Assignment #9: dfs, bfs, & dp

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2024 fall, Complied by <mark>颜鼎堃 工学院</mark>

说明:

- 1)请把每个题目解题思路(可选),源码Python,或者C++(已经在Codeforces/Openjudge上AC),截图(包含Accepted),填写到下面作业模版中(推荐使用 typora https://typoraio.cn ,或者用word)。AC 或者没有AC,都请标上每个题目大致花费时间。
- 2)提交时候先提交pdf文件,再把md或者doc文件上传到右侧"作业评论"。Canvas需要有同学清晰头像、提交文件有pdf、"作业评论"区有上传的md或者doc附件。
- 3) 如果不能在截止前提交作业,请写明原因。

1. 题目

18160: 最大连通域面积

dfs similar, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/18160

思路:

• 照着模板练习了的加保护圈的递归式深搜

```
Python
from sys import setrecursionlimit
cnt = 0
setrecursionlimit(1<<30)</pre>
def dfs(board, x, y):
   global cnt
   board[x][y] = "."
   for dx, dy in direct:
        nx, ny = x + dx, y + dy
        if board[nx][ny] = "W":
            cnt += 1
            dfs(board, nx, ny)
for i in range(int(input())):
    N, M = map(int, input().split())
    board = [["." for i in range(M+2)]] + [["."] + list(input()) + ["."] for i in
range(N)] + [["." for i in range(M+2)]]
    direct = ((0, 1), (0, -1), (1, 0), (-1, 0), (1, 1), (-1, -1), (1, -1), (-1, 1))
    maxcnt = 0
    for i in range(1, N+1):
       for j in range(1, M+1):
            if board[i][j] = "W":
                cnt += 1
```

```
dfs(board, i, j)
maxcnt = max(cnt, maxcnt)
cnt = 0
print(maxcnt)
```

代码运行截图 <mark>(至少包含有"Accepted")</mark>



19930: 寻宝

bfs, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/19930

思路:

用深搜写了,但因为没有回溯反复WA,不爽

```
minstep = 1e9
DIRECTIONS = ((0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0))
def dfs(treasure, x, y, steps):
    global minstep

for dx, dy in DIRECTIONS:
    nx, ny = x+dx, y+dy
    if treasure[nx][ny] = 1:
        minstep = min(minstep, steps)
    elif treasure[nx][ny] = 0:
        treasure[x][y] = 2
        dfs(treasure, nx, ny, steps+1)
        treasure[x][y] = 0
```

```
def main():
    m, n = map(int, input().split())
    treasure = [[2 for i in range(n+2)]] + [[2] + list(map(int, input().split())) +

[2] for i in range(m)] + [[2 for i in range(n+2)]]
    if treasure[1][1] = 1:
        print(0)
        exit()
    dfs(treasure, 1, 1, 1)
    if minstep = 1e9:
        print("NO")
    else:
        print(minstep)

if __name__ = '__main__':
    main()
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")



04123: 马走日

dfs, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/04123

思路:

- 这次要加两层保护圈
- 因为 cnt 忘记在循环后归零而反复WA,不爽

```
Python
minstep = 1e9
DIRECTIONS = ((0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0))
def dfs(treasure, x, y, steps):
    global minstep
   for dx, dy in DIRECTIONS:
        nx, ny = x+dx, y+dy
        if treasure[nx][ny] = 1:
            minstep = min(minstep, steps)
        elif treasure[nx][ny] = 0:
            treasure[x][y] = 2
            dfs(treasure, nx, ny, steps+1)
            treasure[x][y] = 0
def main():
    m, n = map(int, input().split())
   treasure = [[2 for i in range(n+2)]] + [[2] + list(map(int, input().split())) +
[2] for i in range(m)] + [[2 for i in range(n+2)]]
    if treasure [1][1] = 1:
        print(0)
        exit()
    dfs(treasure, 1, 1, 1)
    if minstep = 1e9:
        print("NO")
    else:
        print(minstep)
if __name__ = '__main__':
    main()
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")



sy316: 矩阵最大权值路径

dfs, https://sunnywhy.com/sfbj/8/1/316

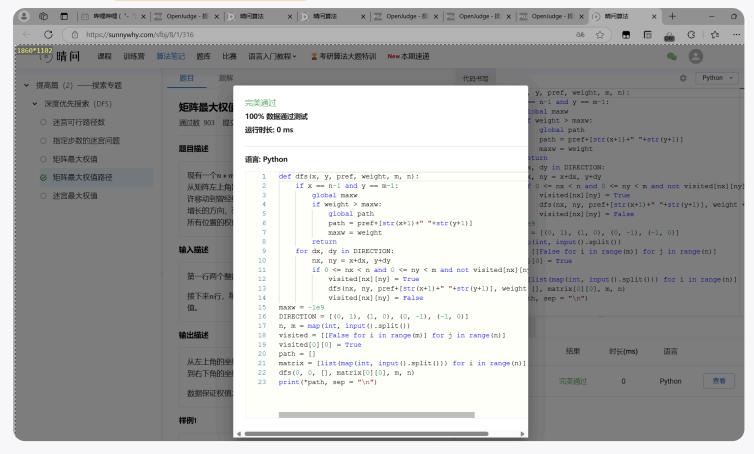
思路:

- 尝试 visited 辅助列表
- 因为忘记把输入的坐标减1而反复WA,不爽

```
Python
def dfs(x, y, pref, weight, m, n):
    if x = n-1 and y = m-1:
        global maxw
        if weight > maxw:
            global path
            path = pref+[str(x+1)+" "+str(y+1)]
            maxw = weight
        return
    for dx, dy in DIRECTION:
        nx, ny = x+dx, y+dy
        if 0 \le nx < n and 0 \le ny < m and not visited[nx][ny]:
            visited[nx][ny] = True
            dfs(nx, ny, pref+[str(x+1)+""+str(y+1)], weight + matrix[nx][ny], m,
n)
            visited[nx][ny] = False
maxw = -1e9
DIRECTION = [(0, 1), (1, 0), (0, -1), (-1, 0)]
```

```
n, m = map(int, input().split())
visited = [[False for i in range(m)] for j in range(n)]
visited[0][0] = True
path = []
matrix = [list(map(int, input().split())) for i in range(n)]
dfs(0, 0, [], matrix[0][0], m, n)
print(*path, sep = "\n")
```

代码运行截图 <mark>(至少包含有"Accepted")</mark>



LeetCode62.不同路径

dp, https://leetcode.cn/problems/unique-paths/

思路:

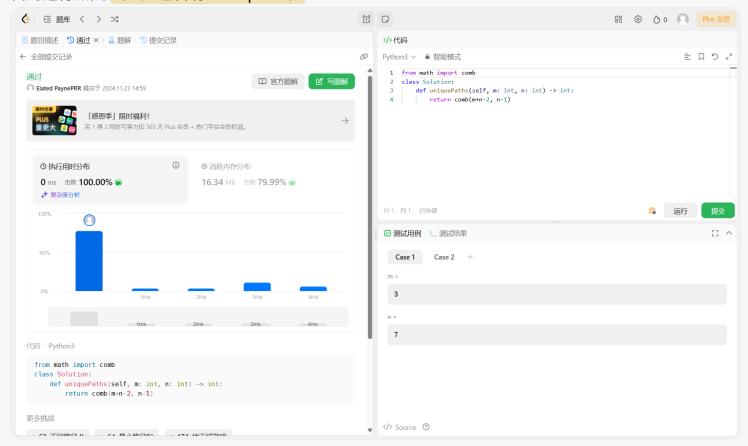
• 高中数学排列组合经典例题,四行代码解决问题

```
from math import comb

class Solution:
    def uniquePaths(self, m: int, n: int) → int:
        return comb(m+n-2, n-1)

if __name__ = '__main__':
    m, n = map(int, input().split())
    sol = Solution()
    print(sol.uniquePaths(m, n))
```

代码运行截图 <mark>(至少包含有"Accepted")</mark>



sy358: 受到祝福的平方

dfs, dp, https://sunnywhy.com/sfbj/8/3/539

思路:

• 写起来最爽的一题,因为感觉自己的代码还算紧凑

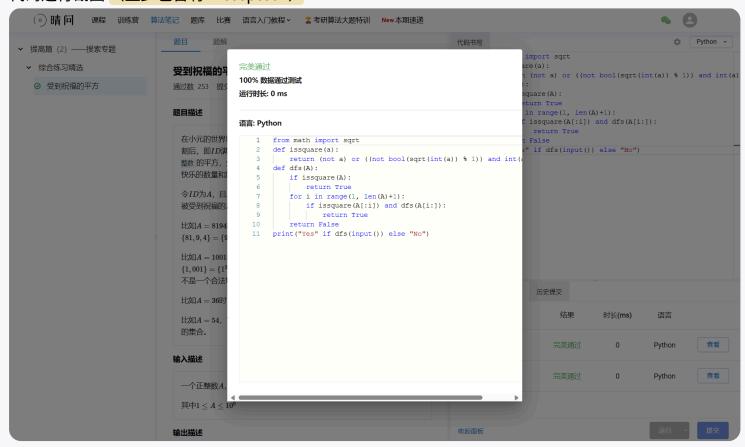
```
Python

from math import sqrt

def issquare(a):
    return (not a) or ((not bool(sqrt(int(a)) % 1)) and int(a))

def dfs(A):
    if issquare(A):
        return True
    for i in range(1, len(A)+1):
        if issquare(A[:i]) and dfs(A[i:]):
        return True
    return True
    return False
print("Yes" if dfs(input()) else "No")
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")



2. 学习总结和收获

如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"计概2024fall每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网站题目。

虽然模板题目偏多,但总还是会在各种意想不到的地方出现问题,包括但不限于方向数组打字打错、搞不清全局变量和局部变量、每一次循环读取输入有些变量忘记初始化等等