# WEBSITE TRAFFIC ANALYSIS USING IBM COGNOS

#### Introduction:

Our project embarks on the crucial task of loading and preprocessing the dataset to commence the website traffic analysis utilizing IBM Cognos for visualization.

This phase is foundational for extracting meaningful insights from the website traffic data.

# **Objectives:**

# 1. Dataset Loading:

We've obtained the website traffic dataset from the designated source, encompassing various metrics vital for analysis.

# 2. Data Preprocessing:

Our primary goal is to ensure the quality and reliability of the dataset. Key preprocessing steps include:

- Handling Missing Values: Any gaps in the dataset have been carefully addressed to prevent distortions in the analysis.
- Data Cleaning: Identification and treatment of outliers and anomalies to maintain data integrity.
- Data Transformation: Necessary transformations have been applied to align the data with the requirements of the IBM Cognos visualization tool.

### 3. Dataset Loading:

The dataset, sourced from a specified location, incorporates metrics such as page views, unique visitors, and session durations—essential components for a comprehensive website traffic analysis.

# 4. Data Preprocessing:

Handling Missing Values: Missing data points were addressed through imputation methods or removal, depending on the nature of the data.

# 5. Data Cleaning:

Outliers were identified using statistical techniques and addressed to prevent skewing the analysis. Anomalies, if any, were meticulously examined and resolved.

#### 6. **Data Transformation**:

To ensure compatibility with IBM Cognos, certain transformations such as data normalization or encoding were applied.

### 7. Data Visualization:

IBM Cognos serves as our visualization powerhouse, allowing for dynamic and insightful representations of website traffic patterns.

The tool's capabilities empower us to explore trends, user behaviors, and other critical aspects.

