

<u>x_0</u>	x_1	y
1	2	12
1	5	9
1	1	6
1	8	7

1. From the training dataset A, write the normal equations to find θ_0 and θ_1

min Normal equation $\theta = (X^T X)^{-1} X^T Y$

Given data $X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}, Y = \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 9 \\ 6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix}$

Find the value of θ to get

$$X^T X = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1+1+1+1 & 2+5+1+8 \\ 2+5+1+8 & 4+25+1+64 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 16 \\ 16 & 94 \end{bmatrix}$$

Now $\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \frac{1}{ad-bc} \begin{bmatrix} d & -b \\ -c & a \end{bmatrix}$

$$\therefore (X^T X)^{-1} = \frac{1}{376-256} \begin{bmatrix} 94 & -16 \\ -16 & 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 94/120 & -16/120 \\ -16/120 & 4/120 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(X^T X)^{-1} X^T = \begin{bmatrix} 94/120 & -16/120 \\ -16/120 & 4/120 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 5 & 1 & 8 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 94/120 - 32/120 & 94/120 - 80/120 & 94/120 - 16/120 & 94/120 - 128/120 \\ -16/120 + 8/120 & -16/120 + 20/120 & -16/120 + 4/120 & -16/120 + 32/120 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 62/120 & 14/120 & 78/120 & -34/120 \\ -8/120 & 4/120 & -12/120 & 16/120 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{or } \theta &= (X^T X)^{-1} X^T Y = \begin{bmatrix} 62/120 & 14/120 & 78/120 & -34/120 \\ -8/120 & 4/120 & -12/120 & 16/120 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 12 \\ 9 \\ 6 \\ 7 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} (744 + 126 + 468 - 238)/120 \\ (-96 + 36 - 72 + 112)/120 \end{bmatrix} \\
 &= \begin{bmatrix} 1100/120 \\ -20/120 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 9.167 \\ -0.167 \end{bmatrix}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{so } \theta_0 = 9.167 \text{ and } \theta_1 = -0.167$$

Given a training dataset B of three features X and one output Y, as shown below.

x_0	x_1	x_2	x_3	y
1	2	3	6	12
1	5	9	7	9
1	1	4	2	6
1	8	5	3	7

2. Given the total iteration = 3, learning rate = 0.05, and initial gradient's value $\theta_0=1$, $\theta_1=1$, $\theta_2=1$, and $\theta_3=1$, respectively.

From the training dataset B, use **batch gradient descent** to find θ_0 , θ_1 , θ_2 , and θ_3 for each iteration step.

3. Given the total iteration = 3, learning rate = 0.05, and initial gradient's value $\theta_0=1$, $\theta_1=1$, $\theta_2=1$, and $\theta_3=1$, respectively.

From the training dataset B, use **stochastic gradient descent** to find θ_0 , θ_1 , θ_2 , and θ_3 for each iteration step.

Let iteration 1 randomly picks row = 3

Let iteration 2 randomly picks row = 1

Let iteration 3 randomly picks row = 4

4. Given the total iteration = 3, learning rate = 0.05, batch size = 2, and initial gradient's value $\theta_0=1$, $\theta_1=1$, $\theta_2=1$, and $\theta_3=1$, respectively.

From the training dataset B, use **mini-batch gradient descent** to find θ_0 , θ_1 , θ_2 , and θ_3 for each iteration step.

2. ຈົກໂລກ $\alpha = 0.05$, $m = 4$, Batch

iteration 1 $\theta_0 = 1, \theta_1 = 1, \theta_2 = 1, \theta_3 = 1$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(1)}) = 1(1) + 1(2) + 1(3) + 1(6) = 12$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(2)}) = 1(1) + 1(5) + 1(9) + 1(7) = 22$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(3)}) = 1(1) + 1(1) + 1(4) + 1(2) = 8$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(4)}) = 1(1) + 1(8) + 1(5) + 1(3) = 17$$

ມານວິທີ $\theta_j = \theta_j - \alpha \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) X_j^{(i)}$

ຕໍ່ໄຕ $\theta_0 = 1 - 0.05 \frac{1}{4} ((12-12)(1) + (22-9)(1) + (8-6)(1) + (17-7)(1))$
 $= 1 - \frac{0.05}{4} (25) = \boxed{0.69}$

$$\theta_1 = 1 - 0.05 \frac{1}{4} ((12-12)(2) + (22-9)(5) + (8-6)(1) + (17-7)(8))$$

 $= 1 - \frac{0.05}{4} (147) = \boxed{-0.84}$

$$\theta_2 = 1 - \frac{0.05}{4} ((12-12)(3) + (22-9)(9) + (8-6)(4) + (17-7)(5))$$

