

## Cloudy Wtmp a chance of meatballs

For this challenge, we were given a wtmp file, a small script in bash and a password-protected zip containing the flag.

The script is pretty straightforward, as it consists of just the username concatenated the timestamp, down to the second, when the command was run.

```
chelinka@DERENNUM:~/Pictures/MakingaLocalCTF/Qualifs/wtempest$ cat generatepassword.sh
echo $(whoami)$(date +%s) | head -c -1 > password.txt
chelinka@DERENNUM:~/Pictures/MakingaLocalCTF/Qualifs/wtempest$
```

By using the command last, we can see the content of the wtmp file:

```
chelinka@DERENNUM:~/Pictures/MakingaLocalCTF/Qualifs/wtempest$ last -f wtmp
siedpari tty5          192.168.1.5      Wed Feb 22 17:59 - 18:45 (00:45)
juliette tty2          192.168.1.2      Wed Feb 22 17:30  gone - no logout
doomguy  tty3          192.168.1.3      Wed Feb 22 17:14  gone - no logout
doomguy  tty3          192.168.1.3      Wed Feb 22 16:42 - 16:58 (00:15)
doomguy  tty3          192.168.1.3      Wed Feb 22 14:34 - 15:45 (01:11)
ouagadou tty4          192.168.1.4      Wed Feb 22 13:40 - 14:09 (00:29)
juliette tty2          192.168.1.2      Wed Feb 22 12:49 - 14:55 (02:06)
ouagadou tty4          192.168.1.4      Wed Feb 22 11:31 - 11:41 (00:09)
ouagadou tty4          192.168.1.4      Wed Feb 22 10:10 - 10:50 (00:40)
juliette tty2          192.168.1.2      Wed Feb 22 08:31 - 11:52 (03:21)
doomguy  tty3          192.168.1.3      Wed Feb 22 07:44 - 13:26 (05:42)
juliette tty2          192.168.1.2      Wed Feb 22 06:42 - 07:07 (00:24)
```

The file contains the user credentials, as well as the time ranges at which they were logged in. The usernames are truncated after the eight character, but we can extract the full name with `utmpdump`, or by reading the lore.

```
wtmp begins Mon Feb 20 11:04:20 2023
chelinka@DERENNUM:~/Pictures/MakingaLocalCTF/Qualifs/wtempest$ utmpdump wtmp
Utmp dump of wtmp
[7] [12345] [id ] [juliette] [tty2      ] [192.168.1.2      ] [0.0.0.0
[7] [12346] [id ] [chelinka] [tty69     ] [192.168.1.1      ] [0.0.0.0
[8] [12347] [id ] [chelinka] [tty69     ] [192.168.1.1      ] [0.0.0.0
[7] [12348] [id ] [doomguy ] [tty3      ] [192.168.1.3      ] [0.0.0.0
[8] [12349] [id ] [juliette] [tty2      ] [192.168.1.2      ] [0.0.0.0
[7] [12350] [id ] [ouagadougou] [tty4      ] [192.168.1.4      ] [0.0.0.0
[7] [12351] [id ] [juliette] [tty2      ] [192.168.1.2      ] [0.0.0.0
[8] [12352] [id ] [ouagadougou] [tty4      ] [192.168.1.4      ] [0.0.0.0
[7] [12353] [id ] [ouagadougou] [tty4      ] [192.168.1.4      ] [0.0.0.0
[8] [12354] [id ] [ouagadougou] [tty4      ] [192.168.1.4      ] [0.0.0.0
```

From this, we can easily recover the password. Taking into account that the time is in UTC, we can generate a wordlist with which we can break the zip file's security.

This python script opens the wtmp file into output.log before reading the entries corresponding to the user "siedparis", which is the fishy user, and prints out the wordlist.

