

Applied Signal Processing and Computer Science

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Solution 5: Fourier Transform

1. Proof of laws of the Fourier Transform

1.1

➤ Shift:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t-t_0)e^{-j2\pi ft} dt \xrightarrow{t'=t-t_0} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t')e^{-j2\pi f(t'+t_0)} dt' = e^{-j2\pi ft_0} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t')e^{-j2\pi ft'} dt' \\ = U(f)e^{-j2\pi ft_0}$$

➤ Derivatives:

$$u(t) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} U(f)e^{j2\pi ft} df \\ \underbrace{\frac{d}{dt}u(t)}_{k(t)} = \frac{d}{dt} \left(\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} U(f)e^{j2\pi ft} df \right) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} U(f) \frac{d}{dt} (e^{j2\pi ft}) df = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \underbrace{(j2\pi f) \cdot U(f)}_{K(f)} e^{j2\pi ft} df \\ \Rightarrow k(t) \leftrightarrow K(f) \\ \Rightarrow \frac{d}{dt}u(t) \leftrightarrow j2\pi f U(f)$$

➤ Convolution:

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t) * h(t)e^{-j2\pi ft} dt = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t')h(t-t')dt' \right] e^{-j2\pi ft} dt \\ = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t') \left[\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} h(t-t')e^{-j2\pi ft} dt \right] dt' \\ = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t') [H(f)e^{-j2\pi ft'}] dt' \\ = H(f) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(t')e^{-j2\pi ft'} dt' \\ = U(f) \cdot H(f)$$

2. Fourier Series

2.1

$$u_1(t) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{\Delta t}\right) \leftrightarrow U_1(f) = \Delta t \sin c(\Delta t \cdot f) \\ u_2(t) = \text{rect}\left(\frac{t}{\Delta t} - \frac{1}{2}\right) \leftrightarrow U_2(f) = \Delta t \sin c(\Delta t \cdot f) \cdot e^{-j\pi f \Delta t} \\ |U_1(f)| = |U_2(f)|$$

$$2.2 \quad u(t) = \sin c\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) \cdot e^{j2\pi \frac{t}{T}}$$

$$\sin c\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) \leftrightarrow T \operatorname{rect}(Tf)$$

$$\text{according to: } u(t)e^{j2\pi f_0 t} \leftrightarrow U(f - f_0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin c\left(\frac{t}{T}\right) \cdot e^{j2\pi \frac{t}{T}} \leftrightarrow T \operatorname{rect}\left(T\left(f - \frac{1}{T}\right)\right)$$