#### **PROGRAM**

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from scipy.stats import mode
df = pd.read_csv('daily-website-visitors.csv')
df
df.isnull().sum
```

#### **OUTPUT**

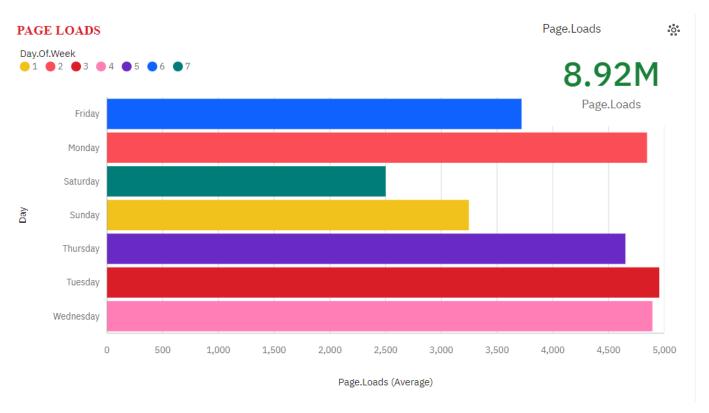
RangeIndex: 2167 entries, 0 to 2166 Data columns (total 8 columns):

Column	Non-Null Count	Dtype
Row	2167 non-null	int64
Day	2167 non-null	object
Day.Of.Week	2167 non-null	int64
Date	2167 non-null	object
Page.Loads	2167 non-null	object
Unique.Visits	2167 non-null	object
First.Time.Visits	2167 non-null	object
Returning.Visits	2167 non-null	object
	Row Day Day.Of.Week Date Page.Loads Unique.Visits First.Time.Visits	Row 2167 non-null Day 2167 non-null Day.Of.Week 2167 non-null Date 2167 non-null Page.Loads 2167 non-null Unique.Visits 2167 non-null First.Time.Visits 2167 non-null

dtypes: int64(2), object(6)
memory usage: 135.6+ KB

#### IBM COGNOS ANALYTIC VIRTUALIZATION

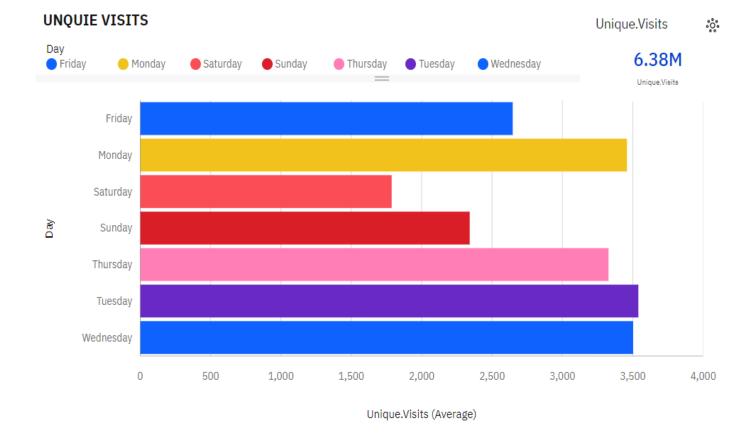
#### 1) PAGE LOAD VIRTUALIZATION



### INSIGHT

- > Day.Of.Week 3 has the highest values of both Page.Loads and Returning.Visits.
- > Day Tuesday has the highest values of both Page.Loads and Returning.Visits.
- Page.Loads is unusually low when Day is Saturday.
- > Day moderately affects Page.Loads (44%).
- ➤ 1 (14.3 %), 2 (14.3 %), 3 (14.3 %), and 4 (14.3 %) are the most frequently occurring categories of Day.Of.Week with a combined count of 1240 items with Page.Loads values (57.2 % of the total).
- Monday (14.3 %), Sunday (14.3 %), Wednesday (14.3 %), and Tuesday (14.3 %) are the most frequently occurring categories of Day with a combined count of 1240 items with Page.Loads values (57.2 % of the total).
- Across all values of **Day** and **Day.Of.Week**, the average of **Page.Loads** is **over four** thousand.
- > The average values of **Page.Loads** range from **over 2500** to **nearly five thousand**.
- Day Saturday has the lowest total Page.Loads at nearly 773 thousand, followed by Sunday at over 1.0 million.
- Day Tuesday has the highest total Page.Loads at 1536154.0, followed by Wednesday at 1517114.0.
- The overall number of results for **Page.Loads** is **over two thousand**.

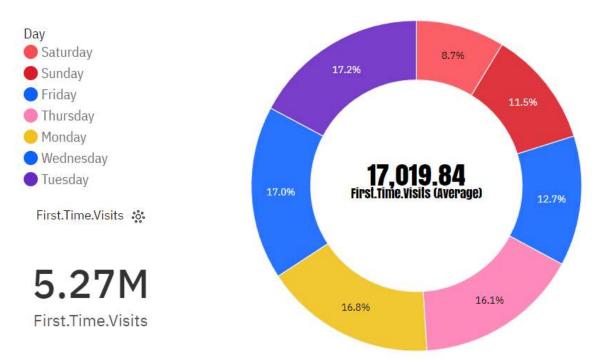
#### 2) UNQUIE VISITS VIRTUALIZATION



- Day Saturday has the lowest total Unique. Visits at over 552 thousand, followed by Sunday at almost 726 thousand.
- Day Tuesday has the highest total Unique. Visits at 1097181.0, followed by Wednesday at 1085624.0.
