Information Systems and Data Modeling – IT1090



Assignment

Title: Bus Sched	uling and Booking S	ystem
Batch Number: Y	Y1S2_2023_MTR	Group Number: Y1S2_2023_MTR_G10
Declaration:		
We hold a copy of this	s assignment that we can pro	oduce if the original is lost or damaged.
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1. Introduction

The goal of this project is to provide an online system for purchasing bus tickets. It offers a platform for online bus ticket reservations for passengers. The user receives the ticket information through email.

Numerous technologies need to be investigated and understood in order to create an online bus ticket booking system. Multi-tiered design, server-side and client-side scripting methods, JSP implementation technologies, programming languages like Java, JavaScript, and HTML, and relational databases like MySQL Access are some of these. The goal of this project is to create a basic online ticket booking system that offers customers a very user-friendly setting in which to order tickets immediately. This website enables potential customers to purchase bus tickets directly from it and book them.

Potential customers can self-book and make payments on the Bus Scheduling and Ticket Booking System website. The dashboard on the website will show the booked tickets. The website's bus timetable includes a list of all routes. Additionally, both booked, and available seats will be included in the booking information section. The passenger will be prompted to choose the card type and provide further details at the time of booking the ticket.

Passenger must then request an OTP in order to finish the payment. The passenger would be able to successfully finish the ticket-buying process after providing the specified OTP.

2. Hypothetical Scenario

The Bus Scheduling and Booking System is an online platform that helps passengers easily search, book and pay for bus tickets from the comfort of their homes. This system allows passengers to search for available buses based on their departure and arrival cities, travel dates, and times. It provides a range of options, such as types of buses, fares, seats available, and travel durations. Once the passenger selects a suitable option, they can book their tickets.

Unregistered customer is required to produce their NIC, first name, last name, address, email, and contact number during the registration process, and NIC is unique for the unregistered customer. An unregistered customer can only register once, but registration can hold many unregistered customers simultaneously. They get a unique registration ID according to the registered date and are able to create a profile with a profile ID. Registration creates each and every one of these unregistered customer's profile. All the profiles are managed by an Admin. An Admin has a first name, last name, ID, password, address, email, and contact number. Admin can be specified by his ID. Admin has more than one contact number.

Registered customers have a first name, last name, ID, password, NIC, contact number, date of birth, email, address, and age. The age depends on the date of birth. Each registered customer will own a unique ID. They can have more than one contact number. Registered customers can check and select the route. Each registered customer can select one route, and the route to locations can be selected by many registered customers. Customers can buy tickets for the selected route. A customer can book many tickets at a time. A route can be booked with many tickets. Route has a unique ID and a route name. The customer makes the payment. Payment has an ID, payment amount, date, and type. Payment ID is unique for the payment. Every ticket has a payment. The payment is verified by the manager. The manager has a unique ID, password, name, and contact number. Manager can have more than one contact number. The ticket has a unique ID and price. A customer can buy more than one ticket.

Registered customers can give one or more feedbacks about their experiences. Feedback has a unique ID, and it depends on the customer.

After booking the ticket successfully, the customer needs to get the bus according to the route. Every bus has a route. Bus has an ID, arrival time, departure time, and bus number. Every bus has a unique ID. A driver with driver ID, driver name, and contact number drives the bus. Each driver can be specified with their ID.

Manager, registered customer, driver, and admin can log in to the system. Login has a unique login number. Each of these users can log in to the system more than one time. At the end of the day, the admin generates the report with a unique report ID and number.

3. Requirement Analysis

3.1 Main Requirements

- 1. The user creates a guest account on the system.
- 2. Verify the accuracy of the user registration information.
- 3. Browse bus timetables.
- 4. Searching routes.
- 5. Verify seat availability.
- 6. Verify your membership.
- 7. The user logs into the website as a registered user.
- 8. Use OTP to confirm user registration.
- 9. The user has the ability to edit their account.
- 10. Verify the accuracy of the modified information.
- 11. Purchase a ticket.
- 12 Pick a payment option.
- 13. Provide payment information.
- 14. Inquire about the payment method's OTP.
- 15. Check the payment is valid.
- 16 Email and text message the reserved ticket to the phone.
- 17. The system receives feedback from registered users.
- 18. Request the cancellation of your ticket.
- 19. Log in as the main admin with System Admin.
- 20. Verify the admin login's legitimacy.
- 21. Verify the legitimacy of the admin logins.
- 22. Create the bus schedule.

- 23. Create system reports.
- 24. Responds to user feedback.
- 25. Control user accounts.
- 26. User and administrator accounts can be edited or seen.
- 27. A system administrator verifies user requests to cancel tickets.
- 28. Admin reviews the passenger's questions at number.
- 29. Answer the passenger's questions.
- 30. Maintain a database.
- 31. Maintaining an updated website.
- 32 Verify the recently modified information.
- 33. Update bus schedules.
- 34. Modify the website's visual appearance.
- 35. User and admin communication.
- 36. View the reports.

