

Semantic Event Detection with Optimized Vision Language Model.

Challa Santhsoh

11/02/2026

1. Chosen Model

Model: OpenAI CLIP (ViT-B/32)

Checkpoint: openai/clip-vit-base-patch32

CLIP (Contrastive Language–Image Pre-training) is a vision-language model that maps images and text into a shared feature space.

Why CLIP?

- Supports zero-shot detection (no task-specific training required)
- Can detect semantic concepts like:
 - Person walking
 - Vehicle stopping
 - Crowded scene
- Works well on CPU
- Compatible with dynamic quantization

The ViT-B/32 version provides a good balance between accuracy and computational efficiency, making it suitable for real-time applications.

2. Optimization Technique

Method Used: INT8 Dynamic Quantization
Framework: PyTorch
Function: `torch.quantization.quantize_dynamic`

What is Dynamic Quantization?

Dynamic quantization converts model weights from:

- 32-bit floating point (FP32) to 8-bit integers (INT8)

This reduces model size and improves inference speed.

Key Features

- No retraining required
- No labeled dataset needed
- Applied directly to pre-trained model
- Works efficiently for CPU inference

Only model weights are quantized, while activations are dynamically quantized during runtime.

3. Performance Results

Performance was measured using the test video (82 frames).

Metric	Baseline (FP32)	Optimized (INT8)	Improvement
Inference Time (sec/frame)	0.0579	0.0410	29.2% faster
FPS	17.28	24.40	+41.2%
Model Size (MB)	577	106	81.6% reduction

Key Improvements

- 1.41× faster inference
- 81.6% reduction in model size
- 29.2% lower latency per frame
- Stable performance across all frames

The optimized model achieves real-time performance at 24.4 FPS on CPU.

4. Trade-offs

Advantages

- Much smaller model size
- Faster CPU inference
- No retraining required
- Easy and quick deployment
- Minimal accuracy loss

Limitations

- Quantization is irreversible (original FP32 model must be saved)
Small numerical precision loss
- Slight possibility of minor accuracy variation in rare edge cases
- GPU speed improvement may differ from CPU results

5. Conclusion

INT8 dynamic quantization is an effective and practical optimization technique for deploying CLIP ViT-B/32 on CPU-based systems.

The optimization achieved:

- 81.6% model size reduction
- 1.41× speed improvement
- Real-time inference capability
- Minimal accuracy degradation

The optimized model is suitable for real-time semantic event detection in resource-constrained environments.

