Finance Theory II (15.402)

CORPORATE FINANCE



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Corporate Finance: Assets and Liabilities

Balance Sheet of P&G, as of 6/30/1999, in \$Millions

Assets			Liabilities		
Current assets	11,358	35%	Current liab.	10,761	34%
Net fixed aseets	12,626	39%	Long-term liab.	9,294	29%
Other long-term assets	8,129	25%	Equity	12,058	38%
Total assets	32,113		Total liabilities	32,113	

Balance Sheet of Manufacturing Sector as of 1998Q4, in \$Billions

Assets			Liabilities		
Current assets	1,700	39%	Current liab.	1,246	28%
Net fixed aseets	1,572	36%	Long-term liab.	1,515	34%
Other long-term assets	1,132	26%	Equity	1,643	37%
_					
Total assets	4,404		Total liabilities	4,404	



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The Liability Side (RHS): Financing

- "Financing": First, focus on liability side of Balance Sheet taking the firm's assets as a given: How to finance the firm's assets? Can we create value on the RHS?
- How can we forecast how much funding we need?
- · Should we finance those funding needs with:
 - \rightarrow Debt?
 - \rightarrow Equity?
 - \rightarrow Other sources?
- If we have enough internally generated funds, what do we do with the excess?
- · When should we raise funds from the capital markets?



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The Asset Side (LHS): Valuation

- "Valuation": Then focus on how to maximize the value of the assets, taking into account their financing. How to create value on the LHS.
- · How do we evaluate a corporate investment project, e.g.,
 - \rightarrow new plant and equipment
 - \rightarrow market entry
- · How should we compare:
 - \rightarrow payoffs today vs. down the road?
 - → projects with different risks?
- How do we value
 - \rightarrow an established company? a start-up?
 - \rightarrow a merger?



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Our Approach

What we will do

- Acquire a set of <u>general tools</u> that are crucial to sound business decisions by:
 - \rightarrow Financial managers
 - $\rightarrow \text{General managers}$
- Apply and confront them to a number of real business cases.
 - $\to \text{Usefulness}$
 - \rightarrow Limitations

What we won't do

- Pretend to be experts in any industry, financial or other.
- Discuss many institutional aspects in detail.
- Discuss in detail stuff you could learn just as well reading a book or an article (see "readings").



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Corporate Finance – Section A

- · Lectures twice per week
- Texts:
 - → Brealey & Myers, *Principles of Corporate Finance*, 7th edition,
 - → Higgins, Analysis for Financial Management, 7th edition,
 - → Case and Readings Packet
- · Professor: Dirk Jenter

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Corporate Finance – Section B

- · Lectures twice per week
- · Texts:
 - → Brealey & Myers, *Principles of Corporate Finance*, 7th edition,
 - → Higgins, Analysis for Financial Management, 7th edition,
 - \rightarrow Case and Readings Packet
- · Professor: Katharina Lewellen



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Course Requirements

- Class Participation (10%)
 - \rightarrow Come prepared to discuss cases
 - → Quality more important than quantity (!)
 - \rightarrow Willingness to participate as important as participation
 - → Introduce background readings into the discussion
- Case Memoranda (30%)
 - \rightarrow A professional memo to the decision maker
 - \rightarrow Teams of three or four people
 - \rightarrow Hand in all write-ups, except two of your choice
 - \rightarrow Careful: Some cases are required!
 - \rightarrow Two pages (plus exhibits)
- Midterm (30%)
- Final (30%)



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Case Memoranda

- · Memoranda should be
 - \rightarrow Clearly written and professional
 - → Handed in for all of the cases except two of your choice
 - \rightarrow Two pages (not counting charts and tables), Double spaced Font of 11 or 12
 - \rightarrow Teams of three or four students
 - \rightarrow Hand in one copy per team
 - →You may not work with students not on your team
 - →One & two person teams are discouraged
 - → Wilson (I & II) count as one case
 - → Wilson, MCI, Dixon, and Ameritrade are required
 - \rightarrow Make sure you turn in 10 memoranda!



