iris

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

iris=sns.load_dataset("iris")
tips=sns.load_dataset("tips")
```

1) I Variable. Univariate

Not Histogram, KDE, bordler, barphot single

Countylor

Count

```
iris["species"].unique()
    array(['setosa', 'versicolor', 'virginica'], dtype=object)

iris["species"].nunique()
    3

iris["species"].value_counts()
    setosa    50
    versicolor    50
```

```
virginica
                  50
     Name: species, dtype: int64
tips["smoker"].value_counts()
     No
            151
     Yes
             93
     Name: smoker, dtype: int64
sns.countplot(data=iris,
              x="species")
sns.countplot(data=tips,
              x="smoker")
plt.show()
# petal length and petal width
sns.scatterplot(data=iris,
               x="petal_length",
               y="petal_width")
plt.show()
sns.scatterplot(data=iris,x="sepal_length",y="sepal_width",hue="species")
plt.show()
setosa=iris.loc[iris["species"]=="setosa"]
versicolor=iris.loc[iris["species"]=="versicolor"]
virginica=iris.loc[iris["species"]=="virginica"]
plt.scatter(x=setosa["petal_length"],y=setosa["petal_width"],c="r")
plt.scatter(x=versicolor["petal_length"],y=versicolor["petal_width"],c="g")
plt.scatter(x=virginica["petal_length"],y=virginica["petal_width"],c="b")
plt.xlabel("petal_length")
plt.ylabel("petal_width")
plt.legend(["setosa","versicolor","virginica"])
plt.show()
# 2 variable 2 plots in 1 plot
```

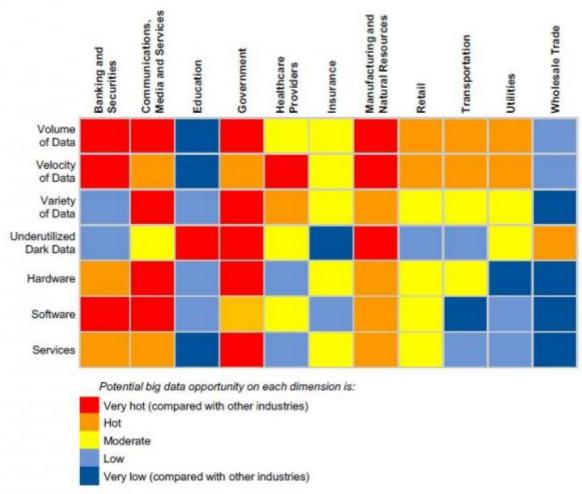
```
sns.jointplot(data=iris,
             x="petal length",
             y="petal width")
sns.jointplot(data=iris,
             x="petal_length",
             y="petal_width",
             hue="species")
sns.jointplot(data=iris,
             x="petal_length",
             y="petal_width",
             kind="reg",)
sns.jointplot(data=iris,
             x="petal_length",
             y="petal_width",
             kind="hist",
             hue="species")
sns.jointplot(data=iris,
             x="petal_length",
             y="petal_width",
             kind="hex")
iris
sns.pairplot(data=iris)
sns.pairplot(data=iris,hue="species")
```

```
# n= "species"
sns.boxplot(data=iris,
          x="species",
           y="sepal length")
# data=np.array([2,20,22,42])
# np.median(data)
# sns.boxplot(data)
plt.show()
data=np.array([-10,3,4,5,6,7,9,40])
sns.boxplot(x=data)
np.median(data)
     5.5
sns.violinplot(data=iris,
           x="species",
           y="sepal_length")
iris.corr()
sns.heatmap(iris.corr(),annot=True)
```

```
sns.lineplot(data=iris,
            x="sepal length",
            y="sepal_width",
            hue="species")
tips
sns.countplot(data=tips,
             x="sex")
sns.countplot(data=tips,
             x="sex",
            hue="smoker")
sns.countplot(data=tips,
             x="smoker",
            hue="sex")
sns.countplot(data=tips,
             x="smoker",
            hue="sex",
             dodge=False)
sns.barplot(data=tips,
           x="day",
           y="total_bill")
sns.barplot(data=tips,
           x="day",
```

```
y="total_bill",
           estimator=np.min)
sns.barplot(data=tips,
           x="day",
           y="total_bill",
           estimator=np.max)
sns.barplot(data=tips,
           x="day",
           y="total_bill",
           hue="sex")
sns.barplot(data=tips,
           x="day",
           y="total_bill",
           hue="smoker")
sns.scatterplot(data=tips,
               x="tip",
               y="total_bill",
               hue="sex",
                size="size"
```

Figure 2. Big Data Opportunity Heat Map by Industry



Source: Gartner (July 2012)

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