To register as a user, a visitor user must create a new user account. The system validates the accuracy of the user registration information. Visitors can examine bus routes and schedules, but only registered users can check the seats that are available and make reservations. The User ID and Password are generated by the system. Using his User ID and User Password, the user can access the website. The system then confirms membership, and the user then modifies user account information. The seats and routes that are available are then displayed by the system. He or she needs to submit a payment method and payment information. The system then verifies the payment information. The user will thereafter have the opportunity to use this website to book tickets. The admin then verifies the payment information and emails the user the pertinent ticket information. System Admin logs in as the primary administrator. The admin login is verified by the system. The system administrator creates system reports. Additionally, logged-in users can provide feedback to the system. The system administrator responds to user comments. Users' requests to cancel tickets are verified by the system administrator. The system administrator also controls user accounts. The user profile is editable by both the user and the admin. By changing user accounts, the system administrator updates the system database. The administrator needs to review the inquiries and update the database. Additionally, the website's admin modifies the design, routes, and timetable in addition to

applying security fixes. Users and system administrators can exchange messages. The admin then views the Report.

3.2 Data Requirements

Admin

Admin ID (Admin_ID)
First Name (F_Name)
Last Name (L_Name)
Address (Address)
Email (Email)
Admin Password (A_Password)

Profile

Profile ID (Profile_ID)

Registration

Registration ID (Registration_ID)
Registration Date (R_Date)

Unregistered Customer

National Identity Number (NIC)
First Name (F_Name)
Last Name (L_Name)
Address (Address)
Email (Email)

Route

Route ID (Route_ID)
Route Name (Route_Name)

Driver

Driver ID (Driver_ID)
Driver Name (Driver_Name)

Registered Customer

Customer ID (Customer_ID)
First Name (F_Name)
Last Name (L_Name)

Feedback

Feedback No (Feedback_No) Feedback Message (Message)

Manager

Manager ID (Manager_ID)
Manager_Name (Manager_Name)
Manager Password (M_Password)

Payment

Payment ID (Payment_ID)
Payment Type (Payment_Type)
Payment Date (Payment_Date)
Payment Amount (Payment_Amount)

Ticket

Ticket ID (Ticket_ID)
Ticket Quantity (Quantity)
Ticket Price (Ticket_Price)

Bus

Bus ID (Bus_ID)
Bus Number (Bus_No)
Bus Arrival Time (Arrival_Time)
Bus Departure Time (Departure_Time)

Login

Login Number (Login_No)

Report

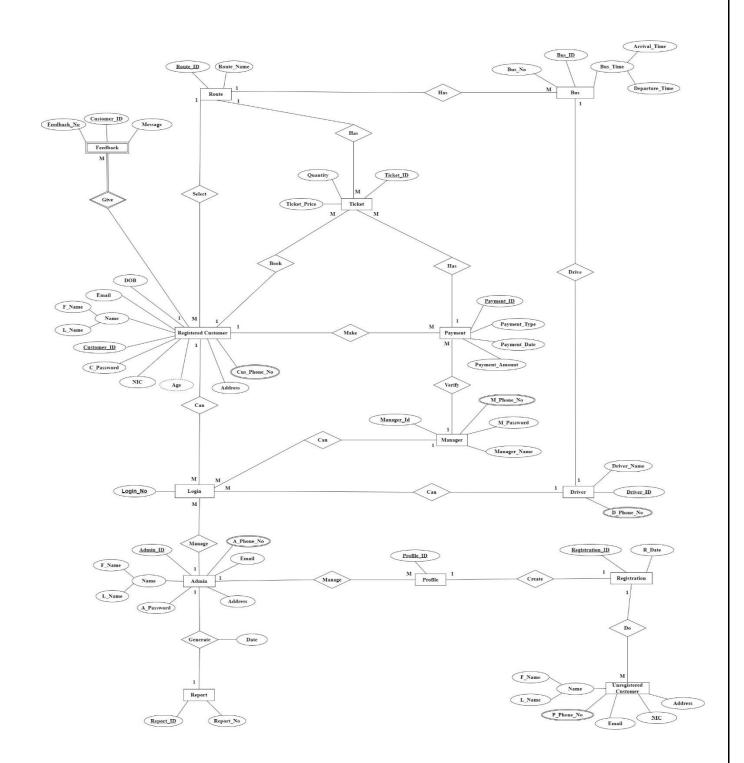
Report ID (Report_ID)
Report Number (Report_No)

3.3 Non-Functional Requirements

Non-functional requirements are referred to as quality attributes. Aspects of the system's user visibility that aren't directly connected to a given feature are described. They act as limitations or restrictions on how the system is designed for the various backlogs. A failure to comply with even one of them may give rise to serious legal problems.