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The Big Picture:

					FAIL I. FINANCING
			•	Feb 6/11	Case: Wilson Lumber
			•	Feb 13	Lecture: Capital Structure 1
			•	Feb 20	Lecture: Capital Structure 2
	Lectures (12)		•	Feb 25	Case: UST Inc.
	Text: Brealey and Myers + Higgin	_	•	Feb 27	Case: Massey Ferguson
•	, , ,		•	Mar 4	Lecture: Capital Structure 3
•	Notes on the web before class (+	in class)	•	Mar 6	Case: MCI Communications
			•	Mar 11	Financing Review
			•	Mar 13	Case: Intel Corp., 1992
	Cases (12)				Part II: VALUATION
	` '			Apr 1	Lecture: Free Cash Flows
•	10 Case write ups: 1-2 page write-ups			Apr 3	Case: Ameritrade
•	Notes on the web after class (+ ir	ı class)	•	Apr 8	Lecture: WACC and APV
	Class participation is critical		•	Apr 10	Case: Dixon
	Ciaco participation to critical		•	Apr 15	Case: Diamond Chemicals
			•	Apr 17	Lecture: Real Options
	Grades, etc.		•	Apr 24	Case: MW Petroleum
	Case write-ups	30%	•	Apr 29	Lecture: Valuing a Company
			•	May 1	Case: Cooper Industries
•	Midterm (in class)	30%	•	May 6	Case: Southland
•	Final (TBA)	30%			
	Class participation	10%			Topics
	Olass participation	1070	•	May 8	Hedging & Risk Management
			•	May 13	Corporate Governance
			•	May 15	Course Wrap-up

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The Big Picture: Part I Financing

A. Identifying Funding Needs

Feb 6 Case: Wilson Lumber 1Feb 11 Case: Wilson Lumber 2

B. Optimal Capital Structure: The Basics

Feb 13 Lecture: Capital Structure 1
 Feb 20 Lecture: Capital Structure 2

• Feb 25 Case: UST Inc.

• Feb 27 Case: Massey Ferguson

C. Optimal Capital Structure: Information and Agency

Mar 4 Lecture: Capital Structure 3
 Mar 6 Case: MCI Communications

Mar 11 Financing ReviewMar 13 Case: Intel Corporation



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The Case of the Unidentified Industries



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Advertising Agency Computer Software Developer Airline Department Store Chain **Commercial Bank** Electric & Gas Utility Health Maintenance Org. Retail Drug Chain Meat Packer Retail Grocery Chain Pharmaceutical Manufacturer ВС D G
 8
 Notes payable
 62
 3
 0

 9
 Accounts payable
 18
 63
 3

 10
 Accrued taxes
 2
 2
 0

 11
 Other current liabilities
 0
 0
 4

 12
 Long-term debt
 7
 6
 29

 13
 Preferred stock
 4
 8
 21

 14
 Other liabilities
 2
 0
 5

 5
 Capital stock and capital surplus
 2
 10
 11

 16
 Retained earnings
 4
 7
 28

 17
 Total liabilities and stockholder equity
 100
 100
 100
 Selected Financial Data

Current assets/current liabilities

Cash, marketable securities and accounts receivable/current liabilities

Inventory turnover (X)

Receivables collection period

Total debt/total assets

Long-term debt/capitalization

Net profit/net sales

Net profit/net assets

Total assets/net assets

Net profit/total assets

Total assets/net worth

Net profit/total massets

Net profit/total massets

Net profit/total massets

Receivable securities

Net profit/total massets

Net profit/total massets 1.11 1.03 1.31 1.46 1.59 1.1 0.97 0.98 1.4 1.49 0.4 1.04 2.28 1.5 4.59 2.03 NA NA 16.7 5.6 5.2 NA 8.6 NA 47.6 7.5 2 3.278 381 30 31 8 27 6 13 16 37 74 0.69 0.1 0.29 0.4 0 0.44 0.31 0 0.19 0 0.22 0.09 0.24 0.4 0.57 0 0.66 0.48 0 0.32 0 0.18 0.095 0.523 0.464 1.822 3.75 0.828 2.61 2.032 6.473 0.867 0.643 0.141 0.047 0.115 0.02 0.031 0.014 0.019 0.131 0.015 0.247 0.106 0.013 0.025 0.053 0.037 0.097 0.028 0.261 2.032 6.473 0.867 0.643 0.141 0.025 0.033 0.037 0.097 0.012 0.049 0.257 0.098 0.214 0.068 1.41 0.58 0.31 0.31 0.015 0.247 0.106 0.013 0.025 0.053 0.037 0.097 0.012 0.049 0.267 0.098 0.214 0.068 1.41 0.58 0.31 0.31 0.31 0.31 0.015 0.247 0.106 0.013 0.025 0.053 0.37 0.097 0.012 0.049 0.267 0.098 0.214 0.068 1.41 0.58 0.31 0.31 0.31 0.31 0.31 0.015 0.247 0.106 0.013 0.025 0.053 0.31 0.014 0.019 0.013 0.025 0.053 0.31 0.014 0.058 0.31 0.015 0.247 0.106 0.015 0.025 0.015 0 Finance Theory II (15.402) - Spring 2003 - Dirk Jenter

