8.8. LABS



## Exercise 8.2: Using yum to Find Information About a Package



## **Please Note**

To do these labs you need to have access to a system that is yum-based, such as RHEL, CentOS, or Fedora.

Using yum (and not rpm directly), find:

- 1. All packages that contain a reference to **bash** in their name or description.
- 2. Installed and available bash packages.
- 3. The package information for bash.
- 4. The dependencies for the **bash** package.

Try the commands you used above both as root and as a regular user. Do you notice any difference?

## Solution 8.2

LFS201: V\_2018-12-25



## On RedHat

Note: on **RHEL 7** you may get some permission errors if you don't use **sudo** with the following commands, even though we are just getting information.

- 1. \$ sudo yum search bash
- 2. \$ sudo yum list bash
- 3. \$ sudo yum info bash
- 4. \$ sudo yum deplist bash

However, all the commands above should work for both regular users and the root user.