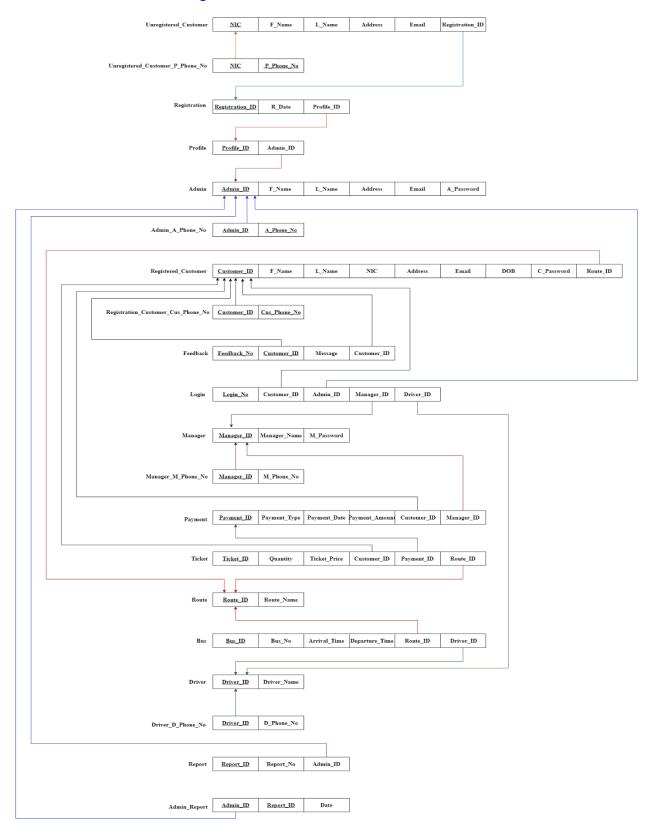
- **Availability** Availability will be provided 24 X 7.
- **Security** Prevent illegal access to the system. Additionally, the system database is only directly accessible by the administrator. Furthermore, no one else will be able to access the system using the user ID and password you provide because they are unique.
- User-friendly Even newly registered customers can utilize the system without hesitating because of how user-friendly it is.
- **Reliability** The system's mean time to failure and reliability will both be incredibly low.
- **Performance** The system may be accessible by an infinite number of users simultaneously, and it will react to user requests very quickly.
- **System changes** The administrator is the only person who can make changes to the system. Additionally, real-time updates will be made to the system, bringing it up to date.

