# Assignment #D: 十全十美

Updated 1254 GMT+8 Dec 17, 2024

2024 fall, Complied by <mark>颜鼎堃 工学院</mark>

#### 说明:

- 1)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora <a href="https://typoraio.cn">https://typoraio.cn</a> ,或者用word)。AC 或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 2)提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 3) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

### 1. 题目

### 02692: 假币问题

brute force, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02692

#### 思路:

• 区区24种情况,这不直接枚举?

```
Python
    for i in range(int(input())):
2
         coins = {'A': 0, 'B': 0, 'C': 0, 'D': 0, 'E': 0, 'F': 0, 'G': 0, 'H': 0,
     'I': 0, 'J': 0, 'K': 0, 'L': 0}
3
        trans = {"even": 0, "up": 1, "down": -1}
        weight = \{-1: "light", 1: "heavy"\}
4
        tests = [input().split() for i in range(3)]
5
        for i in coins.keys():
6
             for j in (-1, 1):
7
                 coins[i] = j
8
                 for k in tests:
9
                     if sum([coins[_] for _ in k[0]]) - sum([coins[_] for _ in
10
    k[1]) \neq trans[k[2]]:
11
                         break
12
                 else:
                     print(f"{i} is the counterfeit coin and it is {weight[j]}.")
13
                     break
14
15
             else:
                 coins[i] = 0
16
                 continue
17
18
             break
19
```



### 01088: 滑雪

dp, dfs similar, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/01088">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/01088</a>

#### 思路:

遍历周围四个格子,开一个数组记录已知的最短路径,走过直接抄答案,没走过递归一下 代码:

```
Python
    DIRECTIONS = ((0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0))
1
    def snowboarding(x, y):
2
3
         max_slope = 0
4
         for dx, dy in DIRECTIONS:
             nx, ny = x + dx, y + dy
             if 0 \le nx < R and 0 \le ny < C and zone[x][y] > zone[nx][ny]:
7
                 if not dist[nx][ny]:
                     snowboarding(nx, ny)
8
                 max_slope = max(max_slope, dist[nx][ny])
         dist[x][y] = 1 + max_slope
11
    R, C = map(int, input().split())
12
    zone = [list(map(int, input().split())) for i in range(R)]
13
    dist = [[0 for i in range(C)] for j in range(R)]
14
    for i in range(R):
15
        for j in range(C):
16
             if not dist[i][j]:
17
                 snowboarding(i, j)
18
    print(max(map(max, dist)))
19
```



## 25572: 螃蟹采蘑菇

bfs, dfs, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/25572/">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/25572/</a>

#### 思路:

- 被卡了一会
- 主要是解决左脚卡右脚的问题,每次记录一只脚的路径就好

```
Python
    DIRECTIONS = ((0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0))
1
2
    def dfs(x1, y1, x2, y2):
        maze[x1][y1] = 5
4
        for dx, dy in DIRECTIONS:
             nx1, nx2, ny1, ny2 = x1 + dx, x2 + dx, y1 + dy, y2 + dy
             if maze[nx1][ny1] \neq 1 and maze[nx2][ny2] \neq 1 and maze[nx1][ny1] \neq 5:
6
                 if maze[nx1][ny1] = 9 or maze[nx2][ny2] = 9:
                     print("yes")
8
                     exit()
10
                 else:
11
                     dfs(nx1, ny1, nx2, ny2)
        maze[x1][y1] = 0
12
    n = int(input())
13
    maze = [[1] * (n + 2)] + [[1] + list(map(int, input().split())) + [1] for i in
    range(n)] + [[1] * (n + 2)]
    x1, y1, x2, y2 = 0, 0, 0, 0
15
16
    cnt = 0
    for i in range(n + 2):
17
```

```
18
         if cnt \neq 2:
              while 5 in maze[i]:
19
                  if cnt = 0:
20
                      x1, y1 = i, maze[i].index(5)
21
                      maze[x1][y1] = 1
22
                      cnt += 1
23
                  else:
25
                      x2, y2 = i, maze[i].index(5)
                      maze[x2][y2] = 0
26
27
                      cnt += 1
28
                      break
29
     dfs(x1, y1, x2, y2)
     print("no")
30
```



