

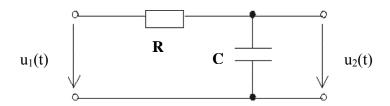


## Applied Signal Processing and Computer Science WS 11/12

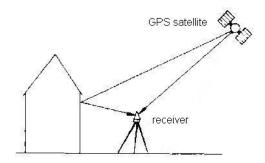
## Tutorial 6: Linear time-invariant systems

- 1. Impulse response and transfer function:
- 1.1. An RC element is given (see sketch). At the input a step function  $u_1(t) = \gamma(t)$  is inducted to test the transfer function. The following signal is measured at the output:

$$u_2(t) = \gamma(t) \left( 1 - \exp\left(-\frac{t}{\tau}\right) \right)$$
 with  $\tau = R \cdot C$ 



- Sketch the input and the output signal.
- Determine the impulse response function h(t) of the system.
- Evaluate the transfer function H(f) of the system and sketch |H(f)| and  $\varphi_H(f)$ .
- Now is  $u_1(t) = \cos(2\pi f_0 t)$ . Evaluate the output signal  $u_2(t)$ .
- 1.2. Due to multipath a GPS receiver receives beside the direct signal  $u_1(t)$  a weaker version delayed about  $\Delta t$   $u_{multipath}(t) = a \cdot u_1(t \Delta t)$  with 0 < a < 1.



- How does the impulse response function h(t) of the transfer system "transmitter-receiver" of a multipath signal look like? Sketch it.
- Evaluate the transfer function H(f) and sketch |H(f)|.