- Based on the current forecasting, Unique. Visits may reach over 1500 by Day Monday+1.
- > Day moderately affects Unique. Visits (43%).
- Monday (14.3 %), Sunday (14.3 %), Wednesday (14.3 %), and Tuesday (14.3 %) are the most frequently occurring categories of Day with a combined count of 1240 items with Unique. Visits values (57.2 % of the total).
- Over all days and days, the average of Unique. Visits is nearly three thousand.
- The average values of **Unique.Visits** range from **nearly two thousand** to **over 3500**.
- > The overall number of results for **Unique.Visits** is **over two thousand**.

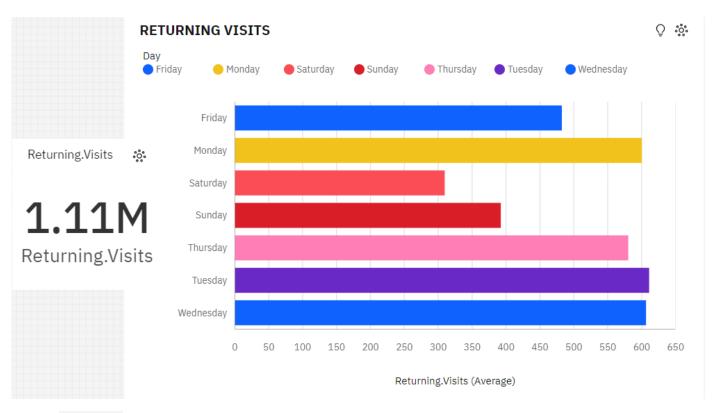
## 3) FIRST TIME VISITS VIRTUALIZATION

FIRST TIME VISITS



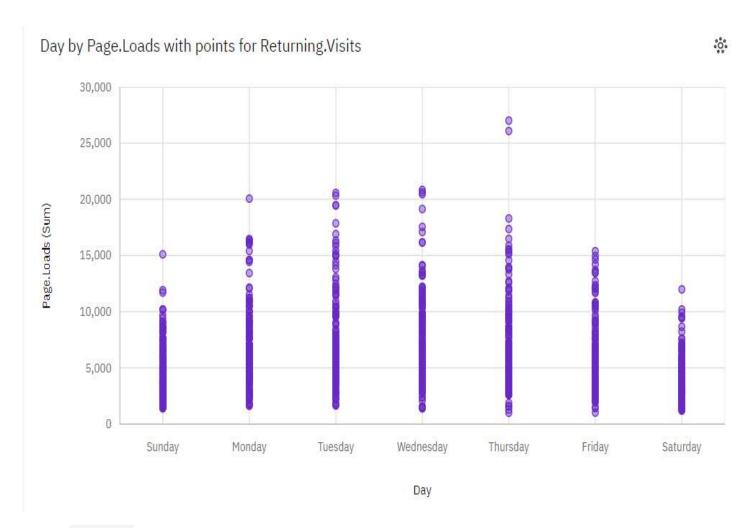
- > Day Saturday has the lowest total First.Time.Visits at over 456 thousand, followed by Sunday at over 604 thousand.
- Day Tuesday has the highest total First.Time.Visits at nearly 908 thousand, followed by Wednesday at almost 898 thousand.
- Based on the current forecasting, First.Time.Visits may reach over 395 thousand by Day Monday+1.
- The overall number of results for **First.Time.Visits** is **over two thousand**.
- > Day moderately affects First.Time.Visits (41%).
- Monday (14.3 %), Sunday (14.3 %), Wednesday (14.3 %), and Tuesday (14.3 %) are the most frequently occurring categories of Day with a combined count of 1240 items with First.Time.Visits values (57.2 % of the total).
- Over all days, the average of First.Time.Visits is almost 2500.
- The average values of **First.Time.Visits** range from **almost 1500**, occurring when **Day** is **Saturday**, to **nearly three thousand**, when **Day** is **Tuesday**.

### 4) RETURNING VISITS VIRTUALIZATION



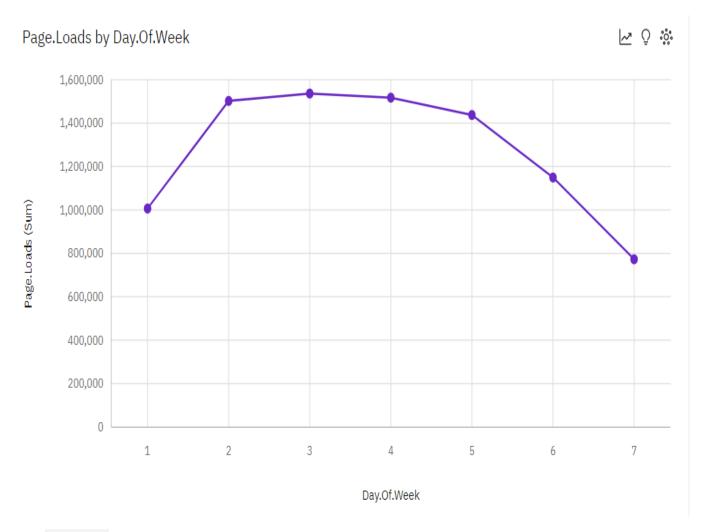
- Day Saturday has the lowest total Returning. Visits at almost 96 thousand, followed by Sunday at almost 122 thousand.
- > Day Tuesday has the highest total Returning. Visits at over 189 thousand, followed by Wednesday at over 188 thousand.
- Based on the current forecasting, Returning. Visits may reach over 87 thousand by Day Monday+1.
- > The overall number of results for **Returning.Visits** is **over two thousand**.
- Returning. Visits is most unusual when the combinations of Day and Day are Saturday and Saturday, Sunday and Sunday, Tuesday and Tuesday, Wednesday and Wednesday, Monday and Monday and more.