Industry Groups

- Group 1:
 - \rightarrow Advertising agency
 - $\to \text{Airline}$
 - $\rightarrow \text{Commercial bank}$
 - $\to \mathsf{HMO}$
 - \rightarrow Electric and Gas Utility
- Group 2:
 - → Department Store Chain
 - \rightarrow Retail Drug Chain
 - \rightarrow Retail Grocery Chain
 - \rightarrow Airline?
 - → Meat Packer?

- Group 3:
 - \rightarrow Pharmaceutical Manufacturer
 - \rightarrow Software Developer?

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			Α	В	С	F	Н
	Line	Balance Sheet Percentages					
	#1	Cash and marketable securities	5	12	2	4	77
	2	Account receivables	85	55	4	6	7
	3	Inventories	0	0	1	0	0
	4	Other current assets	1	4	2	6	3
Advertising	5	Plant and equipment (net)	2	7	77	71	9
Advertising	6	Other assets	7	23	15	13	4
Agency	7	Total assets	100	100	100	100	100
5	8	Notes payable	62	3	0	4	0
	9	Accounts payable	18	63	3	5	32
	10	Accrued taxes	2	2	0	0	3
Airline	11	Other current liabilities	0	0	4	17	2
Allillie	12	Long-term debt	7	6	29	40	0
	13	Preferred stock		8	21	17	1
	14	Other liabilities	4	0	5		0
	15	Capital stock and capital surplus		10	11	12	11
Commercial	16	Retained earnings	2	7	28	5	51
Dank	17	Total liabilities and stockholder equity	100	100	100	100	100
Bank							
		Selected Financial Data					
	18	Current assets/current liabilities	1.11	1.03	1.31	0.63	2.35
	19	Cash, marketable securities and accounts					
HMO		receivable/current liabilities	1.1	0.97	0.98	0.4	2.28
Till	20	Inventory turnover (X)	NA	NA	16.7	NA	NA
	21	Receivables collection period	3,278	381	30	27	13
	22	Total debt/total assets	0.69	0.1	0.29	0.44	0
1.14:1:4	23	Long-term debt/capitalization	0.09	0.24	0.4	0.66	0
Utility	24	Net sales/total assets	0.095	0.523	0.464	0.828	2.032
-	25	Net profit/net sales	0.141	0.047	0.115	0.014	0.131
	26	Net profit/total assets	0.013	0.025	0.053	0.012	0.267
	27	Total assets/net worth	14.1	5.84	2.31	5.77	1.62
	28	Net profit/net worth	0.189	0.144	0.123	0.067	0.432

Identified Industries in Group 1

- Commercial Bank
- Advertising Agency
- C Electric & Gas Utility
- F Airline
- Health Maintenance Organization (H.M.O.)

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		D	Е	F	G	T
	Balance Sheet Percentages		-		J	-
	Cash and marketable securities	1	4	4	3	9
	Account receivables	15	7	6	4	28
	Inventories	24	43	0	22	13
	Other current assets	2	4	6	2	3
	Plant and equipment (net)	55	37	71	41	35
	Other assets	3	5	13	29	13
	Total assets	100	100	100	100	100
Dpt. Store	- Star doord	.50	.50		.50	
Dpt. Otoro	Notes payable	2	0	4	2	0
	Accounts payable	17	18	5	13	15
	Accrued taxes	1	1	0	1	6
Drug Chain	Other current liabilities	9	17	17	12	13
Drug Chain	Long-term debt	38		40	29	19
	Preferred stock	5	10	17	14	6
	Other liabilities	3	0	0	0	0
Cracomi	Capital stock and capital surplus	1	3	12	5	24
Grocery	Retained earnings	23	51	5	24	18
Chain	Total liabilities and stockholder equity	100	100	100	100	100
Onam	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
	Selected Financial Data					
	Current assets/current liabilities	1.46	1.59	0.63	1.1	1.58
Airline	Cash, marketable securities and accounts					
Allille	receivable/current liabilities	1.4	1.49	0.4	1.04	1.5
	Inventory turnover (X)	5.6	5.2	NA	8.6	47.6
	Receivables collection period	31	8	27	6	16
Meat Packer	Total debt/total assets	0.4	0	0.44	0.31	0.19
weat Packer	Long-term debt/capitalization	0.57	0	0.66	0.48	0.32
	Net sales/total assets	1.822	3.175	0.828	2.61	6.473
	Net profit/net sales	0.02	0.031	0.014	0.019	0.015
	Net profit/total assets	0.037	0.097	0.012	0.049	0.098
	Total assets/net worth	3.61	1.85	5.77	3.43	2.39
	Net profit/net worth	0.134	0.179	0.067	0.168	0.234