4. ER-Diagram



5. Schema of Database

URL - Relational Diagram.drawio



6. SQL Queries

```
CREATE DATABASE BUS_SHEDULING_AND_BOOKING_SYSTEM;
USE [BUS_SHEDULING_AND_BOOKING_SYSTEM]
----- Create Tables -----
--- Admin Table ---
CREATE TABLE Admin (
Admin_ID int NOT NULL,
          Admin_10 int NOT NULL,
F_Name varchar(20) NOT NULL,
L_Name varchar(20) NOT NULL,
Address varchar(50),
Email varchar(25) NOT NULL,
A_Password varchar(12) NOT NULL,
          CONSTRAINT Admin_PK PRIMARY KEY (Admin_ID),
--- Profile Table ---
CREATE TABLE Profile (
Profile_ID varchar(10) NOT NULL,
          Admin_ID int,
          CONSTRAINT Profile_PK PRIMARY KEY (Profile_ID),
CONSTRAINT Profile_Admin_FK FOREIGN KEY (Admin_ID) REFERENCES Admin (Admin_ID),
--- Registration Table ---
CREATE TABLE Registration (
          Registration_ID varchar(10) NOT NULL,
          R_Date date,
          Profile_ID varchar(10),
          CONSTRAINT Registration_PK PRIMARY KEY (Registration_ID),
CONSTRAINT Registration_Profile_FK FOREIGN KEY (Profile_ID) REFERENCES Profile (Profile_ID),
--- Unregistered Customer Table ---
CREATE TABLE Unregistered_Customer (
    NIC varchar(10) NOT NULL,
    F_Name varchar(20) NOT NULL,
    L_Name varchar(20) NOT NULL,
           Address varchar(50).
          Email varchar(25) NOT NULL,
          Registration_ID varchar(10),
          --- Route Table ---
CREATE TABLE Route (
Route_ID varchar(10) NOT NULL,
Route_Name varchar(20),
         CONSTRAINT Route_PK PRIMARY KEY (Route_ID),
--- Driver Table ---
CONSTRAINT Driver_PK PRIMARY KEY (Driver_ID),
--- Registered_Customer Table ---
CREATE TABLE Registered Customer (
         TABLE Registered Customer (
Customer_ID varchar(10) NOT NULL,
F_Name varchar(20) NOT NULL,
L_Name varchar(20) NOT NULL,
NIC varchar(10) NOT NULL,
Address varchar(50),
Email varchar(25) NOT NULL,
DOB date,
C_Password varchar(12) NOT NULL,
          Route_ID varchar(10),
```

```
--- Feedback Table ---
                  Feedback_No int NOT NULL,
                 Message text,
                 Customer_ID varchar(10),
                 CONSTRAINT Feedback_PK PRIMARY KEY (Feedback_No),
CONSTRAINT Feedback_Registered_Customer_FK FOREIGN KEY (Customer_ID) REFERENCES Registered_Customer (Customer_ID),
 --- Manager Table ---
CREATE TABLE Manager (
Manager_ID varchar(10) NOT NULL,
Manager_Name varchar(20) NOT NULL,
M_Password varchar(12) NOT NULL,
                 CONSTRAINT Manager_PK PRIMARY KEY (Manager_ID),
 --- Payment Table ---
 CREATE TABLE Payment (
                 Payment_ID varchar(10) NOT NULL,
Payment_Type varchar(25) NOT NULL,
Payment_Date date,
Payment_Amount varchar(15) NOT NULL,
                 Customer_ID varchar(10),
Manager_ID varchar(10),
                 CONSTRAINT Payment_PK PRIMARY KEY (Payment_ID),
CONSTRAINT Payment_Registered_Customer_FK FOREIGN KEY (Customer_ID) REFERENCES Registered_Customer_ID),
CONSTRAINT Payment_Manager_FK FOREIGN KEY (Manager_ID) REFERENCES Manager (Manager_ID),
 --- Ticket Table ---
CREATE TABLE Ticket (
    Ticket_ID varchar(10) NOT NULL,
    Quantity int NOT NULL,
    Ticket_Price varchar(25) NOT NULL,
                 Payment_ID varchar(10),
Customer_ID varchar(10),
Route_ID varchar(10),
                 CONSTRAINT Ticket_PK PRIMARY KEY (Ticket_ID),
CONSTRAINT Ticket_Payment_FK FOREIGN KEY (Payment_ID) REFERENCES Payment (Payment_ID),
CONSTRAINT Ticket_Registered_Customer_FK FOREIGN KEY (Customer_ID) REFERENCES Registered_Customer_(Customer_ID),
CONSTRAINT Ticket_Route_FK FOREIGN KEY (Route_ID) REFERENCES Route (Route_ID),
 );
 --- Bus Table ---
 CREATE TABLE Bus (
                 Bus_ID varchar(10) NOT NULL,
Bus_No int,
Arrival_Time time,
Departure_Time time,
                 Route_ID varchar(10),
Driver_ID varchar(10),
                 CONSTRAINT BUS_PK PRIMARY KEY (BUS_ID),
CONSTRAINT BUS_ROUTE_FK FOREIGN KEY (ROUTE_ID) REFERENCES ROUTE (ROUTE_ID),
CONSTRAINT BUS_Driver_FK FOREIGN KEY (Driver_ID) REFERENCES Driver (Driver_ID),