## 27373: 最大整数

dp, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27373/">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/27373/</a>

#### 思路:

- 最大最小整数和0-1背包的杂交体
- 就这还卡我半天

```
1  m = int(input())
2  n = int(input())
3  num = sorted(input().split(), key=lambda t: "" if not t else t * (40 //
len(t)), reverse=True)
4  g_int = [[] for i in range(m + 1)]
```

```
for i in num:
    for j in range(m, len(i) - 1, -1):

        g_int[j] = max(g_int[j], g_int[j - len(i)] + [i], key=lambda t: -1 if
        not t else int("".join(t)))

print(int("".join(g_int[m])))
```



## 02811: 熄灯问题

brute force, <a href="http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02811">http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/02811</a>

#### 思路:

- 感谢<u>lights out</u>
- 手动试出来了只关第一列某盏特定的灯的方法
- 剩下要做的就是把灯全都赶到第一行去了
- 20ms运行完,能算是最快的了吗() 代码:

```
Python
   DIRECTIONS = ((0, 0), (0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0))
1
   def xor(change1, change2):
2
3
        return [[change1[i][j] ^ change2[i][j] for j in range(6)] for i in
   range(5)]
   light = [list(map(int, input().split())) for i in range(5)]
4
   ans = [[0 for i in range(6)] for j in range(5)]
5
   change = [[[0,0,0,1,1,1],[1,0,1,0,1,0],[1,0,1,1,0,0],[0,0,1,0,0,0],
   [1,1,0,0,0,0,0], [[1,0,1,0,1,0], [1,0,1,0,1,1], [1,0,0,0,1,0], [0,1,1,1,0,0],
   [0,0,1,0,0,0], [[1,0,1,1,0,0], [1,0,0,0,1,0], [0,1,1,0,1,1], [1,0,0,0,1,0],
    [1,0,1,1,0,0], [[0,0,1,0,0,0], [0,1,1,1,0,0], [1,0,0,0,1,0], [1,0,1,0,1,1],
```

```
[1,0,1,0,1,0]], [[1,1,0,0,0,0], [0,0,1,0,0,0], [1,0,1,1,0,0], [1,0,1,0,1,0],
    [0,0,0,1,1,1]
    for j in range(4, -1, -1):
7
         for i in range(5):
8
             if light[i][j + 1]:
                 ans[i][j] ^= 1
10
                 for dx, dy in DIRECTIONS:
11
12
                     nx, ny = i + dx, j + dy
13
                     if 0 \le nx < 5 and 0 \le ny < 6:
                          light[nx][ny] ^= 1
14
15
    for i in range(5):
         if light[i][0]:
16
             ans = xor(ans, change[i])
17
    for i in range(5):
18
         print(*ans[i], sep=" ")
19
```



## 08210: 河中跳房子

binary search, greedy, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/08210/

#### 思路:

- 最后一次作业的最后一题,我依然没能自己做出来,这是这次作业唯一一个看答案的题
- 一直想着每次选两个隔得最近的石头然后移走,但这样复杂度大概支持不住,想不到对 L 二分
- 问题转化也很值得好好理解
- 最后要注意的一点是二分模板得到的结果要减1

```
def check(dist):
1
                                                                                 Python
2
         t, num = 0, 0
         for i in range(1, N + 2):
             if stone[i] - t < dist:</pre>
4
5
                  num += 1
6
             else:
7
                 t = stone[i]
8
         return num > M
9
    L, N, M = map(int, input().split())
    stone = [0] + [int(input()) for i in range(N)] + [L]
10
    lo, hi = 0, L
11
    while lo < hi:
12
13
         mid = (lo + hi) // 2
         if check(mid):
14
             hi = mid
15
16
         else:
             lo = mid + 1
17
    print(lo - 1)
18
19
```



## 2. 学习总结和收获

如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"计概2024fall每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站题目。

下周机考,这两天尽早做好提纲,再做点往年题吧 图是看到网上别人p的,感觉挺有意思 「巳巳如意」



<sup>中央广播电视总台</sup> 春节联欢晚会

2025

「生生不息」