], front = 0, rear = 0;
    visited[start] = 1;
    queue[rear++] = start;

    while (front < rear) {
        int node = queue[front++];
        printf("%d", node);

        for (int i = 0, i < n, i++) {
            if (graph[node][i] == 1 && !visited[i]) {
                visited[i] = 1;
                queue[rear++] = i;
            }
        }
    }
}

int main() {
    int start;
}
```

```

printf ("Enter number of vertices: ");
scanf ("%d", &n);

printf ("Enter adjacency matrix: \n");
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
        scanf ("%d", &graph[i][j]);

for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    visited[i] = 0;

printf ("Enter starting vertex: ");
scanf ("%d", &start);

printf ("BFS Traversal: ");
BFS (start);
return 0;
}

```

Output:

7)

Enter number of vertices: 4

Enter adjacency matrix:

1 0 0 1

0 1 1 0

0 0 0 1

0 1 1 0

Enter starting vertex: 2

BFS Traversal: 2 0 3 1