 --- Login Table ---
CREATE TABLE Login (
Login_No varchar(4) NOT NULL,
                 Admin_ID int,
Customer_ID varchar(10),
Manager_ID varchar(10),
Driver_ID varchar(10),
                                            Login_PK PRIMARY KEY (Login_No),
Login_Admin_FK FOREIGN KEY (Admin_ID) REFERENCES Admin (Admin_ID),
Login_Admin_FK FOREIGN KEY (Admin_ID) REFERENCES Registered_Customer_(Customer_ID),
Login_Manager_FK FOREIGN KEY (Manager_ID) REFERENCES Manager (Manager_ID),
Login_Driver_FK FOREIGN KEY (Univer_ID) REFERENCES Driver (Driver_ID),
Login_CHK CHECK (Login_No LIKE '[1L][0-9][0-9][0-9]'),
                 CONSTRAINT
CONSTRAINT
CONSTRAINT
                  CONSTRAINT
```

```
--- Report Table ---
CREATE TABLE Report (
Report_ID varchar(25) NOT NULL,
Report_No int,
            Admin_ID int,
            CONSTRAINT Report_PK PRIMARY KEY (Report_ID),
CONSTRAINT Report_Admin_FK FOREIGN KEY (Admin_ID) REFERENCES Admin (Admin_ID),
 );
 --- Admin_Report Table ---
CREATE TABLE Admin_Report (
            Admin_ID int,
Report_ID varchar(10),
Date date,
            CONSTRAINT Admin_Report_PK PRIMARY KEY (Admin_ID, Report_ID),
 --- Admin_A_Phone_No Table ---
 CREATE TABLE Admin_A_Phone_No (
            Admin_ID int,
A_Phone_No int NOT NULL,
            CONSTRAINT Admin_Phone_No_PK PRIMARY KEY (A_Phone_No),
CONSTRAINT Admin_Phone_No_FK FOREIGN KEY (Admin_ID) REFERENCES Admin (Admin_ID),
 );
 --- Unregistered_Customer_P_Phone_No Table ---
CREATE TABLE Unregistered_Customer_P_Phone_No (
NIC varchar(10),
P_Phone_No int NOT NULL,
            CONSTRAINT Unregistered Customer_Phone_No_PK PRIMARY KEY (P_Phone_No),
CONSTRAINT Unregis_customer_Phone_No_FK FOREIGN KEY (NIC) REFERENCES Unregistered_Customer (NIC),
 --- Driver D Phone No Table ---
CREATE TABLE Driver_D_Phone_No (
Driver_ID varchar(10) NOT NULL,
D_Phone_No int NOT NULL,
            CONSTRAINT Driver_Phone_No_PK PRIMARY KEY (D_Phone_No),
CONSTRAINT Driver_Phone_No_FK FOREIGN KEY (Driver_ID) REFERENCES Driver (Driver_ID),
 --- Registered_Customer_Cus_Phone_No Table ---
CREATE TABLE Registered_Customer_Cus_Phone_No (
    Customer_ID varchar(10),
    Cus_Phone_No int NOT NULL,
            CONSTRAINT Registered_Customer_Phone_No_PK PRIMARY KEY (Cus_Phone_No),
CONSTRAINT Regis_Customer_Phone_No_FK FOREIGN KEY (Customer_ID) REFERENCES Registered_Customer (Customer_ID),
--- Manager_M_Phone_No Table ---
CREATE TABLE Manager_M_Phone_No (
           Manager_ID varchar(10),
M_Phone_No int NOT NULL,
           CONSTRAINT Manager_Phone_No_PK PRIMARY KEY (M_Phone_No),
CONSTRAINT Manager_Phone_No_FK FOREIGN KEY (Manager_ID) REFERENCES Manager (Manager_ID),
```

```
----- Insert Data -----
  --- Insert values for Admin Table ---
INSERT INTO Admin VALUES (1001, 'Hashini', 'Amarasekara', 'No.121, Kinigama, Kandy', 'hashini@gmail.com', 'has@123');
INSERT INTO Admin VALUES (1002, 'Nadeesh', 'Ruwanpathirana', 'No.185, Jyasooriya Mawatha, Nupe, Matara', 'nadeesh@gmail.com', 'nadee$45');
INSERT INTO Admin VALUES (1003, 'Amanda', 'Senarathne', 'No.501, Welegoda, Kurunagala', 'amanda@gmail.com', 'amanda#77');
INSERT INTO Admin VALUES (1004, 'Maleesha', 'Ransinghe', 'No.181, Hiththatiya road, Colombo', 'maleesha@gmail.com', 'malee#012');
INSERT INTO Admin VALUES (1005, 'Nadun', 'Hettiarachchi', 'No.202, Nelumgama, Galle', 'nadun12@gmail.com', 'Nadun3@3');
  --- Insert values for Profile Table ---
INSERT INTO Profile VALUES ('2001', 1001);
INSERT INTO Profile VALUES ('2002', 1002);
INSERT INTO Profile VALUES ('2003', 1003);
INSERT INTO Profile VALUES ('2004', 1004);
INSERT INTO Profile VALUES ('2005', 1005);
  --- Insert values for Registration Table ---
INSERT INTO Registration VALUES ('R001', '2023-01-23', '2001');
INSERT INTO Registration VALUES ('R002', '2023-05-25', '2002');
INSERT INTO Registration VALUES ('R003', '2023-09-23', '2003');
INSERT INTO Registration VALUES ('R004', '2023-02-13', '2004');