Identified Industries in Group 2

- Department Store • D
- Retail Drug Chain • E
- Airline
- G Retail Grocery Chain
- Meat Packer

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Group 3

Pharmaceutical Manufacturer

Software Developer

		J	K
Line	Balance Sheet Percentages		
#1	Cash and marketable securities	67	19
2	Account receivables	9	13
3	Inventories	2	12
4	Other current assets	2	6
5	Plant and equipment (net)	17	48
6	Other assets	2	1
7	Total assets	100	100
8	Notes payable	0	7
9	Accounts payable	6	5
10	Accrued taxes	6	2
11	Other current liabilities	5	8
12	Long-term debt	0	15
13	Preferred stock	0	1
14	Other liabilities	0	0
15	Capital stock and capital surplus	28	16
16	Retained earnings	55	46
17	Total liabilities and stockholder equity	100	100
	Selected Financial Data		
18	Current assets/current liabilities	4.72	2.31
19	Cash, marketable securities and accounts		
	receivable/current liabilities	4.59	2.03
20	Inventory turnover (X)	7.5	2
21	Receivables collection period	37	74
22	Total debt/total assets	0	0.22
23	Long-term debt/capitalization	0	0.18
24	Net sales/total assets	0.867	0.643
25	Net profit/net sales	0.247	0.106
26		0.214	0.068
27	Total assets/net worth	1.21	1.61
28	Net profit/net worth	0.258	0.11



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The Identified Industries

Α Commercial Bank Citicorp В **Advertising Agency**

Electric & Gas Utility Consolidated Edison

Department Store Chain Dayton-Hudson

Ε Retail Drug Chain

F Airline AMR Corp.

G Retail Grocery Chain **American Stores**

H.M.O.

Meat Packers

J Software Developer

Pharmaceutical Manuf.

Interpublic

Walgreen

U.S. Healthcare

IBP, Inc.

Microsoft

Novo Nordisk



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Any Comments?

		Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	ı	J	K
Line	Balance Sheet Percentages											
#1	Cash and marketable securities	5	12	2	1	4	4	3	77	9	67	19
2	Account receivables	85	55	4	15	7	6	4	7	28	9	13
3	Inventories	0	0	1	24	43	0	22	0	13	2	12
4	Other current assets	1	4	2	2	4	6	2	3	3	2	6
5	Plant and equipment (net)	2	7	77	55	37	71	41	9	35	17	48
6	Other assets	7	23	15	3	5	13	29	4	13	2	1
7	Total assets	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
8	Notes payable	62	3	0	2	0	4	2	0	0	0	7
9	Accounts payable	18	63	3	17	18	5	13	32	15	6	5
10	Accrued taxes	2	2	0	1	1	0	1	3	6	6	2
11	Other current liabilities	0	0	4	9	17	17	12	2	13	5	8
12	Long-term debt	7	6	29	38	0	40	29	0	19	0	15
13	Preferred stock	4	8	21	5	10	17	14	1	6	0	1
14	Other liabilities	2	0	5	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
15	Capital stock and capital surplus	2	10	11	1	3	12	5	11	24	28	16
16	Retained earnings	4	7	28	23	51	5	24	51	18	55	46
17	Total liabilities and stockholder equity	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
	Selected Financial Data											
18	Current assets/current liabilities	1.11	1.03	1.31	1.46	1.59	0.63	1.1	2.35	1.58	4.72	2.31
19	Cash, marketable securities and accounts											
	receivable/current liabilities	1.1	0.97	0.98	1.4	1.49	0.4	1.04	2.28	1.5	4.59	2.03
20	Inventory turnover (X)	NA	NA	16.7	5.6	5.2	NA	8.6	NA	47.6	7.5	2
21	Receivables collection period	3,278	381	30	31	8	27	6	13	16	37	74
22	Total debt/total assets	0.69	0.1	0.29	0.4	0	0.44	0.31	0	0.19	0	0.22
23	Long-term debt/capitalization	0.09	0.24	0.4	0.57	0	0.66	0.48	0	0.32	0	0.18
24	Net sales/total assets	0.095	0.523	0.464	1.822	3.175	0.828	2.61	2.032	6.473	0.867	0.643
25	Net profit/net sales	0.141	0.047	0.115	0.02	0.031	0.014	0.019	0.131	0.015	0.247	0.106
26	Net profit/total assets	0.013	0.025	0.053	0.037	0.097	0.012	0.049	0.267	0.098	0.214	0.068
27	Total assets/net worth	14.1	5.84	2.31	3.61	1.85	5.77	3.43	1.62	2.39	1.21	1.61
28	Net profit/net worth	0.189	0.144	0.123	0.134	0.179	0.067	0.168	0.432	0.234	0.258	0.11



