

# WEEK-04-MCQ-Iteration control

1. True= False

```
while(True):  
    print(True)  
    break
```

What is the output of the following?

- a. No output      b. Syntax Error      c. True      d. False

2. Which is a counter-controlled in python?

- a.for      b.do-while      c.while      d.switch

3. A while loop in python is used for what type of iteration?

- a.discriminant      b.indefinite      c.definite      d.indiscriminant

4. Predict the output of the program?

```
for x in range(4):  
    if x == 3: break  
    print(x)  
else:  
    print("Finally finished!")
```

What is the output of the following?

- a.00110      b.01110      c.00120      d.0120      e.ERROR

5. Predict the output of the program?

```
for x in range(4):  
    if x == 3: break  
    print(x)  
else:  
    print("Finally finished!")
```

Answer: ERROR
---------------

6.i=1

```
while True:
```

```
    if i%0o7==0:
```

```
        break
```

```
    print(i)
```

```
    i+=1
```

Predict the output of the following?

a. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

b. 7

c. 1 2 3 4 5 6

d. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7

7. Which of the following is a loop in python?

a. For

b. Break

c. Do-While

d. If-Else

8. count = 0

```
while(True):
```

```
    if count % 3 == 0:
```

```
        print(count, end = " ")
```

```
    if(count > 18):
```

```
        break;
```

```
    count += 1
```

Predict the output of the program?

a. 0 3 6 9 12 15

b. Compilation error

c. 0 3 9 12 18

d. 0 3 6 9 12 15 18

9. For loop in python is

a. Exit Control Loop

b. Entry Control Loop

c. Multi Control Loop

d. Simple Loop

10. Which is a counter-controlled in python?

a. while

b. switch

c. do-while

d. for

11. Which of the following is a loop in python?

a. Break

b. Do-While

c. For

d. If-Else

12. numbers = (8, 9, 11, 20)

a = 1

for num in numbers:

a = a \* num      print(a)

Predict the output of the program?

Answer:

13. For loop follows which principle?

a. Don't Repeat Yourself (DRY)

b. Single responsibility

c. You Aren't Going to Need It(YAGNI)

d. Open/closed

14. While loop can execute a set of statements till

a. The condition starts executing

b. The condition is True

c.

c. The condition stops executing

d. The condition is False

15. How many times the loop run?

for i in range(-3):

print(i)

Answer: 0

# WEEK-04-CODING-Iteration control

1.A strobogrammatic number is a number that looks the same when rotated 180 degrees (looked at upside down).

Write a program to determine if a number is strobogrammatic. The number is represented as a string.

Example 1:

Input:

69

Output:

true

Example 2:

Input:

88

Output:

true

Example 3:

Input:

962

Output:

false

Example 4:

Input:

1

Output:

true

## Coding:

```
x={'0': '0', '1': '1', '6': '9', '8': '8', '9': '6'}
num = input()
l,r=0,len(num) - 1
res=True
while l <= r:
    if num[l] not in x or x[num[l]] != num[r]:
        res=False
        break
    l +=1
    r -=1
if res:
    print("true")
else:
    print("false")
```

## Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	69	true	true	✓
✓	88	true	true	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

2. Write a program to find the count of the number of prime numbers in a specified range.

The starting and ending number of the range will be provided as input to the program.

Assumption:  $2 \leq \text{starting number of the range} \leq \text{ending number of the range} \leq 7919$

Example1: If the starting and ending number of the range is given as 2 and 20, the program must return 8, because there are 8 prime numbers in the specified range from 2 to 20. namely (2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19)

Example2: If the starting and ending number of the range is given as 700 and 725, the program must return 3, because there are 3 prime numbers in the specified range from 700 to 725, namely (701, 709, 719)

### Coding:

```
s = int(input())
e = int(input())
if 2 <= s <= e <= 7919:
    count = 0
    for num in range(s, e + 1):
        if num > 1:
            p = True
            if num <= 3:
                p = True
            elif num % 2 == 0 or num % 3 == 0:
                p = False
            else:
                i = 5
                while i * i <= num:
                    if num % i == 0 or num % (i + 2) == 0:
                        p = False
                        break
                    i += 6
            if p:
                count += 1

    print(count)
```

### Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2 20	8	8	✓
✓	700 725	3	3	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

3. Write python program to print the following pattern based on input size.

Input:

3

Output:

```
  1
 2 3
4 5 6
```

For example:

Input	Result
4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

## Coding:

```
def show(s):
    a=1
    for i in range(1,s+1):
        for j in range(s-i):
            print(end=" ")

        for j in range(i):
            print(a,end=' ')
            a +=1
        print()
```

```
s=int(input())
show(s)
```

## Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3	1 2 3 4 5 6	1 2 3 4 5 6	✓
✓	4	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

4. An e-commerce company plans to give their customers a special discount for Christmas. They are planning to offer a flat discount. The discount value is calculated as the sum of all the prime digits in the total bill amount.

Write an algorithm to find the discount value for the given total bill amount.

Input

The input consists of an integer order value, representing the total bill amount.

Output

Print an integer representing the discount value for the given total bill amount.

Example Input

578

Output

12

Explanation:

Since 5 and 7 are the prime digits, then sum of  $5+7=12$

## Coding:

```
num={2,3,5,7}
i=input()
res=0
for char in i:
    if char.isdigit():
        d=int(char)
        if d in num:
            res +=d
```

```
print(res)
```

## Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	578	12	12	✓
✓	456	5	5	✓
✓	7032	12	12	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

5. You are choreographing a circus show with various animals. For one act, you are given two kangaroos on a number line ready to jump in the positive direction.

- The first kangaroo starts at position  $x_1$  and moves at a speed  $v_1$  meters per jump.
- The second kangaroo starts at position  $x_2$  and moves at a speed of  $v_2$  meters per jump and  $x_2 > x_1$
- You have to figure out to get both kangaroos at the same position at the same time as part of the show before  $k$  jumps. If it is possible, return YES, otherwise return NO.

#### Input Format:

$x_1$ —position of kangaroo1  
 $v_1$ —Speed of kangaroo1  
 $x_2$ —position of kangaroo2  
 $v_2$ —Speed of kangaroo2  
 $k$ —jumps

#### Output Format:

Both kangaroos are at the same position within  $k$  jumps, YES, otherwise NO.

#### For example:

Input	Result
0 3 4 2 6	YES

#### Coding:

```
a1=int(input())
b1=int(input())
a2=int(input())
b2=int(input())
c=int(input())

if b1 == b2:
    if a1 == a2:
        print("YES")
    else:
        print("NO")
else:
    if (a2-a1) % (b1-b2) == 0:
        j = (a2-a1) // (b1-b2)
        if j >= 0 and j <= c:
            print("YES")
        else:
            print("NO")
    else:
        print("NO")
```

#### Output:



	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	0 3 4 2 6	YES	YES	✓
✓	0 3 2 4 8	NO	NO	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

6. Write a program to find the count of non-repeated digits in a given number N. The number will be passed to the program as an input of type int.

Assumption: The input number will be a positive integer number  $\geq 1$  and  $\leq 25000$ .

Some examples are as below.

If the given number is 292, the program should return 1 because there is only 1 non-repeated digit '9' in this number

If the given number is 1015, the program should return 2 because there are 2 non-repeated digits in this number, '0', and '5'.

If the given number is 108, the program should return 3 because there are 3 non-repeated digits in this number, '1', '0', and '8'.

If the given number is 22, the function should return 0 because there are NO non-repeated digits in this number.

**For example:**

Input	Result
292	1
1015	2
108	3
22	0

## Coding:

```
def show(n):  
    s=str(n)  
    count={}  
    for d in s:  
        if d in count:  
            count[d] +=1  
        else:  
            count[d] =1  
  
    a=sum(1 for c in count.values() if c==1)  
    return a  
  
i=int(input())  
print(show(i))
```

## Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	292	1	1	✓
✓	1015	2	2	✓
✓	108	3	3	✓
✓	22	0	0	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

7. Let's print a chessboard!

Write a program that takes input:

Integer N(represents the rows and columns of a chessboard) and also the starting character of the chessboard

Output Format

Print the chessboard as per the given examples

Sample Input / Output

Input:

2

W

Output:

WB

BW

### Coding:

```
n=int(input())
c=input()
if c == 'W':
    w='W'
    b='B'
else:
    w='B'
    b='W'
for i in range(n):
    row=[]
    for j in range(n):
        if (i+j)%2 == 0:
            row.append(w)
        else:
            row.append(b)
    print("".join(row))
```

### Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2 W	WB BW	WB BW	✓
✓	3 B	BWB WBW BWB	BWB WBW BWB	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

8. Given an integer N, check whether N the given number can be made a perfect square after adding to it.

Input Format:

Single integer input.

Output Format:

Yes or No.

Example Input:

24

Output:

Yes

Example Input:

26

Output:

No

**For example:**

Input	Result
24	Yes

### Coding:

```
n=int(input())
n= n+1
m=int(n**0.5)
p = m*m
if p==n:
    print("Yes")
else:
    print("No")
```

### Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	24	Yes	Yes	✓
✓	26	No	No	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

9. Write a program to find the count of the number of prime numbers in a specified range.

The starting and ending number of the range will be provided as input to the program.

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Example1: If the starting and ending number of the range is given as 2 and 20, the program must return 8, because there are 8 prime numbers in the specified range from 2 to 20. namely (2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19)

Example2: If the starting and ending number of the range is given as 700 and 725, the program must return 3, because there are 3 prime numbers in the specified range from 700 to 725, namely (701, 709, 719)

For example:

Input	Result
2 20	8
700 725	3

### Coding:

```
s= int(input())
e= int(input())
if 2 <= s <= e <= 7919:
    c=0
    for num in range(s,e+1):
        if num > 1:
            p=True
            if num <= 3:
                p=True
            elif num % 2 ==0 or num % 3 ==0:
                p = False
            else:
                i=5
                while i * i <= num:
                    if num % i ==0 or num % (i + 2)==0:
                        p= False
                        break
                    i +=6
            if p:
                c +=1    print(c)
```

### Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2 20	8	8	✓
✓	700 725	3	3	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

10. Write a program that given an integer 'n', prints the number of integers that are less than or equal to 'n' and co-prime to 'n'

Two integers a and b are said to be relatively prime or co-prime if the only positive integer that evenly divides both of them is 1. That is, the only common positive factor of the two numbers is 1. This is equivalent to their greatest common divisor being 1.

Input Format:

One line containing the value of 'n', where  $1 \leq n \leq 10,000$

Output Format:

One line containing the number of integers that are co-prime to n and less than or equal to 'n'

Sample Test Cases

Test Case 1

Input  
10

Output  
4

Test Case 2

Input  
23

Output  
22

Test Case 3

Input  
11

Output  
10

## Coding:

```
def show(n):  
    res =n  
    p=2  
    while p*p <= n:  
        if n % p == 0:  
            while n%p ==0:  
                n //=p  
            res -= res //p  
        p += 1  
    if n > 1:  
        res -= res //n  
    return res  
n=int(input())  
print(show(n))
```

## Output:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	10	4	4	✓
✓	23	22	22	✓
✓	11	10	10	✓

Passed all tests! ✓