INSERT INTO Registration VALUES ('R005', '2023-01-18', '2005');
  --- Insert values for Unregistered_Customer Table ---
INSERT INTO Unregistered_Customer VALUES ('985632415v', 'Hashini', 'Amarasekara', 'No.121, Kinigama, Kandy', 'hashini@gmail.com', 'R001');
INSERT INTO Unregistered_Customer VALUES ('975542375v', 'Nadeesh', 'Ruwanpathirana', 'No.185, Jyasooriya Mawatha, Nupe, Matara', 'nadeesh@gmail.com', 'R002');
INSERT INTO Unregistered_Customer VALUES ('960234546v', 'Amanda', 'Senarathne', 'No.501, Welegoda, Kurunagala', 'amanda@gmail.com', 'R003');
INSERT INTO Unregistered_Customer VALUES ('925632415v', 'Nadun', 'Hettiarachchi', 'No.202, Nelumgama, Galle', 'nadun12@gmail.com', 'R005');
 --- Insert values for Route Table ---
INSERT INTO Route VALUES ('R001', 'Matara-colombo');
INSERT INTO Route VALUES ('R002', 'Galle-Ampara');
INSERT INTO Route VALUES ('R003', 'Badulla-Kandy');
INSERT INTO Route VALUES ('R004', 'Colombo-Kataragama');
INSERT INTO Route VALUES ('R005', 'Aluthgama-Panadura');
  --- Insert values for Driver Table ---
INSERT INTO Driver VALUES ('D001', 'K.Jayadewa');
INSERT INTO Driver VALUES ('D002', 'R.Nadeeka');
INSERT INTO Driver VALUES ('D003', 'L.Dias');
INSERT INTO Driver VALUES ('D004', 'H.K.Naleen');
INSERT INTO Driver VALUES ('D005', 'K.Sugath');
--- Insert values for Registerd Customer Table ---
INSERT INTO Registered_Customer VALUES ('C001', 'Dilumi', 'Yapa', '985634415v', 'No.124,Siyabalagoda,Deniyaya', 'dilumi@gmail.com', '1998-12-16', 'Dilumi@123', 'R001');
INSERT INTO Registered_Customer VALUES ('C002', 'Kusum', 'Gamage', '975632415v', 'No.108,Nilwalagoda,Rathnapura', 'kusum@gmail.com', '1997-05-10', 'Kasu@#123', 'R002');
INSERT INTO Registered_Customer VALUES ('C003', 'Osada', 'Pathirana', '945634815v', 'No.204,Malimbada,Matara', 'osada@gmail.com', '1994-06-10', 'osada&12', 'R003');
INSERT INTO Registered_Customer VALUES ('C004', 'Ashini', 'Bisanayaka', '995632815v', 'No.204,Pitabadadra,Akurassa', 'ashini77@gmail.com', '1990-02-11', 'ashini*12'3', 'R004');
INSERT INTO Registered_Customer VALUES ('C005', 'Nisansala', 'Senarathne', '904632345v', 'No.101,Maharagama,colombo', 'nisan7@gmail.com', '1990-03-15', 'nisA@125*', 'R005');
  INSERT INTO Feedback VALUES (00001, 'Game-changer, making it effortless to plan and book my bus journeys', 'C001');
 INISERT INTO Feedback VALUES (00004, 'Gimes-ever,allowing me to quickly secure my seast without standing in long queues', 'C002');
INISERT INTO Feedback VALUES (00004, 'With real-time updates and accurate information, the online bus ticket booking system', 'C003');
INISERT INTO Feedback VALUES (00004, 'With real-time updates and accurate information, the online bus ticket booking system ensures a stress-free booking process', 'C004');
INISERT INTO Feedback VALUES (00005, 'I can conveniently manage my travel plans and have peace of mind', 'C005');
  --- Insert values for Manager Table ---
INSERT INTO Manager VALUES ('M0001', 'K.D.Nadun', 'm@123');
INSERT INTO Manager VALUES ('M0002', 'A.Vishwa', '1vish@134');
INSERT INTO Manager VALUES ('M0003', 'Pathumi', 'pathu23e');
INSERT INTO Manager VALUES ('M0004', 'A.Dahanayade', '123@ME&2');
INSERT INTO Manager VALUES ('M0005', 'P.Tharanga', 'tHARAN@34#');
   --- Insert values for Payment Table ---
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES ('P001', 'Credit cards', '2022-12-07', 'Rs. 1200', 'C001', 'M0001');
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES ('P002', 'Cash', '2022-12-07', 'Rs. 600', 'C002', 'M0002');
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES ('P003', 'M0016 payment', '2023-03-05', 'Rs. 1800', 'C002', 'M0003');
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES ('P004', 'Debit card', '2023-04-14', 'Rs. 1500', 'C003', 'M0004');
INSERT INTO Payment VALUES ('P005', 'Cash', '2022-03-03', 'Rs. 1200', 'C004', 'M0005');
  --- Insert values for Ticket Table ---