 $= 1 - \frac{0.05}{4} (175) = \boxed{-1.19}$

$$\theta_3 = 1 - \frac{0.05}{4} ((12-12)(6) + (22-9)(7) + (8-6)(2) + (17-7)(3))$$

 $= 1 - \frac{0.05}{4} (125) = \boxed{-0.56}$

$$\underline{\text{Iteration 2}} \quad \theta_0 = 0.69, \theta_1 = -0.84, \theta_2 = -1.19, \theta_3 = -0.56$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(1)}) = 0.69(1) - 0.84(2) - 1.19(3) - 0.56(6) = -7.92$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(2)}) = 0.69(1) - 0.84(5) - 1.19(9) - 0.56(7) = -18.14$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(3)}) = 0.69(1) - 0.84(1) - 1.19(4) - 0.56(2) = -6.03$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(4)}) = 0.69(1) - 0.84(8) - 1.19(5) - 0.56(3) = -13.66$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta_0 = 0.69 - \frac{0.05}{4} \left((-7.92-12)(1) + (-18.14-9)(1) + (-6.03-6)(1) + (-13.66-7)(1) \right)$$

$$= 0.69 - \frac{0.05}{4} (-99.95) = \boxed{1.69}$$

$$\theta_1 = -0.84 - \frac{0.05}{4} \left((-7.92-12)(2) + (-18.14-9)(5) + (-6.03-6)(1) + (-13.66-7)(8) \right)$$

$$= -0.84 - \frac{0.05}{4} (-352.85) = \boxed{3.57}$$

$$\theta_2 = -1.19 - \frac{0.05}{4} \left((-7.92-12)(3) + (-18.14-9)(9) + (-6.03-6)(4) + (-13.66-7)(5) \right)$$

$$= -1.19 - \frac{0.05}{4} (-455.44) = \boxed{4.50}$$

$$\theta_3 = -0.56 - \frac{0.05}{4} \left((-7.92-12)(6) + (-18.14-9)(7) + (-6.03-6)(2) + (-13.66-7)(3) \right)$$

$$= -0.56 - \frac{0.05}{4} (-395.54) = \boxed{4.38}$$

Iteration 3 $\theta_0 = 1.69, \theta_1 = 3.59, \theta_2 = 4.50, \theta_3 = 4.38$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(1)}) = 1.69(1) + 3.59(2) + 4.5(3) + 4.38(1) = 48.61$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(2)}) = 1.69(1) + 3.59(5) + 4.5(9) + 4.38(9) = 90.7$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(3)}) = 1.69(1) + 3.59(1) + 4.5(4) + 4.38(2) = 32.02$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(4)}) = 1.69(1) + 3.59(8) + 4.5(5) + 4.38(3) = 65.89$$

Q105 $\theta_0 = 1.69 - \frac{0.05}{4} ((48.61 - 12)(1) + (90.7 - 9)(1) + (32.02 - 6)(1) + (65.89 - 7)(1))$
 $= 1.69 - \frac{0.05}{4} (203.91) = \boxed{-0.85}$

$$\theta_1 = 3.59 - \frac{0.05}{4} ((48.61 - 12)(2) + (90.7 - 9)(5) + (32.02 - 6)(1) + (65.89 - 7)(8))$$

 $= 3.59 - \frac{0.05}{4} (998.86) = \boxed{-8.69}$

$$\theta_2 = 4.5 - \frac{0.05}{4} ((48.61 - 12)(3) + (90.7 - 9)(9) + (32.02 - 6)(4) + (65.89 - 7)(5))$$

 $= 4.5 - \frac{0.05}{4} (1843.66) = \boxed{-11.05}$

$$\theta_3 = 4.38 - \frac{0.05}{4} ((48.61 - 12)(6) + (90.7 - 9)(7) + (32.02 - 6)(9) + (65.89 - 7)(3))$$

