

UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO, SRI LANKA



UNIVERSITY OF COLOMBO SCHOOL OF COMPUTING

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE IN COMPUTER SCIENCE

Academic Year 2017/2018 - Second Year Examination - Semester I - 2019

SCS 2206 – Mathematical Methods II

TWO (2) HOURS

To be completed by the candidate								
 Examination Index No:								

Important Instructions to candidates:

- 1. The medium of instruction and question is **English**.
- 2. If a page or a part of this question paper is not printed, please inform the supervisor immediately.
- 3. Note that questions appear on both sides of the paper. If a page is not printed, please inform the supervisor immediately.
- 4. Write your index number on each and every page of the answer script.
- 5. This paper has **04** questions and **02** pages (Excluding the coverage).
- 6. Answer **ALL** questions. All questions carry equal marks (25 marks).
- 7. Any electronic device capable of storing and retrieving text including electronic dictionaries and mobile phones are **not allowed**.
- 8. Non-Programmable calculators are allowed.

For Examiner's use only								
	1							
Question No	Marks							
1.								
2								
3								
4								
Total								

- 1. (a) i. Let $\{x_n\}$ be a sequence of real numbers. What is meant by the term " $\{x_n\}$ is Cauchy"?
 - ii. Suppose $\lim_{n} x_n = \sqrt{\pi + e}$ and $|x_n x_m| < 10^{-5}$ for every $n, m \ge 2019$. If x_{2019} is used to approximate $\sqrt{e + \pi}$, what is the guaranteed minimum error?

(8 points)

(b) Suppose the Bisection method is used to determine an approximate solution in the interval (-1,1,) of the equation

$$\cos(3\pi x) - 3x^3 - 1.5 = 0$$

- i. Show that the equation has a solution in the interval (-1,1).
- ii. Determine the approximate solution obtained by the third iterate.
- iii. Find the number of iterates required to achieve an accuracy of 10^{-4} .

(9 points)

(c) Find an appropriate iterative formula for a sequence $\{x_n\}$ to approximate $\sqrt{15}$ using Newton-Rapson method with initial guess $x_0 = 4$.

(8 points)

2. (a) Consider the function f, given in the following tabular form.

												
x	0	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1	1
f(x)	2	4	5	7	10	8 :	4	1	-2	-1	0	

Estimate $\int_0^1 f(x)dx$ using,

- i. Mid-point rule with 5 sub-intervals.
- ii. Simpson's rule with 5 sub-intervals.

(10 points)

(b) Suppose the mid-point method, trapezoidal method and Simpson's method were used to compute the integral $\int_0^1 (3x+1) dx$ with n-subdivisions. Which method/methods would give the exact answer irrespective of the value of n? Give reasons to justify your answer.

(6 points)

(c) Consider the initial value problem,

$$y' = t^2 + ye^t$$
, $t > 0$, $y(0) = 1$.

Approximate y in the interval [0,1] using fourth order Runge Kutta method with three sub-intervals.

(9 points)

3. (a) Consider the set G given by,

$$G = \{([x]_8, [y]_8) : x, y \in \mathbb{Z}, 0 \le x \le 7, \text{ and } 0 \le y \le 7\}.$$

Let the binary operation * on G be defined by

$$([s]_8, [t]_8) * ([u]_8, [v]_8) = ([s+u]_8, [tv]_8)$$

- i. Compute $([1]_8, [2]_8) * ([4]_8, [5]_8)$.
- ii. Show that (G, *) has an identity element.
- iii. Is (G, *) a group? Give reasons to justify your answer.

(12 points)

- (b) Let (G, \star) be a group. Define what is meant by the term " G-is cyclic".
 - i. Show that $(\mathbb{Z}_m, +_m)$ is cyclic and $[x]_m$ is a generator for $(\mathbb{Z}_m, +_m)$ if and only if $[1] \in \langle [x]_m \rangle$.
 - ii. Determine all the generators of $(\mathbb{Z}_{15}, +_{15})$.
 - iii. Determine with reasoning the number of generators of the group $(\mathbb{Z}_{2019}, +)$.

(13 points)

- 4. (a) State Lagrange's Theorem.
 - i. Determine all subgroups of $(\mathbb{Z}_{11}^*, \times_{11})$.
 - ii. Let (G, *) be group with |G| = 100. Suppose $H, K \leq G$ with $H \neq K$ but |H| = |K| = 50. Find the least possible value of $|H \cup K|$.

(10 points)

- (b) Let $(R, +, \times)$ be ring. Define the term a-is a zero divisor in R.
 - i. Determine all zero divisors of the ring $(\mathbb{Z}_{20}, +_{20}, \times_{20})$.
 - ii. Find all solutions of the equation 5x 3 = 7 in \mathbb{Z}_{20} .

(8 points)

(c) Compute $gcd(x^5 + x^2 + 2x + 1, x^3 + x^2 + x + 1)$ in the polynomial ring $\mathbb{Z}_4[x]$.

(7 points)