 INSERT INTO Ticket VALUES ('T001', 2,'600/=','P001','C001','R001');
INSERT INTO Ticket VALUES ('T002',1,'600/=', 'P002', 'C002', 'R002');
INSERT INTO Ticket VALUES ('T003', 5, '450/=', 'P003', 'C003', 'R003');
INSERT INTO Ticket VALUES ('T004', 1, '1500/=', 'P004', 'R004', 'R004');
INSERT INTO Ticket VALUES ('T005', 2, '600/=', 'P005', 'C005', 'R005');
INSERT INTO Bus VALUES ('8001', 1001, '06:00', '07:00', 'R001', 'D001');
INSERT INTO Bus VALUES ('8002', 1002, '08:00', '10:00', 'R002', 'D002');
INSERT INTO Bus VALUES ('8003', 1003, '03:00', '03:30', 'R003', 'D003');
INSERT INTO Bus VALUES ('8004', 1044, '14:00', '16:00', 'R004', 'D004');
INSERT INTO Bus VALUES ('8005', 1005, '07:30', '09:00', 'R005', 'D005');
```

```
--- Insert values for Login Table ---
  INSERT INTO Login VALUES ('L001', 1001, 'C001', 'M0001', 'D001');
INSERT INTO Login VALUES ('L002', 1002, 'C002', 'M0002', 'D002');
INSERT INTO Login VALUES ('L003', 1003, 'C003', 'M0003', 'D003');
INSERT INTO Login VALUES ('L004', 1004', 'M004', 'M0004', 'D004');
INSERT INTO Login VALUES ('L005', 1005, 'C005', 'M0005', 'D005');
  INSERT INTO Report VALUES ('R001', 301, 1001);
INSERT INTO Report VALUES ('R002', 302, 1002);
INSERT INTO Report VALUES ('R003', 303, 1003);
INSERT INTO Report VALUES ('R004', 304, 1004);
INSERT INTO Report VALUES ('R005', 305, 1005);
    --- Insert values for Admin Report Table ---
  INSERT INTO Admin_Report VALUES (1001, '8001', '2023-02-12');
INSERT INTO Admin_Report VALUES (1002, '8002', '2022-05-16');
INSERT INTO Admin_Report VALUES (1003, '8003', '2023-03-10');
INSERT INTO Admin_Report VALUES (1004, '8004', '2022-12-17');
INSERT INTO Admin_Report VALUES (1005, '8005', '2023-03-18');
     --- Insert values for Admin_A_Phone_No Table ---
   INSERT INTO Admin_A_Phone_No VALUES (1001, 0712545125);
INSERT INTO Admin_A_Phone_No VALUES (1002, 0774325678);
INSERT INTO Admin_A_Phone_No VALUES (1003, 0706754231);
INSERT INTO Admin_A_Phone_No VALUES (1004, 07082123980);
    INSERT INTO Admin_A_Phone_No VALUES (1005, 0756723452);
    --- Insert values for Unregistered_Customer_P_Phone_No Table ---
  INSERT INTO Unregistered Customer P. Phone No VALUES ('985632415v', 0785645876);
INSERT INTO Unregistered Customer P. Phone No VALUES ('975542375v', 0713467896);
INSERT INTO Unregistered Customer P. Phone No VALUES ('960234546v', 0789675456);
INSERT INTO Unregistered Customer P. Phone No VALUES ('92056727v', 0721345678);
INSERT INTO Unregistered Customer P. Phone No VALUES ('925632415v', 0745632781);
    --- Insert values for Driver D Phone No Table ---
  --- Insert values for Registered_Customer_Cus_Phone_No Table
  INSERT INTO Registered_Customer_Cus_Phone_No VALUES ('C001', 0714352678);
INSERT INTO Registered_Customer_Cus_Phone_No VALUES ('C002', 0703421567);
INSERT INTO Registered_Customer_Cus_Phone_No VALUES ('C003', 0747865342);
INSERT INTO Registered_Customer_Cus_Phone_No VALUES ('C004', 047874657);
INSERT INTO Registered_Customer_Cus_Phone_No VALUES ('C005', 0785643260);
    --- Insert values for Manager_M_Phone_No Table ---
  INSERT INTO Manager_M_Phone No VALUES ('M0001', 0704534236);
INSERT INTO Manager_M_Phone_No VALUES ('M0002', 0115634276);
INSERT INTO Manager_M_Phone_No VALUES ('M0003', 0702673893);
INSERT INTO Manager_M_Phone_No VALUES ('M0004', 0762345901);
INSERT INTO Manager_M_Phone_No VALUES ('M0005', 0781278325);
SELECT *FROM Admin

SELECT *FROM Profile

SELECT *FROM Registration

SELECT *FROM Registration

SELECT *FROM Registration

SELECT *FROM Registered_Customer

SELECT *FROM Registered_Customer

SELECT *FROM Registered_Customer

SELECT *FROM Manager

SELECT *FROM Manager

SELECT *FROM Bus

SELECT *FROM Bus

SELECT *FROM Admin_Report

SELECT *FROM Admin_A_Phone_No

SELECT *FROM Unregistered_Customer_P_Phone_No

SELECT *FROM Unregistered_Customer_P_Phone_No

SELECT *FROM Driver_D_Phone_No

SELECT *FROM Registered_Customer_Cus_Phone_No

SELECT *FROM Manager_M_Phone_No
```