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Leverage

			Total Debt/Total Asset					
			Industry	Industry	Industry			
	Industry	Firm	Mean	Std Dev	Median			
American Airlines	Airlines	0.44	0.32	0.20	0.31			
Dayton Hudson	Department Stores	0.40	0.29	0.17	0.30			
American Stores	Grocery Stores	0.31	0.35	0.20	0.32			
Consolidated Edison	Combination Utility Services	0.29	0.35	0.05	0.35			
Novo Nordisk	Pharmaceuticals	0.22	0.24	0.92	0.08			
IBP	Meat Products	0.19	0.31	0.24	0.30			
Interpublic	Advertising Agencies	0.10	0.08	0.06	0.09			
Walgreens	Drug Stores	0.00	0.24	0.18	0.27			
Microsoft	Prepackaged Software	0.00	0.07	0.19	0.01			
US Healthcare	HMOs	0.00	0.09	0.11	0.04			



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Wilson Lumber - Preliminaries

- *Pro Forma* statements are projections of the income statement and balance sheet.
- To project values, assumptions must be made. For example:
 - \rightarrow For Wilson, we make assumptions about Sales Growth and A/P
 - \rightarrow Often assume a historical average percent of sales (e.g., COGS are a fixed percent of sales)
 - \rightarrow Debt levels are sometimes assumed (e.g., debt ratio stays constant or new money raised is from debt)
 - \rightarrow Assumptions are made about dividends and repurchases
 - \rightarrow Balance sheet must balance!
 - $\rightarrow\!\text{lf}$ there is extra money, it can go to cash, dividends or repurchases
 - \rightarrow If money is needed, assume the firm raises cash through debt or equity offerings (In Wilson, assume it is from the Bank)



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Pro Forma Statements

- · Use financial ratios to help inform projections
 - $\rightarrow\!$ Look at trends through time to see if you should use an historical average or not
 - \rightarrow If something changes dramatically, look for cause.
- The next classes include material on using financial ratios. But the information on the next overhead should help you with Wilson.

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Ratio Analysis

- Types of ratios (Look at the definition not the name)
 - · Operational Ratios
 - → Days of Inventory = 365·(Inv /COGS)
 - → Collection Period = 365 (AR /Sales)
 - → Payables Period = 365·((AP+Trade Credit) /Purchases)
 - · Leverage Ratios
 - → Liabilities/(Net Worth), Interest Coverage = EBIT/Interest
 - Profitability
 - \rightarrow Sales Growth -- Δ Sales/Sales(Last Period)
 - \rightarrow Gross Profit Margin = (Sales-COGS)/Sales
 - → Net Profit Margin = (EBIT-Tax)/Sales
 - $\!\to\! \mathsf{ROA},\, \mathsf{ROE},\, \mathsf{COGS/Sales}$



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Next Time

- · Wilson Case is due at the beginning of class
- · We will discuss Wilson in the next two classes
- Read
 - →BM Chapter 29
 - \rightarrow Optional resource: Chapters 2-3 of Higgins

MiTSloan

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