- Based on the current forecasting, Returning. Visits may reach 282.6 by Day Monday+1.
- > Day moderately affects Returning. Visits (44%).
- Monday (14.3 %), Sunday (14.3 %), Wednesday (14.3 %), and Tuesday (14.3 %) are the most frequently occurring categories of Day with a combined count of 1240 items with Returning. Visits values (57.2 % of the total).
- Over all days and days, the average of Returning. Visits is 511.8.
- The average values of Returning. Visits range from 309.6 to 611.1.

## 5) VIRTUALIZATION FOR PAGE LOAD BY DAY



- It is projected that by Monday+1, 710 will exceed 552 in Page.Loads by almost 1500.
- Based on the current forecasting, Page.Loads may reach over 675 thousand by Day Monday+1
- > Day Saturday has the lowest total Returning. Visits at almost 96 thousand, followed by Sunday at almost 122 thousand.
- > Day Tuesday has the highest total Returning. Visits at over 189 thousand, followed by Wednesday at over 188 thousand.

## 6) VIRTUALIZATION FOR PAGE LOAD BY DAY OF WEEKS

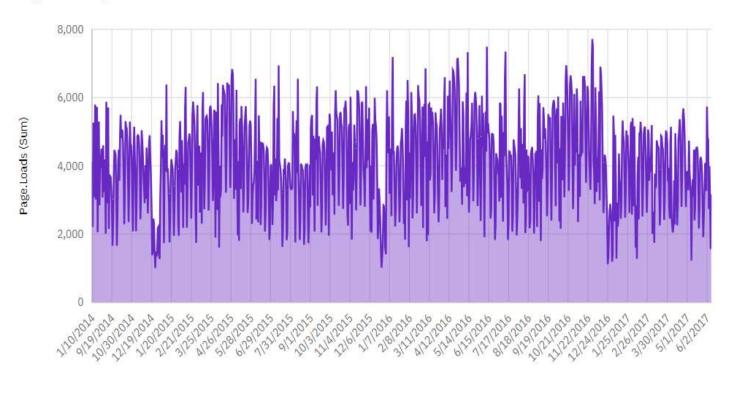


- Page.Loads is unusually low when Day.Of.Week is 7.
- Based on the current forecasting, Page.Loads may reach over 675 thousand by Day.Of.Week 9.
- Across all values of Day.Of.Week, the sum of Page.Loads is over 8.9 million.
- Page.Loads ranges from nearly 773 thousand, when Day.Of.Week is 7, to over
   1.5 million, when Day.Of.Week is 3.
- For Page.Loads, the most significant values of Day.Of.Week are 3, 4, 2, 5, and 6, whose respective Page.Loads values add up to over 7.1 million, or 80.1 % of the total

# 7) VIRTUALIZATION FOR PAGE LOAD BY DATES







Date

- Page.Loads has a weak weekly trend. The smallest values typically occur on Saturday.
- Across all dates, the sum of Page.Loads is over 8.9 million.
- Page.Loads ranges from over a thousand, when Date is 2014-12-25, to nearly eight thousand, when Date is 2018-04-25.
- Page.Loads has most unusual values at 38 time points, the most notable of which are 2016-01-02, 2016-03-07, 2015-07-04, 2019-08-06, and 2018-10-12.

# **Report Summary:**

This initial phase has laid a robust foundation for our website traffic analysis project. The dataset is securely loaded and has undergone thorough preprocessing to ensure the accuracy and consistency of subsequent analyses. With IBM Cognos at our disposal, we are well-equipped to unveil intricate patterns and trends within the website traffic data.