URL - SQL Query.txt



Login_No L001 L002		
		Customer_ID
1 002	1001	C001
	1002	C002
L003	1003	C003
L004	1004	C004
L005	1005	C005
Report_ID	Report_No	
R001	301	1001
R002	302	1002
R003	303	1003
R004	304	1004
R005	305	1005
Admin_ID	Report_ID	Date
1001	R001	2023-02
1002	R002	2022-05
1003	R003	2023-03
1004	R004	2022-12
1005	R005	2023-0
Admin_ID	A_Phone_N	lo
1003	706754231	
1001	712545125	
1005	756723452	
1002	774325678	
1004	782123980	
NIC	P_Phone	
	v 7134678	
	v 7213456	
925632415		
985632415		
960234546	v 7896754	56
Driver_ID	D_Phone_N	lo
D005	702898670	
	753423158	
	762365456	
	772341567	
D002	782341678	
Customer_IE	Cus_Pho	ne_No
C004	4787345	
C002	7034215	
	7143526	
C001	7478653	
C003	7856432	260
	M Phone	_No
C003 C005		
C003	1156342	76
C003 C005 Manager_ID		
C003 C005 Manager_ID M0002	1156342	36
C003 C005 Manager_ID M0002 M0001	1156342 7045342	36 93
C00	04 02 01 03 05	02 7034215 01 7143526 03 747865 05 7856432 nager_ID M_Phone

URL - <u>Database.sql</u>

7. Description of Database Performance

Database performance is the speed with which a database management system (DBMS) sends data to users.

Let's take a look at the below factors.

- System Resources
- ➤ Workload
- > Throughput
- Contention
- Optimization

System Requirements

System resources are the hardware and software tools that are at the disposal of the system. To find out how much RAM or memory your computer has available, utilize the system resources application. By checking the system resources, you can see what programs are installed on your computer.

System resources example:

- Cache controllers
- Include memory such as database kernel.

Workload

The more challenging client consolidation difficulties are often handled via workload management. To comprehend the performance of the system, a detailed and comprehensive specification of the workload is essential.

The elements of workload management are as follows.

- > Services.
- Connected load balancing.
- ➤ A framework to ensure high availability.
- ➤ Load balancing advisory
- > Failover capability

Workload examples:

- maps reduce, memory/storage/compute resources intensive applications analytics.
- such a heavy month-end processing of payroll.

Throughput

A system's throughput assesses how well it can handle data processing in general. The rate at which data is moved from one point to another over time is referred to as throughput. The concept of throughput is crucial. It's crucial to consider your hardware's capability while establishing DBMS throughput targets.

Example of throughput:

- Hard Disk Drive performance
- RAM
- Measure the internet and network connections, as well.
- When it comes to data transmission.
- Throughput of the network.

Contention

This situation occurs when two or more workload components try to use each other in opposition to one another.

Example of contention:

When more than one task component, such as two changes to the same piece of data, tries to use the same resources in conflicting ways.

- Throughput decreases as contention rises.
- The same piece of data is updated twice.

Optimization

Performance optimization is the process of updating a software system to make it operate more quickly and effectively.

Example of optimization:

- Formulation of SQL
- Parameters for database configuration
- Design of the table
- Distribution of data

7.1 Performance Requirements

- The speed of the website will be taken into account for both navigation and data processing.
- This online bus scheduling and booking system requires performance, which can be improved by using well-organized, straightforward code.
- Using a simple database will improve the speed of data input.
- Performance requirements for the system include usability and speed.
- The user stories state that the system should operate without any issues or delays.
- In addition to the requirements mentioned above, accuracy is among the most crucial requirements. The accuracy of the calculations is crucial. Additionally, goods are correctly categorized.

8. Security Requirements

System security requirements are described as a set of requirements that must be met in order to achieve security objectives. This is a safety feature for users of the system or a quality that the system ought to possess to earn users' trust. Security demands and other non-functional needs are viewed as non-functional requirements.

Security Requirements in Online Bus Scheduling and Booking System

- The only people who can charge for system data access rights are the staff and the data administrator.
- The user of the System and the data server must employ encrypted external communications.
- Data can only be accessed by and interpreted by authorized users.
- The customer's payment details must be authenticated and kept confidential.
- Sensitive data and information sent over the internet by linked clients must be encrypted by the system.
- Daily malware scans using antivirus software provide system security and protection from potentially harmful attacks.
- The system must have security precautions against any potential service assaults.
- Log system activities and security appropriately.
- Install current antivirus software on every system.
- The behavior of the system must be accurate and predictable.