▼ List Inbuilt Functions

```
# max
# count
# searching => finding idx of first index
```

▼ Max, Min, Sum

```
l = [4, 5, 2, 1, -1, 3]
x = max(1)
print(x)

5

y = min(1)
print(y)

-1

z = sum(1)
print(z)

14
```

▼ Quiz - 1

```
nums = [12, 2, 1, 22, 23, 36]
print(max(nums), end=' ')
print(min(nums), end=' ')
print(sum(nums), end=' ')
36 1 96
```

▼ Search, Count

```
1 = [4, 5, 2, 1, -1, 3]
```

```
12 = [1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
x = 1.count(5)
y = 12.count(1)
print(x)
print(y)
    1
    4
# y = count(1)
1 = [1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3, 3]
print(l.count(1))
    3
1 = [4, 5, 2, 1, -1, 3]
print(l.index(1))
    3
1 = [4, 5, 2, 1, -1, 3, 1]
print(l.index(1))
    3
```

→ Quiz - 2

```
print(x)
# count = 0 => value not present
    0
a = 3
a += 2
a = -1
a *= 2
a == 5
    False
for i in range(1, 5):
 print(i, end=' ')
    1 2 3 4
nums = [12, 2, 1, 22, 22, 23, 36]
x = 12 in nums
y = 13 in nums
print(x)
print(y)
    True
    False
```

▼ Reversal of a list

```
1 = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
print(1[::-1]) # the concept of list slicing
[5, 4, 3, 2, 1]
```

▼ Logical Approach (your own logic)

```
1 = [99, 55, 67, 88, 23]
res = []
for i in range(len(1) - 1, -1, -1):
    # print(i, end=' ')
```

```
print(l[i], end=' ')
res.append(l[i])

print()
print(res)

23 88 67 55 99
[23, 88, 67, 55, 99]
```

▼ Inbuilt Function

```
l = [4, 2, 3, 1, 5]
l.reverse() # reverse the existing list l
print(l)
[5, 1, 3, 2, 4]
```

▼ Quiz - 3

```
1 = [1, 2, 3, 4]
1.reverse()
1.append(5)
print(1)
[4, 3, 2, 1, 5]
```

▼ List Slicing

```
runs = [0, 1, 100, 99, 66, 87, 99, 100, 66]
print(runs[:5])
     [0, 1, 100, 99, 66]

runs = [0, 1, 100, 99, 66, 87, 99, 100, 66]
print(runs[-5:])
     [66, 87, 99, 100, 66]
```

▼ Quiz

```
nums = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13]
print(nums[:5])
    [1, 1, 2, 3, 5]
x = sum(nums[:5])
print(x)
    12
x = max(nums[:5])
print(x)
    5
x = max(nums[:1])
print(x)
    1
print(nums[:5])
print(type(nums[:5]))
    [1, 1, 2, 3, 5]
    <class 'list'>
nums = [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13]
x = nums[:5]
print(nums)
print(x)
    [1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13]
    [1, 1, 2, 3, 5]
```

► Examples: First 5

```
[ ] \hookrightarrow 4 \text{ cells hidden}
```

▼ Examples: Last 5

```
# 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
      # -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1
nums = [5, 1, 2, 7, 6, 3, 4]
print(nums[-5:])
    [2, 7, 6, 3, 4]
print(list(range(-5, 0, 1)))
print(nums[-5:0:1]) # why not giving the last 5 elements?
print(nums[-5:-1:1])
print(nums[-5:7:1])
    [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1]
    [2, 7, 6, 3]
    [2, 7, 6, 3, 4]
nums = [5, 1, 2, 7, 6, 3, 4]
print(list(range(-5, 0)))
print(nums[-5:0])
print(nums[-5:len(nums)]) # len(nums) = 7, nums[-5:7]
    [-5, -4, -3, -2, -1]
    [2, 7, 6, 3, 4]
print(list(range(-5)))
print(nums[-5:]) # end = length of the list, inc = +1
    [2, 7, 6, 3, 4]
```

▼ Quiz

nums = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100] The result of evaluating nums[0:5:2] is [25, 75].

```
nums = [0, 25, 50, 75, 100]
print(nums[0:5:2])
```

```
[0, 50, 100]

print(nums[:5:2]) # default start = 0

[0, 50, 100]

print(nums[::2]) # default start = 0, default end = len(1)

[0, 50, 100]

# 0 1 2 3 4 5 6

# -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1

nums = [5, 1, 2, 7, 6, 3, 4]

print(nums[::2])

[5, 2, 6, 4]

# 0 1 2 3 4 5 6

# -7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1

nums = [5, 1, 2, 7, 6, 3, 4]
```

print(nums[1:len(nums):2])

print(nums[1::2])

[1, 7, 3] [1, 7, 3]

▼ Quiz

Rotate

```
l = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8]
print(l[:-1]) # all elements except 8
print(l[-1:]) # get the last one element
```

```
# print(l[-1]) # this is an integer
print()
print(l[-1:] + l[:-1])
    [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
    [8]
    [8, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7]
nums = [1, 2, 3]
nums2 = [4, 5, 6]
res = nums + nums2
print(res)
    [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6]
nums = [1, 2, 3] # bag having 3 items
nums.append([4, 5]) # put another bag inside it
print(nums)
print(len(nums))
    [1, 2, 3, [4, 5]]
print(nums[0])
print(nums[1])
print(nums[2])
print(nums[3])
    1
    2
    [4, 5]
print(nums[3][0])
print(nums[3][1])
    4
    5
```

→ 2d List

```
1 = []
1.append([1, 2, 3, 4])
```

```
l.append([5, 6, 7, 9])
l.append([9, 10, 11, 12])
print(1)

[[1, 2, 3, 4], [5, 6, 7, 9], [9, 10, 11, 12]]
```

▼ Quiz

```
l = [1, 2]
l.append(0)
l.append(3)
l = l + [3]
print(1)
[1, 2, 0, 3, 3]
```

▼ Extend

```
## Extend: add one by one to the list
nums = [1, 2, 3]
nums.extend([4, 5])
print(nums)
[1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
```

▼ Doubts

```
1 = [1, 2, 3, [4, 5]] # reversing the entire list
# res = [[5, 4], 3, 2, 1]
res = 1[::-1]

1 = [1, 2, [3, [4, 5]], [6, 7], [8, 9]]
# ans = [[9, 8], [7, 6], [[5, 4], 3], 2, 1]

nums = [1, 2, 3]
print(nums[-1:len(nums):1])
[3]
```