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IMPLEMENTATION OF SEQUENCE DETECTOR USING LED IN ARDUINO

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I. QUESTION

A sequence detector is designed to detect precisely 3 digital inputs, with overlapping sequence detectable. For the sequence (1,0,1) and input data (1,1,0,1,0,0,1,1,0,1,0,1,1,0)

- 1) 1,1,0,0,0,0,1,1,0,1,0,0
- 2) 0,1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,1,0,0
- 3) 0,1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,1,1,0
- 4) 0,1,0,0,0,0,0,1,0,1,0,0

II. ANSWER

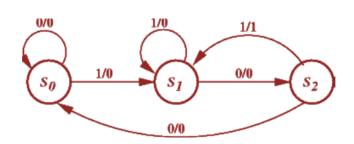


Fig. 1. State Diagram

The above question can be solved by using Truth Table and karnaugh-map.

A. Truth Table

				=		D1	Do
p	q	x	\bar{p}	\bar{q}	y	D1	D2
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0
0	1	1	0	1	0	0	1
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
1	1	0	X	X	X	X	X
1	1	1	X	X	X	X	X

Truth table for Boolean function

B. K-Map Implementation of y

qx0001 11 10 0 0 0 0 0 p1 0 1 X X

Table. 1 herefore, the Boolean function is y = px.

C. K-Map Implementation of D1 qx 00 01 11 10

p 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 X X

Table. 2 Therefore, the Boolean function is $D1 = q\bar{x}$.

D. K-Map Implementation of D2

qx

Table. 3 Therefore, the Boolean function is D2 = x.

III. COMPONENTS

Components	Values	Quantity
Arduino	Uno	1
Jumper	M-M	7
Wires		
Breadboard		1
LED		2
Resistor	220 ohms	2

IV. IMPLEMENTATION

Arduino PIN	INPUT	OUTPUT
2	manual	
3		LED
13		LED

Procedure

- 1. Connect the circuit as per the above table.
- 2. Upload the code for arduino from the below link.

Approach 1 https://github.com/koushikkalyani/FWC/blo/main/IDE/IDE2.cpp

3. Change the values of **Inputs** in the Hardware and verify the sequence.