 $= 4.38 - \frac{0.05}{4} (1020.91) = \boxed{-8.37}$

3. minfors $\alpha = 0.05$, Stochastic

iteration 1 $\theta_0 = 1, \theta_1 = 1, \theta_2 = 1, \theta_3 = 1$, select row 3

$$\text{min } \theta_j = \theta_j - \alpha (h_\theta(\mathbf{x}^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_j^{(i)}$$

$$i=3 \quad h_\theta(\mathbf{x}^{(3)}) = 1(1) + 1(1) + 1(4) + 1(2) = 8$$

$$\theta_0 = 1 - 0.05(8 - 6)(1) = 0.9$$

$$\theta_1 = 1 - 0.05(8 - 6)(1) = 0.9$$

$$\theta_2 = 1 - 0.05(8 - 6)(4) = 0.6$$

$$\theta_3 = 1 - 0.05(8 - 6)(2) = 0.8$$

iteration 2 $\theta_0 = 0.9, \theta_1 = 0.9, \theta_2 = 0.6, \theta_3 = 0.8$, select row 1

$$h_\theta(\mathbf{x}^{(1)}) = 0.9(1) + 0.9(2) + 0.6(3) + 0.8(6) = 9.3$$

$$\theta_0 = 0.9 - 0.05(9.3 - 12)(1) = 1.035$$

$$\theta_1 = 0.9 - 0.05(9.3 - 12)(2) = 1.17$$

$$\theta_2 = 0.6 - 0.05(9.3 - 12)(3) = 1.005$$

$$\theta_3 = 0.8 - 0.05(9.3 - 12)(6) = 1.61$$

Iteration 3 $\theta_0 = 1.035, \theta_1 = 1.17, \theta_2 = 1.005, \theta_3 = 1.61$, select row 4

$$h_\theta(\mathbf{x}^{(4)}) = 1.035(1) + 1.17(8) + 1.005(5) + 1.61(3) \\ = 20.25$$

$$\theta_0 = 1.035 - 0.05(20.25 - 9)(1) = 0.37$$

$$\theta_1 = 1.17 - 0.05(20.25 - 9)(8) = -4.13$$

$$\theta_2 = 1.005 - 0.05(20.25 - 9)(5) = -2.31$$

$$\theta_3 = 1.61 - 0.05(20.25 - 9)(3) = -0.38$$

4. mini-batch $\alpha = 0.05$, $b = 2$, Mini-batch

iteration 1 $\theta_0 = 1, \theta_1 = 1, \theta_2 = 1, \theta_3 = 1$, select row 1 & 2

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(1)}) = 1(1) + 1(2) + 1(3) + 1(6) = 12$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(2)}) = 1(1) + 1(5) + 1(9) + 1(7) = 22$$

$$\text{then } \theta_j = \theta_j - \alpha \frac{1}{b} \sum (h_{\theta}(x^{(i)}) - y^{(i)}) x_j^{(i)}$$

$$\theta_0 = 1 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((12-12)(1) + (22-9)(1)) = \boxed{0.675}$$

$$\theta_1 = 1 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((12-12)(2) + (22-9)(5)) = \boxed{-0.625}$$

$$\theta_2 = 1 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((12-12)(3) + (22-9)(9)) = \boxed{-1.925}$$

$$\theta_3 = 1 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((12-12)(6) + (22-9)(7)) = \boxed{-1.275}$$

iteration 2 $\theta_0 = 0.675, \theta_1 = -0.625, \theta_2 = -1.925, \theta_3 = -1.275$, row 3 & 4

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(3)}) = 0.675(1) - 0.625(1) - 1.925(4) - 1.275(2) = -10.2$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(4)}) = 0.675(1) - 0.625(8) - 1.925(5) - 1.275(3) = -17.78$$

$$\theta_0 = 0.675 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((-10.2-6)(1) + (-17.78-9)(1)) = \boxed{1.70}$$

$$\theta_1 = -0.625 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((-10.2-6)(1) + (-17.78-9)(8)) = \boxed{4.74}$$

$$\theta_2 = -1.925 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((-10.2-6)(4) + (-17.78-9)(5)) = \boxed{2.79}$$

$$\theta_3 = -1.275 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((-10.2-6)(2) + (-17.78-9)(3)) = \boxed{1.39}$$

iteration 3 $\theta_0 = 1.70, \theta_1 = 4.74, \theta_2 = 2.79, \theta_3 = 1.39$, row 2 & 3

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(2)}) = 1.70(1) + 4.74(5) + 2.79(9) + 1.39(7) = 60.24$$

$$h_{\theta}(x^{(3)}) = 1.70(1) + 4.74(1) + 2.79(4) + 1.39(2) = 20.38$$

$$\theta_0 = 1.70 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((60.24-9)(1) + (20.38-6)(1)) = \boxed{0.06}$$

$$\theta_1 = 4.74 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((60.24-9)(5) + (20.38-6)(1)) = \boxed{-2.03}$$

$$\theta_2 = 2.79 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((60.24-9)(9) + (20.38-6)(4)) = \boxed{-10.18}$$

$$\theta_3 = 1.39 - \frac{0.05}{2} ((60.24-9)(7) + (20.38-6)(2)) = \boxed{-8.30}$$