

Assignment No:02 Remart sign None: hayush Dipat chalke Raine: 13, class: 8(A) Subject: DF 1)

What is Windows Forensic Analysis? Explain forensic Artifacts in detail • Windows forensic Analysis is the process of collecting, explaining, and analyzing digital evidence from Windows operating systems to investigate cybercrime, policy violations, or security incidents. It focuses on identifying user activities, system usage, file access, execution history, and malicious actions without altering the original evidence: • Main objectives of Windows forensic Analysis: - Recover deleted or hidden data. - Establish timeline of events. - Support legal and corporate investigations - Detect Malware activity and persistence - identify who did what, when, and how on a Windows system. * forensic Artifacts forensic artifacts are digital traces automatically created by the Windows OS that record user actions and system behavior. These artifacts are crucial for reconstructing events. Teacher's Sign.: Dato

Discuss in detail Windows Recycle bin forensic 1: - The Windows recycle bin holds files that have been removed by users but are still there when a user deletes a file. This is how Windows operates by default but a user can change the settings for the recycle bin to permanently remove files without putting them there. The Windows recycle bin has a finite amount of storage space. The default timing for recycle bin in Windows is open a command-line terminal and change the working directory to the \$recycle Bin folder on the C: disk using the CD command. Use the DIR Command with the /a switch to display contents of folder - use can use the cd command to access the target account's recycle bin. Once you know which one it belongs to. The Windows recycle bin has a finite amount of storage space, The default timing for recycle bin in Windows is 10% of the available hard drive space. Teacher's Sign.: e Dote_ Forensic Artifacts: user Activity : Recent files, docx, typed URLs Chat history. Program! - Install locations / timestamps Devices (USB): Mounted drives, USB history Network /logons - Cached credentials. Last logon Search for usernames or app licenses reveals peripherals, network history and more. Q 3) A) Discuss in detail the investigating Unix System : → : The Unix operating system is flexible, powerful and extremely functional - The Unix operating system functionality makes it so powerful and useful as well as makes it a challenge to protect and investigate a You will use the data you collected during the initial response for the investigation Steps are as follows. Teacher's Sign.: