33.5. LABS



# **Exercise 33.1: PAM Configuration**

One of the more common **PAM** configurations is to deny login access after a certain number of failed attempts. This is done with the pam\_tally2 module. In this exercise we are going to deny login through **ssh** after three failed login attempts.

 Edit /etc/pam.d/sshd and configure it to deny login after three failed attempts. Hint: add the following two lines to the file:



### in /etc/pam.d/sshd

auth required pam\_tally2.so deny=3 onerr=fail
account required pam\_tally2.so

- 2. Try to login three times as a particular user (who has an account) while mistyping the password.
- 3. Try to login as the same user with the correct password.
- 4. Check to see how many failed logins there are for the user.
- 5. Reset the failed login counter.
- 6. Check again to see how many failed logins there are.
- 7. Try to login again with the correct password.

## Solution 33.1

1. Add the following two lines to /etc/pam.d/sshd:



### in /etc/pam.d/sshd

auth required pam\_tally2.so deny=3 onerr=fail
account required pam\_tally2.so

2. \$ ssh student@localhost

Password: Password: Password:

Permission denied (publickey, keyboard-interactive).

3. \$ ssh student@localhost

Password:

LFS201: V\_2019-03-11

Account locked due to 3 failed logins

4. \$ sudo pam\_tally2 -u student

Login Failures Latest failure From student 3 11/01/14 20:41:12 localhost



#### 5. \$ sudo pam\_tally2 -u student -r

Login Failures Latest failure From student 3 11/01/14 20:41:12 localhost

#### 6. \$ sudo pam\_tally2 -u student

#### 7. \$ ssh student@localhost

#### Password:

Last failed login: Sat Nov 1 20:41:14 CDT 2014 from localhost on ssh:notty There were 6 failed login attempts since the last successful login. Last login: Sat Nov 1 20:28:38 2014 from localhost Have a lot of fun...

